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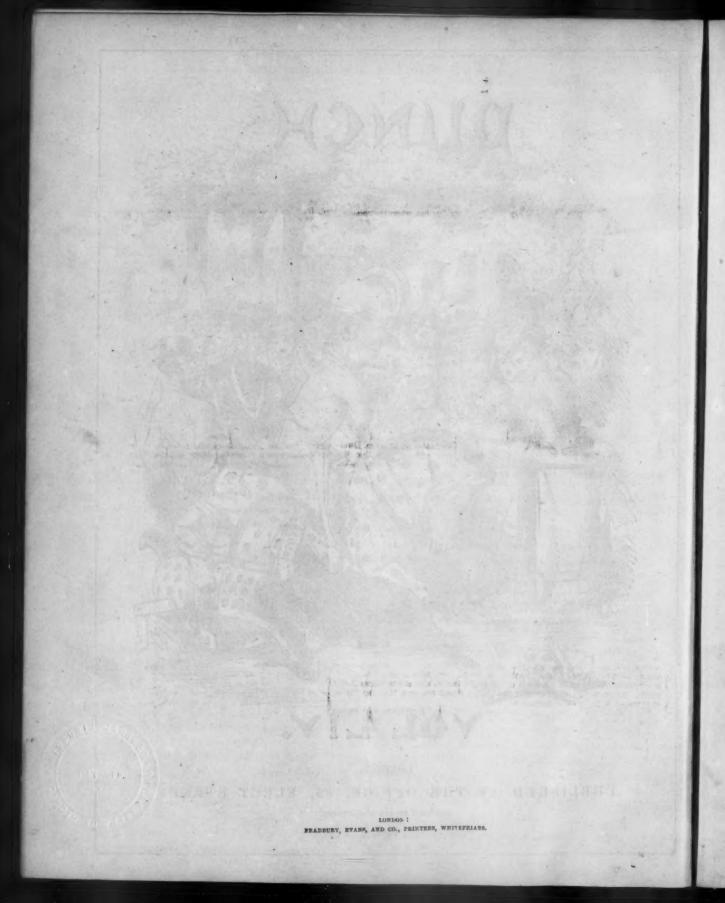
YOL LIV.

LONDON:

PUBLISHED AT THE OFFICE, 85, FLEET STREET,

AND SOLD BY ALL BOOKSELLERS.

1868.





EVERYBODY knows how hot it was that June Wednesday, and that the thermometer stood at 84° in the refrigerator, but everybody does not know—assuredly Me. Punch does not—how many times he had replenished with iced Hock-cup—and emptied—that big silver tankard which was brought unto him from America by Horatius Ponnius, the Hermit of the Haymarket. Somehow, Mr. Punch subsided upon the grass by the river side, and burying his grand nose in a mole-hill, dreamed. He dreamed that he was Cadmus. Perhaps he had been looking at Charles Keene's sketch, above.

"I know I am Cadmus," to himself; "but why am I Cadmus, and what put Cadmus into my mind? And it you come to that, which CADMUS am I, the son of AGENOR, or the son of PANDION, or the executioner mentioned by the other Horatius-aut traders Cadmo? I ought to know that, you know, but I don't. Perhaps I am all three, like Orion-no, I mean Cerberus, or at least Diana. It's very unpleasant not to know who you are. Who am I, you mole,-you old mole in the cellarage? Can't you speak, you blind old fool? You can't see, but decent people don't speak with their eyes, except young ladies. What do you say?-I am to run after a cow till she stops, and then I am to call the place Boeotia? But suppose the cow runs after me, who'd be the Boeotian then, do you think? Ha! have I got you on the horns of a cow-I mean a dilemma, but the moral's the same? I am so thirsty. Then a dragon will eat up all my servants-well, I see no particular objection to that, and the dragon is the child of Ares, and that is why he is partial to servants, who are also children of areas-tell you what, mole, you've been reading LEMPRIERE'S Lies and not Dr. WILLIAM SMITH'S Well-authenticated Statements-I shan't talk to you. I shall kill that dragon, and extract his teeth, and sow them, and then I shall have a crop of letters, and the double teeth will make double letters. I am so thirsty. And the men in brass are to be called Sparti, or the Sown. But men in brass, -I didn't say anything about men in brass-I think you are all drunk. When the letters have fought and all killed one another they are to be the ancestors of the Thebans. O, decidedly you are all drunk. Next I am to marry a beautiful maiden called Harmonia. Well, that's all right, only mind that Jupy don't hear of it, or the harmony of this meeting might be disturbed. I am to give her a necklace and a peplus? Anything to oblige, but what's a peplus?

Ear-rings? If you call me a fool I'll punch your heads. I am so thirsty. A long loose robe, without sleeves, I know that without your telling me. Four daughters and a son, who might as well be a daughter too. because his names's POLLYDORUS, and then I should have five daughters, which is just the right number, and I despise every man who hasn't five daughters. After which I am to be changed into a serpent—then I shall not. I undo it all. There, I won't be a serpent, so get out. I am as wise as a dove and as harmless as a serpent; and I am so thirsty. What do you mean by only sixteen letters? I mayn't be quite right, but I know there are six-and-twenty, and you've stolen ten letters-police !-here's a mole been robbing the post-office, I mean the alphabet. Six-and-twenty letters, and sometimes W and Y, also the digamma and amperzand. HARMONIA, my dear, where are you, and can you play the harmonium in church? Hush, heathen country and no churches? I'll convert it and build a lot; but no ritualism, mind thatnone of that. I am so thirsty. Where's that cow gone? I can't see her, and I should like some milk-punch. Where's the dragon, and where are the three jolly post-boys a drinking? I wish I was with 'em. I am Cadmus, am I? Where are my letters,—think you I meant them for a slave? Give me my letters. What do you mean by all wrong, and that I did not sow teeth to grow letters?-tell you it's all right; look at the picture, a picture can't be drunk, can it? though it may be a little cut. Ha! ha! your only wit o' the world. Come out of your earth-closet, mole, will you? and let us hant the cow. Dr. William Smith says we are to hunt the cow, and he knows all about it. I am so thirsty. I wish it was the cow with the iron tail, then I should get a drink, you old pump. Why am I not changed into that serpent, according to the Doctor's orders, I should like to know. I'll choose my own skin, though, mind that. I'll be a boy constructor. No, I'll be an adder, because I'm fond of arithmetic; put down one and carry two and let the rest walk. I'll be the Serpent of the Old Nile and go and see Dr. LIVINGSTONE, my dear brave friend. Only he might chop my tail off, not knowing me to be Cadmus-Punch. He'd be sorry, after, but all the sorrow in the world won't sew a serpent's tail on. I'll be a viper, that 's it-a pen-viper-in allusion to my mordant writings, and my vife shall be a viper-which indeed she is. I am so thirsty. My vife is a viper --- "

"I have borne much, Mr. Punch," said Mrs. Punch, lifting him somewhat suddenly to his feet, "but I never thought to hear myself called names. As, however, you are in no state to talk, I think you might be better on a sofa indoors. Pray let no person witness your humiliating condition."

He felt that he had deserved it that time, and obeyed in silence. He must have been very far gone, for he actually forgot to publish his

fifty-fourth Volume.





THE SPUDGROVES GO TO WOBBLESWICK THIS AUTUMN, BECAUSE IT IS QUIET AND UNFREQUENTED. AND SO THEY FOUND IT. AND ON WET SUNDAYS THE OBLY COVERED CONVEYANCE THEY COULD GET TO TAKE THEM TO CHURCH WAS THE BATHING MACHINE!

ARGUMENT FOR SHORT SEIRTS.—They give plain girls a chance. What Nature has denied the face, she often gives to the understanding.

ALL IN THE TRADE.—Our Tebacconist, who has lately retired to a little villa in the outskirts, speaks of it—as his Snuff-Box.

THE HUMAN TRINKET.—"And clasped him to her bo-som:"—see any Novel. Is it not rather derogatory to man to be treated as an article of jewellery?

A FEW EDUCATIONAL DEFINITIONS.

Mental Arithmetic. - Abstrac-

tion.

Book-Keeping.—Not returning volumes lent.

Land Surveying.—From the top of Mont Blanc.

Elementary Drawing.—Of babies in perambulators.

Fres-Aacd Drawing. — Thied abstracting a purso from your poolest.

pocket.

Short Hand.—Giving two fingers to shake.

Reading and Elecation.—Good speaking in Berkshire.

Use of the Globes.—To cover the gas-burners.

gas-burners.
Composition.—Half-a-crown in
the pound.
Detation.—"Richard, you must
take me to the Opera to-night."
The Art of Rilwassating.—Rougeing dexterously.
Political Remony. — M. P. in
cheap lodgings.
Feating.—Answering questions
in Parliament.

A THOUGHT BY A TEETO-TALLER.

Ar dinner many do entreat A blessing, ere they carve their meat: But few, if any, ever think To ask a blessing on their drink.

Advice with a Present of Earnings.—If you want your ears pierced, pinch the baby.

THE PATRON SAINT OF AUC-

BEAUTIFUL FOR EVER!

Clars. "OH, LAU-A! LOOK AT ME! I'VE UNED ALL MY 'IMMOVEABLE GYFSY TINT," AND THERE'S NO MORE
TO BE GOT IN THE PLACE!"

SHORT NOTES BY A PRO-FESSIONAL ENGLISH CRICKETER.

Prepared for a Lecture to the French Cricket Club.

Rete 1.—Mossoos, it fo standy-uppy devong your stumps—lay stomps, comprenny?—and prenny ler bat dong lay mangs—woo un-derconstumble, nes par?—dy, dong, ler Boler. Bowler, com-prenny? Aim at you with his bal de crickay—cricket-ball, voo

bal de crickay—cricket-ball, voo voyay!

Note 2.—Lorsker voo voyay a covo e.goin' in for your—pour vetre meedle veksy— middle wicket, comprenny? Regarday ay garday vous like winking or out you go—so dayhor sous altey.

Note 3.—Lorsker ung bal de crickay come at votre eye, comprenny?—attemptay (comprenny?) "try" to catch him and put the fellow who's in out. In your own language, which you'll comprensy betteret, attemptay vous der cash ler bal, ay metly le persong key ay daydong dayhor.

BALLADS BY AN ECCEN-TRIC.

The Cloud with a Penny-a-lining. The Moon's Blind Side. Met we in the Waggonette, I would I were a Walrus! Beautiful Scar!

THE DESTOR'S PARADISE.—Cre

"MEN WHO HAVE RISEN.". Aëronauta.







IN THE HOME COVERTS AT LUNCH TIME JOHN THOMAS SHARES IN HIS SHOES, AND WHERES THEY WERF BOOTS.



IN CRITICISING AND CORRECTING HIS PRETTY COUSIN'S PERSPECTIVE, OF COURSE FREDERICK'S FACE MUST BE AS NEARLY AS POSSIBLE IN THE SAME PLACE AS HERS!—TABLEAU!—PA (IN THE BACKGROUND) IS EVIDENTLY MAKING UP HIS MIND TO SEE ABOUT THIS! Note, FRED hand a rop!

A SIMPLE STORY.



THERE lived a youth (he liveth yet), And RICHARD was he christened; And well he played the flagcolet, And all the ladice listened; And some were even heard to say His brow was handsome (in its way).



But Richard met Ren Ball, a man All chest, and cheek, and shoulder, And ever so much bigger than Himself, though little older; Whose biceps Richard felt and found It messured fifteen inches round!



Now this demoralised him quite; And then he took to reading The naughty books that ladies write And found there, with exceeding Diamay, that ladies' heroes are Wild, wicked mon, and muscular ?



Then in high dudgeon did he use To feel himself all over; But little sinew, and no thews Could Richan's thumbs discover; And wickedness is rarely met In men that play the fiageolet.



But 'twas not yet too late to mend; He got dumb-bells, and shyly, He took the counsel of a friend ("Experimentum viši") And tried them first on his left arm, And found they acted like a charm!



Much bigger waxed his biceps, but When this left arm was finished, The left lobe of his occiput Had sensibly diminished; So then he went it, right and all, To make his nut symmetrical!



His nut soon got so hardened that It hurt you when you hit it; Nor could his hatter find a hat (Aiready made) to fit it, So maxvellously small it grew, As all may judge from this back view.



At length a happy day came round (Which I was there, and drew it) When Richardo lifted from the ground A paving-stone, and threw it Almost one foot three-quarters high! And that with ladies standing by !!



Not only that; he, on his head So dexterously caught it That all the ladies present said They never should have thoughtit! And even I could not but own "Twas hard lines for the paving-stone!



Next day he caught a cold, alack! And all his muscles vanished, But none of his old brains came back Which his dumb-bells had banished; And not a rack was left behind Of what he chose to call his mind!



Poor Richard now (O have you met Him lately) has grown bitter; For when he plays the flagsolet The ladies talk and titter; And no one ever thinks his brow In any way good-looking now!



O little men, who wish to please, Be wiser than poor Dick! shun Big friends with brawny bicipes, And female works of fiction; But stick to music all your might, Or be cut out. And serve you right!

The Latest Criticism.—There is one word in our language which, with a slight afteration, expresses all that can possibly be said in praise of a certain class of Tennyson'g poems, which are simply—Hyllicious.

AN UNACCOUNTABLE FACT.—It is astonishing what ugly women you do sometimes see with a ring on the left fourth finger.

ADAPTATION OF LEGAL MAXIM TO SOCIETY (BY A MATCH-MAKING MOTHER).—" Position is nine points of the Law." A Professional View of Things.—Our jeweller, rather sentimental and a bachelor, never speaks of himself as a single man, but as a solitaire.

MATRIMONY MADE EASY.—A young lady is in want of a husband. She is intelligent, amiable, and accomplished, but not pretty. She advertises for a blind man.

The Force of Hastr.—A literary friend was overheard the other evening requesting his landlady to put clean proof sheets on his bed. An Astronished Foreigner.—A Neapolitin was greatly surprised to hear that the upper classes in England were fond of "Fresh Laver," and that the lower classes were not averse to a drop o' the crater.

Question.—When is the Monkey-house at the Zoological Gardens like a bouquet of artificial flowers? Answer by our Idiot.—When there's a Sham-Pansey in it.

Answer by our Idiot.—When there's a Sham-Pansey in it.
Comroner ron Convicts.—The place for good red wine is
undoubtedly Port-land.



AMATEUR THEATRICALS. AN OTHELLO "BREAK-DOWN."

OTHELLO WHO AS IAGO SAYS, "15 ALWAYS UF TO SOME FOOLERY OR OTHER," UNDER THE COMMINED INFLUENCE OF SHERRY AND THE BLACKNESS OF THE CIRCUMSTANCES, FINDS THE "NIGORR BUSINESS" UTTERLY IRRESISTBLE. SCENE RISES SUDDENLY. TABLEAU! DISMAY OF DESDEMONA, IAGO, &C., AND DELIGHT OF THE AUDIENCE.

HISTORICAL PARADOX.—Some writers are accustomed to extol the reign of QUEEN ANNE; yet there are vile quibblers who do not scruple to call it an anarchy.

An Impossibility.—No lawyer, who is worth his pounce, ever takes the Will for the Deed.

Where would be the place best calculated for supplying timber for our Navy? Fleet-wood. GREEK W(H)INES .- Complaints from Athens.

NEW OLOGIES.

over:

nd it) round

nigh!

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greatly d were ere not

logical in it.

wine is

Buyology.—How to get great bargains at sales. Ricetro-buyology.—How to pur-chase the best substitute for

silver.

silver.

Comparative Fixyology. — Moselle after Champagne.

Filtology.—How to make agood dinner.

(Inloxicology. — How to find your way to the Police Station.

Pathology.—How to find your way where four roads meet.

Sighcology.—How to make known your passion for Orynthia Arke.

PARENTAL EXPERIENCE.

TRUTH, so the ancient legends tell, Rests at the bottom of a well:

My son, how many rogues I've
known Careful to let that well alone !

Question.—Why may Scotchmen be supposed to like policemen?

Answer.—Eh, Sirs, it's just because they're vera fond of the Bawbees.

WHICH TOOL OF A CARPENTER IS A MISER'S COACHMAN?—A Screw-driver.

Epsom Spring Mesting. — Ducks lay eggs—geese lay wa-TOAST AND SENTIMENT. - Hungary wine for thirsty people.

THE GLUTTON'S PARADISE.

FLOATING CAPITAL-Venice.





CRUEL!

DEDICATED TO THE PROFESSIONAL TESTOTALLERS WITH THE COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON!

REMARKABLE DAYS.

JANUARY.

6. Twelfth night. General rejoicing in the Land of Cakes.
7. Great Frost: ox rossted
whole on the Thames. Pope's
Bull burnt by LUTHER.
13. Dead Lotter Office established. Rejected Addresses apneared.

peared

peared.

24. Invention of Pomatum by
the Heads of Houses.

30. Calves' Head Club established at the Hôtel de Ville.

31. Pheasant and partridge
shooting ends, Legislation begins,

FEBRUARY.

FERRUARY.

13. STRYPE'S WORKS edited by
the Seven Head Masters.

14. ST. VALENTINE. All Girls'
Day. Loves born.

20. Potatoes introduced into
England by A. Murphy.

29. Great Leap by a four year
old on the Course of Time. Mrs.
HARRIS born.

14. N.W. Passage Discovered by Captain Cuttle. 17. Daniel Lawsert born at Broadstairs. Stout and Size first made. 21. BENEDICK. All Old Bache-lors' Day. Spring soup begins.

APRIL.

2. Pluralities suppressed. Stee-ple-chasing began to decline. 8. Lamb begins. Quarter Ses-sions commence. Newton made Master of the Mint. 29. SHASPEARE vaccinated. Mrs. CAUDLE born.



THIS GENEALOGICAL PICTURE OF MR. PUNCH'S FOREFATHERS (AND FORE-MOTHERS), INDIRING MATTER THROUGH NATURAL SELECTION, &c., &c is 1



SCIENCE.

Professor Parallax (enthusiastically). "OH! MY DEAR MRS. S., IF YOU CAN MANAGE TO STOOP DOWN, HERE IS "CAPELLA" SHOWN MOST BEAUTIFULLY!!"

[But by this time, it being a fine frosty night, poor Mrs. Spuddrove, having seen the Moon, and Jupiter and his Satellites, and Saturn, and Double Stars, and no end of Nebula, had had almost enough of it?

A BALLAD BY

I'D be a He ntot, Born in a wer, Where in a imne Gaily I'd wer.

Music show that Moons divy sh While on bloott Boiled I vid d

INTERNAL

Note on a b Maxim does a man, d wing a become a Natter? Qui facit per on fact (And in going a Folke Boulogue it rares a pluck to face "tea.)

Abvice to Facus the thin man livel his shortcomin and to a full concusion enormity.

WHAT EXPER How often do we thought we right ahead!

TEMPERANCE Mor-Whilst Tempo ceso to keep men in the they might as valso co to wean women on the

THE Brook Known,—The Canada.

APOTHECARIE DAS TIMENT, — May nev patient, nor a le to

WIN AND WE girl. Thirty yo be as pretty as

TURF GARD Stud.

METAPHYSICA EPI a sailor at sea hat dity? Pigtail.



RS), INDIRECT LINE FROM 1066 TO 1868, ILLUSTRATING THE GRADUAL TRIUMPH OF MIND OVER , &c., &c IS RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED TO MR. DARWIN.

BALLAD BY BEDLAMITE.

mey-pot

harm my eyes,

I'd be a Hi Born in a Where in a Gaily I'd Music shu Moons di While on b Boiled I'd y shine, bottle flies ld dine.

INTERNAL NAL LAW.

Note on a li-loes a man, a pecome a Nat lui facil per a And in going! Boulogue it re bluck to face if Maxim.—Why
oying an agent
for? Because
a facit per s.a.
a Folkestone to
res a deal of
ma.)

Abvice to I the thin man this shortcoming of a full conformity. CEFES.—Bring lively sense of and the fat one usness of his

WHAT EXPER How often do we thought we right ahead! CE TEACHES.— see those who left behind go

TEMPERANCE

Whilst Temperate with the property of the property m the bottle, also endeavour m the glass.

THE BIGGE KNOWN.—The Canada. PORTMANTEAU

APOTHECARIE TIMENT. — May patient, nor a DAST AND SEN-never want a to give him! WIN AND WE girl. Thirty yo be as pretty as Marry a plain bence she will

TURF GARDI -Weeding a

METAPHYSICA sailor at sea lity? Pigtail. erinition: By hat is a quid-



TOO LATE!

BROWN HAVING LOST HIS HEART TEN MINUTES AGO!



When the moon at Yule doth shine, An wet do come not 'twill be fine; When the moon you cannot see, Then, thereafter as may be.

MOTTO FOR PRENCM CRICKETERS.—As every soldier has the bitton of a Field-Marshal in his knapsack, so every player has the bat of a Lilly white in his portmanteau. THE RIGHTS OF WOMEN.—"Persons" may be forbidden to approach the hustings, but the dignon cannot be kept away from the poll.

At Michaelmas, if the wind be high, Look for thunder and lightning before July. At Michaelmas, if the wind be low, Look out for frost if not for snow.

kept away from the poll.

A THOUGHT IN CHANCERY LANE.—The Statutes are said to be "at large" because they are so difficult to apprehend.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANE.—Chap-books are dangerous reading for young women.

MILITARY TRIMMINGS. - Horse Guards' reprimands.



BUT OH! THE PRICHTPUL

"HOME AGAIN AT LAST!"



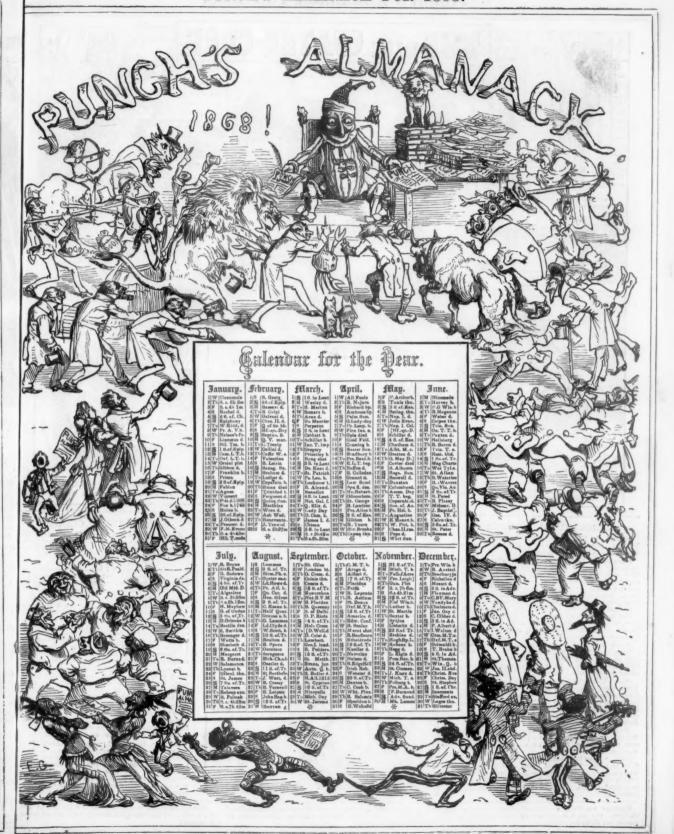
HE SHEWED US THE BOW THAT



ALPINE CLUB THINGS!



AND HE'D TAKE US UP THE ALPE!"





AGRICULTURAL GROWLS.

AGRICULTURAL GROWLS.

January. No turnips for cattle. Everything dear.

Nograin. Country going to ruin. Don't kn's where
we shall be in two years' time.

February. No beef or matton soon. "Have to live
on bacon," you say? Lucky to get it, is my answer.
Why every litter, of as fine pigs as over you see, all
round about us have every one of 'em dropped off on
account of cold. "No proper care taken!!" Wasn't
there. You can't provide against such storms as blow
your own house about your head, and knock all your
sites and out-houses, roofs and all, to the winds.
"Dear me, you don't say so!" I do say so. Now
then, where's your bacon? Gammon! There won't
be any Spring this year. Ruin, utter ruin, unless
this stope pretty quickly.

March. Floods, of course. Just as everything was

March. Floods, of course. Just as everything was getting to-rights. Distress fearful. There won't be any grazing land this year. No birds—nothing. Grass utterly ruined. Land soddened. We'd better, all we farmers I mean, emigrate.

all we harmers I mean, emigrate.

April. Things beginning to grow: good prespects.

Three days' sharp frost nipped everything again.

No grass for the young calves. Cows feeble. Price of
labour enormous. Ruin to the farmer. Can't get
any work dose. Weather so uncertain, required
double the number of hands to get it over quickly.

Ruin, Sir. Better emigrate.

May. Well, we had looked forward to this month. But there— Country's in a precious state. Rain, rain, rain, a deluge, Sir. What we want now is fine weather, and plenty of it.

weather, and plenty or it.

June. "This fine weather?" It may be fine for folks in town. But they'll know what that means when winter comes on. Only wish we could get rain. That's what see want, rain. Beans aby. Oats not to be depended upon. Barley a' most safe to fail. Ryo promising.

ECONOMY FOR SWELLS.—Two sixpences are better than a shilling. You must sometimes tip your inferiors, and you cannot ask them for change.



AGRICULTURAL GROWLS.

July, Yes, here's the end of the month; and there's what's called a Glorious Harvest, every sign of it everywhere. So it is if we could only pay for the labour. It's no good my having twenty fields ripe with corn if I haven't the hands to cut it: nor the horses to cart it: nor people to buy it, and only make a loss by exportation. Why, a Glorious Harvest is absolute rusis to the farmer.

rious Harvest is absolute russ to the farmer.

August. Thanksgiving services everywhere, of course. Sheaves hung up, and the like, because we've got three weeks of fine weather. We want ruin, Sir, rain. The farmer, Sir, (I speak as a farmer, and reverently) is as thankful for small or large blessings as any one clae. But what's the good of a plentiful harvest to the farmer now! I know there won't be any wheat in the country by November. No, Sir, these and seasons have clanged, and the farmer loses every year.

September: Frosts and heavy dews (dews take "em) injuring the milch cows. Searchty of the now. Frost the other morning. Seems like winter setting in already. If it does, there'll be a famine. We want a week or two of fine, dry weather.

October. Hot as summer. Play the very mischief with everything.

November. Seasonable weather—apparently: but bad for cattle. There'll be the disease again with a fortnight's time. What we want is rain.

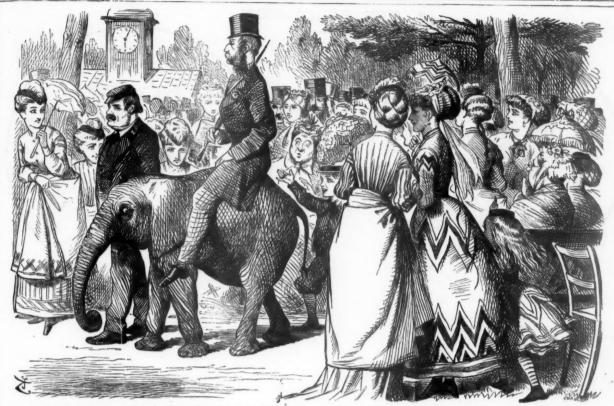
a fortnight's time. What we want is rain.

December. December! more like April. What
we want is dry, fine weather. "Turnips, Sir?"
Confound 'em. Watery. Serious injury to the
cattle in consequence. It's not many people
that'll have beef this Christmas, mind that.
"Sheep?" In a bad state: very. "Nonsense!"
you say, do you? I say red. Salt, oil-cake, no old
remedy seems to do. Never knew such times.

HAS I

AGRICULTURE AND PEACE.—"I'd a precious dale rather," remarked a Hampshire farmer, "ha' my fields grazed by ship than wi' bullets."

MENTAL EXERCISE FOR IDIOTS.—If the Great Seal is in the keeping of the Zoological Society, who can sit on the Woolsack?



HOW CAPTAIN BETTINGTON BINKS "WON HIS WAJAH, BY JOVE," AT THE ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS.



Jorge. "Hullo, Brown, What's the Matter with You and Mrs. Brown?"

Brown, "Matter? Why do you know what they Call us down Here? They call us Beauty and the Beast! Now I should Like to know What my poor Wife has Done to Get such a Name as That!"

S. th; and tt, every uld only it, can't twenty is to cut o buy it, y, a Glo-r. here, of because We want ak as a r small what's eer now; ns have

wa take of that winter famine. er. mischief ly: but in with

What by Sir?" to the people that sense!" o, no old ies.

al is in

THE HONEYMOON.



FULL MOON.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Council of the
Zoological Society will
be glad to obtain, either
by gift or purchase (the
former mode of acquisition preferred), the following interesting animala in which their
collection is at present
deficient?—the boomerang, bugbear, great cantancherus, obaffwax,
cockatrice, cocktail, coon,
henroach, hypothenuse,
mandruke, pair of stevedores, parassung, piecalilly, rhomboid, tradeaser backbiter.

Information Wanted.

—At what time in the morning are Barristers called?

Property Dressed.— There is an obvious pro-priety in going out to dinner in a swallow-tail

MOTTO FOR SHEFFIELD (WHEN WELL-SEHAVED AGAIN.)—"Foremost in the files of time."



FIRST QUARTER.

A CODE FOR FIRST-CLASS CABS.

BY THE EMPEROR OF UTOPIA.

By THE EMPEROR OF UTOFIA.

In order to distinguish him, every first-class cabman must be dressed in a court suit: white slik stockings, satin breeches, shoes with silver buckies, fewelled sword, embroidered waistcoat, gold-laced coat, frilled shirt, and powdered wis.

Every first-class cabman must wear lavender kid gloves, and none of larger size than eleven and three-quarters will be passed by the police.

He must be conversant with English, Scotch, Fiench, German, and Italian, and, as a civil severant, must have a civil answer ready in any of these languages which his hirer may prefer.

For the usage of bad grammar, every first-class cabman will be fined, upon conviction, the sum of half-a-crown; and will be sentenced to a month's imprisoment for any stronger imprecation than "Bless me!" or "My oyas!"

If found smoking in his cab, while waiting for a fare, he will be fined half-a-guinea or imprisoned for a week.

He will, however, be permitted, when off duty, to smoke upon his box, provided that he smokes only sixpenny clasrs, and is careful to ignite them with wax alksmettes.

Every first-class cabman must provide some first-class literature for the benefit of his hirors; such, for instance, as the Times, the Quarterly, and Punch.

He must on all occasions be able to give change, and to a lady must deliver it in a clean, soft, scented envelope. In case any dispute arise as to the fare, a first-class cabman must provide of distances, with a map and ivery rule to measure every mile.

First-class cabs must all be furnished with yellow satin cushions, and a crack of an inch long in any of the windows will be held sufficient cause why the licence be annulled. Every first-class cabman must carry in the luggage, not merely to the hall, but up to the top attics, if he is asked to do so: but for this extra service he may claim, if so inclined, a glass of dry champagne.

In order to insure rapidity of transit, every first-class cab-horse must be lineally descended from a winner of the Derby, and a pedigree to prove this fact must be displayed inside the cab.

A FOGY ON THE FREEZING POINT.

The bitter cold, and lo, the mercury
In Fahrenheit's thermometer has gone
Down below thirty-two. Ha, quicksliver I
Now, in the fresty winter of mine age,
Would I could do the same !

A SHRUB IN SEASON.—It is all very well to decorate your walls with holly and mistletce, but an evergreen more appropriate for the festive season of Christmas would be the Box.

PROVED BY QUOTATION.—The antiquity of some of our great legal firms is remarkable. For instance, Milton (let us hope not under pecuniary pressure) says, 14 To-morrow to Freshrields."

THE GROOM OF THE Stole.—The man that forgot to shut the stable-door.

POLITICAL CHEMISTRY.—Although Parliament may be dissolved, it cannot be crystallised.

FARM NOTES.

How to Winner Corn. 1st. Method.—Get some corn. (somebody who knows how to winnow it. Let him do it. Get 2nd Method.-If you know all about it, do it yourself.

2nd Method.—If you know all about it, do it yourself.
3rd Method, for Beginners, given in Agricultural Terms.
Place a steward near the blower, and let him drive the
blower while the hopper is filled with a large wecht.
(This is called the system of Hopperation.) Them let a
woman with a small wecht silde down on a wheel crushing
the blower with her shoes. This should be done in a neat,
cleanly way until the scum has been swept with a besom
through a wire screen, while another lot go on riddling,
when it is the duty of the fanner to answer each riddle as it
comes out. The fanner's chief work is, however, to prevent
any labourer becoming too hot. When a labourer is very
warm, he sits down before the fanner who soon restores
him to coolness.

Treatment of Fowls in Winter .- Roast them.

For the Volunteer-farmer in Winter .- Attend turnip-drills. How to Pickle Perk.—Get the hog into a proper tempera-ture. To bring this about make him swallow a small thermometer. This 'll warm him. Rub him with paper dipped in oil, give him a uniform ceating of barley, far, syrup of squills, pitch, and gold tin-foil. Paint his head green with orange stripes, and by that time he'll be in a pretty pickle.

Breakfast.—Always visit your poultry yard before breakfast. If unable to find a fresh egg, go to the cattle sheds Remember that, where eggs cannot be obtained, a yele of fine oxen beaten up with a cup of tea is most invigorating.



THIRD QUARTER.

PARENTAL ADVICE. My son, if with a fool you dine

dine
Take heed you drink but
little wine:

Nine times in ten you'll find, be sure,
Though he be rich, his
wine is poor.

PORTICAL PROPHECY. Has it ever been observed that Porz must have that Pope must have foreseen our modern practice of leaving London to reside near a rail-way!—for he says,—' and lives along the line."

APPARENT ANOMALY.—
It may seem strange, but it is ruin to an Opera lessee to introduce to the mable.

public very successful singers, for they are sure to bring the house down.

CIVIL SERVANTS OF THE CROWN. — Obliging

THE FRENCHMAN'S OWN WINE,—Champagne Mos-

SENTIMENTAL GASTRO-NOMY. — The sweetest cheek is that which has never blushed. What is it? Plg's.



NO MOON.



MR. PUNCH'S ALLOCUTION TO MANKIND. They have spoiled the beautiful front of the Travellers' Club. Scotch bairnies are refused sweeties all through a four hours' service. Irish stew is rarely made good. Welsh rabbits are less digestible than ever. People who had better hold their tongues—talk. Smart stock-jobbers make slow puns. THOMAS CARLYLE has published nothing lately. You know who I mean has published a great deal. Parliament meets in February—the only compensation (I admit a grand one) is My Essence. Half-crowns have not been called in. The Christmas-box extortion is not made felony. Bumble is still blatant.

BRETHREN AND PERSONS,
HERE we are again, and how do you do at the beginning of another New Year?

another New Year?

I am quite well, I thank you kindly.

Nevertheless, Brethren and Persons, it cannot be denied that there are many things which we must regard as misfortunes.

Oysters (I hope you all like oysters) are much too dear.

The old Opera-House (*òpropos* of oysters) has been burned down.

We have only an armed truce with the Cabmen.

The Walrus is dead.

So are the dear little Hippocampi, that were like the Knights of Chess.

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Terms.
ive the wecht.
a let a rushing a neat,
besomidding, ide as it

prevent is very restores

p-drills. empera-a small a paper ley, tar, is head be in a

sheds yoke of rating.

The miscreants who mend the roads won't roll them.

Women of the inferior class have not learnt from their betters to discard Dorothy Draggletail dresses, and they be plaster you with mud

whalley aits for Peterborough.

Postmen are insufficiently paid. If they should strike?
There is very little holly this winter.

Music-hall slang-songs are sung by ladies and gentlemen.
The Street-Organ still rages, unstamped out.

Ritualism is rampant.

Ritualism is rampant.

A good cigar is frightfully expensive.

A good eight is righted, So is matrimony.

The porters on the Underground Railway will not sound their H.

Mayors of Dover assail sea-sick Notables with addresses.

Young ladies write novels which make bearded men blush.

NAPOLEON is arming Twelve Hundred Thousand soldiers.

Bumble is still blatant.

These be griefs, but there are many consolations, Brethren and Persons. You have much to be thankful for. I am among you. My Pocket Book is stupendous, and my Almanack gigantic; and, guided by these, and by a reverent study of my hebdomadal pages, you will be preserved from all sorts of evils too tedious to mention.

I wish you a Happy New Year. It is sure to be a lucky one, for it begins on a Wednesday—the day of my issue to the World.

Begone dull Care, and begone all of you.

Crossing-sweepers beg.
Shaving is incompatible with comfort, and soup with moustaches.
Few servants can boil eggs. Slush or stone.
Boys learn Greek instead of French.
Gas is bad, and worst on Sundays.
I cannot publish myself every day.

Early Satire.

A rounce lady sends us this. We don't see much in it, but it is accompanied by so pretty a petition for its insertion, and by a photograph which proclaims so much prettiness in the original, that we do not like to refuse. She says, that at her Papa's table there was discussion on the last horseflesh dinner, and her Mamma said, "Dear me, how nasty! They'll eat donkeys next." "I hope not," said her brother. "N.B. My brother is rather stupid."

Something like a Miracle.

A GENUINE double miracle has been worked in Brussels. Three miscreant carpenters got into a church, and stripped an image of the Virgin of all its jewels. They got off at the moment, but not only was a policeman inspired with the power of seeing them, but he was miraculously endowed with intellect which enabled him to fetch assistance, and seize them. There is something in Catholic miracles after all. We are seldom favoured in the above way.



CONSIDER OUR FEELINGS!

Swell Tailor (to new customer, not from Belgravia). "YOU'LL EXCURE MY ASKING, SIE-BUT-A-YOU DON'T MEAN TO WEAR OUR CLOTHES WITH THAT HAT !!"

WORKHOUSE CURIOSITIES.

AT a Conversazione of the Poor Law Commissioners, the following curiosities were the other evening shown :

Facsimile of the entry made in the Visitors' Book at Farnham, stating that the Guardians had found the workhouse "in good order," five days before the probe of the Iancet was thrust in.

Photograph of a Poor-Law Inspector, as he appears when "inspecting" a

workhouse with his eyes shut.

Model of the "rabbit hutch" which the Farnham Guardians considered in cold blood to be quite "good enough for tramps."

A pair of damp sheets, from a poorhouse infirmary.

A bit of one of the hot bricks by which a girl was soorched severely, and was so

weakminded as to die in consequence.

Samples of workhouse wine in various stages of emaciation, showing its increasing weakness in every hand through which it passes, from the master of the workhouse down to the pauper nurse, until at length it reaches the poor patient for whom it is prescribed.

Specimen of an infirmary blanket, warranted not to keep the cold out.

A slice of pauper Christmas pudding, curious as showing how much pudding can be made with how few plums.

One of the toys broken by the order of a master of a workhouse, in order that the children might not be too happy there.

Sketch (coloured) of the cesspool into which the epileptic Farnham pauper fell

perversely, and so died.

A specimen of hard, tough beef, administered to toothless paupers, when they are ordered by the doctor a tender mutton-chop.

A bottle of air taken from a workhouse bedroom. In proof of its impurity, a light being placed in it immediately goes out.

One of the newspapers removed by the late Master at Farnham, who feared that the paupers might really be too comfortable.

A few stalactites found in the "Stalactite cave of filth" referred to in the Lancet Commissioners' Report.

LE BLOCUS.—A French work has been reviewed in the Times called La Blocus. If translated into English, will it be entitled The Old Bloke?

EVENINGS FROM HOME.

'Tis the time For Pantomime;
Spend your well-stored farden;
To "the Lane," now young 'uns come,
To enjoy Fee, Fuss, Fuss,
And own that BEVERLEY Does the trick cleverly; That in all Pantomimes, Produced in our times, Never did CHATTERTON Out-do this latter one:
Then leaving "the Lane,"
As brisk as Cham-paigne,
You will find real PAYNE
At "the Garden!"

Advertisements had said The Pantomime of Town
Was to be the Holborn one; Was to be the Holborn one; I paid my money down.
Affliction sore
Long time I bore,
Musicians were in vain,
The "business" alow
It didn't go,
Nor I, to it again.
lonly said I am a-weary,
The fun comes not, I said. I am a-weary, I am a-weary, I would I were in bed.

Genuine good old Pantomime, Very rare in this our time. Now they are, as they've not been, Getting few and far between. And there are, pray note it down, Only two Burlesques in Town; And but one Extravaganza— All fied, p'raps, to the 'Nyanza, Or some other distant clime, Or some other distant onne, With the shade of Pantomime. To the Adelphi hosts repair, Making stoppage on each stair, Till the cry's "No Thoroughfare!" Elsewhere ballets, plays and dramas, Music Halls and Serpent Charmers, Men who eat up swords like pies, And do dreadful things with eyes. Holborn Circus full of steppers— Polytechnic lectures, Peppers. Round and round and round we go, Theatre, Opera, Concert, Show.

And when Twelfth Day comes, we sigh,
"Dear me, how the time does fly! To-morrow gone, to-day we're here, Christmas comes but once a year."

SATURN FINDS SOME MISCHIEF STILL.

THEY can't get their Astronomy right at Rome, but they are improving. His Holiness says in his Allocution:— "Saturn, his satellites, and his suns, do not cease to unchain their fury in the most horrible manner against our religion."

Saturn, if we might hint as much to the careless secretary who prepared this document, has eight satellites, certainly, but no suns, only three rings, which revolve, and which are probably hateful to the Porz from their habits of revolution. But how the illustrious party unchain their fury we do not understand. Saturn was always thought to be rather a dull bird. TOMMY MOORE says, more or less,

"Only think what a world we should have of i here If the haters of punch and the lovers of toa Would but fly up to Saturn's cold comfortless sphere And leave earth to such spirits as you, Mr. P.⁵⁷

Saturn ought to have been more kindly treated by the POPE, since Mentana, if only for the sake of the classical image of an aged party destroying his own children.

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GREAT DAYS AND EVENTS.



tablets on those houses where eminent men have lived, and loved, and smoked, wish to know the number of the mansion occupied by your contributor, Mr. Punch, with a view to inserting a neat enamelled slab in the enamelled slab in the outside brick-work in-scribed "Here " " " " lived," he will be glad to communicate it to the

Secretary.
To revert to Boxing Day. I hope it will be made clear on this foggy anni-versary of it to every foreigner who is passing his first Christmas in London, and who may have read that la bore has been put down in this country, that the shops are not closed and a holiday given

and pastime not now kept up, except under the influence of an excess of liquor, Pugi(n)lism being mainly restricted to conflicts on the question of who was the architect of the Houses of Parliament.

of Parliament.

Eavy is not among those emotions of the mind (see Dugald Stewart and Sir James Mackingship) which ought to be the liveliest at this season, but I have detected myself envying Walter Francis, age 15, coming home from school for six, or rather five weeks' revelry—for the last week is embittered by the thought of returning to De. Cane and Ovid's Metamorphoses—with his Christmas Box, if in these times of general gentility there is such a thing, and it is not thrust aside by the gentlemanly portmanteau and the polite valisse; and I foresee that I shall be envious of Minnie, age 10, Mary, age 12, and Philip, age 14, in their Christmas Box at the Royal Palatial Theatre, enthusiastically delighted with Harlequis Little John, Sister Anne in the Tower, and the One-eyed Gnome; and I should also envy the same little party those Christmas boxes of bon-bons which Uncle Adrian will supply, did I not still retain my relish for crystallised fruits, which, if I please, can be gratified to repletion at Sweethum and Jason's. One more thought comes with Boxing Day. I hope it is not inconsistent with the regulations laid down by the

I please, can be gratified to repletion at Sweethum and Jason's. One more thought comes with Boxing Day. I hope it is not inconsistent with the regulations laid down by the Police Authorities, for members of the Force to receive those well-carned gratuities which lapprehend everybody just now, will be disposed to give them ungrudgingly.

New Year's Day. What do I hear? The rustling of all those new leaves we are turning over. What do I see? The inscription upon them in a firm hand of all those excellent resolutions we have moved and carried **em*.com*, without the formality of a public meeting, to get up earlier in the morning, to read through the entire works of Shakepears, Millton, Gibbon, and Adam Smith, in the course of the next twelve months, to take more exercise, to lay by something, however small, for the pluvious day, to leave off fiirting, to keep a diary, to put down all our expenses, never to play more than sixpenny points at Whist, gradually to give up smoking, and to discontinue that last tumbler.

Is there anything remarkable about the incoming 1868 to distinguish him from the outgoing 1867? I carefully scrutinise a certain *Pocket-Book*, not unknown to you, Mr. *Pusich*, which in the language of Blaira, Archebracor Palex*, Db. Johnson, and other standard authors, felicitously combines instruction with amusement, and is calculated equally to inform and delight, and I find that this is Bissexstile, or Leap Year. Many reflections are the result of this discovery in the Calendar.

Imprimis. Take any party of well-dressed, well-mannered people who will assemble within

Imprimis. Take any party of well-dressed, well-mannered people who will assemble within Imprimis. Take any party of well-dressed, well-mannered people who will assemble within the next week to dine or dance, and ask them, when the conversation flags, for an explanation of the term Bissextile. Do I leap to a conclusion when I predict that their answers would frequently be vague and incorrect? My next thought is of the ladies. Leap-year brings round again their quadrennial privilege of making, instead of receiving, matrimonial proposals. Is there any well authenticated instance, say in the archives of the Statistical Society, of a single woman availing herself of this traditional prerogative? Just as Sir Gronge Lewis doubted the existence of a modern centenarian, so do I doubt, not that ladies make offers, but that they make them because of, and only in Leap-year, which year will of course be the year for those who joy in the diversion of hunting, and the occasion of a great many more tremendous jokes, exhumed after four years hybernation, as I suspect that you, Mr. Punch, will know to your sorrow before the infant year is many days old. Were I on your throne

I should without delay make it public that you have contracted with one of your regular purveyors for a supply of levities amply sufficient for your wants, and must decline to deal with any other jokester. Lastly, I recollect with sorrow that persons condenned to hard labour in Public Densetrants will have for sorrow and in Public Departments will have to serve an additional day in 1868 without the stimulus of extra remuneration, but, as a compensation, I remember the excellent dinner I shall get on the 29th of February in the Albany with PIMKIE WHITE, who is only born once in four years.

On further reference to the P.-B. mentioned before, I make myself master of a great mass of useful information dealing with the Golden Number, the Epact, the Dominical Letters, which are not in any way influenced by the Post-office Sunday Regulations, and the Solar Cycle and Solar Ingresses, on all which subjects I ahould be glad to have the opinions, between the courses, or preparatory to the last figure in the Lancers, of those festive parties to which it has been proposed to referthe Bissextile difficulty. I do not neglect also to ascertain the exact day when the Jewish year commences, and the year of the Mohammedan era begins, and for purposes of abstinence I carefully note the date of the recurrence of "Ramadan." (Ladies and Gentlemen, what is Ramadan?)

The Stamp Duties on Leases or Tacks, "with On further reference to the P.-B. mentioned

The Stamp Duties on Leases or Tacks, "with or without any sum of money by way of fine, premium, or grassum," look interesting, but they must be passed by for the Astronomical Notices in which I regret to observe the same artislity for other countries to the same training for other countries. Notices in which I regret to observe the same partiality for other countries, to the neglect of England, which is too often noticeable in the behaviour of the Eclipses. If the assiduous watchmen on the hill at Greenwich, who it is reported have never had a night's rest for years, wish to see the total Eclipse of the Sun on August 18th, they must take their smoked glass to the Cape of Good Hope or Mauritius, and even the far inferior performance on February 23rd, the annular (MES. MALAPROP is warned not to confound this with annual) eclipse of Sol, is gradged to a country which has produced a is grudged to a country which has produced a DOLLOND and a FLAMSTEED. There will be no irregularities this year in the conduct of the Moon, but a transit of Mercury over the Sun's disk, which reads like one railway being allowed running powers over another, will be partially visible at Greenwich (notice again the unwillingness to give us full measure) unfortunately in November after the Whitebait Season is over, or the Astronomer Royal would have been happy to see all the London stars (of the first and subsequent magnitudes) to dinner at the Observatory.

ALTER ET IDEM.

THE Pall Mall Gazette-which has a relish for the discovery of literary mare's nests, not quite in keeping with other characteristics of one of the best journals of the day—lately echoed—with that cheerful alacrity which disechoed—with that cheerful alacrity which distinguishes its note in such cases — a cry of "stop thief," first raised in the Athenesm, against a certain unlucky Dr. Burette, accused of producing as his own, in London Society, under the title "How I fell into the clutches of King Theodore," a translation from the German of F. H. Apel, published in Twicel hat trees.

Zurich last year.
It now turns out that Dr. BURETTE and F. H. APEL are one and the same, in short that it is a case of identity of person with a mere difference of Appel ation. Of course the Athenceum and Pall Mail have done penance for their

slander in their own sheets.

ADVICE TO SERVANTS OF ALL WORK. "Learn to labour and to wait."

HAIR-BRUSHING BY MACHINERY.



"PLEASE, SIR, I THINK THE MACHINE WANTS OILING."



Mr. Brush going to Oil the Machine.



THE MACHINE.

A CHRISTMAS CAROL.

The year is dying in darkness and damps,
That shroud and chill the face of day,
The clinging fog-wreaths muffle the lamps,
Till you scarce can see them over the way.
Darkness—as if hope's light in doubt
And fear was dying far and wide:
Damps—as if Nature was weeping out
The sorrow that loads this Christmas-tide.

"Peace on Earth, and goodwill to men,"
So still ring out the Christmas chimes:
"Warfare on Earth, man's hate of men,"
So clangeth the toosin of evil times.
At home or abroad, when the world we scan,
Or north, or south, by land or sea,
"Tis every man's hand against every man,
The Cyclone let loose and the Earthquake free.

Not for worship, but watch and ward,
In "merry" England we muster and meet,
From terror of fire our homes to guard,
Lest the mine be sprung at our children's feet:
The Nemesis of ill-deeds of old,
The curse that ever survives the wrong,
Are gathering round us, fold on fold,
With a sob and a shriek for their Christmas song.

Scared Authority stands aghast,
At sight of Anarchy's hideous face,
And sound of her shattering trumpet-blast,—
"Class against class, and race against race!"
Even our Gold and Labour fail,
In thousands on thousands of pauper-homes,
And fetid lszar-house, crowded gaol,
Throw a gloom on Capital's palace-domes.

Never was sorrier Christmas time, Since Christ lay a babe in the oxen's pen; Ne'er was worse discord of Christmas chime, And the doings of Christian men. Ne'er was it harder to feel the life Christ lived on earth a living thing, Peace more than war and love than strife, And present Winter the nurse of Spring.

Is there a blessing in this bale
That deepens round the dying year?
Shall Christ o'er Mammon yet prevail,
And love o'er hate, and joy o'er fear?
Shall eyes be cleared God's ways to trace,
Love in his chastening own confeat?
His lessons to read, his laws to heed,
So rarely learnt, until transgrest.

If strength in Christ's word still may be,
As we believe such strength abides,
The sin and sorrow that we see
Are seed of brighter Christmas-tides.
False trusts so sorely shaken now
Stronger foundations shall replace;
Anarchy, Fraud and Force shall bow,
Law, Love and Truth reign in their place.

"Obstinati Mulati."

It is seldom worth while to correct an error of the Press, and we cannot think that it was at all worth the while of Mrs. KAYE DE STANTON, an American lady, to complain that in a recent anti-nigger speech of hers, in which she meant to call her countrymen white males, she was made to say white mules.

HIS BROTHER-YOU STUPID.

NEW name for the Member for Birmingham.-Jacob's Ladder.



A HINT TO THE LOYAL IRISH.

"AH, THIN, MISTHER BULL! GIVE US THE OATH AN' SOME O' THIM STICKS. SURE, THERE'S HUNDHREDS O' THE BOYS AS IS READY TO HELP YE, SOR."



A HINT TO THE LOYAL TRIBE.

WARRING LAND STREET THE PRINCE THE REST OF THE PRINCE OF T

FENIAN FRIGHTS.

A SHORT DOMESTIC DRAMA.

SCHNE-The Guards' Club.

Captain Hawkerly (to Engles Shako, who is going down with his men on Bank duty). 'Spose you've heard the news 'bout these o'founded fellars, ch?

Shako (who has been studying the papers). The Fenians, you mean?

Hawkerly, Ya-as. They 've sent to the-ar-whathianame—
Shako (thinking he's read it is the last edition). Oh, to the gas-works.

Hawkerly. No, no, to the-ar-Governor of the Bank—
Shako (interested). Eh?

Hawkerly. Yaps: to say they intend blowing up the place.

Shako (interested). Eh?

Hawkerly, Yans; to say they intend blowing up the place.

Shako (incomfortably). Blow up the Bank? Why—why—I *ve
asked some fellows to dine with me on guard.

Wishee he could put them off, and himself too.

Hawkerly (carelessly). Have you? Very jolly. Ta-ta.

[Saunters off to another Club, where he has great pleasure in announcing that young SHAKO has get some fellows dining with him on
guard at the Bank, and that the Governor, 3°c., 3°c.

SCHM 2 .- The Civil Service Club. Time, 6 P.M. BULABY, of the Foreign Office, and KYRTE, of the War Office, at the writing table.

Boneby. I must finish my letter off. Got to dine with little SHAKKY at the Bank to-night.

Kyrte. Are you? I'm going too. I must just go to my rooms and dress, and I'll call for you if you like.

Boneby. Very good.

Kerl Kyrne December the start of the

dress, and I'll call for you if you like.

Bunsby. Very good.

[Esti Kyner. Descending the steps he moets a Friend with Captain Hawkerer. Bunsby wods to Friend.

Friend. Any news in the latest editions?"

Bunsby (supposed to have read them all in the Club). No.
Captain Hawkerly (delighted at the opening). You haven't heard, &c.
[As they haven't heard, he tells them, with various additions about the Governor, &c., Shako, &c., and the two follars, by Jose, Sir, dining with him. Esti Bunsby thoughfully.

Friend (leaves the Captain and enters Club. Seeing Kyrre just inving). Seen the latest, &c.

[Kyrre hask: therefore Friend repeats the Captain's story as "an official communication from some one who knows all about it" &c., about the Governor of the Bank, young Shako, and the fellers to dise with him, Sir. Kyrre pauses, then sits at table and writes. Rings.

Enter Servant.

der Servant.

Kyrte. Send a Commissionnaire at once with this to the Bank; and when Mn. Bunsny calls for me tell him not to wait, but to go without me., [Servant bows and retires. Exit Kynyn to dise at another Club.

SCHMB 13 .- Hall of Same Club .- Buter Mr. Burenny's Servant. Mr. B.'s Servant to Porter. Oh, you're please to tell Mr. KYRTE that he's not to wait for Mr. Bussex, as he can't go.

[Porter node, writes it down, and exit Servant.

SCHUR 4 .- At the Bank, Ensign Shako on guard, Dinner roady.

Shake. Hang these fellows! Wish they'd be punctual. Thinks he'd rather not disc alone to-day. Has also a sort of same action that there's more safety, under the circumstances, in company.

Enter Servant, with two letters.

Shako. Hullo ! Bunant's writing. (Opens it.)

Dear SHAKKT, Very sorry can't come to-night. I am obliged to leave town suddenly. Explain when we meet. Compliments of the Season to you, old boy. Yours ever, JIM BUMBBY.

Confound it. " Obliged to leave town suddenly." Bosh! He might have sent this afternoon, and I could have filled his place. What's this? (Opens second letter.) From Old KYRTE.

Dear S. Can't come. Laid up. Cold. Awful. See you soon. So sorry. Bore a cold is! This by Messenger. Envy your jolly party. Yours, heartily and Christmassily, Fard. Kyrts.

[SHAKO uses strong language implicating his friends and his enemies. Servant (announces), Mr. Verde.

Enter VERDE, pleasantly.

Shake (heartily). That's right, old boy. (To Sorvant.) Dinner. JONES, at once. Cold, isn't it, ch! Perde (warming himself). Yes. (Pleased with himself.) I'm the first, I see.

Shake. Yes, you are. (Makes light of it.) Tother fellows aren't coming. Cold, or some dashed nonsense.

Verde. Ah, I've had a bad cold. (Says this to show to what inconvesiones he has put himself in order to dise with Shake.)
Shake (cheerig). Dinner will set you all right. (They sit.) Oysters.
Verde (after swallowing six natives). Oysters deuced dear.
Shake. Willow charges for 'em, no end. Chablis.
Verde (when I'm about the Strand (Says this as if he only got there by losing his way.) I drop into Rulm's, in Maiden Lane. As good oysters as any, it not better, and a shilling less a dozen. (Drinks.)
Shake. Potage aux coufs?
Verde (pleasantly). Oui, s'il vous platt. (Both laugh.)
Jones (waiting briskly). Sherry, Sir?
[VERDE takes Shorry, and they warm to their work. Convercation hads itself up through the had times for oysters to the bad times generally, then to Feniums in particular.
Shake. I believe those fellows, Krers and Burany, stopped away because they'd heard about the Fenium.
Verde (amused at the notion). Oh, shund!
Shake. Of course: it's denced cowardly. (Thinks he wouldn't have minded being on duty consenders clas.) Why what on earth good would it do those infernal scoundrels if they did blow the Bank up?
Verde (public up short in the middle of his second glass of Shorry), Eh?
What?

Verde (palled up short in the middle of his second glass of Sherry), Rh?

What?

Shake (explaining). Why, they're sent in the Governor to say that
they mean to blow this place up.
Verde (upon whom a sense of his situation is gradually dawning). Not

not—this—I mean not here?

Shake. Yes. It's true. If there was any advantage in it to them,
that would be another thing, but there ian't the slightest.

Verde (doesn't see this point, and looks at his watch, so as to passe the
way for saying presently, that he must be off non, got to go and dress for a
party in Bayessates). But they wouldn't—

[Pop—hang—schine. Both start up.

Verde (pale as his maphin). What the—
Shake (infected by his Franc's nervousness). By—I—
Jones (entering and going to Verde). Champagne, Sir?

[The anound is explained. The convention is resumed with difficulty.

Verde. 'Pon my word, we live in awkward times.

[Bong bong, flop when, against the door. Rattle of arms outside.

Both jump from their sents.

Verde (paler thus two naphins). What was the—
Shake. It sounds like—

Verde. Your men's arms—

Inter Journ penitently, with fragments.

Jones. Beg pardon, Sir, but I slipped in opening the door, and the tray's gone, with all the things on it.

[A pause: they have to wait. They drink. Shako (to his Friend). What a nervous fellow you are.

Verde (amnoyed). No, I'm not. But (excusing the fact) I'm not very well to-night. I-I-I shan't stop long—I mean, I can't—in fact—a party at Bayawater. (Crack, erack, sputter, and something hits him on the cheek: he jumps up.) Good heavens! (Is about to exclaim he's reconsided)

Stato. It's only a chestrut—I put some on the hob, and quite forgot all about 'em.

[Rises and removes chestnuts. After this the dinner continues, but is urried ones

hauried over.

Forde (after cloth is removed). I-I'm serry I must be off—really—but (looks at his eastch)—party at Bayswater. Good night. Enjoyed myself immensely. See you again, soon.

Shako (asnoged). Good night.

[Rail Verden, and departs in the quickest Hanson. Shako returns to his Guard, and indulges in the solitary pleasures of the table.

Thinks over friends, foes, theatres, the Derby, pigeon matches, chances of heating, debts, and finally sleeps peacefully before the Are. BND OF DRAMA.

Come, Wake Up!

CHRISTMAS will soon be over, let us get ready to pitch into one another again. Mr. John Bright is a public benefactor. He has prepared the way for a joily row when Parliament meets, or sooner. In alluding to Lord Derby and the way the Tories had "done" their friends on the Reform question, Mr. Bright said, "Turf Morals will not do in politics." Hooray, and Lord Derby has race-horses. There'll be wigs on the green and Tories too. We will take care to keep the epigram before the eyes of all whom it can possibly annoy. "More Atès—stir them on."

NOT SO BAD AS THEY SREM.

MISTERSES show more consideration for their servants than is generally supposed. Not long ago Mrs. Fiderr was heard telling MARY ANN that she had been scouring the whole house for her.



NO DOUBT ABOUT IT.

Lady. " EAU-DE-COLOGNE, Mr. SMITH! BUT ARE YOU SURE IT IS GENUINE!" Worthy in Country Shop. "O TES, MA'AM; QUITE CERTAIN: WE MAKE IT OURSELVES!

AN UNUSUAL LOYAL TOAST.

HERE's a health to the Army and Navy. Likewise to the Volunteers! When the red wine follows the gravy, "Tis a toast that one often hears;
But forget not our best protectors,
Our battles who fight in peace,
Whose Colonels are their Inspectors,
Let us drink to the brave Police!

From the grasp of the foul garotter
It is they our throats that save;
They are down on the Fenian plotter,
And collar the traitor knave. Good speed the Policeman's truncheon. When he biddeth the Roughs bear back And they shrink, lest like cudgel of Punch on Their heads it should come down whack!

And good speed the Policemen mounted If a robber they need pursue! We have not too many, all counted, Of our guardians clad in blue. Should you not augment their number, Seeing rowdies so fast increase In the British Lion's slumber? Drink "The Bobbies—and more Police!"

The Scales of Charity.

Wm are annually edified at this season by published specifications of the number of "oz." of beef and pudding generously allowed to the inmates of the metropolitan workhouses. How are those quantities ascertained? Is each pauper's ration of pudding and beef weighed out to him? If so, the last served must have cold dinners. It would interest one to know how many "oz." of turtle and other good things were consumed by each of the Aldermen and other guests at a civic dinner. Peradventure the "oz." would in some cases amount to lb.

HOW TO LESSEN TOUR WEIGHT.

O'BEASEY, who is very stout, and always trying to re-duce himself, invariably stays late at parties, his reason being that he likes to be there when the room's thinning.

"BEGGARS OF BETHNAL GREEN."

It is not all dark in East London. In spite of low wages and short commons, hard Guardians and promise of bitter winter, looms out of labour, hearths out of fire, cupboards out of victuals, and toilers out of heart and hope, there are some good soldiers of God even in that all but dead level of ill-requited toil and soul-and-body crushing poverty, who have still pluck to fight the battle not only of benevolence against starvation, but even of culture against ignorance, of beauty against ugliness, of taste against squalor. With the stout Rector, the Rev. Septimus Harsard — who deserves a Parliamentary Record of his own—and who, with a catholic courage and cheerful charity that inspire all about him, is to be found, where a pastor should be, at the head and in the heart of every good work that goes on in Bethnal Green for the souls or bodies, minds or morals, comforts or manners, education or edification, reformation or recreation of his flock, a knot of gallant and good men have banded themselves to bring into the East-End one of those humanising institutions which have hitherto been thought a special West-End luxury—a Museum of Science and Art. South Kensington is to have an opportunity of radiating some of its superfluous light into the outer darkness of East London, and the Brompton Boilers are to be made to boil in Bethnal Green, if the four stout stokers under-written, can but get up the steam. Mr. Psuch records their names, not for their glorification, but for the information of all who are inclined to aid in their good work. They are—

ANTOHIO BRADY, J.P., F.G.S., Maryland Point, Stratford, Essex, E. SEFTIMUS HANRARD, M.A., Ractory, Bethnal Green, N.E. JOHN MOXON CLADON, 21, Great George Street, Westminster, S.W. J. MILLAN, L.R.C.P. Ed., F.G.S., F.L.S., Bethnal House, Cambridge Road, N.E.

These four have made a conditional purchase of 4½ acres of land at Bethnal Green—being part of the Green itself. This site they have offered to the Government, for the purpose of erecting thereon a Museum of Science and Art, and it has been accepted by the Government as admirably adapted for the purpose, being within an easy walk of upwards of a million of people, mostly of the artisan class.

This Museum is intended to be educational in the widest sense of the word; and it is hoped that it may be the means of enabling our workmen to compete on more equal terms than at present with the

workmen to compete on more equal terms than at present with the skilled workmen of foreign countries, especially in matters of taste. Government—the Circumiocution Office and Red Tape to the contrary notwithstanding—has come heartily into the scheme. Parliament has voted the money. The plans of the buildings have been prepared, and the Government has already entered into a contract for their erection. All that remains to be done, to secure for ever this great boon to the East-End of London, is to pay for the land. The four whose names we have given, have undertaken to raise subscriptions for this. A further sum of about £2,000 is required, to cover the cost of the land, and all other expenses.

All else is ready. The contractor and his workmen are anxious to

All else is ready. The contractor and his workmen are anxious to begin, and, in anticipation of the completion of the purchase, the vendors have even permitted the materials to be placed on the ground, so anxious are they to facilitate matters. In one sense, therefore, these energetic four have possession of the land, but obviously not a

brick can be laid upon it until it shall have been paid for.
In view of the winter, and the desirability of finding employment for In view of the winter, and the desirability of finding employment for the poor, so many of whom are out of work, time is also an object. Under such circumstances, these "Beggars of Bethnal Green"—not "blind beggars," assuredly—make their appeal for funds. If Mr. Pusch's "Roo-too-it!" can serve as a trumpet-call in such a cause, these gentlemen shall have it. He cohoes their appeal, and begs his readers to answer it first, and echo it afterwards.

Subscriptions may be paid to the "East London Museum Account" at the Bank of England, or they will be thankfully received and acknowledged by any of these four above-named trustees of the fund and promoters of the scheme.

Firelly, we may mention that they have made it a condition with

Firally, we may mention that they have made it a condition with the Government that the land not actually occupied by the Museum buildings is to be laid out and kept up as an Ornamental Garden, and that the Museum be open every week-day until ten o'clock in the

So that, unlike most similar institutions, this Museum will be able

when the people, whom the one is meant to educate, and the other serves to brutify, are released from work. The usual English rule is to drive the people into objectionable places of recreation by shutting up the unobjectionable ones when they are freest to resort to them. But these promoters, knowing the place and the people they are serving, have arranged matters otherwise. Hitherto, the only flowers grown and has one penn'orth a day of the Times newspaper, from nine till mecking splendour on the silk or velvet in the loom, at which twelve hours' daily toil hardly keeps life and soul together. These are surely functed flowers—flowers of sorrow and despair. The flowers that plonwing the place of the money article. Formerly, from economical motives, she only had a harporth of Times per diem; that is she only functed flowers—flowers of sorrow and despair. The flowers that plonwing the place on the silk or velvet in the loom, at which twelve hours' daily toil hardly keeps life and soul together. These are surely functed flowers—flowers of sorrow and despair. The flowers that belower in the Mower, she won't settle or make any provision for me. She points out to me that I've got my Olfactory Inspectorship, and that 's blossom in the Museum Garden should be flowers of Hope. These mocking spiencour on the silk or veivet in the loom, at which twelve hours' daily toil hardly keeps life and soul together. These are surely funereal flowers—flowers of sorrow and despair. The flowers that blossom in the Museum Garden should be flowers of Hope. These blessed flowers may be made to grow even under that sullen and smoke-laden sky, and this effort is sowing the seed of them.

A FEW FRIENDS.

(FROM MY PHOTOGRAPH BOOK.)

TABLEAU XI .- THE LONG-ENGAGED.

Just to run over her family, and have done with them.

By the way, a cruel form of expression the above.

I said Sophia was the youngest of four, and the eldest of five. The three first we have seen. The five after Sophia form the tail of the Cherton family, its tip (not speaking as my Funny Friend would say, in a sporting sense) being George Francis Augustus, one year and a half old, who cries whenever he sees me, causing Mrs. Cherton to explain to him in infantile language what I am and why I am there, with little ill-natured remarks thrown in to the baby, but at me, on my general personal appearance or my manner.

on my general personal appearance or my manner.

The other four are Lyddy, a pert, sharp girl of fourteen; Johnny, twelve years old, who's always at home on account of some illness at

twelve years old, who's always at home on account of some illness at school, and MILICENT, aged seven, who is of a malicious disposition, and entirely under her brother's coercion. They are dreadfully deceptive children, so quiet and demure when in their Mamma's presence, so rade and boisterous when she's away.

Once, on Master Johnny coming up ally and knocking a book out of my hand, I boxed his ears.

Never again will I take upon myself to correct other people's children. His two sisters (then ten and five) set upon me, he howled, and ran straight to Mas. Chertton to complain. Down she came in a tantrum, "What had Johnny been doing?" and "Why did I hit him?"

and ran straight to MRS. CHERTTON to complain. Down she came in a tantrum, "What had JOHNNY been doing?" and "Why did I hit him?"

I couldn't lower myself by saying, "Well, he hit me first," which was the truth; and I felt that I should be including myself among the children if I entered into an explanation. On the other hand, to suggest that the little brute was howling for nothing, would only elicit the reply (from sim) "That he wasn't," and from his Mamma, that "Her children didn't cry for nothing."

So I said "I thought he deserved it," and offered no further remark. Then there arose a storm. The elder sisters came in: all joined, even Sophia Theresa herself, and the engagement was on the point of being broken off then and there, had not old Cherton suddenly come home from the City and brought unexpectedly two friends to dinner. The old goose saved the citadel. Johnny got his ears boxed again by his Mamma for getting in her way, and subsequently meeting the child on the landing, on his way up to bed, I made vengeful faces at him, and then ran down-stairs as quickly as possible, in order to establish an alibi in case of inquiry.

We (Theresa and I) fell in love with one another in the country—at a pic-nic. She was seventeen then. Everybody said it was too young to marry. We were to wait till I was settled. For six years I've been trying to get settled. Becoming Inspector under the Olfactory Act was most unsettling. Before that, I tried every appointment ever offered for public competition. Four years ago, I thought my fortune was made, in consequence of the interest possessed by a distant connection of mine with the Governors of Bedlam. I mean, I was to have got the poat of Secretary to the Lunatic Asylum. But, unfortunately, on my presenting myself to the Governors, I found that there was some mystification somewhere, and on mentioning the name of my distant and influential connection, the gentlemen looked at one another, then referred to an entry in the Hospital book, and there, sure enough, was the name o and retired. I hadn't the heart to ask for the Distant and Influential. It was a severe blow to my Great Aunt, who had always spoken of him to me as "the cleverest member of our family, who will be of great service to you one of these days."

My Great Aunt could settle me, I believe, if she liked. But she won't; and I haven't the smallest idea what's in her will. She can't allow me anything to marry on, she says, and, for my part, I believe she doesn't want to lose my companionship. I don't think she takes

This being the state of affairs for six years. I have get so accustomed to being engaged to SOPHIA THERESA that I scarcely realise any other

to being engaged to Sophia Theresa that I scarcely realise any other position.

During the first three months of our engagement, we were always together. Gradually, we didn't see so much of one another. I didn't miss her. I had begged old Cherton to let us correspond. It was delicious—in its commencement. A letter a day, crossed and re-crossed. Verses, too. Then gradually it came to "Dear Theresa,—Sorry I have not time to write more, but must go out now on business. These dreadful Factories! Your ever devoted," &c.

Then, in the next stage, I would say, suddenly, "Confound it, I haven't written to Theresa," and I'd apologise next day. Two weeks passed without a letter, and then, going down at the end of the month to meet her by appointment (a deuced bore, as I wanted to dine with some fellows in town, and 'twas my last day's holiday) I missed the train, and she was kept waiting for two hours. I brought her a bracelet on that occasion, but it was acknowledged with a frigidity which I felt, under the circumstances, I deserved.

Once I called on her, very hot and uncomfortable, and said, in an injured tone, after seeing her receive the attentions of a good-looking young man in the Artillery, at a ball, "If our engagement wearies you, Therreas, let us break it off. Don't let me stand in the way of your happiness." It was no good: she stuck to it, they stuck to it (I mean the Cherton's like leeches.

I once hinted to my Aunt, confidentially, that she might take upon herself to call upon the old Cherton's and refuse her consent. She did call; but, owing to the high state of nervous excitement she was thrown into, fainted, and on recovery was supplied with such unusually strong brandy as to render any communications on her part utterly unintelligible.

On the day when my Late Friend prevented my departure for the

unintelligible.

On the day when my Late Friend prevented my departure for the Continent I called at the CHERTTONS.

On the day when my lake Friend prevented my departure for the Continent I called at the CHERTTONS.

Old CHERTTON was at home. Would I speak with him? alone? decidedly: not being afraid of Old CHERTTON. Well, then, what he had got to say, was, in fact—it was—ahem? delicate. It took him an hour to break the intelligence to me that Sophia Theresa had fallen in love with somebody else, and he left it to my kind sense of, &c., &c., honour, &c., &c., and so forth. At that moment I felt I could have done anything for Sophia Theresa. As for the man (it was the Artillery officer) I could have wrung his hand and called him my true friend. I believe on meeting him I complimented him on behaving like an officer and a gentleman; but I haven't a notion of what I meant by it. Old CHERTTON wept, and said I had a generous noble nature. This pleased me, and I have allowed him to remain under this impression. I saw Sophia Theresa for two minutes that evening: pressed her hand; said "Good bye," turned away, and hurried off. I went to a supper party the same night, and never was in such spirits. I said such funny things that even GRIGG laughed, and at last I utterly outshone him in his own peculiar line.

As I write, I am free, free as air, I mean as an engaged man. I send back her letters with pleasure. The presents among them, a set of studs and wrist-links, I am bound in honour to return. I regret it. But on the other hand, back came my bracelet, two rings, a brooch. They'll do for another time.

They'll do for another time.

They il do for another time.

To-morrow I go for my holiday, whether my Late Friend will come or not. I've only got one call to make, that is on my Portable Friend (this next picture), who wishes to give me some advice about travelling, and then I close my photograph book for the present.

The Only Way to Rome.

ITALY is said to be organising an army on a footing of 1,641,000 men. "This tune goes manly." In applying this quotation to the Italian army we simply mean that the Italians, in organising the army by means of which only they can get to Rome, are playing the man, and not the grinding organ.

SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE.—It is understood that the subject of the next Bakerian Lecture, to be delivered before the Royal Society, will be the Earth's Crust.

A TRANSFORMATION SCENE.-Making a Railway.

ART AND SCIENCE IN THE WILDERNESS.



PAINTING.



PHOTOGRAPHY.



Music.



ASTRONOMY.

THE PRIDE OF THE JUSTICES.

CERTAIN functionaries have gone up in the world's market. Mr. THOMAS CARLYLE has been made a Justice of the Peace for Dumfriesshire, the county that has the honour of claiming him as its son. Justices of the Peace not being invariably selected from the Articulate Classes, an inaugural address on appointment is, mercifully for many, not customary. But we hope that the philosopher of Chelsea will, if he condescends to take his place, favour his colleagues with a few ideas. One thing is certain, he will not

"Shake the country bench with clumsy wit, When he the dullest of dull things has said, And then ask pardon for the joke he made."

We should like to hear him imparting to a culprit the fact, that as the latter managed his Can do in a way his fellows can't stand, he must withdraw from the activities, and it may be not without hide-cutting, study to be quiet. Many a happy new year to True Thomas.

VERY IRISH RENDERING OF AN OLD SONG.
"'TIS my Doylight on a shiny night!"

CURIOUS COINCIDENCE.

Our friend and neighbour, the Morning Star, in giving its Christmas greetings, used language so exactly expressive of Mr. Pusch's own sentiments in regard to his own young men and his own public, that he cannot forbear from reproducing his contemporary's words:—

"The readers of this journal have, indeed, a closer communion with those who fill its columns than is frequently the case with the contributors and constitutionly of a daily newspaper. Those who favour as with their confidence are the best and most thoughtful of the active politicians throughout the empire."

Just so, and therefore, arm in arm, together let us range the fields dear friend and neighbour, and laugh to scorn any inferior creatures who may hint that nobody need favour the Star or Mr. Passek with confidence, seeing that it may be thought they have nearly enough of their own.

" AS JEREMY TAYLOR MIGHT HAVE SAID."

THERE was a report that the Fenians meant to seize the rifles of the Devil's Own. We hope we may say, without irreverence, that if those rascals "ask for arms at the beautiful gate of the Temple," the reverse of a healing process will follow.

SLAP AT THE FRENCH STAGE.



ERILY, whatever Anglophobiacs may say, there are some things which they do not "manage better in France." For instance, take the Censorship, both of the Press and of the Play-house. How would freeborn Britons like to go without their Punch, if only for one week, because it had said something obnoxious to the Government, and had therefore been suspended? Or, how would playgoers in England like to go without their Shar-spears, because the Censor-ship had found out that he wrote not for an age but for all mortal time, and that such a line, for instance, as

" Uneasy lies the head that wears a

might be interpreted to mean a sneer against the reigning

a sneer against the reigning Sovereign? Victor Hugo's Rey Blas has been prohibited in Paris, for the reason, it is thought, that the play contains a speech against the Ministry of Spain, and the Ministers of France have found that the cap fits them. If Censors are so sensitive, it will be difficult for playwriters to avoid giving offence, for sneers against a Government might be plausibly detected in most commonplace assertions. In a nautical drama, all allusions to a vessel might be looked at as referring to the vessel of the State, and such an innocent command as "Clear away the top hamper" might be viewed as recommending a clearance of the House of Lords, as hampering the State vessel. the State vessel.

the State vessel.

Fond as are our playwrights of adapting from the French, they would hardly like to see the French Censorship adapted here. How Bnown would stare on hearing that his burlesque was prohibited because he had inserted a pun on the word "Sovereign"! What expletive of vehemence would Jones use in his wrath, when told that his fine comedy—the work of half a life-time—could not be produced, because the Censor had discovered that the words "Oh, hang that king!" were spoken in a scene where a game of cards was played? If the French Censors were but half as strict in looking to the morals of the plays which they permit, as in examining the language of those which they prohibit, we English should consider that they really did some service to the State.

ONE THING QUITE CERTAIN.

UNTIL further informed, Mr. Punch is uncertain whether he should begin the next paragraph thus:—

"There is a well-meaning person trying to raise money for charitable

"There is a photograph-seller trying to get off his wares."

The fact being that Mr. Punch knows nothing about the party, except that he advertises in one paper that he wants to sell photographs for one charity, and in another expresses similar wishes in regard to a different charity. Therefore, Mr. Punch neither assists nor exposes. But he has one thing to say. One of the advertiser's baits offers an alternative, namely :

"Portraits of Twelve English Bishops,"

Or, if preferred, "Twelve Copies of your own Carte de Visite."

Distinctly, should Mr. Punch accept either, the Latter. Most distinctly. He prefers his own portrait to the likeness of any twelve hierarchs in the universal world, bar none, from PIUS THE NINTH to CROWTHER the Negro. Ha! ha! He should think so. No doubt

A Lather of Naples Scap.

THE Mediterraneo, a Bourbonist organ at Naples, advocates the claims of that city to be the capital of Italy, enumerating, as grounds of its superiority over all rivals, "its blue aky, its burning Vesuvius, its lively and intelligent population." We wonder it did not add to the list of recommendations, its atinks, its airocco, and its lazzaroni. These would seem to be at least as good grounds of preference as a scorohing sun, an active volcano, and a feather-headed people, hot as the one, and liable to eruption as the other.

FASHIONABLE INTELLIGENCE.

LADIES, please to look at this important news from Paris :-

"It is evidently the determination of our modistes that fur shall play an impor-tant part in tollettes during the ensuing winter. A fancy of the moment is for ladies to wear not only the skin but the head and paws of a sable, an ermine, or a Canadian marten on their muffs, and strange enough these look, with the pointed head and sharp piercing eyes of one of these little creatures, flanked by its two paws, peering over their tops. It is further a fancy to wear one of these little animals round the neck, with its tail thrust into its mouth as it were."

Happy the animal whose fur is out of fashion! How many little creatures will be hunted down this winter, simply for the cause that their fur happens to be fashionable! The modistes determine that ladies shall wear muffs with a sable or a marten on them, and of course the ladies bow to the imperative behest, and never dream of thinking of the deaths which it occasions. Merely to gratify "a fancy of the moment," sables, ermines, and martens are slaughtered by wholesale, and if the fashion did not change, would speedily be numbered with the mastodons and mammoths, and other extinct animals.

Another piece of Paris news may also intenset you Ledies.

Another piece of Paris news may also interest you, Ladies :

"Plan sik saahes terminating in a deep fringe, and tied in large bows at the walst behind, are worn with redungotes and ordinary tolistes de promenais, made of some richly-embroidered sik, worked over with flowers, buds, insects, anchors, horse-shoes, and even such things as a highland bonnet; and with their long ends passed at the back of the waist, through gold rings encircled or surmounted by gilt ornaments of a more or less grotesque character, they are largely in favour for evening wear. These ornaments comprises such objects as a banjo, a sallor's hat and archor, a yacht and a coil of rope, a group consisting of a peaked cap, whir, dog, and gun, with a twisted hunting horn beneath, a strung bow, arrow, and quiver, rings, chains, and fetera, monster dragon-flies and oees with their wings in gold fligree, the latter intended of course to be worn with such scarls as are perfect parteries of flowers, and a lock and key, both large enough for a prison-door."

Dressmakers have queer ideas of what is ornamental. Imagine any lady, with the slightest sense or taste, wearing any of the ornamenta here spoken of as fashionable! Monster dragon-flies and bees appear to us about the best of them, and perhaps we next may hear of monster frogs and cockchafers. But fancy a girl wearing a banjo, or a horse-shoe, or prison lock and key, and being under the delusion that they prettily adorned her! Why, if this ugly fashion spreads, we shall hear of ladies wearing a trombone at their waist, or coming to a party with a poker at their back, or a bootjack or a coal-scuttle dangling down behind them. Dressmakers have queer ideas of what is ornamental. Imagine any

A REMARKABLE REQUIEM.

A CORRESPONDENT of a Fenian Irish newspaper relates that "a solemn requiem mass" was performed, the other day, in the Parish Chapel of Ennistymon, Clare, "for the souls of our martyred fellow countrymen," as he calls the criminals hanged at Manchester. Subjoined is an extract from his bletheremskite :-

"The choir performed Mozart's Requiem amid solemn silence. A half-smothered 'amen' broke from out that silence when the good priest said, 'My dear people, pray for the souls of those noble-hearied men, and also pray that God may save Ireland.' Scarcely a dry eye was to be seen in the church, and I said within myself, 'Ireland is not yet dead—all are not yet gone with a vengesnoe.' The people were now standing up to leave the chapel, when, like a thunder-clap, broke on their cars the chorus 'Tramp, Tramp."

It is wonderful that such a service as that above described should ever have been celebrated. What necessity was there to sing a mass for the souls of martyrs? Is not martyrdom a direct passage to Paradise? Surely the "good priest" who called BRETT'S murderers "noble-hearted men" must think BRETT'S murder an act of Christian heroism—an act of faith. Let us hope that such is not the view taken by the priesthood in general of rebellion against the constituted attemptions and shooting an officer in the averation of his duty.

the taken by the presented in general of recention against the constituted authorities, and shooting an officer in the execution of his duty.

The chorus of "Tramp, tramp," is rather a remarkable sequel, one thinks, to a Missa pro Defunctis. We shall see, by-and-by, perhaps, whether or no this kind of thing takes place "permisse superiorum."

But perhaps the whole story of this alleged mass is an Irish hoax, "The choir performed Mozant's Requiem amid solemn silence." Very

likely.

Remigius of the Black See.

WHEN Lichfield's Bishop was no more, Said DERBY, "Who would be, Among our Churchmen, the best oar To put in the Black See?

"SELWYN's a man of boating fame; Be he the man for us.

And as the Popes take Latin name,
Be he REMIGIUS."

A MUSICAL BURGLAR.-One who breaks into a tune.



A DESPERATE CASE.

Dick. "FRIGHTPUL TIE, DID YOU SAY, MOTHER? PERHAPS IT IS; BUT I'M against that way of meeting a case of awfully Poor, I've lost all Pride in my Personal Appearance."

[Mother recollects an odd Five-pound Note in her Workbox. the strong came forth sweetness.

THE SWORN BROKERS.

A Lady writes to ask Mr. Punch the reason "why six or seven columns of the Times were filled the other morning with a list of Sworn Brokers of the City of London," and she also wants to know "what they are." Ever happy to oblige a lady, Mr. Punch replies that this publication is a very convenient thing, as persons often wish to purchase some article of furniture in a hurry, and do not always know where to go for it. All these Brokers are certified to be respectable, and our correspondent, when she wants to lay out a few shillings for her house, can safely go either to the business or private residence (stocks of furniture are, by law, kept at both) of any of the advertised persons and be certain that she will be fairly used. Chair-legs will not come off, the insect creation will not be illustrated, keys will fit locks, and second-hand carpets will have been carefully cleansed. We have never had complaint to make of any furniture we have bought of the Sworn Brokers of the City. But if such a thing should happen, a note to the Loan Mayon will ensure his Lordship's personal attendance at our correspondent's house, and he will examine the bargain, and if she has been wronged, the Broker will be prohibited from playing a single practical joke on Change for a month, and if he survive that deprivation, he will have to find security against his making a pun for the rest of the year. We advise her to visit any of these Sworn Brokers, and judge for herself. They are extremely civil, except when they want refreshment, which is four times during business hours. and our correspondent, when she wants to lay out a few shillings for

> THE AMBRICAN FENIANS TO THE BRITISH PROPLE, "Help us to get Ireland, or-

> THE BRITISH PROPLE TO THE AMERICAN PENIANS. "You shan't have Ireland, and if-

THE PATRON SAINT OF TRAVELLERS .- St. Martin of Tours.

GILLOOLY THE GUFFIN.

"Dr. Gillour, Roman Catholic Bishop of Elphin, at a Meeting to express sympathy with the Pore, held at Roscommon, has expressed astoniahment at the 'manis of blind, remorseless hatred against the Pore which exists among the great English people."

HERE was an old Doctor GILLOOLY, Whose tongue was a member unruly, And he talked at Roscommon, Like any old woman. Or worse, like a bigoted Fooly.

GILLOOLY's inveterate bias Induces that cove to belie us, He does so in stating That England is hating A kindly old priest like POPE PIUS.

Should his foes (when the French will not bang 'em) Drive the Pops to Mivart's or the Langham, And assassins conspiring,
One bombshell come firing,
The "great English people" would hang 'em.

GILLOOLY'S a muff and a Stultus In so stupid a way to insult us; The Protestant nation Has due veneration For our Catholic countrymen's cultus.

But if we must own to it, truly, Not pressing the Pontiff unduly, We 'd hint that a Father Makes enemies, rather, By not flogging such boys as GILLOOLY.

A Surprise Cracker.

WE don't look for epigrams in the Times City Article, because that would be an improper place for them. But there was something uncommonly nest the other day, and we make our compliments to ME. DE MANGAH, or whoever may be the author. Baffling somebody who wanted to know the name of somebody who had found fault with some railway transactions, the article-writer protested against that way of meeting a complaint, and added "It used always to be so in the time of Mr. Hudson." Out of the atrong came forth awserbess.

A PLEASANTRY OF PENNY-A-LINING.

A PLEASANTRY OF PENNY-A-LINING.

In the Pall Mall Gazette, the other week, appeared a letter from "An Israelitz," complaining that whereas when a Christian of any denomination is charged before a Magistrate with any act of dishonesty, reporters never mention his religious creed, whenever the person accused of such an offence is one of the Hebrew community, they always take care to describe the prisoner as a Jew. But aurely this practice ought to give no offence to "An Israelitz." When a member of the Church of England, a Roman Catholic, a Methodist, a Baptist or Dissenter of any kind picks a pocket, robs a till, breaks open a house, passes bad money, or receives stolen goods, he does no more than what people in general know well enough that many others of his persuasion are quite capable of. They see nothing extraordinary in the commission of any theft or fraud by a fellow-Christian. But when a rogue or a thief happens to profess the Jewish religion, that does appear to them a very extraordinary circumstance. As such it strikes the reporters. When they note that the culprit is a Jew, what they mean to denote is that he is a scandalous exception to the generality of Jews—a pretty fellow, as the familiar saying is, to call himself a Jew. On consideration of this way of putting the case, "An Israelita" must see that the Children of Israel have cause to acknowledge a compliment, and not to resent an insult, in the practice which he reprehends on the part of the historians at a penny-a-line.

More Good News.

The war in Paraguay has suddenly collapsed, and after two years and a half of fighting, somebody has granted something which was all somebody she wanted, and there's an end. We believe—at least the boys home from school say—that Paraguay is in America, and it's as likely to be there as anywhere else. We know nothing more on the subject, but that does not make us less rejoiced at this happy pacification, and we are quite equal to see fireworks if there is a Paraguay Ambassador, and he likes to treat us.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS.

Su,—The Civil Service Examination Commissioners beg to inform you that in future Candidates will be required to pass in the more important duties of the particular branch of the service they may enter; for instance, the Foreign Office Candidates will have to pass "in Hair-Dressing and the Cultivation of Moustachios." The Home Office in "The Use of the Umbrella," and so on. The Commissioners wish it to be understood that all Candidates will have to pass in the following:—Three Commissioners will be in attendance with gimlets, skates, printed forms, and a Surgeon, from 11 till 3 o'clock, at the Bridge, St. James's Park (3s. 6d. will have to be deposited in the Commissioners' hands till the skates are returned).—Yours, &c.



2. THE BUSTER—IS THIS CONSIDERED A DIGNIFIED POSITION?

3. THE LADIES' SETTLE —GIVE KAMES OF VARIOUS LADIES OF DISTINCT ON WHO HAVE FALLEN IN THIS POSITION, WITH DATES.



5. THE MUGGEP. - GIVE THE REASON THIS



6 THE SIDE SLOM .- STATE REASON FOR ASSUMING THIS POSITION.





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7. THE RHODIAN.—THIS IS, OF COURSE, FROM THE COLOSSUS, WAITE HIS HISTORY AND UNFORTUNATE END.



8. "WALKER."—State the number of times you have heard "Walker" used during your life, and the nature of the Conversation at the time?



9. THE SPREAD EAGLE.—DESCRIBE SENSATION-



10. THE CHURCHWARDEN.—STATE WHETHER YOU GONSDER A CAURCHWARDEN A MAN AND A BROTHER.



11. THE MONUMENT.—GIVE THE DATE WHEN NELSON'S MONUMENT WAS FINISHED.



12. PASSED. -34. fd. RETURNED, LESS 6d. FOR SEATES.

THE POPE ON THE PEA-HENS.



THE POPE has issued a decree sgainst the extravagant style of dress adopted by the Roman ladies. He complains that the Romans seem to forget that a church is the House of God, and that "probably the cause of the evil is to be found in the conduct of the women, who when they go to church dress as if for a theatre or fashionable promenade."

Poor, dear, old Pio Nono! If he feels all this about the ladies at St. Peter's what would he say if he saw them at St. Barnabas'? * Suppose Protestant pastors were for once to take a leaf out of the book of the Papal pastor-in-chief, and to pour from their pulpits, on a set Sunday, a combined volley on the vanities of butterfly bonnets, the enormities of chignons, and the sinfulness of sweeping tails?

The Cardinal Vicar, publishing the Pope's decree, announces that

women with extravagant head-dresses are not in future to be admitted to the Communion-table. English ladies may argue that they would not fall within that prohibition, seeing that their head-dresses, so far from being extravagant, are becoming small by degrees and beautifolially less, till they threaten to vanish altogether—unless, indeed, "hair" be considered as head-dress, in which case it must be owned that chignons are extravagantly dear, and Auricomous fluid as costly as if it were, indeed, the liquid gold whose name it usurps, instead of chloride of potassium.

Perhaps, when pulpit eloquence becomes practical, we shall hear sermons preached from a certain well-known passage, in which one of the greater prophets has relieved his mind against the fine ladies of Jerusalem, with the necessary adaptation to the fashions of our own day. Whenever and wherever that text is properly handled, Mr. Punch will be found with his Judy—to point its moral, as pulpit morals should be pointed, at the wife of his bosom.

In the meantime the fact that the Pore has led the way in the crusade against the fantastic extravagance of ladies' toilettes, supplies the best argument we have ever met with in favour of the celibacy of the priesthood. The Roman Catholic priest case afford to pitch into the pet sins of the sex. The unfortunate British Clergyman, a model paterfamilias in enjoyment or expectancy, knows that that ground is taboo to him, and is reduced to dilate on masculine enormities.

* To say nothing of the officiating ministers.-ED.

By Name and Nature.

THE late ROBERTS and STEPHENS branches of the Fenian faction in the States are henceforth to be known as the ROBERTS and SAVAGE branches. The latter is evidently the branch at the bottom of such Fenian exploits as the Clerkenwell explosion.

A BIRD OF GOOD OMEN.

A FENIAN WITH A CHIGNON.

ALLOW me, Mr. Passes, to congratulate you (although somewhat late) on the gallantry which has induced the Fenian conspirators to make women partakers of their plot. Of course we know all about it. Thank the "American Fenian" who, in addition to the enlightenment which she afforded us on that subject in Tissleys' Magazine, has been so kind as to give us a little more in the Pall Mall Gazette.

Why do I take that writer to be a woman? In the first place because she has let the cat out of the bag. In the next, because she writes in the spirit of a woman who is as mad as a snake, venting her spite in tanuts of the same import as those which snoken by low females.

writes in the spirit of a woman who is as mad as a snake, ventur her spite in taunts of the same import as those which, spoken by low females, sometimes occasion wives to be stamped upon by their husbands, and account for the black eyes exhibited by many of the weaker sex in the slums. Thirdly, the unreason of this American, that is, of course, American Irish; Fenian is more than Irish! It is feminine, too. It transcends that of the Irishman. It plainly bespeaks an Irishwoman.

Let us call her BIDDY.

BIDDY will have it that we are all a set of hypocrites for saying that the Fenians who murdered Bartr were hanged for mere murder. She insists that their punishment was a political execution. BIDDY seems never to have asked herself whether, if the accomplices in rescuing whom they shot a policeman, had been mere thieves, her Fenian friends would not have been certainly hanged all the same.

Because the murder of BRETT was committed on behalf of fellow-traitors instead of fellow-thieves, BIDDY argues that it was the mere incident of a political act, and not murder at all at all. Killing is no

incident of a political act, and not murder at all at all. Killing is no murder when it is treason besides, according to BIDDY. Treason makes murder justifiable homicide. *At this rate the assassination of Mr. LINCOLN was a political act, and what sanguinary tyrants the American Government were to hang the confederates of WILKES BOOTH!

Then BIDDY calls the hanging of the Manchester Fenians a political execution. If it was not a political execution, a merely political execution, why, asks BIDDY, were soldiers stationed to guard the scaffold? Och, sure, not because it was a political execution, but only because it was thought to be one by some spectators of BIDDY's way of thinking, who would, as BIDDY knows, then and there have repeated the very erime for which the convicts were to suffer if feer had not restrained orime for which the convicts were to suffer, if fear had not restrained

Why, if the killing of Beetr was murder, inquires Biddy, don't we demand of the United States Government the extradition of those Fenians concerned in it who ran away, and got off to America? Whether or no that deed was murder the American judges, she says, might be trusted to decide. Might they? No doubt they might in a parallel case—if a party of conspirators, engaged in a plot for Southern independence were, in the attempt to rescue an accomplice from custody, to shoot an officer of the United States in Washington or New York particularly in case any of them were British sympathisers. Does BIDDY entertain any doubt that American judges would send the per-formers of such a political operation to the gallows? Performed at Manchester by American Iriah Fenians they would possibly consider it quite another thing.

For one hint which BIDDY is so kind as to offer us, we are her debtors. She says that the English people are no longer loyal, and suggests that they have become disloyal from not seeing so much as they once saw of Royalty. This is so far from being exactly true that the demonstrators in Hyde Park would probably, on invitation, have at any time given three cheers for the Queen. But the disaffection of a minority, which exists, has certainly grown up in Royalty's absence, and most of it might, doubtless, be very soon dispelled by a due exhibition of the light of the Royal countenance. Let us be grateful to BIDDY for a hint which she will be vexed to see most graciously taken.

Poor BIDDY! She, and the men she is mixed up with, would fain taunt or frighten us into treating Fenians, even if assassins also, as prisoners of war. Oh yes, and give them the position of belligerents! As if we were, as the schoolboys say, so jolly green. But perhaps, Mr. Punch, I am mistaken all this while. The "American Fenian" may be no BIDDY, but a loyal Briton, masquerading in green petti-Others also, who want us to treat Fenians as belligerents may coats. Others also, who want us to treat Fenians as beligerents may really be their deadly enemies in disguise. Talk to us of acknowledging the Fenians' beligerent character, and allowing them belligerent rights! With the view, perhaps, of causing us to take very good care that there shall be no mistake upon that point—by hanging without mercy every Fenian we can eatch. But we won't lose our temper. Only when policemen are shot dead in the discharge of their duty, whether for the rescue of a traitor or a thief, we shall continue to treat their assassination as murder, by the lave of BIDDY, darlint, and her associates, or widout their lave, bedad, and by

A Plant in Season.

The old Army Stick-in-the-Muds have got it now. Hooray for the Controller-in-Chief! Down with the Logs, and up with the taste, for there is not one of them who does not do his best to have a great rush at his doors.

THE ANTI-FENIAN ORATOR.

THE moments of wise hesitation are past, And the Bromwicham Statesman has spoken at last, To say, in grave times, just the thing that is right Whom could you expect, if not loyal John Bright?

How mild and forbearing the censure he throws, In dignified strain, on political foes! Their acts with what candour and justice he weighs, And qualifies blame, where he can, with due praise!

How little resentment you hear him express Of free comments made on himself by the Press! As ready at taking or giving a stroke, He simply refutes them, or passes with joke.

And now, when good men, of all parties and creeds, Unite spainst doers of villanous deeds, How nobly, above the mere demagogue's view, He soars in denouncing that infamous crew!

JOHN BRIGHT has a heart, and he is not ashamed To say that he pities the killed and the maimed, and hates all the dastards who plot and conspire To blast and blind women and children with fire.

He dares to speak out like a true man of peace Against Fenian traitors who shoot the Police, For law and for Order, he takes his firm stand: You heard his voice, trumpet-like, ring through the land.

He's no man to offer a ready excuse, With weak condemnation of treason broke loose, On stump and on platform he ever contends Against England's fore, on the part of her friends.

This patriot, eloquent, noble, sincere, A hundred miles would not the wise go to hear? How great is their wisdom who lend him their ears, And hail his right loyal orations with cheers!

A COMPETITOR FOR THE PLATE.

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A COMPETITOR FOR THE PLATE.

Mr. Punch,
Where, it is asked by people apparently concerned about us rather than themselves, do we go to when we die? They mean to inquire what becomes of our carcases, proverbially never seen. They deny us spirits—otherwise than as the United Kingdom Alliance would deny gin and whiskey to people sufficiently like ourselves to be content with mere water. It was now that it is not our ghosts who rap the tables through which some persons think, with some reason, that they correspond with their deceased relatives?

We do not die; we disappear. That would do pretty well for the first line of a "spirit-song," of average quality. It would, however, express only partial truth. We die fast enough; though it is true that we disappear in an unaccountable manner. Now, Sir, allow me to propose our claim to have our disappearnee visibly accounted for. Intercede for us that we may be decently put out of sight. I do not propose a plea for any funeral rites. Those who care about the disposal of their earthly remains, as such, have less head by half than we have, and two fewer legs. But do not let us go to the dogs—and, the cats. Hippophagy, I see, has just been imported from France. Why should not Onophagy be tried in England? I will venture to back myself for tenderness and flavour, to afford as good a steak, a round, an aitch-bone, a sirloin, to yield quite as good a consommé, an escaloppe, an escalope, a filet piqué; yes, or as good oil as that noble animal the horse, as he is offensively styled. I am as a clean a feeder, and a daintier drinker. Why do I want to become food for Man rather than any of the other carnivora? Not because I have so little sense as to deaire a fancy sepulchre in the human stomach. Not with any silly concern for this carcase, dead and senseless, but with a sensible regard for it living. If you eat me, you will take good care that I shall be well and comfortably stalled and fattened when past work, and you will have twe dispatched at once by the butcher, instead of bein

P.S. How do I contrive to write? How do some other donkeys?

CONTRARY TO EXPROTATION.—It is rather disappointing at a Christmas party, when you have been told that a girl is pretty certain to come, to find when she arrives that she is certainly plain.

DENSE DARKNESS AT FARNHAM.

When ploughboys are illiterate, blame the Bishop of the diocese. According to this rule what will Mr. Bright say of a right reverend prelate who lives at Farnham, and under whose nose the following address was composed, the Times informs us, by a body of gentlemen:—

"To the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, and Guardians of the Farnham Union.—We the undersigned ratepayers and inhabitants of the several parishes constituting the above union desire to coavey an expression of our entire confidence in you as the representatives of the ratepayers, and that (se') you have, in our opinion, at the sacrifice of much valuable time and anxious labour (although fattered with legal and official restrictions), performed the duties of your office in a most just and conscientious manner. We at the same time beg to express our extreme regret that you should have been subjected to the serious charges recently made against you, and which (sie) have eccasioned the late painful inquiry."

what may the state of education among the rustics in the neigbourhood of Farnham be supposed to be, when a number of gentry are found capable of writing such grammar as that above annotated? Will the Honourable Member for Birmingham omit to take the opportunity afforded him by the publication of the foregoing address of denouncing the Bishop of Winchester?

It will probably, however, be questioned whether the intelligence, evidenced by the specimen of English writtes by a body of Farnham gentlemen, is not very considerably higher than the moral qualities with which it is associated. By what conduct have the Farnham Guardians and their Chairman earned the confidence of the ratepayers? By making all proper arrangements for rendering their workhouse a healthy and comfortable abode? If so, the "painful inquiry" into the state of that institution will issue in a report which must give all parties to its management extreme pleasure. Of course they will be gratified to hear their asylum for the infirm and sick poor everywhere referred to as the Model Workhouse. In that case beneficence will prove to have been supra prammaticam—only a rather too exalted beneficence. But the enthusiastic recognition, in bad English, of a mere saving of rates, argues a stinginess not above bad grammar—a not too exalted stinginess.

However, the gentlemen in question may indignantly deny that they

However, the gentlemen in question may indignantly deny that they are stingy; for-

⁶⁷ A subscription list has also been opened for the purpose of raising a fund for the purphase of a testimonial to be presented to Ms. S. Nicocusov, Chairman of the Board, the contributions to which are limited to 5s., and solely collected from the ratepayers and inhabitants of the parishes comprised within the union."

Solely collected from the ratepayers of the Union, and the inhabitants of the parishes therein? Surely, if the workhouse of Farnham Union is the model workhouse, the subscription for a testimonial to its Chief Guardian should be open to the universe. The Farnham Workhouse is at any rate universally celebrated. The amount of subscription should also be limited to the lowest coin, to enable poor people on the brink of pauperism gratefully to join in it. A handsome service of gold plate might be provided with their united coppers.

As it is, perhaps the testimonial most suitable for presentation to the Chairman of the Farnham Board of Guardians would be a copy of the New Testament. handsomely bound, together with an equally well.

the New Testament, handsomely bound, together with an equally got up volume containing the complete description of Farnham Work-

house compiled from the Lancet.

A DEAL IN A NAME.

WE learn from the Pall Mall Gazette that a vivacious Vet, called CLARK, advertises a lotion for strains by the euphonious title of CLARK's "Neurasthenippouskelesterizo." The name, if not the physic, is evidently extracted from Greek roots, and resolved into its elements means, "I strengthen the weak nerves of horses' lega." . . . Well may this be called CLARK's medicine! It needs a "learned clerk," indeed, to swallow such an amount of heathen Greek, and still more, to get it

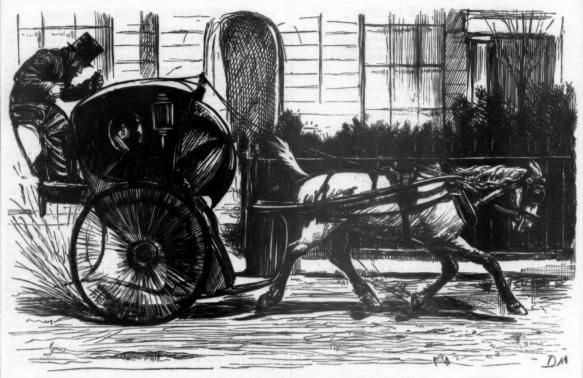
we should like to hear the Whitwall or Black Hambleton version of this cacophonous compound. If crack-jaw constitutes a title to trial on crack's legs, Mr. Clark may claim such a trial for his lotion. We should recommend him to offer a prize of a dozen bottles to any trainer or stud-groom who succeeds in pronouncing the word, and two dozen to any one who achieves the tremendous feat of writing it.

A DESIDERATUM.

THE new Master of Eton is named HORNEY. Considering how Eton boys spell, a better name were HORNBOOK?

WHERE is Pale Ale mentioned in Horace? Give it up? "Non ego te, candide Bassa-reu, Invitum quatiam."—Odes, I. xviii. 11.

Please don't shake it.



EDWIN AND ANGELINA

ARE UNDER THE IMPRESSION THAT IT IS STILL "RAINING CATS AND DOGS;" WHEREAS THE SUN HAS BEEN SHINING BRIGHTLY FOR THE LAST TWENTY MINUTES. CABBY'S DELIGHT AT THIS TRANSCENDS ALL BOUNDS.

OUR COMBUSTIBLES OF COMMON LIFE.

In the good old days departed,
Before Chemistry had started
On the fast career of progress which 'tis travelling at now,
There was naught that went bang louder,
Did more damage than gunpowder.
We have things that far exceed it both in violence and row.

Modern chemic science culminates
Not only in the fulminates
Of mercury, and silver more destructive of the two;
But in compounds less expensive,
And in use thus more extensive
Than are those which can be got but by comparatively few.

There's the chloride of ammonium,
To be named with small encomium,
And the iodide of nitrogen, employed that ne'er have been,
For they both consist unsteadily;
Unlike girls, go off too readily:
But in common application we have nitro-glycerine.

Then the public hold hath gotten
Of that other stuff, gun cotton,
Which for sport, or war, or mining, is a substance good at need.
When our housewives used to sew up.
Cotton garments, of a blow up
With that peaceable material they little dreamt indeed.

We 've all sorts of little matches,
To be fired by rubs or scratches,
And many of them, off, when they are trodden on, will go,
These are all so many dangers
Whereunto our sires were strangers:
And moreover, add to these the spirit-oils they didn't know.

There are hydrocarbons various,
Naphtha volatile, precarious,
There are paraffine and petroline that light unsafe afford;
And in warehouses these matters,
Which, inflamed, blow all to shatters,
Are in quantities immense amid our crowded cities stored.

Would the Romans and Athenians,
Had they had amongst them Fenians,
And explosive preparations and combustibles that flare,
Not, with wise and prompt decision,
Have made competent provision
Against having docks, marts, arsenals, and houses blown in air?

LAST ECHO OF CHRISTMAS.

All her foreign Representatives are ordered to come rushing into Russia. The Telegraph is severe, and hints that Russia either means mischief, or wants to make Europe think she does. Christmas is over, but let us be charitable for a minute longer. Is there not fearful distress in the South of Russia? Are not contributions being begged for in England in aid of the starving Russians? Let us hope, dear Telegraph, that the question for this council is not Turkey, but Beef. Russia is not desirous to prepare for murdering foreigners, but to take Steppes to save her own children. And this is the last bit of charity we mean to indulge in for a long time. Who'll tread on the tail of our coat?

Darkness that May be Smelt.

WE don't exactly know what Mr. MATTHEW ARNOLD means by "Sweetness and Light," but we can give that accomplished gentleman a capital illustration of the opposite of both—London Gas.

MOTTO FOR TRAVELLERS BY 'BUSSES .- " In Omnibus Caritas."



" AFRAID?"

THE QUEEN. "AFRAID! O DEAR NO, MR. PUNCH! ARE YOU?" MR. PUNCH. "ON BEHALF OF MYSELF AND THE REST OF THE NATION, MAY I ASK-IS YOUR MAJESTY AFRAID?"

THE COURSE AND AND THE RESERVE TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

" WHO'S AFRAD?"

TRUTH IN BLACK AND WHITE.

PUNCH is once more in the black books of the Black Country for his lines on the translation of Bishop Selwyn from New Zealand to Lichfield and Coventry.

He had the same crow to pick with the same cavillers some twelve months ago, when, in an article entitled "The Black Country: is it as Black as it is painted?" he gave his reasons for what he had said in some lines on the inauguration of Paints Aldrer's statue at Wolverhampton, as to the state of morals, manners, and education among the workers of that region of coal and iron. He begs to refer Mr. Lawler, of 37, Broad Street, Bilston (correspondent of the Birmingham Daily Post), to that article. It would be superfluous to reprint here the extracts from the Report of the Children's Employment Commission of 1864, therein quoted. But if Mr. Lawler has not got that report, let him get it, and read, mark, and inwardly digest it.

Mr. Lawler keeps up the character of Bilston for strong language. We give his letter the benefit of such publicity as Mr. Punch can help him to, though we hardly see how that will help him, if we are to accept as gospel the comment which the editor of the Daily Post has appended to his letter:—

"There is one consolation. Punch is cally looked at for the sake of the pictures;

"[There is one consolation. Punch is only looked at for the sake of the pictures; nobody reads him now.—ED. D.P.1"

If this be true, we cannot understand how Mr. Lawler came to know of our offence; and above all, why he should be so angry at it. Perhaps, even if Mr. Pench is not worth reading when he writes in propriá persona, Mr. Lawler's letter may gain him some readers. Mr. LAWLEY charges Mr. Punch with writing

Lawler charges Mr. Punch with writing—

"Of 'Wednesbury roughs,' 'Tipton cads,' and 'Bilston Bullies,' as though he had been saloep, à la Rip Van Winkle, for half-a-contury, and was describing people of that remote period. Associated with such characters, one wonders he did not mention 'cockings,' bull battings, 'highwaymen,' and 'blunderbussen.' They would have made excellent materials for such poetry (') as his; but even Pench knew that that would have been a little overdoing if.

"If Mr. Punch believes that the Black Country is the same now as it was fifty years ago, he must be a very antiquated old fellow indeed. He knows well enough, I take it, that 'moral' standards—unlike commercial ones—change whenever curcation and religion are brought to bear upon a people; and that these levers have been used Panch may or may not believe. Ill does it become a moralist to preach of sin and orime when he is guilty of charying a people of crimes which are as unfounded as they are mean, and which he knows to be so. I had always thought that the first principle in journalism was truthfulness, but Punch seems to consider its antipodes the primary qualification, at least so far as the Black Country is concerned. He has, in his character of satirst, stooped from his proper sphere to attack an industrious people, who, it may be as well to say, take their distinctive title, not from their social, moral, or spiritual darkness—in the latter of which Mr. Punch seems to be deeply dyed, or he would have, at least, a drop of the 'milk of human kindness'—but from the nature of their employments, and the appearance of the country. Surely there can be no reprosed in this.

"However much Mr. Punck may ignore the true state of the Black Country people, it is cortain intelligent men will never believe that Staffordshire Englishmen are more savage, more brutal, more ignorant, and more beastly than the poor aborigmes of New Zealand."

Mr. Punch would be but too glad if, like Rip Van Winkle, he could fall asleep, not over the Black Country only, but over every manufacturing district of England, to wake, in fifty years, and find education for ignorance, thrift and comfort for improvidence and squalor, gentleness and refinement for coarseness and brutality, in man and womankind: health and happiness, rosy cheeks and childish glee, for sickliness and suffering, stunted body and pallid cheek, decrepitude of body, and deadening of mind—bitter fruits of premature and unwholesome toil—among children. We say it with deep conviction, and with a shame of which we are quite ready to take our full share, that there is to be found, in those sad reports, on one of which our lines were founded, such a picture of English labouring life, not in the Black Country only, but in the lace-making and straw-plaiting, the cotton and silk-weaving districts, among the seamstresses and milliners of London, and the miners of Durham and Cornwall, as should make all English hearts heavy, and all English faces hot with remorse and shame. If there were no Nemesis for such things, there would be no beneficent Power to guide the universe, and mete out to men a just measure of consequences.

Where the blackness is so wide spread, it may be that Mr. Psack Mr. been unjust in singling out any one spot in the sable waste. God knows, it would not have been hard to widen the application of his lines, and to insist on what he blushes to believe, that there is no industrial district of England but calls more urgently for real Christianiang influences than New Zealand, or any outlandish Missionary station in the world.

The savagery at home is andder than the savagery over sea, because it is savagery at home is andder than the savagery for sea, because it is savagery at the elbow of civilisation; because it is ignorance, privation, childish over-toil, premature death, side by side with culture, luxury, and pampered enjoyment. Worse still, because our home-savages are savages of owe making—savages bred of our unhallowed greed of gold; the proletariat awarmed by a sordid system that dealt with human beings as hands, and ignored heads and hearts alike, for severations.

* See the Number for December 15, 1886.

We never said, or meant to say, that things were as bad in the Black Country now as they were fifty, forty, or tweaty years ago. We are quite ready to believe, with a more courteous and kindly Black Country correspondent than Mr. Lawler, that much has been done, and that much is doing, for religion, education, and civilisation in that region as everywhere else. We did not need this correspondent's assurance of the fact; but we are glad to put on record what he tells

"A Parish three and a half miles long by two and a half miles wide. Population about 20,000, and containing over thirty churches and chapels, to all of which Sunday Schools are attached; and Day Beloods to many (one of which I know to have an average attendance of over 300), all this does not look like New Zealand aborigines. Statistics of ortine smaller than in agricultural districts. Pray do not likely use you confounding the blackness of ignorance with the necessary blackness of compation—an occupation very essential to England's greatness."

Yes, the working up of coal and iron is "very essential to England's greatness," no doubt; but not so essential as the working up of human-hearts, now blacker than coal and harder than iron, into the beauty and strength and shapeliness of an instructed and well-ordered

people.

If Mr. Panch has been unfair to the Black Country, he has, at least, been sinning in good company. Hear what Mr. JUSTION KRATING spoke from the Bench, in a Black Country case, not three weeks

"At the Stafford assises the chief witnesses in a case were two young girls about fourteen years old, who are employed in canal boats. In cross-examination they both said they could neither read nor write; they had never been at school, church, or chapol, and they had never heard of the Bible. Ms. Justros Karino, in his summing up to the Jury, thus remarked upon the subject—'I cannot help noticing the most deplorable state of matters shown by the evidence of these girls. We call ourselves a Christian people, and pride ourselves upon being a civilized nation. These two girls have said that they could neither read nor write; that they had never heard of the Bible; and, as the learned counsel had suggested, in all probability they had never neared of a Bivine Seing. We send out missionaries to the keathen, but what swalt swalts all this when we see such a state of things at home?"

Mr. Punch echoes the learned Judge, in the last of those very lines of his which have given such offence to Ms. Lawley, and asks again, "What's the savage o'er sea, to the savage at home?"

THE "SPECIALS'" PROCLAMATION ;

OR, TWO WRONGS MAKE ONE RIGHT.

We have hitherto believed this logical contradiction to be beyond the possibility of any other solution; but we live in strange times, which produce results of a like character. The proclamation below speaks for itself: it is composed of two Fenian proclamations; (Manchester and Clerkenwell) and when read separately there can be but little doubt about there being two outrageous "Wrongs;" but let them be read as one whole Specials Proclamation, (as "Hurrah for old England") and it cannot be denied that they are one "Noble Right."

Hurrah for Fenianism We fight for The Fenian brotherhood We love This Rebellion We glory in Shooting and plunder We will not fight for England's welfare We must succeed The Union We Love not And never said We want Foreign intervention We cheriah The Emerald green We venerate Fenian Chivalry Down with Law and Order

Old England Ta a curab The QUEEN and Constitution Is a league with Satan Free Speech Is treason a Free Press Will not be tolerated The " Centre's " freedom must be secured at every hazard We love Such wreck and waste Let the Union sink The Union cannot be allowed The British Flag Is a flaunting lie The powers that be Is hateful mockery Mob Law Shall Triumph.

Vivat Regina ! ing a plateful of Palest

Literary News.

This success of the pretty book called The Six Sisters of the Fulleys has induced the author to announce The Seven Brothers of the Lady's



SUGGESTED BY THE TWISTED CHIGNON.

A MOST UNSEASONABLE IDEA.

A MOST UNSEASONABLE IDEA.

Did you not shudder, my dear Mr. Punch, when you read Captain Sherrand Obdor's letter in the Times, advocating a voyage of Arctic discovery at this time of the year? The thermometer is now down below the freezing-point. I am sitting near a fire, but can hardly write, my fingers are so benumbed. The cold in England is more than intense enough. I am much too far North to think, without horror of going any farther in that direction now. At present I should suppose that, if anybody entertained an idea of an exploring expedition, he would rather contemplate researches in the interior of Africa. I should very much prefer the Equator to the North Pole for myself.

If this were Midsummer now, instead of Christmas-time, and if it were blazing hot instead of bitterly cold, I could understand a man's wishing to be afloat in the Polar sea, if not ice-bound. When ice is a luxury, one feels a natural inclination to get into it. Now our feelings prompt most of us to envy the inhabitants of the Torrid Zone. Captain Sherrard Obsorn must be a man of very ardent temperament to be capable of conceiving the suggestion that makes me shiver. That is it. He is fired with the professional enthusiasm of a British Naval Officer, who wants something to do. Perhaps that would suffice to keep him warm at zero. He can be actuated by nothing else but mere geographical curiosity. Sir, however, I respect that. I am no Philistine, although I confess myself

Warming-Pan Villa. New Year's Eve.

Warming-Pan Villa. New Year's Eve.

A GOOD WORD FOR A GOOD WORK.

A GOOD WORD FOR A GOOD WORK.

Mr. Grove, the zealous secretary of the Palestine explorers, complains that funds are not forthcoming for their interesting work. Specially he murmurs that the Clergy are not liberal in subscribing, to which the Clergy—at least, some of them—may possibly reply that, while so many a poor Curate is wanting help in England, they can hardly be expected to send money to Jerusalem. Still, the parsons might subscribe a sermon to the fund. The exploration of the Holy Land is surely a fit theme for comment from the pulpit, and a collection for the fund might follow the discourse. Further small subscriptions might be fittingly obtained, if every diner-out this Christmas would but kindly give a guines to the Palestine explorers after every occasion of his swallowing a plateful of Palestine soup. All who do so may be sure that the fund which they are helping will be wisely and well spent. Mr. Grove has well explained the object and the benefit of the work he has in hand, and every one who knows him will certify, if need be, that he assuredly is not one of the Grove of Blarney.

BRITANNIA DOING PENANCE IN HER BALANCE SHEET.

Said Pubch to Britannia, gloomily brooding
O'er her balance-sheet squared, for the twelvemonth just past,
"Why that frown, dear Mamma, on your forehead intruding,
That sigh, up and down as sum-totals you cast?

"True, a few hundred thousand Excise may have dwindled, Nor does Income-Tax show so plethoric a purse; But still, for a year, when finance has so swindled, And credit collapsed so, things might have been worse.

"There's the 'Customs,' you see, show a rise on the quarter,
And the 'Post Office,' still, has a surplus in store;
'Miscellaneous Returns' aren't perceptibly shorter,
And 'Stamps' might have really fallen off more.

Then cheer up, old Lady; Threadneedle Street owns No cause for thus clouding your new-year felicity,"—
But the Old Lady will not cheer up, only groans,—
"What are 'Customs' and 'Stamps' to my lost elasticity!

"Time was that my income kept swelling and swelling,
As if 'twas the law of its nature to swell,
Without docking taxes, or outward propelling Of trade, still each year the same tale used to tell.

"Still I bought more and sold more, ate heartier, felt stronger, And found every year more I'd spent and more made: But that's at an end—I'm elastic no longer; No, 'go' in my commerce, no tide in my trade.

"My business is on its beam-ends for the present. And harm done that can't be so easy repaired,

For what with financing and making things pleasant,

My credit I've crippled, and capital scared.

"Oh, had I but stuck to hard toil and fair trading, Not taken to paper and kite-flying games,
For advances in cash looked to good bills of lading,
Not to 'pig-upon-bacon'* straw-men and their names!

"Had I ticked rogues as rogues, branded swindlers as swindlers,
Nor at rascaldom winked, if for millions it threw,
My commerce and credit had not both been dwindlers,
My balance-sheet minus, my look-ahead blue.

"For my turkey and chine I had still felt inclined, Nor to the sad fact given shameful publicity, That poor old BRITANNIA is knocked out of wind, Out of credit, and commerce, and-worse-elasticity !"

 $^{\rm s}$ City slang for accommodation bills, in which A draws on himself under differt names, right hand on left, and vice vered.

GETTING ON BY DEGREES. '

Ir appears that, annually, about thirty-six thousand Tramps pervade England, and are good enough to patronise the Union Hotels established by the rate-payers. But there be Tramps and Tramps. There are lazy rascals who like a lounging life, and are content to eat dirty bread; that is, bread that is not earned. There are honest fellows who are obliged to wander in search of work, and who deserve to be holpen on their way. Some of the counties—fifteen, we read in the Standard—have devised a Test, and it seems to work reasonably well. Honest Tramp, when leaving a Union, must take a ticket, appointing him his next halt, which is a good way off, and when he gets there, he must do a good bit of work. Then he receives relief on what is called the First Class Scale, sufficing food, decent bed. Rascal Tramp, who neglects these formalities, is relieved on the Second Class Scale, which can by no means be called luxury. These are prosy details, but Mr. Psack is so pleased to see any exemplification of Brains in relation to the treatment of the poor, that he gives himself leave to note the facts, adding that, according to the reports, many of the Tramps who can't take a First Class, become

A Very Ill Bird.

M. THIEES, in his war-speech, protested against defensive war. He said, "A defensive war begins when one has been unfortunate. I add that it is little in accordance with our national character." Which, then, must be Offensive.

The deduction is M. THIEES'S, not ours. We adore French persons.



L'EMBARRAS DU CHOIX.

Well-armed and deliberate Party (aside). "Now, just let me See! The Question is simply this: Shall I use my Sword-STICK, MY LIFE-PRESERVER, MY NEW 12-CHAMBERED REVOLVER, OR THE KNUCKLEDDSTER IN THE LEFT TAIL-POCKET OF MY DRESS-

A NEW HUMANE SOCIETY.

The Reform Bill being passed, there is properly a cry for extending education among the poorer classes, that they may become worthy to be trusted with a vote. But in order to be educated, children must be fed, for brains grow weak and useless unhelped by bread and meat. Our ragged schools do wonders in their teaching of poor children, and would do greater wonders still if the children were well fed. A child would do greater woulded e can, however, hardly pay attention to his lessons, supposing he be also craving after food. So a new Humane Society has sensibly been formed for the purpose of providing weekly dinners for poor children, whose—

"Almost constant destitution of food is not only laying the foundation of permanent disease in their debilitated constitutions, but reduces them to so low a state, that they have not vigour of body or energy of mind sufficient to derive any profit from the exertions of their teachers."

This new Humane Society is conducted by Lord Shaftesbury and a dozen other gentlemen, whose names afford a guarantee that what they do will be well done. What they have already done is modestly thus stated :-

"Experience has proved that one substantia meat dinner per week has a marked effect on the health and powers of the children. Such a meal may be supplied with facility, and with little danger of abuse, in or near their school-room, under the management of the teachers and local committees. Fifteen thousand good solid dinners have been supplied in Westminster and Chelsea by means of this society at a cost of four-pence per dinner, all expenses included, of which one penny has, according to a rule of the society, been paid by each child before obtaining a dinner ticket."

Among the middle classes, and the upper too, perhaps, children as a rule have too much to eat at Christmas, and the same thing may be said of many an "old boy" who is a constant diner-out. In their plethora, they hardly will much pity the poor little ones, whose appetites are rarely blest with dinners made to match. An Alderman who never has been hungry in his life can soarcely have much sympathy for people who are starving, because hunger is to him an agreeable sensation, forerunning a luxurious and copious repast. Still, Christmas is

a season when the organ of benevolence is usually in tune, and the Poor Dinners Society is surely a fit theme on which an overture of purse-strings may be founded or proposed. If all who over-eat or over-drink themselves this Christmas will but fine themselves five shillings in their next morning's repentance, and forward them to MESSIEURS RANSOM, Bankers, Pall Mall East, many a little ragged scholar will get a Christmas dinner, and be all the wiser, and the healthier, and happier for having the good meal.

"BENE VALE, OCULE MI."

An accident to a prime face is not, prima face, a thing to joke about. But Mr. Punch is so resolved to congratulate MR. GLADSTONE on his escape from a serious disaster, that the compliment shall come in anyescape from a serious disaster, that the compliment shall come in any-how. He was watching a woodman who was not sparing that tree at Hawarden Castle, and was no doubt saying to himself that he would take an early opportunity of taking a chop like that at the present Democratic Cabinet, when a bit of Bark flew at him-just as if DIZZY had been answering him. We rejoice to learn that his eye, which was struck, is not likely to be permanently injured. He can see more with one eye than most men with two, but we shall want him for PREMIER, some of these days, with all his faculties about him, and not as monops intercorrect. inter cascos.

A Foolish Fairy.

DEAR OBERON,
WHEN MR. PLANCHÉ, in his charming song, "Over the dark blue Waters," wrote "Fairest of Araby's Daughters," did he refer to

ANOTHER WAY TO AVOID USING A FOUL WORD.

It were an insult to the memory of one who never murdered a baby,

A FEW FRIENDS.

(FROM MY PHOTOGRAPH BOOK.)

TABLEAU XII .- MY PORTABLE FRIEND.

My Portable Friend is a dodger: an artful dodger. Not in a bad sense; far from it: he wishes to benefit his fellow-creatures—specially

sense; far from it: he wishes to benefit his fellow-creatures—specially his travelling fellow-creatures.

Being, therefore, about to leave England (without my Late Friend), I call on Sermous, the Portable.

I've got so accustomed to designate him as the Portable, that it does not occur to me until I see the word on paper, that few people, except his immediate friends, will understand my meaning.

Well, everything with him is comparatively valueless unless it is somehow or other a dodge, a portable dodge.

His hat, for instance, would be unworthy to hear the name of my Portable Friend, unless it was capable of being turned into a cloak, a warming-pan, an umbrella, or something equally startling, unexpected, and, in his opinion, "the most useful thing possible."

I will just premise that, Head Quarters having sent to say they wanted my attendance in London for some extra duty under the Olfactory Inspection Act, I was obliged to put off my departure from autumn until winter. Having said this much, I call on my Portable Friend.

Friend.

I find him (it is winter) wrapped up in a variegated dressing-gown, and seated before the fire.

In front of him is a large glass cylinder on brass legs. By means of a handle he is turning this cylinder round and round slowly, evening its revolutions with an air of solemn, melancholy interest, his general appearance conveying the notion of a man testing the powers of a barrel-organ by its performance of the Dead March in Saul, or of a deaf gentleman under the impression that he is eliciting beautiful sounds from the instrument at hand.

"How d'ye do? Sit down," says he, without rising, or leaving off his grinding.

his grinding.

his grinding.

Not liking to disturb him, I take a seat, and watch his proceedings with some interest. If this were a private room in Hanwell, the performance would be an easier one to understand.

I say I take a seat—I should say the seat takes me, for no sooner do I attempt to place myself comfortably upon it, than its arms and legs auddenly join, seize me in a sort of embrace, and down I come on the

"Ah!" says my Portable Friend, "that's a good dodge, isn't it? that's my sofa walking stick, only it's a little out of order now. Take any other. No, not that," seeing me about to take a very easy-looking chair with a large back; "that's what I call my 'bath chair,' and if you sit on the centre button—exactly on the centre, mind,—it opens out into a large bath, and the water flows in from the back. The back is a tank." is a tank

Having escaped Scylla after my fall into Charybdis, I settle myself

Having escaped Scylla after my fall into Charybdis, I settle myself on a camp-stool, where, as the conjurors say, there can be no deception. Presently crack, crack, noises from somewhere like bon-bons being pulled. Thinking it the camp-stool, I jump up.

I am reassured by my Portable Friend, who tells me he has been expecting this result for the last two hours. It appears that the noises proceed from the glass barrel he is turning. Apparently satisfied, he commences putting away this infernal machine (nothing less apparently, only I hope my Portable Friend is not turning his peculiar talents to a bad use, in which case he might end on another curious invention), but I don't offer to assist him, being afraid of touching the apparatus.

I am about to try my camp-stool again, when he takes it up with an air of pride, and remarks, "There that is a camp-stool, a real camp-stool. A stool for a camp?"

I ask him what he means.

He explains. "In each of these legs is a revolver and a dagger. You are attacked at night when in camp, you are sitting down quietly.

You are attacked at night when in camp, you are sitting down quietly. Well, instead of having to rush away for your sword and pistols, here you are, ready to hand, all loaded."

"And this is what I have been sitting on?"

"It is," he returns, "only perfectly safe. We live in such dangerous times that precautions are necessary."

"But," I inquire, "what were you doing when I came in?"

"Oh," says he, "that's an idea of mine for pipe-lighting, or cigarlighting at a party. Galvanic battery to fit in the piano, then you turn a handle, it plays a tune and sends sparks round at the same time to everyone who wants to smoke. Capital notion for Christmas party, ion't it?"

I admit its excellence, but can't help asking if it wouldn't be more

I admit its excellence, but can't help asking if it wouldn't be more

simple to adopt the old expedient of paper lights or matches.

"No," says he, rejecting such an idea disdainfully, as unworthy of the nineteenth century.

"What's the good of galvaniam if you can't the nineteenth century. utilise it?"

I own there's something in that.

He goes on to tell me that he is having a galvanic portmanteau fitted up, which is, from his account, to do everything except pay the expenses of a journey. It will mark the time, the distance, tell the day of the month, cook a dinner, be a bed, a carriage, a boat; perhaps he has even some idea of making it a horse. On occasion, with a little extra galvaniam, it may be made to bark like a dog, or some other feat agnelly making.

equally useful.

"So you're going to travel," he says. "Well, I'll tell you; you should get—"

But as his directions involve a great deal of explanation, I will leave them until the next time.

OYSTERS; A SPIRIT-WARNING.

(Communicated to our own Circle by DANDO, the Ouster-

A MESSAGE from the Spirit-sphere,
List, ye who linger yet behind;
I found not any oysters here,
Which did at first disturb my mind.

The natives that I loved so well,
At Colchester which had their birth
When in these climes I came to dwell,
At first oft drow me back to earth.

And oh, regretfully I cried, Would I were in the world again, To tuck into my dear inside Those sweet molluscs as I did then!

But Spirits that have newly come Where all of you will have to go, Inform me what is now the sum A dozen oysters cost below.

True, that would have been nought to me,
As I was in my mortal day,
But now it is not right, I see,
To eat your fill, and then not pay.

To point a moral is the care Of all us disembodied souls; Your oysters fail you. Now beware, Says Dando, how you waste your coals.

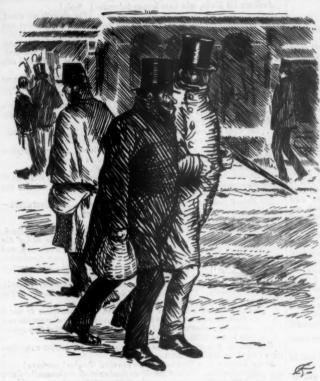
IRISH FOR IRELAND!

What a set of boobies are those raving editors of Irish newspapers What a set of boobles are those raving editors of Irish newspapers to keep up such a clamour as they do about their nationality, and to howl for separation from England on the ground that Englishmen are "the Saxon." The proper answer to this cry of Saxon is "You're another." The names of many of the fellows who raise it are as Saxon as Shitth and Brown. Besides, what is the lauguage in which these frantic noodles vent their ferocity and mad disaffection? They inveigh against England, and the authority of England's Queen, in the Queen's own English! Language is the test of nationality. The very Yankees call themselves Anglo-Saxons. What are the Paddies who use the same speech but Hisparo-Saxons? If I rish were their native tongue. same speech but Hiberno-Saxons? If Irish were their native tongue, of course they would talk Irish. Do the writers of the Irishman and the Nation want to convince us of the reason and justice of their demand to have an Irish republic? Let them ask for it in Irish. "Ireland for the Irish!" is their war-cry, is it? Very well, then, they should shout it in the Irish language. Let them write leading articles in Irish if they want to be understood. Of course Irishmen understand Irish, and if Englishmen don't, so much the better for the purpose of journalists who want to write up treason, and incite savages to murder.

"Twopence More, and Up Goes the Donkey!"

PERHAPS. But the rule don't hold of the mule. We have paid our TERHATE. But the rule don't hold of the mule. We keep paid our "twopence more" (Income-Tax), and the mules, at Zoulla, are not "going up" at all, but eating their heads off,—or dying of starvation, if they can't manage that feat,—on the sea-shore, bolting into the bush, poking themselves into the mess-tents, or wherever else they think there is a prospect of food or water. Altogether our mules in Abyssinia don't seem to answer. Perhaps we should have tried donkeys, and then, on the principle of "like to like," the authorities might have managed them better.

[&]quot; PAINLESS DENTISTRY."-Drawing the Stumps at " Lord's."



OUR RAILWAY AT CHRISTMAS.

TIME-Dusk.

Season-Ticket Holder. "What o'clock was that Struck? Five? Come on, then. If we make haste, we may be in time for the 2.15!"

A SONG BY AN OLD FOGY.

AIR-" I like to Sing the Old Songs ! "

I CANNOT sing the old songs,
For the fact is I 've no voice;
But could I sing, the new songs
Should never be my choice.
I hate the vulgar ditties
That each Music Hall delight;
Tis a thousand, thousand pities
Men such silly stuff should write.

I hate that " Champagne Charley," I hate that "Champagne Charley,"
With its stupid, jingling air:
It makes me feel quite snarly,
For 'tis whistled everywhere.
I hate that "Not for Joseph"
Which is every bit as bad,
But alas! 'tis hummed, or sung, or strummed,
By every Cockney cad.

Some old songs have been silly,
I am willing to allow:
Most stupid all with "tol de rol,"
Or else with "tow row row;"
Still I'd rather hear the old songs,
Tho' they may not wholly please,
Than valgar squalls at Music Halls,
Which cads esteem "the cheese."

SPOTTING HIM.

THERE is a hitch in the improving of Park Lane. A contemporary says that this is due to the vaccination of Lord John Manness. We can't make this out. The heads of the house of Rutland were notoriously model parents, and how Lord John can have been allowed to go from 1818 to 1868 without vaccination, we cannot understand. However, better late than never, and we hope that the operation has been successful, and that we shall soon hear that Lord John is attending to his business again.

[Since writing the above, we have seen the same information in another contemporary, only he spells the word "vacillation." The moral is the same; and we cannot think of cancelling our own admirable remarks.]

THE STAGE AND ST. STEPHEN'S.

THE following mottoes for Ministers, &c., will be found, on examina-tion, more applicable than they appear at the first blush:—

The EARL OF DERBY.—The Game of Speculation. There is much fitness in this. The noble Earl's premiership will be distinguished by the passing of a measure which (quoting Punch) he has himself termed "A leap in the dark."

The Chancellor of the Exchequer.—A Winning Card. Though we thought he had a bad hand, Benjamin kept his great card till the last, and there is no question about its being a winning one. He might have played it fairly when he ought to have done, though.

LORD STANLEY.—Perfection. This, of course, must be true, when both friends and foes are trumpeting his praises.

ME. GATHORNE HARDY.—The School for Tigers. Amply proved by his treatment of FINLEN and his companions, and the treatment he is prepared to give others of a like calibre.

MR. WALPOLE,-Kind to a Fault, Even his worst enemy will say this of our poor male Niobe.

LORD JOHN MANNERS,—Caste, The extreme propriety of this motto will not be denied when we remember that the noble Lord once wrote :-

Let laws and learning, arts and commerce die, But leave us still our old nobility."

SIR JOHN PAKINGTON.—We had some thoughts of writing He's a Lanatic, but beg to substitute Still Waters run Deep, having especial reference to the attachment SIR JOHN has always borne to Household Suffrage, but which he never allowed to bubble up to the surface until

SIR STAFFORD NORTHCOTE. Allow me to Explain. The Right Hon. Gentleman, it will have been observed, is particularly anxious that his proper share in the "Reform Bill" should be distinctly understood, and consequently he is always asking to be allowed to explain. His feel is fear of them.

proper position, however, stated briefly, is this:—that at the com-mencement of last Session he vowed he could never consent to House-hold Suffrage, whilst at its close he was a member of the Cabinet which

MR. WHALLEY.—Man is not Perfect nor Woman neither. The former is sometimes a long way from it. N.B. Note the present instance.

The Adullamites .- A Little Flistation, illustrating their position with the present Government.

The Tory party.—The School of Reform. We say nothing respecting this, as the Schoolmaster recently said enough respecting it at Edinburgh.

FUSTIAN FROM FRANCE.

Among other manufactures our neighbours, the French, are certainly rivalling us in fustian. A specimen of this article was exposed the other day in a column of the Times. Its producers were French democrats, who addressing their British brethren on the subject of the Manchester martyrs to murder and treason, said, amongst other things altogether untrue :-

"Ces trois hommes ont ét condamnés, non pour avoir tué deux chevaux et un agent de police! Ils ont été condamnés pour avoir délivré a leurs risques et périls deux chels patriotes, le COLONEN ERELY et le CAPITAINE DEASY, revenus d'Amérique au secours de l'Irlande et pensant qu'après avoir affranchi les noirs, il était juste

Fellows who assert that negro slaves and Irishmen are as black and white would be perfectly ready to declare the former colour the latter. They call Deasy and Kelly two patriots. What would they think of prisoners in custody on the charge of freeing a gentleman of his watch and chain, and would they approve of shooting a constable in order to rescue them ?-

"These three men have been condemned not for killing two horses and a

Horses first; policeman afterwards. This looks like supreme contempt for policemen; but what M. Pyar and his associates more likely

EVENINGS FROM HOME.



HIS Evening is passed a considerable way from home; at the Ambigu Theatre, Paris. The Theatre is very full, the Second Act is just about to commence as we take our seats in the fau-tenils d'orchestre. Behind us sit two young Englishmen, who, having mis-taken the character of the place, appear in full e-vening dress, with white ties and gloves, and are gloves, and are generally supposed by their French neighbours to ing at a wedding. They are about as conspicuous as they would be in Court dress in the stalls or front row of the pit at the Victoria Theatre, Neso Out, Lambeth.

1st English Swell (with a sense of his mistake). The people never dress His Friend. No. (Looks round about him.) But what queer sort of people to be in the Stalls.

[On his left is a very fat Frenchman, who appears to have put off washing till to-morrow morning on account of the intensely cold weather. Behind him are three middle-aged, good-tempered looking females, evidently bent on a holiday ammement.)

Woman (with basket of oranges, apples, and sweet-stuffs, enters the row where they are sitting). Messieurs, (in a shrill, nasal tone) des oranges, &c., pardon, Maieu.

Ist English Swell (taken aback). Hang it, we haven't made a mistake, ch? Fancy allowing this sort of thing in the Stalls!

[Reflects on the idea of his going into the Drury Lane Gallery at Pantomime time, indulging in apples, oranges, and ginger beer,

And becomes melancholy.

His Friend (suddenly inspired). Ah, I see, this is a sort of Transpontine Theatre (looks at his Friend). We oughtn't to have dressed.

[Three raps are heard, the Theatre is re-filled, the orchestra commences, and the curtain rises upon the Second Act of

LES CHEVALIERS DU BROUILLARD.

SCHMB-A Carpenter's Workshop.

1st English Swell (who has evidently seen part of the First Act, and is somewhat mystified). I say, ask for a book.

His Friend (beckoning to a boy who appears at the entrance of the Stalls).

Garçon!
Let English Swell (horrified). I say, don't; he's not a waiter.

list English Swell (horrified). I say, don't; he's not a waiter.

His Friend. Garçon, est-ce que vous avez un livre de la pièce?

[Is evidently nervous as to the result of his question.

Boy (sharply, and in a very high pitched tone). La pièce? Onim'sieu.

Cinquantecentimes (all in one word).

Friend (takes Book, pays, and looks proudly at his Friend, as much as to say "See what it is to speak the language"). There!

1st English Swell (reading the cast). Hallo! do you know what it is we're seeing, ch?

His Friend (sorry to be obliged to own it after his recent triumph of language). No.

His Friend (arry to be very sounded). Why, it's—it's—(is uncertain) no—it's—(looks again) yes, it is—it's Jack Sheppard!!

His Friend. Eh! What? (Looks at book.) Why, so it is. (Reads the cast.) MISTRESS SHEPPARD, JACK SHEPPARD, BLUSKINS,—why, it's HARRISON AINSWORTH'S.

| lst English Swell. Yes; but (points out other characters) look here,
who's LORD ROWLAND MONTAGU?

His Friend. Don't know.

Audience (in Stalls, who have become interested). Sash!

Jack Sheppard (to Blusking, telling him how he got out of window and went to Covent Garden Theatre). Quelle belle chose qu'un théâtre! J'étais là!.... Sur la scène, il y avait une forêt.... trois sorcières paraissent.... I'une d'elles, étendant la main vers celui qui marchait en avant, lui dit, "Macheth, in meras roi!" et comme à Macheth elle me disatt aussi, "Jack Shepnard, tu meras roi!"

Let English Swell (who has been passied by the promunciation of Covent Garden as "Coung-gardong," and "Shack Sheppar.") What was that?

His Friend (explains, and adds). It's all in Harrison Ainsworth's story. (Having made this statement, he legins to feel uncertain on the subject.) At least, I think so.

His Friend (explains, and adds). It's all in Harrison Ainsworth's story. (Having made this statement, he legiss to feel uncertain on the subject.) At least, I think so.

[The Play continues, with Monribur et Madame Vood (Wood), Tamise (Thames) Darrin, and the rest of the characters.

Jack (after, in a fit of peakonsy, tryingit ostab Tamise, and being forgiven by Tamise and Cecily Vood, anys to her). Vous êtes bonne miss!

Audience (breathing again after the excitement). Ah!

Let English Swell (languidly). The audience seem to enjoy this sort of thing immensely. (Looks at the Entract.) By the way, what's the meaning of Lee Chevaliers—ties Entract.) By the way, what's the meaning of Lee Chevaliers—(is astigled so far)

Let English Swell, Yes. Du " of the"—

His Friend. (who knows all about it). Oh, it means, the Chevaliers—the Cavaliers—(is astigled so far)

Let English Swell, Yes. Du " of the "—

His Friend. (who knows all about it). Oh, it means, the Chevaliers—the Cavaliers—(is astigled. At the end of the Act, however, he goes into a corner, of the—in fact—of the Brouillard.

It's hardly translatable. (His Friend is satisfed. At the end of the Act, however, he goes into a corner, of the in fact—of the Brouillard.

It's hardly translated? "hurriedly. Oh his returns he says carelessly), Oh, by the way, I've thought of what Brouillard means: it's a sort of alang phrase; it means literally, "waste-paper basket."

Let English Swell (prepared not to be attonished at anything French). Oh, I see perfectly. (Translates) Lee Chevaliers du Brouillard. "The Cavaliers of the waste-paper hasket."

[Satisfies himself that it's a slamy phrase, and determines to use it when he returns to Landon. They subsequently discover the real meaning, when a Friend meeting them, suggests that they appear to be completely mystified on the subject.

Bluskine. Il y a cent gainées pour chaoun. Le rendez-vous derriere l'hôtel de Sir Rowland. Je sauverai Tamise! partons!

[Stage direction—"Wood parait au fond muit de Policemen." Jack

ore Inotel de Sir Rowland. Je sauverai Tamise! partons!

[Stage direction—"Wood paraît au foud suivi de Policemen." Jack
gets out of the window on the right, and then Monairur Vood
exits by the door, followed by the Policemen of the period.
Entracte. Newspaper cries, oranges, apples, sweet-stuffs, exeunt
more than half the audience. We enter the Theatre cafe, and
"command" an echoppe of beer.

Enter ALPHONSE, a Friend of the Gargon's.

The Garçon (assisting Alphones to allumettes for his cigarette). Com-

ment aimez-vous la pièce l

GEORGE THE FIRST'S time on seeing MONSIEUR SHACK SHEP-PAB enter on horseback

Tous (avec les trois cris anglais). Hup! Hup! Hup! hurray!

Swell (asked for once). Why they say hooray!

His Friend (explaining). Yes, it's supposed to be the national custom.

[SHACK SHEPPAR, who anddenly appears as if he'd been taking lessons of DICK TURFIN, makes his horse rear three times by way of acknowledging the salutation. Then descends. The dancing

Let Eaglish Swell (recognising the music). Hallo! I know that.

His Friend. Yes. It's—(suddenly hits upon it)—why, it's the Nigger
x, "Hoop light, Loo, and show your pretty feet!"

[A selection admirably adapted for a national dance in the time of

A selection admirably adapted for a national dance in the time of GEORGH THE FIRST.

Audience (enthusiastically). Bis! Bis!

[Encore taken by the two Music Hall dancers from London, announced as "from the principal London theatres." Between the Acts Irish jigs are played. Swell and his Friend sudge one another, and try to look as if they'd never heard them before.

Let English Swell (to his Friend, speaking of us in front). I wonder

these fellows don't dress to come to a theatre.

His Friend. Oh! I dare say they're only a better class of Shop-keeper, (Fr., Fr., not decidedly complimentary to our personal appearance).

Ourselves (later on in the censing, in corp plain English). It's very dangerous for Englishmen to speak their own language in Paris if they

are making remarks on other people. Their best plan is always to talk in French, and then there's very little chance of their being understood.

[Swell and Friend shut up.

LAST ACT.—L'intérieur d'un cachot à Neugale. Shack Sheppar is having his portroit taken by Str William Hogarth. (Why not Str Joshua Hogarth, while they are about it?)

Sare Veellearm 'Oparth (to Shack). Un très-illustre personnage a désiré connâitre votre physionomie, et ce portrait que je fais de vous

LAST.—JACK excapes one of prison, goes in a boat at a tremendous pure down the Thames with the tide, and immediately afterwards, at an equally rapid pace, back again, against the tide, is pursued by Jongathan Guld, excape up the side of London Bridge, Jonathan Vill, in a London fog, shoots Bluskibe, Shack Sheppah, stabs Jonathan, and all ends happily with the arrival of a pardon from Georges Premier, when every one says for the last time, "Hep, Hup, Hop, Hooray," and the Orchestra play "God Save the Queen."

MRS. GLASSE ON EDUCATION.

You have read my book? and you remember my preliminary precept, "First catch your hare?" Well, my directions are quite as applicable to the head as to the hare. Education sets one trap, employment another; but a knowledge-box is not baited with toasted cheese, and how to tempt a hungry little bumpkin to put his head into it, would purple of Chancelle. puzzle a Chancellor.

now to tempt a hungry little bumpkin to put his head into it, would puzzle a Chancellor.

Having caught your hare by hook or by crook, now as to dressing it. Some esteemed friends will recommend for this purpose a professed cook, sincerely believing that unless the cook is well dressed—aay, in lawn-sleeves and a silk apron—the hare cannot be. Some zealous advisers will insist that what you require is a plain cook, and will perhaps refuse an invitation to dine if you engage a chef whose thoughts run in a jelly-mould, and who has a discriminating taste for syllabubs and trifles. What do I advise? Well, I don't pretend to lead you out of this dense mist. Your own good sense must be your guiding-star. Only take care lest while the cooks are chattering in the hall, your hare, suspended in the pantry, should become a little too gamey.

Whose sauce do I recommend? Reading, of course. It makes a "full man." With respect to Puddings, it has been suggested that the Cabiset might be improved by putting Pusch in it. No doubt Pusch would give the Cabinet a very rich flavour, but then you must bear in mind that the Cabinet don't agree with every one, although Pusch does. I have taken it myself regularly for five-and-twenty years, and can say with confidence that there is nothing which contains so much pure spirit, or gives so much comfort and support to the constitution. constitution.

Bacon is nourishing, but rather difficult to digest, and should be taken sparingly by those who suffer from mental dyspepsia. You should go to Milton if you wish to astonish the natives.

An important branch of education is that which relates to the knowledge of tongues. In Walforle's time, as you have read, a brisk trade was carried on in tongues. Ministers went into the Borough Market and bought them—some, I believe, with a bit of riband. Whether this practice prevails now, I have no means of ascertaining—have you? Many tongues which out of doors are distinguished by a strong flavour—so strong, indeed, as to be unpleasant—become very mild when brought into the House. They also lose a good deal in weight, and this will apply to those which are smoked in Town as well as to those which are sent up from the country. An excellent way to preserve a mild tongue is to hang it up in an office—the higher the better.

—Conversations on Economy, Domestic and Political.

"Very Good Taste, Mr. Punch."

HER MAJESTY, by the advice of MR. AETHUE HELPS, has published a Diary which would, were such a thing possible, endear her still more to the loving hearts of her people. Praise, even from Mr. Punch, were an impertinence, but he begs leave to say with his usual adroitness, that MR. HELPS's advice was admirable, and that Mr. Punch hopes the QUEEN may always have such Friends in Council.

SEVEN HUNDRED AND FORTY THIEVES.

BEFORE we pay our Christmas bills, it might be wise in us to ascertain if any of our tradespeople are included among those referred to in this notice of the Pall Mall Gazette:—

"An easy and safe method of making money in trade appears to be offered by the use of unjust weights, scales, and measures. During the past year 740 South Leaden shopkeepers have been convicted of that offence—and have had to pay in fines £1,670 fas. 64, or rather less than £1 9s. per conviction. The general prevalence of the practice and the lightness of the fines imposed make the speculation a good one—especially as in many districts there is no supervision of say kind exercised over the retail dealers, and as in all districts the supervision exercised is superficial and perfunctory. For every dealer who is fined, there must be scores who deserve to be fined, and who would be fined were the supervision exercised active and real."

The Forty Thieves were few, and their thievery a mere fleabite, compared to the rascality of these Seven Hundred and Forty Thieves. The Forty Thieves robbed only those who could afford to lose, and they robbed openly and boldly, and at the risk of being hanged. But these infamous South London Seven Hundred and Forty Thieves have been robbing the poor, probably, more even than the rich, and have been thieving secretly and sneakingly, at no risk to their necks, merely paying a small fine if they have chanced to be found out. To a small tradesman who chooses to act as a big rogue, a fine of nine and twenty shillings is nothing of a punishment, and never will deter him from cheating all he can. We can fancy him, indeed, keeping an account of the profits of his roguery, as an insurance fund for payment of the fines which he ineurs. The pillory of old was a more sufficing punishment, for except by honest dealing, no one could insure himself against the inconvenience of standing to be pelted with dead cats and rotten eggs. But the present age is too refined to suffer such a sight as a rascal in the pillory, and the only way to punish him is to have his name exposed in the pillory of the Press. Of every cheating tradesman convicted of the usage of false measures, or short weights, the name and the address should be advertised in the newspapers, and placarded conspicuously in the neighbourhood of his shop. But the present is an age of universal easy whitewash, and, when agantic railway swindlers are allowed to go unpunished for using false accounts, one really can scarce wonder that petty cheating shopkeepers should expect to escape punishment for having used false weights.

A RELIC OF THE OPERA.

"By Jove, I'll write a puff of Santley!" said Mr. Punch, as he heard that artist conclude his capital Rendering of a capital song (words by Mr. Latey, music by Mr. Smart) at the Monday Concerts. He forswore himself, however, only as there is no such party as Jove now, the sin does not perturb him. The reason was this. He found on his desk, through the kindness of some correspondent or other, four printed verses in honour of Mr. Santley, and they appear to him to be so warmy rable that he indirect or them to he so warmy rable that he indirect or them to he so warmy rable that he indirect or them to he so warmy rable that he indirect or them to he so warmy rable to the source of th to be so remarkable that he inclines to give them to his readers, instead of a lyric of his own. They were written before the fire at the Opera House, and it is a mercy they were not consumed in it. Now, they are imperishable:—

SANTLEY.

Oh! sing, my good friend, jovial Sawrley, With voice sympathetic and clear, The homage to artistes most grateful We'll give you, a smile, and a tear.

I'll think of thee always with pleasure, What style, so expressive, and fine, So heart-touching, seeling, and tender, Here's thy health in a bumper of wine.

Let us to Her Majosty's go, friends, This night glorious Santley to see. Besides there's the gem, charming Tierjews, De Mikhio, and rare Mongines.

For when Florow's sweet Maria's perform'd, The house then is glorious to see. And when Therjens sings charming "Ardita," The applause is both frantic and free.

There! Mr. Santley should be proud, Mr. Punch is proud, and the author, whoever he be, must be proudest of all.

But this shall not prevent Mr. Panch saying that he hugely admires MR. SANTLEY.

A Certain Specific.

Has it been observed by the Faculty that punctuation is an infallible remedy for a bad cold, provided the patient stops at home?

THE EFFECTS OF EATING HORSE-PLESH FOR SUPPER. - Night



PRETTY INNOCENT.

Lady. "Oh, Mr. Mastic, why do Artists have Screens about their Studios?"

Artist. "To BACK UP THE FIGURES, AND SO ON."

Lady. "OH, REALLY! WELL, I THOUGHT IT WAS TO KEEP THE BEDSTEAD AND ALL THAT OUT OF SIGHT, YOU KNOW."

PAX LOQUITUR:

"When Freedom dressed in sunlight vest Bids every patriot bare his glaive, Let him who loves her strike his best, And him who falters die a slave. But, Man of the Mysterious Brow, What means this mighty arming now?

"Whom dost thou fear? Who threatens France?
Make answer, her Elected Lord:
Fall where it will, that look askance.
Where does it spy a hostile sword?
Why all these legions in array?
Peace, whom they startle, bids thee say.

"Dost dread the German's stubborn line,
The German phalanx dark and stern,
(The King whose claim is Right Divine,
While thine is in a juggling urn)
The Lutheran soldier's deadly gun—
Art thou not told its work is done?

"Dost deem Italia's sons may come
To teach the lesson France forgets,
And marching with a Roman drum,
May pay by Seine their Tiber debts?
The only gage they dare to fing
Is insult to their Soldier-King.

"Once there were left no Pyrenees,
Now lours their frowning range again,
No WELLESLEY lives each pass to seize
And cleave the way for thankless Spain:
Nor peril hath thy vision spied
From that dead land that gave thy bride.

"No dread hast thou of Austria's raid,
The Prussian swept her from the path,
And MAXIMILIAN'S blood hath paid
Thy ransom from Columbia's wrath.
Dost fear to meet the Russ once more?
That yulture thirsts for Turkish gore.

"And England? Nay, the jest were weak, She lives by me, and loves me true. Nor bids her children vainly speak Of Agincourt and Waterloo. Man of December, be at rest, She strikes no unsuspecting breast.

"See where Conscription's hand unfurls
The cursed scroll, thy Marshals' claim!
Why dare thy Marshals tell the girls
To wed the maimed, the blind, the lame?
There is a God of JUSTICE. Smile.
There was a Moscow—and an Isle."

Fenians and Foreigners.

So American-Irish Fenians want to be tried by a jury de medietate linguæ, do they? This wish would be intelligible if medietas linguæ were, for their half of the jury, to be the habitual language of treason, distinguished by Yankeeisms and an Irish brogue. But if it is only to mean a jury one half consisting of respectable foreigners—have they asked themselves what advantage they are likely to derive from it?

A PROFESSIONAL VIEW OF THINGS.

WHEN TOOCOATES, the House-painter, came courting our Cook, he told her all his history without any concealment or coloured statements, delivering "a round unvarnished tale."



A PEACE MOVEMENT. (?)

PEACE. "PRAY, WHAT DOES THIS MEAN, YOUR MAJESTY?"

EMPEROR NAPOLEON. "ENTIRELY IN YOUR INTEREST, DEAR MADAM. SPECIAL CONSTABLES, MERELY.—
MY SPECIAL CONSTABLES."

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TWELFTH NIGHT THOUGHTS (DESULTORY).



desultory, because I had been to a Circus, and seen a great feat of horse-womanship — MADAME AMGUOSCIOLA HIPPIA leaping from steed to steed in the midst of fireworks and fog-signals. See ARCHBISHOP TRENCH'S Etymological Works.]

First and overmastering thought, the thought that thinks up all other thoughts, Christmas is over! At least, the regular season is, for there will atill be some extra nights, under the patrongen of Mile. Termsing of Mile. Termsing the patrongen of Mile.

chore, M. Momus, and others of the more light-hearted deities, before we go back to school, and work, and getting up early in the morning, and the worship of Plutus and Mammon, and the more business-like divinities. But the lawful period during which anybody, even a dun, may salute you with "A merry, &c., and a happy, &c." has ceased with the last stroke of twelve by Big Ben; and they are all this moment gone—I have just lighted them to the door—Old Father Christmas, and the Lord of Misrule, and the Abbot of Unreason, and Saint George of Cappadocia, and the Mummers, and the Wassailers, the Fairies and the Goblins, the Waits and the Hand-bells, and the Twelfth-Night characters in their macquerade dresses, leaving me alone with Closon and Columbine, who are to remain for a few weeks longer on board-wages. There is a crossing-sweeper in Russell Square who will wish me a happy new year till about the middle of February, and from whom I can at any time obtain a very warm benediction by the expenditure of a penny, but with this exception I feel that I am safe from the compliments of the season until another December, and am relieved by thinking that the other festivals of the Church recur unaccompanied by any formulary of politeness, and that there is no precedent for my laundress wishing me "A Merry Raster and a Happy New Whitsuntide."

I am not one of the popular writers of the day, and these increases are the compliments of the popular writers of the day, and these increases are the complete of the popular writers of the day, and these increases are the complete of the popular writers of the day, and the processor.

dent for my laundress wishing me." A Merry Raster and a Happy New Whitsuntide."

I am not one of the popular writers of the day, and there is a reason why I am reconciled to the absence of that distinction—I escape being invited, in the calm, sentimental autumn, when holidays are realities, and work seems more than ever the badge of a fallen state, to dash off a story (a ghost preferred), or a dream, or a poem, or a double acrostic for Christmas numbers and Christmas annuals. And as everything has been said about Christmas and the New Year that can be said, from the meaning of the word Yule and the antiquity of plum-pudding to the exact number of tons of mistletoe supplied for the London market, and the statistics of Lincolnshire geese and Norfolk turkeys; and as I have never spent Christmas Day in a weighing-machine, or a lighthouse, or a lunatic asylum, or a coal-mine, or on an uninhabited island in the South Pacific, or even in a London tavern; and as I never had an interview with a ghost, and possess no family tradition of a white bird that flutters against the window-panes in a storm of wind and rain whenever the head of the family is going to die; and cannot speak from personal experience of the domestic habits of fairies; and was never in a baronial hall in my life, except under charge of a housekeeper, to whom I had to pay a fee; and do not even know what joint or joints a baron of beef represents; and did not become engaged to my wife in consequence of a chance encounter under the Druidical parasite in an old-fashioned country-house in Nottinghamshire; and have never been reconciled to a rish but unreasonable uncle, softened by boiled turkey, plum-pudding with blue lights, and respectable port wine, in Upper Bedford Place, I feel that my contribution to the literature of the season would be thin and vapid, and am content to be obscure and unsought, the question of compensation always excepted.

I can imagine that there are those who really find their Christmas merry, and commence their New Year hanny.

Compensation always excepted.

I can imagine that there are those who really find their Christmas merry, and commence their New Year happy. Mansfield Woodnood House, who, towards the close of the third week in December, received a letter from a highly respectable firm of country solicitors, announcing a legacy of ten thousand pounds left him by an elderly gentleman, a stranger in blood, whom he had once helped through a crowd at a contested election; Norton Disney, who arrived with his beautiful bride from a foreign tour of long duration, on Christmas Eve, at the family mansion, built in the Jacobean style in a well-timbered park, amid the greetings of an hereditary and punctual tenantry; my capital City friend, Kingston Hull, who made, about a fortnight ago, that lucky speculation in linseed, by which he cleared

more money than I shall amass all my life long; the young lady, the bright new Starr in the horizon of Art, who won the Academy gold medal for the best historical painting—the only one of her sex who has so triumphed since Sir Joshua first took snuff in the Presidential chair; HOLME PIERREPONT, who finished the last chapter of his trivolumed acvel, and brought the fortunes of Godfrey Sutton and Geom Ashburnham, to a successful and hymeneal termination, as the Waits for the last time were waking up the better half of Captain Coram Street—the most exquisite music HOLME thought he had ever heard; CLEFFE SHAEF, who, not a month since, made another loud hit with his "Upper Ten" Waltz and "Abyssinian" Galop;—these, and a few other exceptional beings, can, I believe, give and take the customary compliments with cardial sincerity, and brave the horrors of an English Christmas with cheerful fortitude. But—but I will avoid any appearance of cynicism (convivial parties to track this word to its source), on an evening when the nine o'clock post has brought me something very agreeable, particularly as I have this moment said farewell to the whole of the Christmas bevy, whose voices I can now hear dying away in the distance; for, as Ciceno said to the junior PLINY when they were supping together at the Three Tuperus, a celebrated restaurant of antiquity, being three single public-houses rolled into one, and Lydia, who was waiting, told them the news of NERO's death that evening, from a surfeit of stewed lampreys and mulled metheptin, "De mortuse nil sais bossom." So, as the "Wheel of Life" has fairly rolled into the New Year, I will set down one or two thoughts on 1868, in part suggested by the revenings of a lively instrument, which amused me to-night as much as it did Crair, and Dick, Alice and Fan, and a great many more.

Will the Conservative droll again jump clean through the Liberal

Will the Conservative droll again jump clean through the Liberal balloon? Will the accomplished acrobat take another leap? Shall we see strange tricks and transformations, wonderful surprises and combinations? Will there be anything to match the performance of Tary Ministers carrying a Radieal Reform Bill to the steps of the Throne? Perhaps the College of Physicians will amounce their adhesion to homosopathy, or the Elder Brethren of the Trinity House will turn pirates, and destroy all their Lights and Beacons or the two Houses of Convocation will sanction the practice of Mormonism by the stipendiary clergy. Perhaps Mr. Bright will attend Her Majesty's Levee in a new Court suit, or Mr. Whalley become a convert to the Romish faith, or Dr. Pusky place himself at the head of Positivism in England. Perhaps we may see the formation of a Hesopy Fumily Ministry, with Argyll, and Bright, and Calens, and Grandspere, and Standspere, and Grandspere, and Standspere, and Grandspere, and Romspere, and Ramerer, and Romspere, and Ramerer, and Romspere, and Standspere, and Grandspere, and Palmer, and Ramerers, and Romspere, and Standspere, and Grandspere, and Grandspere, and Standspere, and Grandspere, and Grandspere, and Grandspere, and Grandspere, and Standspere, and Grandspere, and Grand

all the best men, with GLADSTONE as Captain, manning the good old ship Britannis for another long and prosperous voyage.

But I must remember that mine is only a crow-quill. Certain events are sure to happen before the wassail bowl is sent round again. About the middle of February we shall be told that more Valentines have passed through the General Post-office than in any previous year since the invention of Love and Penny Postage, and the exact tonnage of those inflammatory documents will probably be calculated. Several new singers will be brought out at the Opera, the majority of whom will not prove dangerous rivals to Patti, or Lucca, or Gardoni, and a new Opera may be expected the last five nights of the season. There will be an exhibition of a musical salmon, or a mermaid who can paint in water-colours. In July the Wimbledon Meeting will be a greater hit than ever. About August the newspapers will insert letters on some popular grievance or popular whim, the deleterious character of London sausage, or the superiority of horse-flesh over the ordinary sorts of animal food. As Winter approaches, that is to say about the end of Summer, Illustrated Books will be announced for Christmas, and Specimen Plates appear in shop windows, Crabbe's Sacous, or Pope's Ancient Mariner, or Gar's Elegy in a Country Workhouse. Later on there will be the usual signs of an unusually severe winter, the hedges bright with unlimited hips and haws, and flocks of wild goese flying over the Mannion House. An infallible cure will be discovered for sea-sickness, several new methods of swindling will amuse the Town, a fresh man will be found for the Letters of Junius—Tom Panne, or "Old Q."—a priceless Titian will turn up in Houndsditch, ladies will discontinue wearing bonnets, the Master of the Buckhounds will be made Secretary for the Colonies, and the President of the Poor Law Board go out to India as Governor-General, the streets of London will remain as dangerous and dirty as ever, several persons will die at the age of 100 or upwar

REASON FOR POST-OFFICE BLUNDERS IN NON-DELIVERY. - Litera scripta manent.



PROBABLY THE NEXT ABSURDITY

IN LADIES' WINTER COSTUMES.

MORIARTY'S MILK FOR BABES.

SURE, one chief of the Romanist party Has behaved like a gentleman—very;
The good Doctor, by name MORIARTY,
Roman Catholic Bishop of Kerry,
He addresses his own priests, indeed,
But appears to be talking at others
Who have not the instruction they need From his tacit episcopal brothers.

Information be gives them, which news
Would be reckoned amongst us by few men,
And by none who did ever peruse
Romish treatise for young catechumen.
In his letter he speaks, to their shame,
Simple truths of religion and reason,
Saving "Martyrdom isn't the name
Fit to give death for murder and treason.

"For a criminal's soul, beyond doubt,
'Tis in private all right to say masses;
But the State with your prayers to flout,
You're no better than Catholic asses. Not in triumph should requiems be sung For the men to whom justice was meted.

If the deeds for which those men were hung

Were good deeds, they 'd be rightly repeated.

"Who can be, than all those who complain
Of political hanging, absurder,
All the while when they will not abstain
From committing political nurder?
They should shoot not who wish not to swing,
Keep their hands clean from assassination— Due concession a short time will bring, In these days, to all just agitation.

Milk for babes above all things is good,
When as yet they can live but by suction;
Donkey's milk, as it were, is the food For grown men who want children's instruction, And such food MORIARTY supplies To the priests who 've to feed lay believers. He, the mitred purveyor, is wise;
But how much otherwise the receivers!

A FEW FRIENDS.

(FROM MY PHOTOGRAPH BOOK.)

TABLEAU XII .- MY PORTABLE FRIEND .- (CONTINUED.)

"Now, I tell you what you should have for travelling in this weather," says my Portable Friend; and therewith he takes up what appears to be a sort of travelling-cap, not unlike the smuggler's pattern in a melodrama.

in a melodrama.

"A travelling-cap," I say.

"Yes," he answers, "that's one use of it; but you'd find it a little heavy for that, until you're accustomed to it. But you fill it with air, and round the sides there's a lining of india-rubber, so that the hot

water won't come through."

"Hot water?" I exclaim.
"Yes," he returns, apparently astonished at my interruption. "When blown out it serves as a foot-warmer, don't you see? That's a new dodge, ian't it?"

I suggest that what between its being a travelling-cap and a foot-warmer one wouldn't know whether one was standing on one's head or

He doesn't like joking on his favourite subjects, and says, seriously,

He doean't like joking on his favourite subjects, and says, seriously, that if I don't want his advice he'll talk about something else. I assure him that I do want his advice, and tell him that the joke was Grige's, not mine; I had heard him say something of the aort once, but I forget the occasion.

"Well," he goes on, still with this cap in his hand, "you want a portable bath: blow it out more and more, there you are!"

He produces a small pair of bellows, and, true enough, in less than five minutes, "There," as he says, "we are."

"So far there's nothing particularly dodgey about it," he goes on. "But now comes the triumph of art. By merely removing this screw it becomes at once a waterproof coat, thus—"

He does something with a screw, and such a waterproof coat ensues!

He does something with a screw, and such a waterproof coat ensues!

You'd be hooted in any capital in the world. I don't say this, but smile, and remark that it is very ingenious, as indeed it is, but smile, an that's all.

"Then," says he, "say you're in Norway, and want to cross a swollen torrent---"
"Good Gracious!" I exclaim, involuntarily, "You don't mean to

"Yes, I do," says he, triumphantly. "The lower part comes out thus (he takes it out); these separate pieces of wood join together

thus (he takes it out); these separate pieces of wood join together like a fishing-rod——"

"Yes," I say, breathless with interest; for it's better than any trick change in a pantomime.

"Yes," he continues; "you fix it in this screw-hole, and there you are at once, mast, sail, and boat. Then you cross the swollen torrent."

"In Norway?" I say, meditatively.

"But," I say, "I'm going to Paris, and perhaps to Zurich."

"Equally useful," he replies. "Travelling-cap, boat, waterproof coat, hot-water bottle, and spouge-bath, all in one: what can you want

"True," I admit, "I don't think any one could want any more."
"I'm not quite sure if you couldn't use it as a portmanteau."
Being prepared for anything, I ask, How?
"Well," he says, scrutinising it carefully, "a false bottom would do
it. And then" (here he lights up as with the fire of inspiration) "by
Jove, it might be a bed; or, if you could only carry a set of wheels, all
inside one, it would make a car. I'll call it the Wheels-within-wheels,
and take out a patent."

He is outer excited. The excitement is contaging. I actually find

He is quite excited. The excitement is contagious. I actually find myself assisting him to invent some additional advantages for what was originally a travelling-cap, with a (so to speak) foot-warmer to follow.

It doesn't take us ten minutes to turn it (in theory) into a piano, then to carry inside table and chairs, and finally, as far as I can follow the intricacies of the invention, the entire furniture of a bed-room.

"Look!" says my Portable Friend, enthusiastically: "There you are independent of any one! You don't care what sort of a room you

get. Top story, attic, no furniture, out you come with your scheels-within-scheels-travelling-cap" (he has already adopted the name) "there's the bed, out comes a screw; there are theel, take out the spokes, there are the legs of your table, cover the top with this part (the sail) there's the top of the table, let out the water from the bottle sides into

the centre, take your bath, empty it, blow out the other aide,—small piano—sit down—play a tune—it refreshes you—play another—you 're office, and as bould a speaker as if he had served an apprenticeship to tired of that—exhaust the air, and set it up as a bod; then go to aleep. When once the thing's in working order, you'd be independent of everything and everybody, which is after all the great point in bouldness:—

I think if it could be made into a free gratis railway and boat ticket real independence would be obtained.

"You ought to have one made at once," is my Portable Friend's

advice to me.

I excuse myself on the ground that there won't be time, but if he'd tell me of some simple contrivance to secure a certain amount of comfort in travelling, I should be much obliged. By which I mean to hint, "Let's be practical, not portable."

BEALES AND HIS BUBBLYJOCKS.



HOUGH the QUEEN is not frightened, we are. The Bubblyjocks of the Reform League rush at us in a terrible manner, and never was a poor little boy more terrified by their name-sakes in a farm-yard than Punch has been by their last demonstration. last demonstration. we are too much astounded to write about it; but they are going to throw away Ireland, and put down the German royal family, and have a republic, and do all sorts of things. Will no good Guy Faux blow up the Adelphi Terrace before something

worse happens?
They — they — excuse

our agitation, we shall be better presently, we dare say. The Reform League Council met again after the holidays, and

apparently quite sober.

The noble Brains addressed them:

"The Charman said: My friends, I am happy to meet you again after the recreation of the holidays, and trust that you are prepared to encounter the labours of the present year in the same spirit of sound and sober patriotism and judgment, and indexible firmness, in what you believe to be right, as that which has hitherto distriguished the proceedings of the Reform League."

No harm in that, you 'll say. Bumptious, perhaps, but Brales has been awful bumptious ever since Sir Alexander Cockburn turned him into the cold. Well, he went on, made a very long speech, declaring that the Reform Bill must be reformed, that all its Tory clauses must be taken out, and that Irish difficulties must be adjusted "to the satisfaction of the Irish." Their Reform League has been suspended, out of compliment to the suspension of the Habeas Corpus, and Brales allows that this was right. Then he made a dreadful fuss because a letter to him had been cut open somewhere. Of course, he said it was done in the Post-Office, but there was not the least proof that it had not been done for a lark by one of the League errand-lads who wanted to rile his tempestuous patron. Finally, a resolution of Deep Sympathy with Ireland was proposed.

Then the Bublyjocks began to gobble:—

"Mr. Gurdalla said that nothing would ever satisfy the Irish people except a national Parliament sitting in College Green. (Hear, hear!) He hoped the League would soon help the Irish people to agitate for a repeal of the Union. They were not to be carried away by this Fenian crase, and he hoped they would pass a resolution that they would help the Irish people to agitate for a repeal of the Union, and let them wish God speed to the Farliament which would sit in College Green. (Hear, hear!) The Chairman spoke of 'Fenianism run mad,' but they had lately seen loyalty 'run mad.' (Hear, hear!) He was glad to see that a number of working men had declined to be sworn in as special constables."

An amendment breathing GUEDALLA sentiments was moved :-

"MR. Mudde said he saw no liberty in England at all but the liberty to do as a powers like—the right to keep a lot of German cut-throats in the country."

Mr. Beales, M.A., who thinks it a hardship that he is not one of the Queen's little judges, immediately rebuked this brutal insolence.

"The Chairman said he would not pledge himself for or against the repeal of the Union, but he thought the addition to the resolution was out of place."

Those were Mr. Brales's sentiments. We don't blame his caution, considering the wigging he got from his Bubblyjocks for having written something supposed to reflect on Fenianism, but we do think that he might have hinted that "German cut-throats" was a little—ch? Never the Do-do?

SCIENCE GOSSIP.

"A Crry Clerk and a Naturalist" asks whether there is not a bird called the Ditto Ditto. Is he not thinking of our old acquaintance, might have hinted that "German cut-throats" was a little—ch? Never

"MR. COOPER moved that MR. FINLEN be heard.

"MR. ACLAND moved that he be not heard. On the last occasion that MR.
FINLEN spoke in that room he concluded his speech with the words, 'Success to
Feminalsm.' MR. FINLEN had been the greatest enemy to the League. ('No., no!')
and 'Hear, Assr!') In fact, MR. FINLEN'S conduct had been most prejudicial and
dishonouring to the League. ('No!' and 'Hear, Assr!')

"MR. MUDGE KNOW HO MR. FINLEN'S conduct had been most prejudicial and
dishonouring to the League. ('No!' and 'Hear, Assr!')
After some discussion the Chairman decided that MR. FINLEN was not a member
of the council, but that through courtesy they would hear him.

"MR. FINLEN said he would not address any observations upon the resolution
on sufference, but he protested against the unmanly insignations of MR. ACLAND.
(Hear, Assr!') MR. ACLAND seemed to forget the course which he (MR. FINLENS) had
adopted, viz.; that he acted altogether upon his own responsibility. (Hear, Assr!)
He had taken extreme views of subjects, and had been a thorough Republican(chers)—in sympathy and persuasion for many years past."

"These leaved exertivence hearing a high past."

These loyal gentlemen, having cheered the Republican, passed the sympathy resolution, minus GUEDALLA's tag, and then got up the great ODGHE. This is the tremendous shoemaker who threw ME. GLADSTONE and MR. BRIGHT into such terror by announcing his disapproval of their conduct. He now removes the QUERN from Ireland, unless the Irish should happen to wish to retain her.

"Mr. Once then moved, and Mr. Hales seconded—'That this meeting is of opinion that the Irish people should have an opportunity aforded them of voting by manhood suffrage the kind of Government which they, as an intelligent people, think wisest and best for the happiness and prosperity of their country."

Thereupon, there was what the reporter of the Morning Star (a capital and fearless reporter, by the way, who showed great spirit when the League tried to dictate to him) calls a warm discussion. At length MR. CREMER suggested a way by which we can keep Ireland. Hear it, DR. MANNING; hear it, DR. NEWMAN!—

"Me. Chemen declared his belief that the Iriah people did not want liberty. It was not a question of liberty with them, but a creed, and Me. Whalley, M. P., was not, after all, very wrong in many of his remarks. They denounced Garisaldon and Mazint as fiends, and said they would welcome the banners of France flying upon the mountains of Iroland. It was not that the Iriah hated the English because they were Saxons, but it was because they were of an opposite creed. (*Oh, oh!') He believed that if the English came into the bosom of the Holy Catholic Church—(a laugh)—those Iriahmen would hug the chains which bound them now. (Cheers.) There were State and geographical reasons why he could not support the resolution, as if it were carried out Ireland might be placed in the hands of a foc to this country. (Hear, hear!) this country. (Hear, hear!)

Sense in that last sentence, Mr. CREMER, and we suspect that you have too much brains to be long tolerated by the Council of the League. But up and spoke the portentous Mudge:—

"Ms. Munos protested against the religious element being introduced into this matter. People said that the Clerkenwell outrage was a Fenian one, but he believed it was far more likely to have been a police outrage. (Far, hear ?) He believed it was a ruse got up to prevent the people of this country from expressing sympathy with the Irish people. (Facr, hear ?) He believed that the ultimate object of the Government was to stop all free expression of opinion in this country, and to put down all public meetings. (Hear, hear ?) He nad no doubt that, if they could, they would prevent that very meeting of the council."

We should have been very sorry if they had. For what the Clerken-done for the League. It may be interesting to know that further discussion was postponed, and that Her Mayery cannot be informed, for some time, whether she is to be allowed by BRALES and his Bubblyjocks to retain Ireland.

The Apoorypha has a text which may be cited without irreverence. Bel (supposed to be the original of Beales) and a sham Dragon, burst. "And Daniel said unto the People, These be the Gods ye worship."

The Turin Business.

Russellio. Give me thy hand, HUDSONIO. I do protest I have dealt

most directly in thy affair.

Hudsonio. It hath not appeared.

Russellio. I grant, indeed, it hath not appeared, and your suspicion is not without wit and judgment.

[Popular applause.]

A SLIPPERY SPECULATION.

SKATES have proved a good investment to purchasers, who, having laid them in last summer, realised their advantages during the late severe weather, although including many who have suffered as operators for the fall.



AWKWARD!

FLITHERS SPENDS HIS CHRISTMAS AT A COUNTRY HOUSE, AND THE FIRST DAY, ON THE LADIES LEAVING THE TABLE AFTER DINNER, HE JUMPS UP, AND OPENS THE WRONG DOOR!

LAME DUCKS.

MR. PUNCH-DEAR SIR,

MR. PUNCH—DEAR SIR,

THOUGH a very young man, I would, from feelings of humanity, raise a warning voice against a system of gaming, which is no less pernicious than polite. Don't let me be mis-understood. So far as book-making" is concerned, my mind is a perfect blank. No man, I believe, who can write a book ever makes one. My speculations have been simple, my winnings, as I find on reference to my tablets, during the past season are as follows, viz.:—

10 Pairs of Paris gloves.

Perfumed Sachet.

Seal-skin Gauntlets and Collarette.

Seal-skin Gauntlets and Collarette.

1 Diamond Ring (rose-cut-gipsy set).
TENNYSON's Idyls of the King, morocco gilt.
20 Complete Copies of Punch, from the Conquest downwards.
TUPPER'S Proverbial Philosophy (half-calf).
3 Gold Pencil Cases.
Box of Cigarettes.
1 Jar of Preserved Ginger.
1 b, of Ratafias.

1 Ivory Fan.

There! Am not I fortune's favourite? Ought not your correspondent to feel flattered by the smiles of that whimsical arbitratrix, who blindfolded at the wheel, might be taken for the twin sister of Justice on the Beach? Bear in mind in every instance where I have Justice on the Bench? Bear in mind in every instance where I have been a winner, I have not given, but accepted a challenge, and learn with incredulous surprise that all the challengers are my country-cousins. Girls of spirit I admit, but so imperfectly educated in the ethics of Tattersall's as to exhibit an ignorance of turf obligations, which to my moral sense is positively startling. They have lost, but they don't pay. And what makes it still more painful is not merely the gay tone of indifference in which these defaulters refer to their debts of honour; but the absence of those roseate tints which are the legacy of departed innocence, and afford some slight consolation to sufferers like myself who ineffectually moure over its remains. like myself who ineffectually mourn over its remains.

Perhaps you may have observed, as I have done for some time past, when contemplating the countenance of Beauty, that the crimson banner which conscience adopts as her peculiar signal of danger is now

banner which conscience adopts as her peculiar signal of danger is now rarely exhibited, and when displayed, is far more fugitive than formerly. Speaking for myself, long after I arrived at man's estate, I turned scarlet when accused, whether justly or not, of revoking at short whist, while the cousins aforesaid have been detected in offences equally heinous, and remained as passionless and pale as marble.

In conclusion, I would ask—as a man and a brother—are these irresponsible "persons" qualified to sit in a representative chamber—to revise our codes and digest our statutes? Can legislative functions be safely vested in "lame ducks," and should not all who answer to that description be required to discharge their honourable obligations, hafters they bring in their bills? before they bring in their bills? JUSTINIAN.

Albany.

From a Standard Author.

THE tradesmen who give insufficient weight are not likely to be students of BEN JONSON, or, as they chuckle over small fines and great profits, they might turn to him, and find that he says (ironically, of course). " And in short measures life may perfect be."

Juvenile Intelligence.

Aw Association has been formed by a number of small boys, home for the holidays, for the purpose of obtaining parliamentary reform. In accordance with their enlarged views on that subject, it is their determined intention to compel gingerbread-bakers to concede Reform in parliament.

SHORT AND SWEET.

The Periodical Meteors. What are these? Magazines that make a flash for a time or two, and then suddenly disappear?

A HORSE! GIVE ME ANOTHER HORSE!"



Y DEAR MR. PUNCH, — As it seems all the rage at present to give what I call Horseman-feeds, I and two or three other fellows have determined to get one up in better style than is usually attempted. We have usually attempted. We have rescued a venerable cab-horse (dun of course) from the knacker's, and named Knagg Chairman, because of his name; it seems so suitable, don't it? Well, you see, that 's just what we mean it to be, symbolical, illustrative, and that sort of thing. I just want you, dear Mr. Punch, to cast your appreciative eve over a rough preciative eye over a rough sketch of a kind of Programme Kwase and I have been making out, and tell us what you think of it. I think it don't sound bad.

it don't sound bad.

First place, Khace issues the invitations for a feed, next Saturday, in his dining-room—BLACK, that's another of our fellows, wanted us to call it a "sally manger;" but that's only to show off his French, because he was at the Paris Exhibition, and we weren't. He says "A horse is far more in its place in a manger than in a room." I can't deny there's something in that. He says he'll send us a cheval-glass to decorate the sally manger. Of course he can if he likes. We mean to have a band, of course; that's to say we've got SKWEKKER to promise to come with his fiddle, and give us a tune at the proper intervals. He has composed a grand martial air expressly for the occasion, entitled "To Horse, to Horse!" This he will play while we seat ourselves at a horse-shoe table, spread with a fair saddle cloth. saddle cloth.

First Course. - Saddle of horse, with capers; vegetable-grass.

Second Course.-Curried horse.

Obligato accompaniment from Skweeker on one string.

Using ato accompaniment from Skweeker on one string.

Issh...ssh...ssh...take a groom as he can make it.)

This we expect to be very effective, and cause so much emotion that probably no one will eat the curry. Still hock is now to be handed round.

Third Course.—Entrées of horse's trotters, and other kickshaws.

Air, "Trab, Trab," to which they will be sent trotting.

Salad .- Horse-radish.

Salad.—Horse-radish.

Towards the close of the banquet there will be a dish of bridal cake handed round, and the stirrup cap will be set on the table; but before this Kragg and I have agreed he's to ask me to sing. Of course I shall say I'm a little hoarse, and couldn't get through an air. Kragg is to reply, he's not particular to a horse hair (good, that, isn't it'), and to press me again, and then I'm to say, "Nay," "We recken on some of our guests here rising and saying something good about our horsepitality. We can't very well introduce that ourselves, but we shall take care to get up a horse-laugh. Well, then the stirrup-cup'is to be sent round, and Kragg, rising, will give the toast of the evening, Gentlemen, charge your glasses, "The Horse, and Peace to his Mane-s!"

What do you think of it, Punchey? I think it'll do.

Yours, admiringly,

JOHN TROTT.

P.S. I can't help thinking something good might be got out of de-canter. Canter's plain enough, but what the d to do with the de. I'm a moral man, and shouldn't wish to swear.

MENDING OUR WAYS.

Any Londoner who chances to be driven about Paris must be struck with the extraordinary smoothness of the streets, and must sigh for French steam-rollers when he returns to England. However, it is never too late to mend. After being bumped, and bruised, and shaken, and driven to distraction in every drive we have taken for many a year past, we are happy to see it stated that :-

"The Commission of Sewers have resolved to substitute asphalt, or gas-pitch, as a cement for the usual granite pavement of the readway, in place of the ordinary grouting. This plan will prevent the soft bed from passing up between the stones, which will remain firm and level much longer than at present while the formation of mud will be rendered impossible."

Fancy London without mud! What a blessing to look forward to! Certainly, if gas-pitch be of service in keeping the streets clean, we hope that no time will be lost in endeavouring to bring them to such a pitch of excellence. The crossing-sweepers possibly may ask for compensation; but with the saving in our clothes, from having no more muddy streets, we could very well afford to compensate the crossing-sweepers.

A PROFESSIONAL VIEW OF TRINGS.—Old PAYNTER never neglects any opportunity for advancing Art. Every evening he has the cloth drawn.

BLACK MONDAY.

WHAT means this throng of maidens With boxes canvas-clad, Which porters see Expecting fee

And wait on mothers sad?

Mammas, papas, and brothers Beside the carriage pace, So much they try To check a sigh And keep a cheerful face.

h! Christmas-tide is over. The holidays are done,
Each ball-room belle
Young lady swell
Is mournful, woe-begone.

For hath not MRS. NIPSKID, With pædagogual craft Enclosing bill That bitter pill Precursor of a draft

ent forth an invitation To make young ladies tremble On such a day
She hopes she may
See young friends re-assemble?

The joy of many mansions, The pride of many a home, By road and rail, Express and mail, Unhappy girls they come.

When manly hearts are failing, And mothers sit in tears, Oh! hardest fate For JANE and KATE To combat with their fears.

The journey little comfort brings. Such trials are in store, They almost drop
When cabbies stop
A-front o' th' hated door.

How kind the Dowager appears Till the first night 's expired,
"The journey's long, You are not strong, I'm sure you must be tired.

"Your holidays you have enjoyed, Your friends are well, I trust; Now come with me And have some tea, Be hungry 'deed you must."

Some five-and-twenty perhaps sit down Around the smoking toast:

A sorry sight, No appetite That any one can boast.

Teetotallers may prattle; It's very plain to see, The cup which cheers These doleful dears, Is not the cup of tea.

When left alone the old ones seem A little more resigned; The new girls meek, Afraid to speak, But little comfort find.

Now Night, the old Confessor, comes To listen to their woes: What tears are shed, When they 're in bed, He never will disclose.

AN OLD REVOLVER .- The Earth.



SHOWING WHAT A WONDERFUL IMPROVEMENT THE HOLES IN THE RAILWAY CARRIAGES ARE, PARTICULARLY DURING THE HOLIDAYS.

ALL THE WORLD A CRAB.

THERE is an operation
On 'Change called Backwardation.
To human civilisation That word doth well apply;
Alas! we aadly sigh
In better days, gone by,
The world was onwards speeding; The world was havatus spec-Tis now as fast receding. The news is heavy reading, And doleful as 'tis dry. Whilst rumours fly alarming, The nations go on arming,
The means each other of harming Is now their chiefest care. For bloodshed all prepare, And warn us to beware; Though there's small cause to mention, In Europe, for dissension,
No big bone of contention:
They'd soon fight if there were. America, confounded, Into a smash self-pounded, We look upon astounded;
And bere we are at home,
With parsons aping Rome,
Each Ritualist coxcomb; Strikes, in, and out, of season, Mob meetings without reason, And frantic Fenian treason, From o'er Atlantic foam.
Then business from depression;
Is making small progression;
In general retrocession
Our part we have to bear,
But still, as yet, our share, When cases we compare, Of troubles and of labours ls smaller than our neighbours' On bayonets and sabres No cost, no lives, who spare.

CENTRE OF GRAVITY .- A Judge in Court.

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A CRY FROM THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

MY DEAR LORD DERBY.

As first Lord of the Treasury and the Premier of England, you have probably a fair amount of work upon your hands, and it is probably as much as ever you can do to look into your Powes. However, taking it for granted you do not neglect this duty, I wish to ask you privately what you mean to do for the poor clerks in the Customs, who have appealed to me to get them an increase of their salaries? They tell me that so far beak as last March they had the honour to memorialise your Lordships of the Treasury, with the object of convincing you that they were sadly underpaid; but then, of course, you were too busy with reforming the Commons to pay heed to reforming the poor pay of the Customs. So they repeated their memorial on the 18th of December, doubtless hoping that your Lordships would, with seasonable benevolence, have given them a Christmas-box to help to pay their Christmas bills. My good friend Sir Thomas Frenchtle, the Chairman of their Board, would doubtless willingly have joined with me in backing their request bad there been any prospect that by doing so he would have profited himself. But Sir Thomas has a salary of £2000 a year, and I fear could hardly furnish you with grounds for its increase. With Abyasinia and Ireland and some other things to think of, you may not find the time to think of helping these poor clerks, although I make no doubt you would be glad enough to do so. A Conservative just now is pretty certain to be liberal, and Lancashire well knows you have a big bump of benevolence. Among their various grievances the principal are these:— As first Lord of the Treasury and the Premier of England,

principal are these

"The Customs Department, though one of the most important branches of the Civil Service, collecting upwards of £32,000,000 annually, and furnishing commercial statistics of great value, is the worst paid of the Revenue and other large Government Departments.

"The examination for admission to the Customs Service is identical with that of the Inland Revenue; the members of both departments are drawn from the same class in society, derive their appointments from the same source, and are sugged in the performance of duties of a very similar character; yet the average salary of clerks in the latter department is forty-two per cent. superior to that of clerks in the former."

My good old friend SIR THOMAS has, himself, no grounds for grumbling, for he pockets the same salary as the Chairman who pre-

sides over the Board of Inland Revenue, whose clerks, upon the average, get £235 a year, while the poor Clerks of the Customs are paid upon the average £70 per annum less. Why, if the Boards are paid alike, the clerks' pay should be different, is a riddle which your Lordship perhaps will beg their Lordships of the Treasury to solve, and the best thing they could do would be to say, "We give it up;" and then, by making the pay equal, prevent the question being put to them again. Another fair cause for a grumble on the part of the poor clerks, who help to pay into the Treasury some two-and-twenty millions sterling

every year, is that :-

"While the salaries of clerks in many branches of the Civil Service have of late years been considerably increased, those of clerks in the Customs have remained nearly unchanged, notwithstanding that the educational standard of qualification has been materially raised, and that the difficulty in obtaining admission into the service has been greatly increased by competitive examinations."

Men with a large income, like you and me, my Lord, of course have small occasion to trouble our fine minds by thoughts about the price of bread, and beef and mutton, and other things which poor folk call the "necessaries of life." But a newspaper informs me, in an article which advocates the cause of the poor clerks, that:—

"All the necessaries of life have risen from twenty to twenty-five per cen within the last seventeen years; but the salaries paid to the officials in the Custom House are almost exactly as they were seventeen years ago. In some respects the prospects of the senior cierks are positively worse."

Surely, then, your Lordship will agree with me in thinking that John Bull, in common justice, ought to give his Customs' clerks an increase of their salaries, to balance the augmented cost of bread and meat. Honesty in such matters is clearly the best policy, for servants who are badly paid are rarely sealous in good work. Men who have the charge of collecting twenty millions every year for Mr. Bull should not be stinted in their salaries, but encouraged by good pay to do the best for him they can. Let a liberal per-centage be added to the income of the poor clerks in the Customs, and, depend on it, the income Mr. Bull gets from the Customs will also be increased. So well-to-do a gentleman should really feel ashamed to be a stingy skin-flint in the payment of his servants; and, as his best adviser, I would beg him in this matter to listen to the voice of justice and of wisdom, as uttered to your Lordship, by your Lordship's servant.



COMMON PRUDENCE.

Snob. "OH, LET'S GET OUT O' THIS MOB, 'ARRY; THEY'LL THINK WE'RE A GOIN' TO CHURCH!"

A FEW FRIENDS.

(FROM MY PHOTOGRAPH BOOK.)

TABLEAU XIII -MY REGRETFUL FRIEND .- A GROUP, "MY COMMIS-SIONERS,"-AN OLD FRIEND WITH A NEW FACE.

In turning over the leaves of this Photographic Book, the portrait of my Regretful Friend may strike your eye.

He is the man who is always wishing he hadn't done it, whatever

He regretted having had his likeness taken; having given me this

one instead of another; and, as he had parted with it, regretted generally the art of Photography, which had, so to speak, imposed on his trusting nature.

I meet him on my way home from my Portable Friend's. I tell him that I am off for a holiday. He is delighted. "Where?" He should

that I am off for a holiday. He is delighted. "Where?" He should so much like to go.

Being without a companion, and liking WINIAMS, I say, "Come." I describe to him the pleasures of travelling, omitting the sea-voyage, He thinks it an excellent idea. When am I going? he wants to know. "To-morrow morning." Can I make it to-morrow evening? he inquires. For the sake of his company. "Yes," I answer, "decidedly."

"Ah!" he sighs, "I'm very sorry I can't come. I wish I could. If it had been the week before last—"

"No time." I put in, "like the present." A weak observation at the best, and not at all calculated to decide an irresolute man. He points out that there have been many times very like the present; the week before last, for instance, which was so like that it might have been mistaken for it. He regrets not having met me yesterday night: if we'd only met *less*, it would have been all settled. He regrets meeting Tungson then instead of me: he explains that this is *lis peculiar luck.

Finding him so melancholy, I wish him good-bye. He is still so full He thinks it an excellent idea. When am I going? he wants to know.

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Finding him so melancholy, I wish him good-bye. He is still so full of regrets, that I am sure there is a chance of his coming. "Will it do," he saks, "if he follows me in a couple of days?"

"Capital," I answer.

He brightems up. "He will, certainly: I may depend upon him." I don't depend upon him in the least, but wish him good-bye, heartily.

I know that within half-an-hour afterwards, or certainly after dinner that evening, he is regretting having even committed himself to so much

that evening, he is regretting having.

I'll wait for no one any longer for my holiday.

I'll wait for no one any longer for my holiday.

Having settled (as before explained) my little affairs with Theresa and family amicably, I call in, there, to say good-bye.

The Family are at home. All. I say I am going to Zurich, but shall take Paris and Brussels on the way, or return by them. They are all enthusiastic, and it appears that I am about to do something very clever. Perhaps this display of freedom of action, before THERESA and the Young Officer in the Engineers, who is, metaphorically, tied by the leg, is somewhat galling. Aha! sissi soit it, as our lively neighbours say in church. Talking of lively neighbours, I ask in a burst of good-nature, Cau I be of any use to them in Paris? To them, collectively! I saw the pitfall in a minute.

the lapsus.

They begin, of course, by saying, "No, thank you;" they are much obliged to me all the same.

Whereupon I am bound in courtesy to press my point. "Are they sure, because if I can be of any service, &c., &c., they've only to name it and a few.

painted tapers, and very very small censers." She, too, will write but he must soon, with naturally generated heat, if he continues these articles down for me.

Mss. Cherron just hints that if I do see anything in the way of reasonable fur closks and wrappers, not to trouble myself about buying them there and then, but to write a line to her as to the

I make a note of this, and the Artillery Officer gives me his instructions. Two seven chambered revolvers, pea-bullet size for drawing-room use; a telescope rifle, with cleaner, powder-flask, and everything to match, on the three-times-a-second principle. He adds, that he doesn't know exactly what the price will be, but if I'll kindly actile, he'll aquare up with me on my return; as if that was a noble and

generous action on his part.

I rish to go; I remind myself of the merchant in Beauty and the Beaut who takes his daughter's commissions.

Beauty, I mean Sorhia Theresa, comes up last. May she trust me, she says, winningly, to pick her out the newest shape in bonnet:? "In for a penny, in for a pound:" in for dayotional candicaticks and three-times-a-second loading revolvers, and in for a bonnet or two, more or less.

I will. Good-bye, all round, "Oh!" says the eldest daughter married, suddenly recalling a fact; you'll be there (meaning in Paris), on le jour de l'au, the first day of

the year."
"I think I shall be," I say; "why?"
"I think I shall be," I say; "why?"
"Oh!" she returns, "I shall be so much obliged if you'll go to that shop on the Boulevard des Italiens—the great shop you know, and get me a lot of bonbons for the children: you can't get anything like them in England."

The little boy of twelve is there, By instinct he ories out, "And havin to think I'd better start

I promise pop-guns and bonbons, and begin to think I'd better start with a train like Blue Beard used to appear with at Covent Garden, of elephants and camels carrying treasure-boxes as presents for his numerous friends.

"Good-bye! good-bye!" all most heartily.
"I won't forget, will I?" Oh, no." It's not too much trouble, is it?" "Not a bit." Of course, delighted.
Old Cherton, who has some sense in his head, grasps me warmly by the hand, and says, "My dear fellow, it's too bad of the ladies to bother you in this way."

He is right; but naturally I say, "Oh, dear me, not at all," and "Don't mention it."

"Don't mention it."

Still holding my hand, he says, kindly, "You know Paris well, no doubt?" I see that he is going to give me some paternal advice as to my conduct in that gay metropolis, so I at once tell him (with not perhaps an exact regard for truth, but a great one for expediency), that "I know it almost as well as I know London; and ahan't go," I add, smiling knowingly, "very wrong there."

It's just what I oughth't to have said.
"Then," says he, "what I want you to do won't give you any trouble?"

"Then," says he,

"Not in the least. What is it?"

"Merely to go to the Private Bureau of the Chemia de Fer de l'Ouest (it's on the right-hand side—any porter will tell you—of the Rue d'Amsterdam), and just see the head employé (he's there nearly all day), and ask him for the number of the Bordereaux makers, near either the Sainte-Chapelle, or in the direction of the site of the Exposition, in the Champ de Mars. And if you would, in the course of your walks, just look in there—Tapelle, 's the fellow's name, I think—and ask when the deuce he 's going to finish that leather case for fishing-tackle, same size as for bank-notes and coupons, that I ordered nearly two years ago."

two years ago."

This is old Chertron's last request. One sensible thing he does add, which is, that if it bothers me very much, I needn't do it.

Once more, "Good-bye." They continue thanking me over and over again, as if I'd brought all the things back. I tear myself away. I'd half a mind to ask them for the money for these things. When I get them, how on earth shall I over pass the Custom-House? I dine hurriedly with my Regretful Friend, who is wishing he was going (there s nothing to prevent him), and keeps on envying me up to the last. "Then," says he, "if I'd only have packed I'd have come with you."

A late train to Dover. I am rather late even for the late train. The Guard slily wants to know, "Do I want to smoke?" Why is it you always do want to smoke in a train? Why is it that nothing will content the traveller (specially the younger traveller) but a carriage to

"Only one gentleman in, Sir: he's going to have a smoke, toe, Sir." One shilling to the Guard not to tell the Company. It is very gold. I don't mind one other gentleman, too, specially if he's going to have a smoke.

I light up. I should like, I think, as I open my evening paper, to

I ugnt up. I should like, I think, as I open my evening paper, to have a photograph in my book of that creature as he is: name, underneath, "The Gentleman who is going to have a smoke."

I have hardly puffed two puffs when there is a low growl from his corner. I look round; I can't be mistaken; from his corner, undoubtedly. No, he's perfectly still.

I whiff again, trying to read the evening paper.

A lower and a more navice agreed.

I whiff again, trying to read the evening paper.

A lower and a more savage growl.

Not a dog in with the gentleman who is going to have a smoke? No.
I hate a row; and before I take the initiative in a case of this sort,
I always find it advisable to think once or twice, and reason the matter
out thus: "We both having paid, have an equal right to be here.
True. I gave the Guard a shilling, or even more, for the privilege of
growling. I don't know. Again, smoking is against the regulations:
growling isn't. So far, in an argument he would get the heat of it.
Only, I 've been admitted here under false pretences; the Guard ought
to have told me that this was not 'the gentleman who was going to
have a smoke,' but 'the gentleman who was going to have a growl.'"
What shall I do?
He is—ves. he is rising from his seat gradually; an invalid. I

He is—yes, he is rising from his seat gradually: an invalid. I can't ace his face. His cape and overwrapper are a perfect bear's skin, with head and paws complete.

with head and paws complete.
Good gracious! has he lost anything under the seat that he descends suddenly on all fours, exactly like a bear?
Where's my umbrella, or tobacco-stopper, or—
"Sir!" I exclaim. "I really—"
I don't know what to do; strike him?
He suddenly rises with a tremendous roar.
I jump up, on the defensive.
The bear-skin drops off.
"Hallo, Cocky! Oh, ain't you in a jolly funk!"
That voice!—My Funny Friend!!! Garse!!! Bound for Paris!!

ON A SEASONABLE LETTER.

BY A VICTIM.

HERE it is here -the birth of the year, And with it my tailor's letter.

If he'd spared his penny, nor sent me any,
For himself he had done much better.

Oh, foolish man, skin a flint who can, Who shall bleed a stone, I pray you? With the cash I sank in the Agra Bank I might very freely pay you.

The fall of stock was an awkward shock, Most blue looked my bland attorney; For a precious lot went to hopeless pot When OVEREND failed (with GURNEY.)

To Egyptian Trade then I turned for aid, And in Washon's Mine I rested; But they came to grief, or some swindling thief Ran off with the sums invested.

"You want your due." I've no doubt you do, And I wish I may live to see it; But I'm up a tree you may blainly see, If it must be so—so be it!

That life is brief is some slight relief. As your bill my last pipe kindles;
And my Snip, my Snip, we'll at least agree,
We hate their shams and their swindles,

The Complete Letter-Writer.

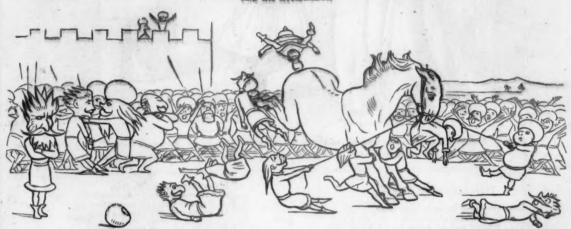
Poff preliminary announces that EARL Russell is going, next month, to write a letter (of course) On the State of Iroland. We thought Ireland was not a state, but a kingdom. Clearly, the Earl knows no more about it than he did about Abyssinia or Education, and we have sent him, by book-post, the Geography used in the Irish schools. It is an excellent work, and we will trouble him for the eightpence (trade price) and the postage.

The other gentleman is covered with furs and rugs, like an enormous Polar bear. I can't see his face, but this is The Gentleman who is She sent to her Circulating Library for the Secret of Hegel, thinking it going to have a smoke. There are no signs of the amoke at present, was a sensational novel. She took it anything but philosophically.

MAZEPPA .- PART THE FIRST.



SCENE I.—THE HALL OF THE CASTLE. MAKEPPA AND CLINEKA ARE SURPRISED IN A TRIE-A-THE BY THE JEALOUS COUNT AND HIS ATTENDANTS.



SCENE II.—Courtyard of the Castle. After some Slight Restiveness on the Part of the Wild Horse of the Ukraine, Mazeppa is bound upon it, and away they go.



SCENE III.—A DARK AND DREARY FOREST. TIME: SUNSET. MAZEPPA AND THE WILD HORSE PURSUED BY WOLVES AND BIRDS OF PREY.



Nurse. "Perhaps, Ma'am, you'd like to come and Smooth your Hair in my Mistress's Room?"

Little Innocent. "Oh no; do Stay here!—at least, if you don't mind Taking our your Hair before me."

THE QUEEN'S BOOK.

LET cynics scoff and worldlings sneer, And cold aristocrats condemn; Their censure weighed not in her ear, Her counsel was not ta'en with them.

A wiser, womanlier thought
Whispered within her woman's heart:—
"They that my solace would have wrought,
They in my grief shall have their part.

"The love I mourn, for whom I go
In mourning, ever, to the end,
What England lost in him they know,
How sure a guide, how firm a friend;

"But what the loss the wife, and Queen, Had in that nature, pure and sweet, That judgment, steady and serene, That counsel swift all needs to meet,

"That light of joy within the home, That fount of peace beside the hearth, That gravity, which ne'er was gloom, That glee as pure as maiden's mirth—

"All this my people cannot know,
All this I only can make known,
That they may gauge the joy and woe
I knew with him, now know alone.

"So my past life, my walks and ways,
The wife's and mother's, not the Queen's,
My treasured tale of happier days,
My record of love-hallowed scenes,

"I'll open to my people's eyes, And therein bid them take their part, That they may weigh the weight that lies On my lone life and widowed heart.

"Till feeling what my joy has been,
They feel how vast my grief must be:
And, when my treasure they have seen,
May measure what its loss to me."

What Queen like this was ever known, To take her people to her heart? When was Queen's household-life so alo vn With modest truth and artless art?

The Royal Widow has done well
Thus on her people's love to call,
Her simple wifely tale to tell,
And trust her joys and griefs to all.

Ne'er aince Victoria felt the Crown A weight upon her girlish brow, Have Heaven's best blessings been called down About her path, as they are now.

A Model Uncle.

A SMART Pawnbroker that, at Ratcliff, who was nevertheless too smart and came to smarting. He takes a poor woman's clock in pawn. Yes, that is his lawful business. But it was not his lawful business, but his unlawful pleasure, to divide the clock into three parts—face, weights, and pendulum, and issue three tickets, for each of which he charged, and each of which bore interest. The Magistrate told him so, and by way of impressing the fact on his memory, fined him heavily. Thus poor wives are cheated, while their husbands go gaping after POTTER and BEALES.



OUR AUSTRALIAN COUSIN.

PRINCE ALFRED. "WELL, MISS AUSTRALIA, I KNEW YOU WERE A GREAT GIRL, BUT I'D NO IDEA YOU WERE SO BEAUTIFUL."



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EVENINGS FROM HOME.



N Another Evening, some way from home. Au Bal de l'Opéra, Ascendi the stair-case to the

Anatole. monde ici, n'est-ce pas ?

Ernest (slily). Et sa femme? (Elbassa Bomino, accidentally.) Parrima petite don. chatte.

Indignant (?) Do-Ne. mino. touchez me M'sieu! (Is as In an aside.) audible Prenez garde ; v'la,

mon ami.

Ernest (mechanically). Mais, Trois heures à la porte d'entrée, n' est-ce

Domino. Bien entendu. (Is saluted by son ami.) Ah!

[Utters a little scream of pretended surprise, and carries him off, looking hock once at Proceedings.

ing back once at ERREST.

English Visitor (who has heard so much of this Ball). It's very hot, To his Friend.) Where does the fun go on? (In a disappointed tone.)

It has Friend.) Where does the fun go on? (In a disappointed tone.) I thought it was a regular Carnival.

English Habitue (nodding to Friends). Mon cher, see this once (nods to more Friends) and it's always the same. (Nods again.) You ought to know a lot of people here. (Recognises and nods to male Friends).

English Friend (nob knows nobody, feels the truth of the remark). Yes. (Sees a French Swell, with a Domino on his arm, coming up to his Friend.) Who's this?

Freis he'd like to be intended to appear and considerate.

Who's this? [Feels he'd like to be introduced to anyone, and especially when such a pair of eyes shine from beneath the mask.

Habitud. This? (Aside to him) He's the little Marquis De Longuerin: fought fifteen duels.

English Friend (feels that he'd rather not be introduced; or if he is, that he must mind his y's and q's with the Domino). Oh! indeed!

Marquis. Ah, mon cher! (Whispers in his ear.)

Habitud. Vraiment?

Marquis. Je'l'ai vu. Tenez! (Takes his arm.).

Hubitud (to Friend). Excuse me a minute. I'll join you again hare by the door of entry.

[Disappears with the Marquis and the Domino is the oround. English Visitor experiences a dreadful sense of isolation, and mishes he was at home. Thinks how any he has atways heard these balls are. Expects to hear eparkling wit from the Marquers. Listens for it.

Domino (with very light hair, to Domino brunette). V'la ces petits

crevés!

Brunette Domino. Tiens! (Stops English isolated stranger.) Ah! mon béhé! to voici!

English Visitor (trying to pump up French lightness and gaisty), Quel bonheur! On a vous attendu tout le sairée.

Brunette. You speak English, n'est-ce pas?

English Visitor (slightly disconcerted). Moi!—I—oui—yes,
Light Domino. Il est un Ruski.

English Visitor (catching at the word), Ruski? bien, (Thinks he's had enough of this wit.) Au revoir.

Brunette Domino (giving the whole point of the interview). Nous offrestu à souper?

tu à souper!

English Fisitor. Nous verrons. (Taking a leaf out of M. Kunner's book as recorded above.) Trois heures à la porte d'entrée.

Both Dominos. Bien.

[They pass on to see if they can get a better engagement.

English Fisitor to himself. Catch me.

[Thinks he'll see what the merry damoers are doing. Enters the lobby, and stands at the top of the steps leading into the Pit part.

Superb Official (peremptorily). Il faut que vous descendez, M'sieu!

[English Visitor unwarily goes down, and subsequently finds that once among the gay masquers he cannot return, except by going all round and back again to the other side of the Foyer. Experientia docet. He comes against a Friend.

English Visitor (delighted), Hullo! Jannings, old boy!

[Doesn't care about "Jennings, old boy," at home.

Jennings. Ah! you here? (With intense enjoyment of La Vie Parisicase Quadrille nose being performed.) Nothing like this in London, eh? English Visitor. No, you're right.
Jennings. I may look there. (They look there and are much edified).
That's over. Now let's walk round.
[Bouse to a veiled Lady in a private bas.
English Pisitor. Who's your friend?
Jennings. English people. I've just been talking to the Lady and her husband. They find it awfully slow.
English Pisitor (Louestly). This part of the Masque is slow. No real tan.
Habitus (joining them). Oh, here you are! (Silly, with an "Ain't-I-a-asy-dog" nort of face.) Such an intrigue! Do you see that Domino there? I hear it's the Princess—But I'd better not say the name. She's coming to speak to me again.
Jennings (who knows Paris). I know her. Elle est petillante d'esprit.
Habitus (with the pride of a Don Jusn). Now, look here. (Domino approaches.) Ma petite chère—
Domino (houghtily), Monsieur! (Then abruptly.) Allez yous en chez votre femme.

votre femme.

[Habitud docsn't like this remark about "sa femme," which happens to be true. The Domino passes on, and is joined by two other ladies.

Little Domino (aside, nudging Habitud). C'est elle!

Habitud. Elle?

Tittle Domino (Langking). La PRINCESSE DE STRIMBRWIPZ, n'est-ce

Habitus (disgusted, to his Priends). Let's go and sup.

Habitus (disgusted, to his Friends). Let's go and sup,
English Visitor. Supper by all means.

[3 30 a.m. Cafes all alight in the upper parts. Discreet waiters
moving about with dishes and wines. Paris all alive by night,
antil breakfast time, when Les Jolis Viveurs retire, the Church
doors open, and the ouvriers go to work as usual.

English Visitor (to Friend at same hotel). Must go to bed, I suppose.
(Yauning.) Rather fun, though.
His Friend. Yes (doubtfully). Rather. (Gives the mond.) Wouldn't
do every week; though they do it. (Thinks over the point.) Good night.
English Visitor. Bon jour.

[Turns to sleep in the peaceful consciousness of having seen a Bal
a Opéra in Paris, and at all events done the correct thing.
Habitus (strolling to his apartments). "Votre femme!" Odd.
Couldn't have known!—By Jove, I must write home.

[Retires to rest, Dimasche 7:30 a.m. being in Paris "on business
of the utmost importance."

The Wrong Animal.

THE delayed replacement of the Hyde Park railings at Knightsbridge is the fault of somebody. A correspondent of the Times, whose letter is signed "William Lyon," contends that the parties to blame are not the Vestry of St. George's, Hanover Square, nor the Metropolitan Board of Works, but the Government. He concludes his statement by saying that he trusts that it "may have the effect of placing the saddle on the right horse." Ought he not rather to have said, the right donkey?

SPORT FOR US.

THE favourite game of the Spanish Merchant might be varied for the delectation of the lighthearted—a definition which of course excludes anybody who has trusted Spain. "I am a Spanish Minister, and I have something to self." "Is it alive?" "Just." "How many legs?" "None to stand on," "Is it rational?" "No." "Give it up." "A creditor."

Sketch from Fashionable Life.

Morning Call: Saturday.

1st Lady. Do you intend going to Church to-morrow, dear? 2nd Lady. Well, dear, that entirely depends upon my bonnet.

WRECK NEWS.

THE John Russell, in Hudson's Bay. Tried hard with Pumps, but in vain. The Elliott, going to assist, went to pieces. Assurance large. Men picked up by the Pall Mall.

FROM THE ABORIGINAL COURT CIRCULAR.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH, while in Australia, is reported to have been present at a "Coroborce." Has this been corroborated?

THE CLERICAL PARADISE.-Parsonstown.



MERRY CHRISTMAS.

Teatotaller. "DISGRACEFUL! AND AT THIS TIME OF YEAR, TOO, WHEN THERE'S so much Drinking going on!

AN EMPEROR'S LITTLE GAME.

WHAT he wants his Army for Do you wish me to explain?
That, if needful, he, by war,
May the papal power maintain.
Though an Empire he commands, And on Freedom's neck doth tread, Not as yet have priestly hands Placed a crown upon his head.

SEVENTH Plus did not stick Pliantly to knuckle down, Hold a candle to Old Nick,
And Napoleon First to crown. Principles may scarce be meet For a Sovereign Pontiff's grub, But Ninth Pius, too, may eat Syllabus like Syllabub.

Pius Ninth, within his breast,
Cardinals has hatching got, Eggs, as in a goose's nest,
And a Cousin 'mongst the lot;
Cardinals of Gallie race:
When the present POPE they lose, In his Holiness's place
Won't they well know whom to choose?

Scheming Uncle could not quite Get a Pore to be his tool; Haply, Nephew thinks he might, Through a papal kinsman, rule, Getting underneath his thumb Nations which the French do call Latin, so as to become Lord and master of them all.

"Arm!" his word is, therefore, still, Who declared his Empire peace. Fighting men it is his will, Consequently, to increase. Chassepot rifles overthrew Those who fought to set Rome free. Next what wonders they may do Will the Germans wait to see?

CAPITAL CURE FOR IRELAND.

STUMPEY. DIBBS. SCHNE-The Stock Exchange.

Stumpey. Any more Fenian outrages?
Dibbs. Not that I know of. Am in hopes the panic is subsiding.

Stumpey. But what are we to do with Ireland?

Stumpey. But what are we to do with Ireland?

Dibbs. Colonise it. Didn't you read ALIQUIS's letter in the Times?

Stumpey. Who's ALIQUIS?

Dibbs. I don't know. But he says he is somebody, and that he knows what's what about Irish affairs. And he says, "Colonise Ireland."

Stumpey. Well, but are not the Irish population emigrating? and isn't that considered a good job?

Dibbs. Why, yes. There are too many Irish in Ireland—but not enough English. At least, that's what "ALIQUIS" thinks. His idea is, that the truth of the matter about Ireland, and the root of the evil

is, that the truth of the matter about Ireland, and the root of the evil is that the Irish people are all crazy.

Sissupey. Oh! but that 's a joke.

Dibbs. No, indeed, he is quite serious. He gravely gives it as his opinion that the only way to deal with Ireland is "by spreading over an impracticable, almost a lunatic community, such little colonies as we could of sane men." And he puts it still stronger when he asks the question, "How can you spread a sprinkling of sane men, like wheat, over the insane human chaff of to-day?"

Sissupey. Insane human chaff! Is that what he calls the Irish? No, come; they are not mad—but some of their editors will be as being chaffed like that.

chaffed like that

Dibbs. Great wit—who is it says?—to madness nearly is allied. Many Irishmen are men of first-rate ability. But still the Irish are as a race well-peculiar.

Stumpey. What's the wheat which he proposes to scatter over the chaff

Dibbs. Well, he says something about English convicts.

Stumpey. That's complimentary. English convicts the wheat to Irish chaff!

altogether with convicts. He speaks of the "representatives of the extreme of our social system," and the "rescued scum of the United

Stampey. Won't he have the Irish hornets about his ears!

Stampey. Won't he have the Irish hornets about his ears!

Dibbs. But then he would have the scum "helped towards regeneration by men of proved probity and self-restraint from the Army, Navy, and Constabulary of the United Kingdom." He also mentions Deal and Yarmouth boatmen to work the fisheries. "Many and many hundreds of miles of coast swarming with unmolested fish."

Stampey. The fisheries would pay. But how about the land?

Dibbs. There are millions of acres, he says, that would pay for reclamation. He would plant them with trees and stock them with game. Then, he says, they would rival the Scotch forests.

Stampey. There's something in what Ma. Aliquis, or Lond Aliquis, or whoever he is, says: Englishmen and Scotchmen in Ireland would very likely develope its resources. But they'd want English capital.

Dibbs. What do you say to an Improvement of Ireland Company (Limited), to colonise and cultivate Ireland?

Stampey. Togital idea.

Dibbs. For capitalists—eh?

Stampey. You don't mean that for a joke?

Dibbs. Quite the reverse.

Stampey. Then I do think it capital.

Dibbs. Will you go into it?

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Stumpey. Then I do think to Dibbs. Will you go into it?
Stumpey. I'm good for a million.
Dibbs. Ditto.
The money is now all 1

Disbs. Ditto.

Stampey. The money is now all lying idle.

Disbs. Very well, then. Let's set to work instantly, and draw out a prospectus. Improvement of Ireland Company. Just the thing wanted to bring about revival of confidence and legitimate speculation.

Science Gossip.

Stumpey. That's complimentary. English convicts the wheat to ish chaff!

Transliters, on their return from America, have told us, that when watching the wonderful agility of the opossum in its native forests, bibbs. He doesn't exactly say that he would colonise Ireland



IGNORANCE; OR "DRAWN BLANK" EXPLAINED.

Cheerful Party (rushing about on pulling brute). "What! Here still, Captain? WHY, I've taken a Gallop hound the Wood!" Disgusted Foxhunter. "AH! AND WHEN YOU TAKE A GALLOP OUT OF THE WOOD, WE MAY FIND A FOX!"

THE POET'S PAGE.

MR. ROBERT BROWNING has afforded a proof that a Poet is what the name implies, somebody who can Make. He has made a tribunal do justice, and a tradesman eat humble-pie. A MR. PAGE charged him—sued him—for two bottles of port wine, at four shillings each, bottles included (O lor!), and had the bard before the Marylebone Court. The proof broke down, MR. BROWNING stating that he never drank port wine, and never had ordered any of anybody. That a Jury, notwithstanding, did not instantly find for a brother tradesman is to be accounted for only in one way. The Judge decided for the poet. Then came out the poetical nature—he gave the costs to the poor-box. But he justly complained that he had been obliged to waste a day, because a tradesman did not use proper caution in his business. There was no implication that the charge was intentionally fraudulent, and on the whole Pags should be proud that his name has been coupled with BROWNING'S, unwelcome as may be the lesson which the poet has acrawled on the page. What say the Philistines to a poet teaching caution to a tradesman? scrawled on the page. Caution to a tradesman?

Church News.

DR. GRAY's in his glory,
He's caught one MACROARIB,
Who'll go, a Sham Bishop, to drive
From Natal the wild boar,
Who says twice two is four,
And to preach "the Church Truth"—that it's five.

SAME ANOTHER WAY.

Sweet thought, to send to Afric (South)
One in whose name Succession glows:
CHRYSOSTOM comes from Golden Mouth,
Macroarie comes from Brazen Nose.

How to GET AN ELASTIC REVENUE AGAIN .- Tax India-rubber.

MAKING IT UP.

"Well said, old mocker, I must needs be friends with thee."
So, in Shakespearian phrase, remarks Mr. Punch to Mr. Brales.
Early in last week the latter statesman was in a great rage with the former, called his remarks by vulgar names, and declared that he did not heed them at all, so long as he had "his praises chanted" (sic) by Messes. Goldwin Smith and Fawcett. How far these accomplished gentlemen like Mr. Brales to cry "chant" to them, à la Paul Brdford in Blueskin, is their affair. But Mr. Brales made, towards the end of the week, so lofty and aristocratic an apology, at a League Council, that there is an end, until he offends again. We recognise the blue blood. and drop the point of our rapier: the blue blood, and drop the point of our rapier :-

"Mr. Beales, the Chairman, said if he had snything to tax himself with in conducting the discussions of the League it was that of being too lax. If the meetings had been composed of gentlemen of his own class, he should not have allowed many things that have occurred; but as they were composed mostly of working-men, he did not like," &c., &c.

Just so—and we have done. Mrs. Candowr could not have let her friends down more agreeably than President Beales drops his Council. Is the same rule to be adopted when the Council gets into Parliament, and is the Speaker to rebuke, say Mrs. Bright, for characterising distinguished personages as unpopular aliens, while Mrs. Mudge is to be smiled on when terming the same personages German cut-throats?

"I go to the Play in a Mask !"-Lady in Congreve.

ANOTHER bit of French humbug. An athlete in a mask having drawn the Parisians, we read that a lady vocalist (of course, of the highest family, and greatest beauty) is about to appear, "but stipulates that she shall sing in a mask." Only?

PROBLEM FOR MATHEMATICAL BOBBIES .- Find the Centres of the

BRITANNIA TO AUSTRALIA.

BRITANNIA TO AUSTRALIA.

My draft Daughten,
You have come out. You have been presented to my sailor Prince. You have pleased your old mother vastly by your splendid celebration of this one of the greatest svents in your life, and she is eager to offer you her thanks and congratulations.

I hear you are a fine, handsome last, with a bush of golden hair, blooming and buxom, who have not yet done growing—figure rather fuller than mine, but features much the same. I hope the family likeness will be preserved through many centuries and cycles to come, and that when you are as old as I am you may look as well as I do, and have as few wrinkles and farrows, as after all my years and trials, my time-beaten visage shows.

So young, too! only four-score! for Sydney will keep her eightieth birthday this very year. I am conscious that when I was your age I was not able to give balls and banquets, or dezzle with transparencies and illuminations (piping times for your gas-liters), or breed Mayors and Corporations, or effect Exhibition buildings as big as your old friend Westminster Hall. I am afraid I was subsisting on accorns and berries, and painting myelf a warm blue, and going and coming nude as your own aborigines. So spread, so developed at 80, what will you not be at 800? You are the superb young beauty, the rose on your cheek, the brilliant in your eye, full of life and expectation, with many squires to hold up your train of cloth of gold, and a long shd triumphant career before you. I am the mature matron, with a silver thread here and there in my glossy hair, and a line of two on my ample brow, but handsome and stately still, proud of my bromy daughter, proud to be told that she resembles her mother, wondering whether she will make the great conquests I have made, or stand amidst the affluence of possessions that I can command, and wishing her with heart and voice all the happiness that I have known, without a tithe of my surform. I mean to live to see your future prosperity as far exceed your present, as your prese

soon, don't go too fast.

You resemble your mother in many things. Like her you have your Ministers, your Parliaments, your Speakers; your Rechabites, your Druids, your Odd Fellows. You would not be a woman if you had not your Opposition; you would not be my child if you were without your jobs and blunders. I doubt not that you have your Usher of the Black Rod, your Beadles, and your Waits. I am sorry that you have no Lord Mayor, but I hope, as some compensation, that you are not Vestry-ridden. I notice that you have what I cannot afford, your "Free Gardeners" and "Free Banquet." Send me the Gardeners' address, and some dinner tickets, will you? and a case or two of your beef (without bone) would not come amiss. Are your Metropolitan streets as dirty as mine? In the bustling thoroughfares of Melbourne, or Sydney, or any other of your several capitals. do you take a human life nearly every other day in the year, as indifference and stupidity do in London? Are you old enough to have vested interests and a National Debt?

National Debt?

National Debt?

In some points I cannot compete with you. I possess no marsupial creatures for an active young Duke to stalk down (partridges at Sandringham, and pheasants at Osborne, will be tame sport after elephants at the Cape, and kangaroos in the Bush); I cannot emulate your emus, except, perhaps, in the enclosures of the Zoological Gardens; the Ornithorbynous is not one of my domestic animals; there are no auriferous diggings in Regent Street, and at present I have not heard of nuggets being picked up in the Strand by zealous agents of the Goldsmiths' Company; my sheep-walks and cattle-drives are mere toys and playthings compared with yours; you enjoyed a Session of Parliament lasting exactly three-quarters of an hour; "and not a single person was put into the lock-up that night for misbehaviour." Bravo, Melbourne; and not a teetotal population either. Hull, and Newcastle, and Nottingham, and other towns of mine of about the same size as Melbourne, mark, learn, and copy. But, my Daughter, we have one necessary of

tingham, and other towns of mine of about the same size as Melbourne, mark, learn, and copy. But, my Daughter, we have one necessary of life in common; there is one great banner of which we both hold a pole, and the blazon that sparkles upon it is Punch!

I wish your geography was rather simpler. My young men, whose education has been carefully neglected—wealthy foundation schools, wealthy Universities, and so forth—complain that they are perplexed by Victoria, and New South Wales, and Queensland (is not all Australia Queensland?), and South Australia, and Western Australia, and Van Diemen's Land, allies (convict-like—I congratulate you on being free from that settlement on you) Tasmania, and New Guinea, always

staunch to the Old Sovereign; and they would be relieved if you could fix on some one city as your capital, and cease to divide your favours between Melbourne, and Sydney, and Adelaide, and Ballarat, and Brisbane, and Perth, and Hobart Town, whose respective geographical positions they find great difficulty in accurately discriminating.

Send me home my young Salt of a Duke, my "Queen piecaniany," when he has had enough of boomerangs and waddles, whoops and coroborees, unless you determine to place him on a throne of your own virgin gold, as Australia's first king, to be, perhaps, the second Alphan The Great. I don't advise him to exchange his epaulets for a crown.

I must not keep the mail longer waiting. Only a word about those rumours from time to time blown to us over the sea, that when you are a little older you mean to leave me, and set up for yourself in life. I have no wish to part company, I should like to keep you and all the rest of my children by my side all my days. But if there should come to you that aspiration for freedom which dignifies all noble youth, though there may, though there must be sorrow at my heart, there will be no feeling of displeasure at your independence, no thought of resistance to your wishes. Florest Australia!

Your affectionate Mother-Country.

BRITANNIA.

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P.S. (Woman-like.) I have addressed you by your usual name, but properly, you know, you ought to be styled Australasia. So let it be Florest Australasia! Have you say pet name? What say you to Kangarooia?

PUNCH'S EVIDENCES.

THEOLOGIAMS (until rich) tell us that the proof of the small value which Providence sets upon Wealth is shown by the sort of persons who get the most of it. We suppose that the same rule applies to Honours, for

Doo is a Baronet. Doodle is a Baron. Diddle is a Viscount.

Dawdle is an Earl.
Dunderhead is a Marquis.
Ducksauddrakes is a Duke.

WHEATSTORE, who invented the Electric Telegraph and the Stereotoope, is, after thirty years, to be made—
A Knight,

Ha! ha!

HE MUST HAVE BEEN.

"LISTEN, BROWN," said JONES, reading from a paper :-

"We understand that some native Brazilian dessesses are coming to England, they are very bandsome, very skilful, and we may add that their costumes are far ses scanty than those of the bolles in Paris or London."

"Seems to me, Jones," said Brown," that what Mr. Canning declared was true—the New World has been called into existence to re-dress the ballets of the Old."

Seems to me you're tipsy, BROWN," said JONES.

Fenianism versus Ritualism.

(A Knotty Question)

Is our papers each morning a "paradox quite"
Has defied our solution too long.
The wrongs of ould Ireland how can we right,
If the riles of Old England be wrong?

The Overbold Bismarck.

COUNT VON BISMARCK has been reproved, and obliged to apologise for sticking himself into the same photograph with Mademoiselle Lucca, the delightful singer. It was a liberty, but the Count likes to take liberties. He has explained, and we trust that le Lucca has forgiven him—she is very good-natured. BISMARCK should remember that the overbold are soonest bowled over.

The Newest Publications.

My Lord's Walking Slick. Uniform with BYRON's Cain.
Who's your Hatter? A Romance of the days of "What Tiler?"
The Sentinel; or, Hugo's There. By the Author of Les Misérables,
"Oakum let us Sing!" A new Hymn for Industrious Prisoners.
Drunk and Disorderly. By the Author of Fast and Loose,
The Ocean-Born. Uniform with Thomson's Sea-sons.

MOTTO FOR THE MARRIED. - Never dis-pair.

DOG DAYS OUT OF DATE.



How very benevolent we are, some of us! How extremely humane! Not only do we relieve the distresses of our fellowmen, but we even minister to the wants of our fellow-creatures on four legs. Witness the ensuing item of recent news :-

"CHRISTMAS TREE FOR STARVING DOOS.—A novelty in the way of raising money to help the Starving Dogs of London —a Christmas Tree, with prizes for all visitors—is the offices of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, in New Bond Street."

Out of curiosity, if not charity, many persons will very likely be disposed to go to inspect this

Christmas-tree for the canine species. They may want to know whether or no the tree selected to serve for the benefit of the dogs is, appropriately, dog-wood. It may interest them to examine the boughs of which the fruit is to be devoted to the bow-wows. The bark of every tree is silent, but those who cannot expect to hear this dogs' tree may wish to see it. They, however, who have money to give away had better, before they devote any of it to the succour of starving dogs, wait until they shall have contributed a sufficiency for the rescue of human outcasts from starvation. The destitution at the East End ought to be put an end to first, and it will be soon enough to think of appeasing the hunger of dogs when that of the famishing inhabitants of the Isle of Dogs has been satisfied. We know that hungry dogs are not particular about the puddings they eat, which accordingly cost little, but are still too dear whilst there are poor people who get no pudding at all.

DR. DISRAELI'S ACADEMY.

DR. DISRAELI'S ACADEMY.

DR. DISRAELI requests his pupils to take notice that his Academy re-opens on the 13th proximo, after the Christmas holidays, and he hopes to see them all re-assembled on that day in order that their Education may proceed without further delay.

To the friends of young Conservatives who may not yet have been confided to Dr. DISRAELI'S care he ventures to say that his system of Education, though conducted upon the most gentle principles, produces results which may fairly be described as startling. After a few months of Dr. DISRAELI'S tuition a pupil who has previously been so neglected as to be unable, without an effort, to follow the simplest argument in favour of improvement, will deliver an eloquent address in advocacy of radical reform, and the most experienced listener will not be able to discover that it has not been the one study and object of the speaker's life. of the speaker's life.

DR. DISRAELI respectfully invites the friends and guardians of

DR. DIRRAELI respectfully invites the friends and guardians of youthful Conservatives to attend the speech-nights at the Academy and judge for themselves. He would particularly request their presence on the nights (of which due notice will be given) when his pupils will debate the subject of Secular Education, and when some of those whose backwardness and stolidity have been the grief of their acquaintances are expected to manifest a most remarkable advance. References kindly permitted to JOHN BRIGHT, ESQ., Birmingham, to VISCOUNT CRANBORNS, office of the Quarterly Review, to ROBERT LOWE, ESQ., Calne, and to any of her Majesty's Ministers. Terms may be known by application to COLONEL TAYLOR, Carlton Club.

The Correct Thing in Luggage.

Ir the Astronomer-Royal is thinking of going to some foreign country to observe the total obscuration of the Sun announced for this year, he may perhaps be glad to know that there is such a thing as an "Eclipse Portmanteau."

HORTICULTURE. - In winter your quiet Flower garden is soon changed into a Bare-garden.

MAJOR BROWN:

OR, A SHORT CUT TO GLORY.

To the land of the gorilla
Went the dauntless Major Brow N; Took he neither scrip nor siller When he left his native town Nothing took he when he started, Saving leave of Mns. B.; Nothing said he when they parted, Only "You'll remember me!"

Crossed he then the stormy ocean In the A 1. packet "Punch;" Gave he to the sea a notion Of the things he'd had for lunch. Called himself a wretched sinner When the vessel heaved the most Fancied giving up his dinner Worse than giving up his ghost.

"Land at last," and all the wonders
That are Afric's soon he knew:
Afric's native black who plunders, Kills, and cooks, and eats you too!
All the man-and-beastly dangers,
Bird and fish, a fearful host—
Sach as welcome little strangers
Like the Major to its coast.

When at first the king of monkeys Met him with an ugly grin,
Being somewhat in a funk, his
Bullet barely raised the skin; But instead it raised the dander Of that most malignant ape, Who, with one adroit left-hander, Knocked the Major out of shape.

After this he got on better; Killed gorillas by the score: And an extract from a letter Dated April, sixty-four,
Says, "herewith, my dearest cousin,
My return of game I send:
Full-grown monkeys—fifteen dozen;
Smaller animals—no end."

Years elapsed, and then to London Homeward travelled Major Brown, And his great deeds-done and undone-Soon were common talk in town.
All the Leo Hunter party
Took the Major by the hand; Read his journal, bought his Carte-de-Visite, and a banquet planned.

So, my friends and fellow-flunkeys, See how easily fame is won; Pay your passage, pot your monkeys, Presto, fly! the deed is done.! Bag the beasts, as once Orion Did in Chios—southward roam: Go abroad, and be a "lion"— You're an ass to stop at home!

A BOB'S-WORTH OF EDUCATION.

No Greek! No Latin!! No Grammar !!! No Moral Philosophy!!!! No Logic!!!! No History!!!!!!

But instead-

English Language (Miscellaneous). French and German (ad lib.).
Practical Science (as much as you can get).
Synthetical Mathematics (as little as you please).—

Isn't either of these, without the other, rather a Losse view of educa-

AN EVERT.—A Sporting Gentleman lately ran his Head against a Door-post. We have not heard which won.

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CURIOSITIES OF NATURAL HISTORY.

Lizy. "OH, PAPA, WHAT DO YOU THINK GEORGE HAS CAUGHT?" Naturalistic Papa. "What, dear?" Lizzy. "WHY, A RING-WORM!"

A WORD FOR THE NEW OPERA.

A WORD FOR THE NEW OPERA.

Speaking as a musical, a risible and a sensible man, Mr. Punch has not enjoyed any public entertainment so much for many weeks past as that which is now given at the New St. George's Opera House. To say that what is seen and heard there is "as good as a play" is not to speak the truth exactly, for—as plays go now-a-days—it is a great deal better. Sprightly, pleasant singing is added to fair acting; and though both fall short at present of what one may expect at the French Opéra Comique, it may be hoped that further practice may lead to French perfection. The band indeed are quite as good as need be wished; and, if all the singers acted as well as Mr. Shaw, their songs would tell far better. Unlike most so-called comic singers, Mr. Shaw is really funny: nor is there any whit of coarseness or vulgarity about him. A comic English tenor is more difficult to eatch, and the tenor is at present a weak point at the New Opera House. English singers as a rule have not a notion how to act, and might learn a useful lesson from quiet Mr. Shaw and noisy Mr. Aynsley Cook, who, it may be from the contrast, seems a trifle over boisterous. Madame (why not Mrs.?) Finlayson has also a fair notion with what gestures to accompany her voice, and can sing gay, sprightly songs without destroying their effect by looking glum and solemn, as most English singers do.

That the songs are gay, and sprightly, which one heard at this new Opera House, nobody can doubt when he sees the names of Offine and Sulliyan on the play-bill, and knows what gay and sprightly music they can write. That the latter can write music which is good as well as gay, will be horribly stale news to all who know his works. There is plenty of good music in the pleasant little opera which he has last composed, and the more of his new operas we hear at the New Opera House the more we shall be pleased.

It has been stated that "the British Public is an Ass," and in the matter of its amusements there is truth in the remark. Only people having car

SERVANTS' HALL IN THE STREET.

See " Morning Post,"

TUNE :- Parochial Psalm.

KIND Christian friends and brethren dear. Before you here this day, We are ashamed thus to appear, In this disgraceful way,
Which we, that better days have known,
Do now declare to you It is necessity alone Occasions us to do.

We once were servants at a 'Squire's In happier days gone by; Though then our meals did our desires Not fully satisfy:
But yet the victuals weren't so bad
But what we all did thrive: The number every day we had Amounted unto five.

For breakfast, bread-and-butter, toast, Eggs, tea and coffee too,
With bacon, which may be almost
Too much for some of you. For lunch we oft had bread and meat And never did we fail
Of bread-and-cheese, enough to cat,
To drink, of ample ale.

For dinner joints we did obtain, Pastry likewise had we, And bread-and-butter had again, And buttered toast for tea. On bread-and-cheese, or meat once more, At supper we were fed, And also had our ale before We went, each night, to bed.

But, oh, we couldn't rest content, But more must need require. And in a body so we went Complaining to the 'Squire. Our wants he couldn't understand, And him we had to tell, We steaks for breakfast did demand, Besides, and chops as well.

The DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE, well we knew, Was coming there to stay A'threat of striking out we threw, And master then gave way;
Which, when his Royal Highness left,
He straightway did recall.
We grumbled, of the boon bereft; Then he dismissed us all.

So here we are, all out of place, From holding out for board, Which everywhere we found the case No master would afford. Of those five meals a day we had, When we were in employ, Oh, now we should be very glad One only to enjoy!

We feel, at this inclement time,
And season of the year,
Accustomed to abundance prime, Accustomed to adminance prime,
Privation is severe.
On us poor souls, who didn't know
When we were too well fed,
Kind Christian friends, your help bestow
To buy a bit of bread.

A Still-born Bishop.

LONDON warns Cape Town that any attempt to consecrate his anti-Colenso Bishop in this country will be illegal. Poor Mac-Rorre! (not a bad equivalent, by the way, for Boanerges, is it? "Son of Thunder = Mac-Rorre," you twig?) to be thus knocked on the head before he gets to his berth. It is literally a case of ante-Natal dissolution.



"PARTICULAR!"

Young Mumford (airily, having learnt that the Lady comes from his part of the country). "Dessay you know the Cadgebys of BILCHESTER !- AWFULLY JOLLY PROPLE! I-

Haughty Beauty. "OH NO, WE ONLY VISIT THE COUNTY FAMILIES, AND WE WEED THEM!!"

[Her partner wishes this "First Set" was "The Lancers."

THE ARISTOCRACY OF TO-MORROW.

Some ahort-sighted people, observing that the landed property of the kingdom is passing into the hands of modern money-makers, thence predict the extinction of the British Aristocracy. But those who are able to see into the future, discern that an Aristocracy will still exist in these dominions, only it will be one which will have replaced another. In the Morning Post of hereafter, they have read the following announcements:

The DUKE OF COTTON, from his Grace's Factory, at Manchester, has arrived at the Clarendon.

The EARL OF GASWORKS has quitted the Plant, Victoria Park, for

his seat in Derbyshire.

his seat in Derbyshire.

The MARQUIS OF CHIMNEYS is entertaining a distinguished circle at Falconbridge Hall, the venerable and once hereditary mansion of the Mowbrays, lately purchased by the noble Marquis.

The coming of age of the Hon. Mr. Max, the eldest son of Lord Juniper, was celebrated yesterday with great festivities at the great Distillery of Max & Co., Lambeth, which establishment bears the family name of the noble Lord who is the head of the firm. This auspicious event afforded occasion for a réunion of the most distinguished resubers of the arisenser.

auspicious event afforded occasion for a réunion of the most distinguished members of the aristocracy.

A grand battue took place on the 29th instant at Ravenstone Castle, the recently acquired property of LORD VISCOUNT FITZ GUANO, the wealthy owner of the extensive Dry Earth Artificial Manure Manufactory at Roseville. The company included several leading members of the peerage, and they bagged, on an average, each 348 head of game. The marriage which we some time ago had the honour of announcing was on the tapis between LORD FRIBBINS, son and heir of the Most Honourable the MARQUIS OF MUSLIN (chief partner in the house of FRIBBINS & CO.), and the LADY ADELIZA EMMELINE PENDRAGON, eldest daughter of the EARL OF SNOWDON, was celebrated yesterday at St. George's, Hanover Square, by the BISHOP OF LONDON, assisted

by the Hon. and Rev. Mr. Merlin, uncle of the bride. The wedding breakfast was held at the extensive establishment in Regent Street, and the happy pair left town for Cairngorm Castle, the Highland residence of LORD INVERBOOIE.

residence of LORD INVERDOUE.

When the landed property of the United Kingdom shall have changed hands, the new territorial proprietors, doubtless, will come to enjoy the same honours as those which the old ones did. Worthiness to be ennobled, heretofore deemed exclusively peculiar to distinction in arms or statesmanship, will hereafter be considered to accrue from success in commerce; and the aristocracy which that will have created will take a natural pride in being contradistinguished from their feudal predecessors by heving their titles derived from the mills, warehouses, and other premises, or appurtenances to premises and places of business where they made their money, or from commodities which they grew rich by dealing in. grew rich by dealing in.

A Good Hearing for Erin.

THE Standard says :-

"A Dublin paper announces that the PRINCE OF WALES is to visit Ireland April next, to be present at the Punchestown racea."

If this is true—and we hope it is—the PRINCE could not have determined on any excursion more gratifying to Ireland, or more complimentary to Mr. Punch, who will make a point of visiting his ancestral home at the time named, and receiving his ROYAL HIGHMESS with appropriate splendour. He will also, as a sporting man, give a plate, one of his best, in honour of the happy occasion.

A LITERARY STATESMAN.

AN advertisement announces a letter from EARL RUSSELL to the RIGHT HON. CHICHESTER FORTESCUE on the state of Ireland. Who is England's most notorious man of letters? Surely EARL RUSSELL.

F

A FEW FRIENDS.

(FROM MY PHOTOGRAPH BOOK.)

TABLEAU XIII.-CONTINUED.

"You here!"

"You here!"
"What's left of me," replies GRIGG. As if he couldn't say, simply,
"Yes." But that comes of being a Runny Friend.
"Going to Dover?" I ask. He nods. If he's going on to Paris,
I think to myself, we shall be together the whole way. "Perhaps
he'll stop at Dover?" I ask.
"No," he returns, "'The sea! The sea! The blue, the fresh—"
By the way, I hope it's not too fresh."

I hope not, too. I picture to myself being wretchedly unwell on board the packet, and Grice funnier than over. He'd mislead the Steward; he'd tell me funny stories, or talk about things I don't like for dinner.

My Funny Friend on board a steamboat will be an infliction. I think I'll stop at Dover. Then I shall waste a day, and I can't afford to waste a day. As it is, I shouldn't be surprised if the authorities sent me orders to inspect French factories, for the sake of information,

during my vacation.

Grige begins talking about Paris. He knows it well. I durit says he can speak French fluently, but is somewhat out of practice.

present.

Question to myself. Shouldn't one look over, or try to put up with, his eccentricities, because he will be undoubtedly useful to me abroad, if I am with him. He knows the place and the language thoroughly. He tells me about everything there is to be seen in the gay capital. I've been to Paris hefore, but it strikes me that either I've newer been out of one street, or I've not ventured beyond a certain point, for I seem to have missed more than three-quarters of the amusements that GRIGE knows all about. Skating fêtes, midnight illuminations, opera balls, masked balls at the Châtelet, casino dances, the Students' costume balls—on all these subjects his information is immease. The theatres, the actors, the actors of past times fire my imagination until, on my word, I rather think I was in luck when I accidentally tumbled on my Funty Friend going to Dover. going to Dover.

going to Dover.

"Got a passport?" he asks, suddenly.

"No," I reply; "None is required."

"True," is his answer to this, "so they say. But just now it is as well to have one. For instance, how could you prove you weren't STEPHENS in disguise?

I think for a moment. I confess I don't see at this moment how I

could prove it satisfactorily, even to myself.

"You'd send for your Great Aunt, perhaps," suggests Grige.

I look at him narrowly to see if he's begun joking. No, he is serious. Well, he's right. I suppose I should send for my Great

Aunt.

"That doesn't get you out of the difficulty," he continues. "I suppose såe haan't got a passport? And if they won't believe her? And suppose that they insist upon her being an accomplice of

"Well, but, my dear GRIGG," I say; "the French Government can't do anything, even if I was STEPHENS." If I go on talking in this train I shall begin to identify myself with the escaped Head Centre.
GRIGG is surprised at me: at me, he says, "who are so mixed up with the authorities." Did I never hear, he wants to know, of the September Convention and the Treaty of Utrecht?

I say of course I we heard of the September Convention. But that

was about the POPE, and-

GRIGO laughs sarcastically, and charges me with trying to humbug him. He says if I coast to joke, say so, and he'll be the first to enjoy it, but there are times for talking seriously, and this is one of them. I own I am glad to hear him speak in this manner, and I suppose his performance as a bear was only a temporary burst of animal spirits.

performance as a bear was only a temporary burst of animal spirits. But seriously, then, about a passport.

"Well, seriously," says he, "as you haven't got one—I have—" and he shows me the edge of a green leather book, labelled "Passport," but which, being among a lot of papers, pipes, and odds-and-ends in his traveiling-bag, he can't pull out entirely—"and it is as well to be guarded. Besides, if you were short of cash in Paris, it's useful then, and in many other cases. Take my advice, and get one."

"I will. How?"

"Well," he says, deliberating, "don't stop before Paris, but when you get there, get the waiter at your hotel (or I'll show yon) to take you to the Mont-de-Piété—you know what that means—"
"Yes," I say; but, as an afterthought, thinking it better to be candid, I confess that I don't know exactly, having, indeed, a general sort of notion that it's a monastery.

them Oncies, or uncles: and in some places, like convents, Tuntes, or aunts. The idea is French, of course."
"Very French," I say, knowingly.
My Funny Friend informs me that all I have to do there is to enter the place, see the chief, swear I have an Aunt in England, and then register myself in a book kept for the purpose, name, age, weight, and so forth

so forth.

"But," I object with a lurking suspicion of my Funny Friend's truthfulness, "why not go to the Embassy?"

"All right," says Grieg, shrugging his shoulders, "try the Embassy. Do, oh, do. Try it. Be sent off from one clerk to another, be perpetually told that the Ambassador's out, or that his Chief Secretary's not in, or that his Under Secretary has just gone home, and in fact be kept hanging about the place for two weeks, makil at length the police begin to suspect you, and you actually incur what you are taking the greatest care to avoid. Oh, yes, try the Embassy, do!"

He is no emergetically successive about it that he must be serious.

He is so energetically sarcastic about it that he must be serious.

Do-ver!

Nearly ten o'clock. Dark and cold. Wind roaring out at sea.
We are taken down to the embarking place, and descend dank,
dark steps, as if we were secretly escaping from England, instead of
going boldly for a pleasure trip.
Gauce says he was born to be a sailor, and whistles a hornpipe.
He asks the mariner who has us in charge, whether he is sure the
three-quarter maintop's deck is all tant, whereat the mariner grunts

GRIGG does make me laugh sometimes.

He does now; but I am glad to laugh at anything under such miserably depressing circumstances.

At last they allow us to cross a shaky plank, and go on board.

In a second Griffe has disappeared suddenly down somewhere. I don't know where to. I am carrying so many things that I can't do

anything suddenly, except drop them.
GRIGG reappears. He has collared a berth, he says. He adds, always do that first when you get on board, so as to have a place to

always do that first when you get on board, so as to have a place to stow your things safely.

I'll go and do it. He points out that I'm too late to get one; but if I can find any room in his, without tumbling his things about too much, I may make use of it. In travelling my Funny Friend becomes my Selfish Friend.

When I come on deck again, I find him comfortably seated, that is, as comfortably as can be under the circumstances, about the centre of

the yearel.

the vessel.

"You're all settled, I see," I observe, envying him.

"Yes," he answers. "You ought always to do that at once on board a steamer." He makes no offer to me of a seat, though if he took his legs down, there'd be lots of room.

The Captain, I think it's the Captain, comes up and observes the train 's a little late.

I say "Yes it is," taking his word for it, and then inquire as gaily as I can, with about as much of a dare-devil and cheery nautical air as would suit the Apothecary in Romeo and Juliet, "What sort of a passage do you think we shall have?"

"Well," says the Captain, looking up at where the sky is supposed to be—"Well, I think it'll be a dusty passage."

"Oh, you think it'll be dusty?" asks Grieg, who has been whistling "Rule Britannia."

ling "Rule Britannia."

"Yes," answers the Captain, in a decided tone this time, "it'll be dusty." And walks away.

dusty." And walks away.

This information appears to depress even GRIGG. For myself, I prepare myself for the worst. I find a narrow strip of a seat round the corner of where GRIGG is lying, and ait down, thoughtfully. I am not often troubled with presentiments; but I do not like the Captain's

We are in for "a dusty passage."

A Rude Russian.

THE Russian official organ says-and rudely is it said,-

"The Archaeshor of Kantsonatka, Innocent, well known as a converter of the keathen, has been appointed to the Metropolitan See of Moscow."

We have always been told that the Moscow folks were the most pious in Holy Russia, and we do not approve of the above implication. It would have been proper enough had the writer been referring to the appointment of the Bishop of LICHFIELD.

LITEBARY GOSSIP.

asort of notion that it's a monastery." explains Grigg, who evidently does know of The History of the Netherlands, assert that there is no other living Paris very well, "but a religious house for decayed Relations. As in the monasteries you call the monks Pères, or fathers, so here you call the says—"Motley's the only wear."

MAZEPPA.-PART THE SECOND.



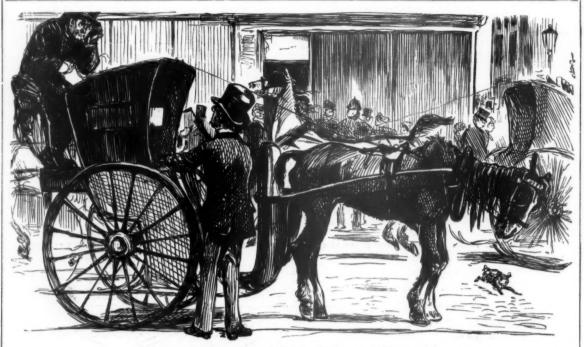
SCENE I.—A WIDE PLAIN. SOUND OF HOOFS HEARD IN THE DISTANCE. MAZEPPA AND THE WILD HORSE HAVING JUST PASSED BY.



SCENE II.—A Dreamy Waste. In the Foreground lies the Drad Body of the Wild Horse of the Ukraine, with Mazeppa Sitting upon it. Around them Hover the Ravens.



SCENE III.—Grand Tableau. Entrance of a Band of Cossacks, who are so Fascinated by the Handsome form and Animated Appearance of Mazeppa, that they offer him the Crown of the Cossacks, and make him their Hetman.



DON'T LOOK TOO MUCH BEFORE YOU LEAP.

JENKINS IS TIMID, AND NEVER RIDES IN HANSOM CABS, ON ACCOUNT OF THE WELL-KNOWN TENDENCY THE HORSES THEREOF HAVE TO BOLT, KICK, AND OTHERWISE MISCONDUCT THEMSELVES. BUT ONE DAY HE SEES A HORSE WITH A CERTAIN "JE NE SAIS QUOI" ABOUT IT THAT INSPIRES HIM WITH CONFIDENCE; AND HAVING ASCERTAINED FROM THE DRIVER THAT SAID HORSE IS NOT TOO FRESH, AND MADE HIM PROMISE NOT TO LET IT GALLOP, HE ENTERS THE VEHICLE—



THE RESULT!



"HOITY-TOITY!!!"

MRS. BRITANNIA. "HOITY-TOITY! WHAT'S ALL THIS FUSS ABOUT?"

JOHNNY BULL. "IT'S COUSIN COLUMBIA, MA, AND SHE SAYS I BROKE HER SHIPS, AND I DIDN'T-AND I WANT TO BE FRIENDS-AND SHE'S A CROSS THING-AND WANTS TO HAVE IT ALL HER OWN WAY!"



WRONG IN THE MAYNE.



R.—Permit me through your columns to ask the following questions ..

Where is the humble rate-payer to take his daily exercise, and may he deduct the expense of his revolver from the police

The circumstances are as fo lows:—We all know how admirable are our police arrangements, and what a debt of gratitude we owe to Sir Richard MAYMS for perfecting them; but there remains the uncom-fortable fact that, even before the Fenians took to blowing us up, it was unsafe to walk through the streets of London,

owing to the thieves, roughs, and garotters.

The only secure promenade for the ratepayer was the sewers. Alas, Sir, these are now closed to him; every passage and hole is guarded or locked, I am informed, on account of the Fenians.

What'with powder barrels below, and garotters above, this metropolis is reduced to a pretty pass.

Turned out of the peaceful slush below, I have bought a revolver, which I can ill afford, and must get on, I suppose, as I can, until by Sig Richard Mayne's retirement, "a consummation devoutly to be wished," he and the Londoners gain their well-carned repose.

There is a rumour (I don't know how far it is true) that the plucky Colonel of the Havelock Volunteers is to take command of the police; that the force are to wear breast-plates, and to be permanently encamped at Aldershot. Anyhow we cannot be worse off than we are at present; but I think it is hard that Jemma and I, who are both getting fat, should have no place for that daily walk we so much require.

I am. Sir, yours.

I am, Sir, yours, A SEMI-OBESE RATEPAYER.

GROANS FOR THE GROCER.

GROANS FOR THE GROCER.

Punch will not beg pardon of the Pall Mall Gasetts for borrowing the following bit of thunder, because between potentates auch freedoms go for nothing. But he will explain why he takes it. Between himself and the P. M. G. he has cause to believe that Materfamilias has a suspicion that the latter is not quite sound and orthodox on the doctrine of the divine right of Beadles, and it stands to reason (at least woman's reason) that if a writer does not like a beadle he must be an enemy of all religion, and therefore cannot be trusted to check a grocer's bill. Now Mr. Punch's orthodoxy is questionless. He believes everything, and a great deal more. And therefore he proposes to endorse the following document. Materfamilias, Madam, be pleased to see how your Grocer treats you. Here are lists of the prices of household articles as furnished by your Grocer, and by a City House. And yes, M'm, you are quite right in asking—the articles are of exactly the same goodness in each case, there is no accusation of fraud, the only complaint is that your Grocer charges you £9 \$2.1d. for goods which you ought to have for £4 15s. 04d. If you like to pay the difference, there is no harm, only do not say that your ever faithful and affectionate Punch did not warn you. Says a most respectable and trustworthy (not reliable) authority:

"I have drawn up the following Hst of stores, as supplied to me within the last

"I have drawn up the following list of stores, as supplied to me within the last month by 'our grocer,' and I have annexed for comparison Masses. Foreign & Son's prices for the selfsame articles:—

	Our Grocer.						ers.	-	Our Grooer.				Measrs. Forster.		
	8	8 8.	d.		A		. d.	Armsd A	£	8.	d.		R	8.	d
7 lb. Castor sugar	. 0	5	10		0	3	94	5 lb, box ditto ver-					-71		
7 lb, Demerara do.		4	8		. 0	2	11	micelli	0	6	8		0	8	2
7 lb. Carolina rice.		4	1		0	2	8	12 lb. Sultana rai-							
7 lb. ground rice	. 0	4	- 8		0	2	- 6	sins	0	10	0		0	8	0
7 lb. Patna rice	. 0	2	11		0	1	6	4 bottles fine oil	0	12	0		0	8	0
7 lb. best tapioca	. 0	7	0		0	4	8	2 doz. hearthstones	0	4	0		0	2	0
7 lb, black pepper.	. 0	14	0		0	4	8	2 doz. Bath bricks	0	8	0		0	4	0
7 lb. white pepper	. 1	1	0		0	8	2	1 lb. bitter almonds	0	3	0		0	1	4
7 qts. best vinegar		. 8	0		0	14	0	12 yards house flan-							
1 cwt. soda		14	0		0	- 8		nel	0	9	0		0	6	6
7 lb. best ourrants .		4	1		0	.3	6	half with he f	-		_	-	-	_	-
2 lb. best arrowroof		6	0		0	3	0		89		7		4		6
6 lb. pearl barley		3	0	**	0	1	6	Packing	0	3	60	iin.	0	2	
5 lb. box Genor							-		_	_	-	-	-	-	-
macaroni	. 0	6	8	**	0	3	2		£9	2	1	á	14	15	01

HUMANITY FORBIDS.—We are not a cruel people, and yet we have no scruples about using poor Gold Beaters' skin!

HOITY! TOITY!

An Original Poem for the Infant Minds of MANTER JOHN and MISS COLUMBIA

How now, my dear children, it's always the way, You can't be contented with innocent play; But you wrangle and squabble, with tempers too high, And then there's a soold, and a sulk, and a cry.

What, are there no games you can take a delight in, But successing, and jibing, and scoffing, and fighting? I'm weary of telling you, time after time, That you're cousins, and therefore each quarrel's a crime.

JOHN, do what she asks you, no angry replies, You're older than she, and you should be more wise; And COLUMBIA, my dear, don't speak pettish and tart, If he's surly sometimes, you've a place in his heart.

You two, well descended, well fed, and well taught, You should set an example, yes, that 's what you ought, Remember how much on your conduct depends, You're Ohristians and cousins—there, kiss and be friends.

LYRA INELEGANTIARUM.

Mr. Boosey, the eminent music-publisher, has been defending himself, or rather his ballad concerts, in the Musical World. We are not going into the controversy—we think the concerts excessively pleasant ones—and the gentleman on the other side is perfectly capable of conducting his own case. But we are going to assure Mr. Boosey that our experience of song-composing is not in this wise:—

"The truth is that verses are rarely read by the publisher, and the way in hich they escape his scrutiny is easy to explain. The post gets hold of a popular composer in a weak moment (perhaps over a cigar) and asks him to set some words to music. The composer, wishing to do his friend a turn, finds a ture for the words and plays it over to a publisher. The tune is liked and the song published. It afterwards leaks out that there is a post hiding himself behind the composer. Then comes the publisher's grief. The post, who is of as much importance to the composer as the frame-maker to the painter, gives himself airs, and takes all the credit of the song to himself."

Now this, we repeat, is not our experience. Extraordinarily brilliant and popular composers come to us (whether we are smoking or not is nothing to the purpose—most likely we are, we generally are) and say, "O, my dear boy, do sit down for a quarter of an hour, and knock us off some verses one isn't sahamed to set. The batches of bosh which the publishers send me are enough to make a fellow tear his hair. Just look here." And then he pulls out a lot of MS., and reads first lines :--

- " The stars are smiling on the beans."
- " I knew thee by that gay perfume."
- " Pop your dear letter inside the old tree."
- " Tears along my brow may trickle."
- " Come where crocus-berries glisten."
- "Jump, little heart, for Johnny comes."

And a dozen more of the same beauty; and then in a plaintive way he demands something else. Perhaps he gets it, perhaps he doesn't. But we never hide ourselves behind him, for reasons, and we never take all the credit of the song, or any of it, inasmuch as provided songwords have plenty of open vowels, and no elisions, and mean as little as possible, they answer the composer's purpose, and there's no question about credit. The comparison between the frame-maker and the words-writer is not quite apposite. A picture can exist without a frame, but a song can't exist without words, except when a MENDRISSOHN writes it, and we are not likely to have MENDRISSOHNS while the music-publishers are not ashamed to push the songs of the music-halls.

But, as the late Mr. STRICKLAND used to say in Uncle Foozle, "Lor', after all, what does it matter?'

A Warning.

THOUGH Hampstead's the place to ruralise, it labours under the disadvantage of being sadly inaccessible from London. A friend of Mr. Punch, who lives there, says that there are two lines of omnibuses which will convey him to the Bank; that from the Swiss Cottage, known as the City Atles line; and that out Camden Town and Tottenham Court Road, which may be called, from its tardiness, the City at last line. He has hit the difference to a "f."

SET YOUR HEADS TO WORK.—How do you account for the fact that the hat is worn lower and lower, when it is raised every day,?

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"AMANTIUM IRÆ."

Belle of the Juveniles. "Ma, dear, isn't it cross of George? He says if I dance with Clara's Brother any more, it's all over between us, and HE 'LL HAVE ALL HIS PRESENTS BACK!!

STARVATION IN THE MIDST OF TURTLE.

DIED on Sunday the 19th instant, in Holloway Prison, MICHAEL LYONS, aged twenty-seven, from previous starvation. According to a contemporary:—

"It is stated that 51 persons, men, women, and children, were committed to the City prison at Holloway in three days by one Alderman last week. They had been found destitute in the streets of the City by the police, and they had been taken into custody on the charge of begging. For this they were sentenced to an average punishment of from 14 to 21 days' imprisonment, with hard labour, on a diet of dry bread and gruel."

Were they, then, a set of impostors? Not so :-

"Of the whole 51 the money found in their pockets amounted, it is said upon authority which there is no reason to doubt, to the sum of ld. That coin was found on the person of a blind man. They contained amongst their number representatives, not only of every form of misery, but almost of every class. One was a stockbroker who at one time had been possessed of a fortune of more than £100,000. He came to grief through having invested too confidently in Spanish bonds. . . One little child of two years of age was locked up with its nother. The whole fifty-one were more or less suffering from starvation; thirty-four of them were in a state of physical exhaustion from want of food. Young women were seen to stagger from weakness when entering the prison."

The refinement of some readers would be outraged by the publication of the sequel to the foregoing description. It goes into surgical and entomological

details.

The deceased Michael Lyons was one of those twenty-one miserable creatures committed, for begging, to imprisonment and hard labour in Holloway Prison. "He was fairly exhausted from want," deposed Mr. Weatherhead, the governor of the prison. "He got six ounces of bread and a pint of gruel one hour after he came in." It was not a savoury meal, but "when he got his food he act it ravenously, like a man suffering from want." He got bread and gruel; but he did not get a glass of brandy, which might have saved his life; and he died of serous effusion on the brain. So, according to medical evidence, decided a coroner's jury, adding that they considered "it would be advisable that the governor of the prison should have the power of altering the diet of prisoners whenever he sees a necessity for doing so." As capital punishment has ceased to be the punishment of robbery, the jury probably thought that even a thief had better not be suffered to perish like Michael Lyons.

In a letter in the Times Mr. Ore denies that any persons were committed from

the Mansion House for begging; but seven, he says, were brought there. The Alderman, therefore, whoever he was, that sentenced 51 to imprisonment, hard labour, and meagre diet, may, in so doing, be presumed to have been a free agent, unbound by law. So the law, in this case, need not be called barbarous and unchristian. Does the Alderman, however, who administered it, think that, had DIVES had the option of sending LAZARUS to the House of Correction, instead of suffering him to lie at his gate—in the state of some of the poor companions of LYONS—and if DIVES had accordingly punished LAZARUS with imprisonment and hard labour DIVES would precisely have done his duty instead of neglecting it, and that this would have made the whole difference in the ultimate lot of DIVES? If the story of DIVES and LAZARUS is a myth, would have made the whole difference in the ultimate lot of Dives? If the story of Dives and Lazarus is a myth, if it has no moral at all, well and good, or, as some will say, ill and evil. Then, maintain a Workhouse System, which drives the destitute to starve in the streets. Then abolish the law which makes suicide a crime: let every-body who is miserable go and hang himself. Then, no poor rates; no expenditure on paupers! Also, no churchrates, and no waste of money in the payment, to the amount of one single farthing, of any clergyman!

A TRAIN-OFF THE LINE.

OH reductio ad absurdum Of Justice and her rein! Who but Hibernian peelers Had ever stopped this Train?

Would you lay hands on BARNUM, If BARNUM crossed the main?
Why from all trains of humbus
Pick out this special Train?

E'en Ireland's wildest frenzy Would scorn this scatter-brain: Not Munster at its maddest Would light at such a Train.

When he had stumped the Union, And couldn't stump again, To stump benighted Britain Came this ill-guided Train.

Three parts Bedlamite in essence, And one part knave in grain,
Who cares to know what "notions"
Were freight of such a Train?

Out-at-elbows tram-projector, Kansas she-suffrage swain, Omaha's brazen Hector, Packed in a single Train!

He wished to be a Lion, Have his tale and boast his MAYNE, And with both of these we've furnished (More fools we!) high-pressure Train.

By arresting him and caging him As if the man was sane, And not a wretched wind-bag, And loose excursion Train.

We've given him the importance Of which he was so fain, And contrived, like brother Asses, A Lion's skin for Train.

Found him matter for dispatches, Claims, puff and bounce inane, In short, like willing stokers, Have got up steam for Train.

Clap oblivion's stopper on him, And o'er his Ercles vein
Put the kindly seal of silence
And so upset this Train.

CHARADE FOR COSTERMONGERS.

My first is unfathomable, my second odoriferous, and In a letter in the Times Mr. Our denies that any persons were committed from my whole is a people of Africa. - Abyss-inians.



ANOTHER COUNTRY-HOUSE STUDY.

"TAME CATS" AT AFTERNOON TEA .- (DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY OF A SECOND CUP.)

HYMNS OF HATE.

A curious little controversy is going on in Shropshire, as we learn from the Oscostry Advertiser, upon a feature in hymnology, and as this is a typical quarrel, likely to be repeated in many a county, Mr. Punch, the great Arbiter, steps in to "stint the strife."

The question is whether a Christian ought to feel comfortable in singing a hymn in honour of his own religion, when he does not include in his singing some abuse of other creeds.

Those who take the affirmative side, urge that the cause of religion is not likely to be much served by congregations joining in this sort of thing—a verse from a hymn of John Wesley. Appeal is made to Providence to

⁴⁴ Let Mahomet's imposture end: Break superstition's Papal chain, And the proud scoffer's rage restrain.

Those who take the negative side insist that a religionist who is in earnest, and who knows what the Pope and Mahomet teach, must rejoice to shout out the above as loudly as he can.

It appears to us that it can be of very little consequence what anybody sings who can open his mouth to sing such nonsense. It is worse than Brady and Tate. We say this at the risk of being considered as the anonymous Proud Scoffer, at whom the dark dig is aimed. But we submit to Christian gentlemen who have the selection of hymns, whether they ever heard of a Mahometan or a Roman Catholic being induced to abandon his faith by hearing it called bad names. We advise the expurgation of the two objectionable lines, and the confining the malediction to the case of the Proud Scoffer, who, not being otherwise named, will perhaps not mind the onslaught. Judgment for plaintiff.

SIR ROUNDELL PALMER, editor of The Book of Praise, concurred.

The Thistle for Erin.

It is said that we have scotched the snake of Fenianism, not killed it. What a pity that we cannot Scotch Ireland rather more, and then there would be no such snake as the Fenian to want killing.

BALLAD BY AN OLD BACHELOR.

AIR-" John Anderson my Jo."

Sir, you and I, by Jove, Sir, Are getting on in years. We neither of us throve, Sir, Like some of our compeers And now our means are small, Sir, Our social status low; Yet we are better off than some, Sir, fellows whom we know.

Though we're grown grey, by Jove, Sir, We're free from nuptial tether, And though we never throve, Sir, We're childles altogether, Have no one to provide for, Supposing we should go: We'll dine together at the Club; Sir, those men can't do so.

SPIRITUALISM AND STRETCHING.

THE writer of a letter in the Spiritual Magazine for January accuses

The writer of a letter in the Spiritual Magazine for January accuses Punch of gross misrepresentation, perpetrated in a notice of certain "Spirit-Poetry." He—if not she—omits to mention the number of Punch in which that notice appeared. It was the number for November 23, 1867. So now, any intelligent reader of the Spiritual Magazine is enabled to compare the notice with the accusation.

The Spiritual Magazine also contains a statement by an eye-witness, who doubtless believes he saw what he says he saw, that Mr. Home, the Medium, was, at certain séances, clongated and shortened—clongated on one occasion to the height of from six to seven feet. Many people are satisfied that Mr. Home stretched a good deal in his autobiography; but few will credit him with the capability of stretching like a piece of india-rubber.

AND THIS IS THE WAY HISTORY IS WRITTEN!

AND THIS IS THE WAY HISTORY IS WRITTEN!

THE Mark Lane Express says that LORD HILL'S fat Eland, which attracted so much attention at the Isington Christmas Cattle Show, has been slaughtered and caten; that a sirloin of the beef was placed on the table of the Farmers' Club dinner at the Salisbury Hotel, when those who partook of it pronounced it to be capital beef; that the Eland was slaughtered by MRSSBS. BANNISTER, who bought it, at a low price, there being no competition for such strange meat.

Within a day or two after this paragraph was published in the Pull Mall Gazette, Mr. BANNISTER writes to say that no Eland sirloin appeared at the dinner in question; that the Eland was not purchased or slaughtered by him; and that the Eland, to the best of his belief, has never been purchased, slaughtered, or caten at all.

If the best history be the newspaper, as CORDEN used to say it was, what are we to think of this specimen of historical material? No wonder Lowe would banish History from education, as being made up of contradictions, if our "best possible instructors" are to be made to give themselves the lie—the lie circumstantial, too—thus, from one day to the next. And if we can be thus crammed àpropos of meat, what may we not expect apropos of measures and men?

MR. LOWE IN "TOM AND JERRY."

ILLUSTRATING the error of hasty generalisation, Mr. Lowe said, in his instructive speech at Liverpool:—

"If a man rode his horse against a wheelbarrow, and it tumbled down, that pres would be frightened at every wheelbarrow it saw—because it had generalised horse would too hastily.

As the horse generalises too hastily, so does the ass. What a blessing to society it would be if Mr. Lows could make every donkey see the absurdity of so doing. What a bore for all the impostors and charlatans, and especially the medical quacks, who thrive on the donkeys only because they are prone to hasty generalisation! A donkey has been persuaded to take Morison's or Holloway's pills, and, after having taken them, has felt himself relieved of the complaint for which he took them. So, whenever he feels unwell, he always has recourse to those particular pills, believing that they will be sure to relieve him again. This too hasty generalisation is at last, perhaps, the death of the donkey.

Mr. Robert Lowe has exposed illogical reasoning so well, that

MR. ROBERT Lowe has exposed illogical reasoning so well, that although he repudiates the logic of the schools, instead of being commonly called Bob Lowe, he might be called Bob Loeic.

PROGRESS OF HUMANITY.

The Post's correspondent at Paris says :-

"The military mania is a contagious malady, not confined to Europe alone. The Europe or Mosocco has just decreed the formation of a resultar army, to be commanded for the most part by European officers, more especially spanish;

Christian Sovereigns having set the example of "bloated armaments," a Mahometan Potentate is now "at it" too—but for what purpose? Whom does the EMPEROR OF MOROCCO want to leather?

Sporting Ecclesiastical Intelligence.

Consecration of New Bishop for Natal.—This merry little affair will come off shortly. Can't manage it on the old ground on account of the Authorities being too downy—the tip will be given to the knowing ones at the Mitre, Lambeth. Information as to the time and place to be obtained by the fancy from the editor of the Guardian, the Church Times, and other high ecclesiastical sporting journals. The colours of the day can be now purchased. Church Times Office. Dark's the

Digny and Dignior.

AFTER weighing DIGNY's budget
Our advice to you, Signori,
Is "let DIGNY's place be taken,
Et detur digniori."

SAYING AND DOING.

"The Speaker on Education." Such is the heading of a paragraph in Friday's Times. Haven's we had quite enough of "the speaker" on Education, and isn't it time for "the doer"?

ON SERING A POSTER.

In consequence of the high price of provisions, Paterfamilias contends that there is something Dearer than Life—Living.

THE FENIAN RUFFIAN.

44 Oh. 'tis rare sport to see the engineer Hoist with his own petard?"—SHAKEPEARE.

THANK God, 'twas from o'er the Atlantic, This wickedness came to our ahore : In swick-eness came to our anore:
Erin suight be illogical, frantic,
Break heads, and shoot landlords, galore;
But ne'er, in her maddest of "ructions,"
When with whiskey and wrath the most wild,
Did she better the foul fiend's instructions, On innocent woman and child.

With the Saxon whatever her quarrel, Quick to fret, slow to heal, long endure, She no'er set the death-dealing barrel 'Midst the close-growded hives of the poor. No'er laughed to see workmen's homes acattered, And bread-winners' tools flung in air; Their little ones bleeding and shattered, Their wives stricken dumb with despair:

That fieudish delight in fiends' doing, Had its roots in accurs'd civil strife, Was fed in the foray's red ruin, And the camp-harpy's war of the knife. The ranks of the Great Western nation Such soum, when detected, disgorged, But while brand and noone it evaded, A soldier's credentials it forged.

What of it escaped from the gallows, Or the bullet, that noose should have been, Brazen-browed, bloody-handed and callous, Took the Fenian mask for its screen; Found poor Irish pockets to plunder,
When the Camp-vulture's quarry was gone,
And mimicked the patriot's thunder, As the soldier's garb erst it put on.

In one point alone they're Milesian, These blots on the brave Celtic race:
To the cause that deplores their adhesion, Destruction they bring with disgrace.

When their hate to the Saxon they'd show men, At the Fenians, it is, they strike hard, And seeking to blow up their foemen, Hoist themselves with their murd'rous petard.

TO ALL GIRLS ROUND "ST. PAUL'S."

MR. ANTHONY TROLLOPE made an excellent speech the other night, and in it he said the following thing :-

"A man who does not take an interest in politics is only half a man, and I think no girl ought to marry him."

Now, Me. Trollope is the recognised authority as to what girls ought to do in the way of marriage—he is the Judge in the Marriage Court, a Sie J. P. Wilde reversed—and his decisions have the weight of law, and Mr. Punck commends the above (which he heartily endorses) to all the Lily Dules and other darlings. Why, the fellow who does not take an interest in politics, cannot enjoy Punck, and what girl would marry an idiotic ass who does not do that? No girl worth

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Salisbury to Cape Town.

DEAR BROTHER GRAY,

You want to find a place in which to consecrate a Sham Bishop. I believe that there is still a Nag's Head, in Cheapside.

I beat the Papists out of that hostelry, so it is quite at your service,

and very proper for it. Yours affectionately,

THE GHOST OF BISHOP BURNET.

P.S. Swift and I are inseparable friends.

Chromotheology.

THAT an Acetate changes the colour of grey, We really don't know, so we'd rather not say: But it's perfectly clear to Pan-Anglican view That A. C. Tair has set Bishor Gray looking blue.

SHOOTING STARS .- Crack Shots.



THIS IS MR. PUNCH'S LATEST SUGGESTION

FOR A VERY SWEET THING IN SHORT DRESSES.

FOR A' THAT AND A' THAT.

A New Version, respectfully recommended to Sundry whom

More luck to honest powerty,
It claims respect, and a' that;
But honest wealth s a better thing,
We dare be rich, for a' that.
For a' that, and a' that,
And spooney cant and a' that,
A man may have a ten-pun note,
And be a brick for a' that.

What though on soup and fish we dine,
Wear evening togs, and a' that,
A man may like good meat and wine,
Nor be a knave for a' that.
For a' that, and a' that,
Their fustian talk and a' that,
A gentleman, however clean,
May have a heart for a' that.

You see yon prater called a Beales, Who bawls and brays and a' that, Tho' hundreds cheer his blatant bosh, He 's but a goose for a' that.

For a' that, and a' that,
His Bubblyjocks, and a' that,
A man with twenty grains of sense,
He looks and laughs at a' that.

A prince can make a belted knight, A prince can make a betted snight,
A marquis, duke, and a' that,
And if the title 's earned, all right,
Old England's fond of a' that.
For a' that, and a' that,
Beales balderdash, and a' that,
A name that tells of service done Is worth the wear, for a' that.

Then let us pray that come it may And come it will for a' that, And come it will for a' that,
That common sense may take the place
Of common cant and a' that,
For a' that, and a' that,
Who cackles trash and a' that,
Or be he lord, or be he low,
The man's an ass for a' that.

PERSONS WHO PLEASE THEMSELVES.

Or course, Mr. Panch, you have read a letter, pleading the cause of certain outcasts, which the distinguished surgeon, MR. SKEY, the other day wrote to the Times. If any of your readers happen to be acquainted with any prigs and any prudes, endowed, however, with some share of good feeling and good sense, I hope they will try and induce them to attend to the appeal put forth, for their enlightenment, by MR. SKEY.

But, Sir, there is one little argument in MR. SKEY's above-mentioned letter, to which I must demur. He asks:—

"Can it be supposed that the society of their own sex is a sufficient incentive to extravagance in dress?"

The answer to this question expected by Mr. Skry of course is—No. But my reply is Yes. More than that, I say that not only can it be supposed that the society of their own sex is a sufficient incentive to extravagance of dress on the part of most Persons of the sex referred to by Mr. Skry, but also that such is in general actually the case. The great majority of them, I am sure, dress solely with a view to the effect which their clothes will produce on others who are naturally qualified to wear similar clothes. I don't imagine that effect to be intended to be always, or even usually, admiration or pleasure. Astonishment, I should rather think. Perhaps it does not disappoint expectation when it is envy.

Mr. Skry represents "the love of finery and dress" characteristic of Persons, as "a taste implanted in them by nature for purposes that make them attractive to our sex, for whom they live and move." Yes; but it has been diverted, or perverted, from those purposes. Why did Persons persist so long in wearing crinoline? It was detested, it was ridiculed by all mankind. Why is their evening dress generally so low as to be grotesque, and so long as to be apparently intended to conceal splay feet? as it probably was by the Person, whoever she was, who invented it, or for whom it was invented. We, Sir—I trust I may say we—like to see the Person decorated and adorned in such wise as to set off every one of her personal advantages, and enhance them, all and sundry, in the highest possible degree. A quantity of fine clothes, which might, for aught we can discern, drape a stake or a pole, excites no

emotion in our minds but pity for the wearer, and more pity for the man who will have to pay for it all. The majority of Persons dress as Fashion bids them, and would not on any account dress otherwise to make themselves ever so attractive to any one of the sex which is Mr. Sker's, and yours, and mine. Why do they still wear those pigtails?

I mean chignons.

However, Fashion has certainly done one graceful thing for Persons, in giving them their present walking-dresses, at once elegant and sensible. Too pretty and too reasonable to last, I am afraid, Mr. Puncs. It is too probable that we shall soon see distended skirts again obstructing the pavement, or flowing trains once more sweeping it. Some vulgar Persons continue to go about with hoops under their gowns. They are accustomed, as you have observed, to cram omnibuses, and make them stuffy, and wipe their muddy skirts as they go in and out on people's knees. A true lady, if hoops were fashionable for a private carriage-dress, would relinquish them if she had to ride in a public vehicle.

The remarks in Mr. Skey's excellent letter about female extrava-

The remarks in Mr. Sker's excellent letter about female extrava-gance in dress—obiter dicta—are quite true for their purpose, only the cause of that extravagance is not that which he fondly assigns. Such, at least, is the opinion of your old friend,

SILENUS.

P.S. I am stopping at the Graces.

A Graphic Symphony.

TRANSCENDENTALISM in ideas of the power of sound has been supposed to be represented as pushed to absurdity in the notion of "music descriptive of a man's going abroad, and changing his religion." What, then, do you say to a composition performed the other evening at Mr. Barnby's Concert, namely Mendelssohn's "Reformation Symphony?" For that describes people staying at home and changing their religion, which it is not easier to conceive capable of being musically described than going abroad and doing so.

A Poor RELATION.-Telling an anecdote badly.

BEFORE THE SCENES.



EVER was I behind the scenes in my life, ex-cept once, in dim and distant youth, at the Theatre Royal and Theatre Royal and Sole Magnustown, long since transformed, without the magic touch of Harmagic touch of Har-lequin's wand, into a Pickle Warehouse. If I were to meet, in my walk down the Strand to-morrow, all the actors and ac-tresses, all the lessees and managers of the various Metropolitan Theatres, there is not one of them who would know me. have never written, or adapted, or trans-lated, or edited any-thing for the Stage. I am merely an occa-

I am merely an occasional playgoer, easy to please, mostly a Pittite, not hopeleasly inconsolable if the piece I pay to see is of foreign extraction, with a fanciful idea that I can tell pretty well by the title of a play whether it will have a long run or soon drop, with no tantalising recollections of the great performers of gone-by days, with a memory which does not punctiliously remind me that I have seen this situation or discovered that plot twenty times before, with entire ignorance of the French stage, saving me from contrast and comparison; and with intermittent resolves to cease being even an occasional playgoer, and become a total playforegoer for the following (amongst other) reasons, which I shall set out with all the solemnity of a Tory Peer's protest: of a Tory Peer's protest :-

Because I object to crowds and crushes, gloomy vaults and passages, and constricted entrances and exits.

Because I object to narrow and hard seats, alternate benches without backs, bad ventilation, and itinerant vendors of lemonade and

Stout—stout and lemonade.

Because I object, when I take ELEANOR and ELEANOR's sister to the superior parts of the house, and secure seats, to be fined (fee for booking) for paying ready money; and consider that my butcher and baker might as reasonably increase the price of their goods when my

dealings with them are for cash.

Because I object, after I have paid a stiffish sum for my seats, with the booking-fee in addition, to be further plundered for the benefit of the functionary who shows me to my box; and feel that if this is right, I ought, the next time I accompany my wife to messas. Wisconting Popular's, to give a gratuity to the young man who handa us chairs, and tempts Eleanor with the new Abyssiman jacket.

Because I object to be charged twopence or more for a playbill, and am simple enough to think I ought to have one for nothing, as at the ought, the next time I accompany my wife to Messes. WINCEY AND

Because I object to pay for the temporary custody of my overcoat.

All which objections I put on record, with a sturdy conviction that any Manager who would abolish these grievances and abate these nuisances, might realise a swift and substantial fortune.

nuisances, might realise a swit and substantial fortune.

This is the prelude—the overture—now for the performance. One moment more before you ring the bell. What capital have I to start with as a critic? Have I studied the history of the Greek theatre? Do I know anything about the unities of the Drama? Can I speak of mysteries and miracle-plays, masques, and pageants? Am I versed in the annals of the English Stage, from the Globe to the Albambra, from Shakepeare and Burbage to Bulwer-Lytton and Kean, with ready references to Betterron, Mrs. Bracegirdle, Queen Elizabeth, Master Betty, and the O. P. riots? Do I even know the meaning of the commonest stage directions? Can I, who am going to say something about Closen and Columbiae, Harlequia and Pastaloon, reveal the origin of Pantomime, and follow its chequered (and spangled) career, from Rich to Grimaldi, and downwards to Fleximore and Bolleno? Any answer to these interrogatories? No; at least none that would satisfy a Court of Equity. Then run the risk, and ring the bell, and let us get as near as we can to the front of the pit of Drury Lane. pit of Drury Lane

are done, and I don't want to be told. Even the resounding smacks and slaps Closes and Passaloss deal each other, are in my eyes so many savage and dangerous assaults. I may get rather tired, but then Jack the Giant-killer or The Babes is the Wood was not prepared for my amusement (forty last birthday), but for the entertainment of these two young gentlemen sitting by my side, who laugh and clap, and roll and writhe with delight, the more Closes & Co. cuff and whack and thump and thrust each other. (I declare there are grown-up people in the auditory laughing immoderately, but only, of course, as an example to the children.)

If I were writing beautiful poetry, and not plain prose, I should make "cleverty "chime with Beverler (I shall not be surprised to hear that it has been done already), not merely as a rhymical convenience, but as a just and sincere compliment to the scenic artist of Drury Lane. If any waylarers will adopt me as their theatrical Murray, I should advise them to explore the Giant's Caussowy and the Cornish Coast, and the Read to St. Isse, which it may surprise them to hear are nearer home than is generally supposed—in fact, no farther off than Drury Lane! If an excursion into Fairy Land, to which country no Handbook has at present been published, be preferred, the Goldes Garden of the Feerless Pool will be found a delightful promenade, and the Fairy Beacoir prove a bower of hiss. If may indulge myself in a good hearty wish, it will be that the "Fruit Fairies" may get their des(s)erts for their picturesque dancing; and although old Pater Christman is defunct, and not particularly lamented by me, I should not rebel against a second visit to a Christman Kirmess during a Fross, or be put to torture by re-seeing the Grand Flamboaux Dance.

From Drury Lane to Covent Garden is not a far ery. The Fates, should I not rather my the Full Morean's Realmy and With Dismond is a brilliant success, and his enchanting Seasons as good as Thomson's. They may be "Fleeting," but they will certainly not be short-l

raised in your favour.

Whatever hesitation you may have, Mr. First Payre, I can have none in pronouncing Mr. W. H. Payre and yourself to be the Premier Pantomimiats, and Prime Ministers of fun and frolic, notably in The State Bedroom in the Baron's Castle, which with its romantic four-poster ought to be on a poster all over London, surrounded by little robins, and merry men in Lincoln green under the command of Captain Sheridan of the "Robin Hoods." And, Mr. Harry, you are certainly the pleasantest of Clowns, being as neat as a new pin, and means offending by vulgarity.

never offending by vulgarity.

I venture on one final word of remonstrance to the two Sovereign Houses. Set a good example to your minor brethren. Bring out next year, pantomines as good as, or if possible, better than the two now being performed, but do not pervert them into an "excellent advertising medium."

THE GREAT CONVERT.

THE Catholic papers intimate that Rome is about to gain another convert of so much influence and importance as to make the operation grander success than any of the recent manipulations.

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Who is it? ask the Protestant papers. Answers are given at random. Among the suggestions are—

The BISHOP OF SALISBURY. MR. BUCKSTONE. MR. MARTIN F. TUPPER. BERNAL OSBORNE. CHANG. The EMPEROR NAPOLEON. GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN. W. H. PAYNE with his Son, Harlequin, thrown in. EARL RUSSELL. Mr. JOHN BRIGHT. MACE.

But it is left to Mr. Punch to reveal the mystery. The fatal blow has been struck at last. The work of the Reformation is undone. Protestantism is moribund. The Papists have been and done it. They have got

WHALLEY!

We shall come out in black next week.

Quite as Likely.

THE increase of the French army to 1,200,000 men by the new Bill, pit of Drury Lane.

I have great advantages as a seer of Pantomimes. All mechanical forces are unknown wonders to me. I cannot tell how any of the tricks her ofium into braggadocium?

will, according to the Imperial organs, conduce to peace, by leaving France to enjoy her "otium cum dignitate." But how if it converts her ofium into braggadocium?

ARMADILLO.

A SONG OF BLOATED ARMAMENTS.

A QUEER little animal there's to be seen
In the Regent's Park Gardens, where you have all been:
Armadillo, Armadillo, he's armed like good fellows,
In mere self-defence from the wild beast that bellows.

His back is protected with armour of scale, And he runs about safe clad in that coat of mail. Armadillo, &c.

O rare Armadillo, how well it would be, Were all of our neighbours armed only like thee! Armadillo, &c.

If they would but just leave one another alone, They'd want safeguard not even so much as three own. Armadilla, &c.

There's Italy, fain her own baniness to mind, And Prussia, with Germany, likewise inclined. Armadillo, &c.

And for the same reason in quiet remain, By all means would Austria, Russia, and Spain. Armadillo, &z.

In the whole world there's me one that wasts to advance One step in the way of cocroachment on France, Armadillo, &c.

France will arm to the testh, not with rivals to cope, But to fight, if required, for the crown of the Porn. Armadillo, &c.

So poor France with taxation must sheep-like be shorn, And her some from their homes by Comscription see torn. Armadillo, &c.

France must pay, France must bleed, that her Ruler Elect May the Romans keep under the yoke they'd reject. Armadillo, &c.

If the POPE were but left his own rule to enforce, France herself could relieve, and us all, too, of course. Armadillo, &c.

The example by France set would act like a charm, By disarming herself she'd all Europe disarm. Armadillo, &c.

DOING THE CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE.

My Lord Chamberlain,
Your Lordship cannot be much of a playgoer, or else you have very liberal ideas of public decency. If you erase improprieties of the pen from the authors' MSS, you allow pruriency of dress to make amends for your excisions. If the no dressing of actresses increases as it has done for the last two or three years, the Pantomines and Burlesques of next season will become exceedingly costless, so far as the costume of the ladies is concerned, and our fruiterer, Mr. Lewis Solomon, of Covent Garden Market, will no doubt be appointed costumier en chef to all the principal theatres in London. No modest woman will be able to take her daughters to the theatre, if this and some other French innovations are permitted to extend; and the beautiful scenery of Mr. Bevelley and Mr. Mart Morgan will hardly compensate for the indecent exposure of poor, wretched ballet girls, balanced on slotes, or dangled from wires, and who are compelled to submit to such indignities for the sake of an engagement. My Lord Chamberlain, you are not doing your duty. Should Her Gracious Majesty again honour the theatres with her presence, she will certainly give your Lordship a wigging. MY LORD CHAMBERLAIN,

Bettering the Instruction.

"When your sons ask for bread do you give them a stone?" Was a question once asked of the Jews.
Would Bumble's mouth shut, if that question were put, And the querist an answer refuse?

No: by way of reply, with a wink of his eye,
"To the yard," he would say, "stir your bones:
There we gives the unfed, when they asks us for bread,
Not one stone, but a whole heap of stones."

A RIDDLE FROM ABYSSINIA.—What is the difference between the WAGSHUM GOBAZIE and Mr. Punch? The former is the "Prince of Wag." the latter the Prince of Wags.

PUNCH'S REVIEW.

KELLY's Post Office Directory for 1863.

CONSCIRETIOUSNESS has caused some delay in the appearance of this Review, for, unlike many of his critical brethren, Mr. Punch invariably peruses the whole of a work before judging it. We have now read the Post Office Directory through, from beginning to end, and unhesitatingly pronounce a verdict of approval. There is a lucidity of style, which at once enables the reader to grasp the author's full meaning; and if the language be epigrammatic almost to a fault, that is not a fault on which Mr. Punch can be severe. The amount of information which the volume contains is colossal; indeed Mr. Kelly may be called the Colossus of Roads, also of streets, squares, terraces, avenues, lanes, broadways, alleys, circuses, paragons, ovals, parades, fields, villas, buildings, gardens, courts, places, chambers, crescents, vales, gates, hills, parks, inns, rows, waks, houses, flats, cottages, clubs, and all other localities in which the population of the Province of London is to be found—and it will be found if Mr. Kelly be taken as a guide. It does not occur to us to add anything more to this puff, except that the penalerous yet handy volume seems just the thing to shy at a Renism if he comes within reach, and it is our fixed intention to lamnch at at the head of the first who shall approach the Presence—the vest will be for the coroner, and his address will certainly be found in the book.

NO RISHOP OF EXETER HALL

We fear that the new Bessur or LECHFIELD will not be popular in Except Hall. Read this :-

⁴⁶ Bussov Sauwer does not like "missionary mosting smootites." At a meeting at Covering the other day, he said, "abtur more than twenty-five years spent upon the intends of the Paulis, he could give thou pleaty of anoedoes if he thought wall. He especially hated smoothes which were existed "interesting." People warded to here interesting anoedoes from the same mandim sentimentality which induced them to read consulton novels."

"Interesting anecdotes about the dear heathen." That phrase, the darling of the Dames de la Halle d'Exeter, proscribed, and by a Bishop! We do not think that Dz. Selwys will get an engagement for the May entertainments. What, not a single story? Not one about a dear New Zealander, who, a year ago, proposed to eat his grandmother, and now, through tracts, carries her about on his shoulders, singing hymns? Nothing to bring out those curious noises alternating between a sympathetic murmur and indignant groan, which used to accompany tales of negroes, flogged to death in thousands for keeping the Sabbath, and which now proceed when there is talk of Jamaica? No, and the Bishop may do very well for the Black Country, but evidently is not the man for Philadelphion.

SAD NEWS FROM ROME.

DEAR MR. PUNCH,
WHAT do you think has happened! Such a frightful piece of
news! I read it in the Times, so of course it must be true:—

"I shall conclude my Roman report with the last sapient act of the Government, which has been to prohibit chignons, and regulate the toilette of ladies in church."

"Sapient act!" Only fancy calling this a sapient act! Imagine if the British Government were to imitate the Roman, and were to forbid our wearing chignons when we go to Church! But LORD DERBY is a gentleman, besides being so clever, and I'm sure would never dream of doing such a stupid thing. I've heard that his Reform Act is not thought a very wise one, but surely it would be the very height of sapience compared with such a "sapient act" as that described

My feelings are too strong for me to say much more about it, and so I will remain, Yours, most indignantly,

GEORGIANA GUSH.

P.S. I suppose we next shall hear that ladies are obliged to go to Church in their old bonnets.

PP.S. Sad news for the dear Ritualists, this information must have been! No lady now will dream of going over to Rome, if she is to take her chignon off before she goes to Church.

Freedom in France.

"L'Empire c'est la paix," we were once told. It hath not appeared. What France has got by the Empire, besides the restriction of the Press, is the Army Organisation Bill. France, whatever may be said by her Emperor, may now, for her own part, say, "L'Empire c'est la Conscription."

DEFINITION.—The Mansion House—A Mayor's Nest.



Nearsighted Invalid Lady. "PATRICK, CAN YOU READ THE NAME ON THE SHOP JUST OFFOSITE, FOR ME?" Patrick. "Sure, Miss, it's as Ignorant as Yourself I am! They niver Taught me to Read, either!"

MAC-RORIE O'MORE.

MAC-RORIE O'MORE had an itching for lawn, He was offered Natal vice BUTLER withdrawn; He was offered Natal vicè Butler withdrawn;
He wished from his see tough Colenso to squeeze,
And at Capetown's proposal thought best not to sneeze.

"Mac-Robie, be sisy!" the Primate might cry,
(Reproof on his lip, but a wink in his eye,)

"Twixt Natal and Capetown I am so put about,
Faith, they 've teased till I don't know who 's in and who 's out."

"Och, then," says Mac-Robie, "it ain't every day
That a man to a seat on the Bench sees his way:
At Gray's offer I'll jump, though your Grace mayn't be sure
If it's legal or not," says Mac-Robie O'More.

"Oh, please," said mild LONGLEY, "don't think of the like; "Oh, please," said mild Longley, "don't think of the like;
At your Primate's authority thus would you strike?
The ground I object on, Gray grants, I'll be bound"—
Says Mac-Rorie, "He neither minds you nor your ground!"
"But, Mac-Rorie, unconsecrate out you can't go,
and each Bishop in England Gray asked has said 'No;"
Says Mac-Rorie, "That same I'm delighted to hear. And each Bishop in Engianu Grant associated to hear.
Says Mac-Rorie, "That same I 'm delighted to hear.
Scotch and English still go by contraries, my dear.
If England won't consecrate, Scotland we'll try,
And, in name of the Church, Church and Law we'll defy.
The defects in my title possession will cure,
That 's nine points of the law," says Mac-Rorie O'More,

Says the PRIMATE, "I grant you that that's clear enough; And that makes COLENSO's resistance so tough; He's in, and in spite of the mark of the beast, Draws his pay, laughs at bell, book, and candle and priest." Then, RORY, the rogue, put his tongue in his cheek, And winked at the PRIMATE so courteous and meek, As who'd say, "Of your Bench if COLENSO makes light, Why mayn't I do the same?"—Don't you think he was right?

"Mac-Rorie, leave off, Sir,—Gray, blunder no more; "Twice you messed it with Long and Colenso before;" And I m game for another," says Gray, "to make sure." Here's for mess third and worst with Mac-Rorie O'More."

HOW IS IT DONE?

WRITING on distress in London a competent authority says, "There are no Jews suffering. A Jew mendicant is as rare as a black swan or a white elephant. The Hebrews relieve their own poor."

a white elephant. The Hebrews relieve their own poor."

Just so. We were thinking of advising all distressed persons to become Jews, only that the Hebrews do not care about proselytes. However, it may come to that. Meantime, would Dr. Adden, or some other eminent Jew, tell us how the relief is managed? The Christian way, we should tell him, is to establish twenty or thirty separate associations, which by the natural laws of rivalry, become antagonistic, will not work together, and relieve one street a dozen times while they neglect the next altogether. Moreover, they preselve the hunger.

will not work together, and relieve one street a dozen times while they neglect the next altogether. Moreover, they preach to the hungry. How are things managed in Jewry?

Since the above was written, there is news of a Reform. The Societies, weary of impostors and blundering, amalgamate, and adopt a system. Good. They have learned something from Judea. One recalcitrant East End Mission stands out for the right of giving tracts as well as money to hungry beggars. We recommend the public to save the Mission the second trouble.

The Last.

IF a tall man held a most responsible situation in a Bank, why would his description, given by a Scotchman, be the name of an English County? Because the Scotchman would describe him as "Lang-cashier."

A RITUALISTIC PLEA.

WHY should the Ritualists be allowed the use of the Censer? Because they are so evidently wanting in-sense!



THE ZULU BRIDE.

BISHOP TAIT. "STAY!-I PROTEST!-"

BISHOP GRAY. "UPON WHAT GROUNDS, MY LORD?"

BISHOP TAIT. "BIGAMY!-SHE'S MARRIED ALREADY."

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FEARFUL WARNING.



UNCH is never savage, but he owns that he looks forward with grim satisfaction to a terrible scene which may be nearer than the despotic THWAITES SUPPOSES. Has THWAITES EVER read the his-

THWAITES SUPPOSES. Has THWAITES the Finer for melancholy began that care and the history of Charles the First, and does Thwaites know how the quarrel began that ended when the Ragman of Rosemary Lane did his office? For his information, let us mention that it was by the King's levying taxes illegally. Ha! No, it is of no use for Thwaites to start and frown in that melodramatis manner; Passon is as heroic as Harrden, as pertinacious as Pine, and as ownderious as Chivier C., and eares mething for attarts or income the sum authorized by Parliament. We supposed Thwaites of treason to the State. We demand the head of Thwaites. We sak him, as a man, how he will like to be led out at a window of his new office, and be decapitated? Because that's what will happen. He is not an ill-looking gentleman, but is nothing to compare to King's looks did not save him, as aroundly the former's will not. He is luckier than Charles that Finer for melancholy beauty, and if the latter King's looks did not save him, as aroundly the former's will not. He is luckier than Charles than Finer for melancholy beauty, and if the latter King's looks did not save him, as aroundly the former's will not. He is luckier than Charles than Finer for melancholy beauty, and if the latter King's looks did not save him, as aroundly the former's will not his impending doom; but if he neglects counsel he will have only himself to thank when he tries to comb his hair some morning, and finds that he has no head.

HOW TO CHECK POACHING.

Being a good sportsman, and not a mere game-butcher, Mr. Punch is pleased to see that the Farmers' Club at Hexham have passed a resolution that big battues are a nuisance which ought to be abated. If every farmers' club in England had the sense to do the same, no doubt a good effect might be produced upon the game butchers. What is sport to them is death, not merely to the birds and animals they slaughter, but to the crops which these same birds and animals they slaughter, but to the crops which these same birds and animals consume, and for which no compensation really compensates the farmer. Great game preservation leads to wicked waste of food, and so far from making sport to a true sportsman, it destroys it. To shoot tame pheasants as they rise by dozens, scores, or hundreds, at "warm corners" of a covert, needs meither nerve nor skill, nor any quality of sportsmanship, and only lazy, idle fools can fancy that there is any pleasure in it. Then think at what a coat this pleasure is enjoyed. Not merely waste of crops, but waste of life is caused by it. Where hares and rabbits swarm, there poachers; too, abound; and labourers are tempted to leave their ploughs and hurdles to look after their snares, and so are led to worse than waste of time in prison.

Game preservers surely might help somewhat to check poaching, if they only sold their pheasants, let us say at sixpence each, and thus made them so cheap as to be hardly worth the taking. But so long as game is sold as dearly as it is, and so long as game preservers let their keepers purchase eggs and live birds from the poachers, there is very little hope that we shall see our prisons emptied of them.

Mother Church's Nursery Rhymes.

I'LL tell you a Story
'Bout Mr. Mac-Roris,
Who'd be Bishop of Natal or none:
I'll tell you another
'Bout LONDON, his brother,
By whom poor Mac-Roris was done.

Subterranean Spelling.

We heartily approve of the teaching bestowed upon the men employed on the Underground Railway, but are not quite so certain about the accuracy of the Directors' spelling. At a dinner the other day, the employed were told to remember the three S's,—Signals, Safety, Sivility. But the intention was good.

POLICE! POLICE!

POLICE! POLICE!

We English have been taunted with instinctive reverence for a policeman. We acknowledge if—we profess it. Some of our neighbours have as much reverence for a soldier. They are aggressive, predatory foreigners. Whilst they reverence the soldier, they respect not, though they may fear, the policeman. We revere our soldiers too; but simply because they defend us and our property. Due, indeed, is our veneration to those who are prepared to lay down life, and even limb, that we may be enabled to eat, drink, sleep, and otherwise enjoy ourselves in case and comfort. The veneration thus due to the soldier is at least equally due to the policeman. Your soldier has only to fight in war-time; your policeman is daily on active service against raffians, and then his skull, and all his bones, are in jeopardy every hour. Let us extol the policeman, therefore, let us honour him—let us pay him. For distinguished services let us untably reward him and his superior officers. Give, him the Victoria Cross when he has earned it; ennoble them: decourse their breasts with stars and, their legs with garters. Let their names be given to boots.

It is conseivable that we might contrive to do without soldiers. Very likely we should be able to dispense altogether with an army, and with naval armanusate also, by utterly renouncing all intervention in foreign affairs, and by steadily submitting to be wronged, imposed upon, and diplomatically and metaphysically kicked; which doesn't hurt—does it becomes and by steadily submitting to be wronged, imposed upon, and diplomatically and metaphysically kicked; which doesn't hurt—does it becomes and the submitted of the field. The proposed upon, and diplomatically and metaphysically kicked; which doesn't hurt—does it becomes to the field of the this object has properly to the dangerous classes, we could never do without policemen.

The efficiency of the police requires that they should be duly organised. For this purpose it must be borne in mind that though policemen are warfered to

A Catch for the Orange Clubs.

SING her dirge, our Irish Church! DERBY leaves her in the lurch, Dizzy's Educating birch
Waves no saving sign Down she'll go, the poor old sham, Beaver's tail may save her? Bam! They'll have beaver, tail, and dam, Who'll hunt in Sixty Nine.

Melancholy, but True.

John Bull (the paper) takes the liberty of lecturing the QUERN for the patronage HRE MAJESTY bestows on the Kirk of Scotland, and it intimates that the Sovereign is little better than a Dissenter. That charge is too awful to be spoken about. But Punch may be allowed to remind the John Bull that if the QUERN did not when in Sectland patronise the Kirk, she would be not only almost, but quite a Dissenter. We wonder whether John Bull can realise the fact that in Paris he would be a Foreigner. It may be very humiliating, but England isn't Everywhere. English persons would make fewer mistakes if they could manage to acquire this idea.

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A CERTAIN CURE.

Trio of Pretty Cousins. "You poor dear old Fred! I wonder when you will be Strong again?" [Fred has no idea, but under present circumstances feels the Bath-chairs are doing wonders for him!

A PLEA FOR TIGHT LACING.

In The Englishwoman's Domestic Magazine a controversy has for some time been going on about tight lacing, as if the good or harm, the taste or barbarism of that practice were an open question. "Theht Lacing," indeed, is given as the signature of a writer who affects to advocate it. Our readers will perhaps be of opinion that he ought to be invited to contribute to Punch. It is necessary to observe that among the defenders of tight lacing in the above-named magazine there are some who actually represent themselves as men. This one writes in the character of a lady, and is evidently a humorist. She says:—

"Most of your correspondents advocate the early use of the corset as the best means to secure a slender walst. No doubt this is the best and most easy mode, but still I think there are many young ladies who have never worn tight stays who might have small walste even now if they would only give themselves the trouble."

Only! Mark the satire that is compressed into that little word of syllables. "Tight Lacing," or, for brevity, let us say T. L., two syllables.

"I did not commence to lace tightly until I was married, nor should I have done so then had not my husband been so particularly fond of a small waist, but I was determined not to lose one atom of his affection for the sake of a little trouble. I could not bear to think of him liking any one else's figure better than mine, consequently, although my waist measured twenty-three inches, I went and ordered a pair of stays, made very strong and filled with stiff bone, measuring only fourteen inches round the waist."

The foregoing passage will be seen to be a capital imitation of the habitual phraseology of uneducated women of the lower middle class. "Consequently . . . I went and ordered a pair of stays" is an admirable example of vulgar colloquialism. T. L. continues, with reference. ence to the stays :-

"These, with the assistance of my maid, I put on, and managed the first day to lace my waist in eighteen inches. At night I slept in the corset without loosing the lace in the least. The next day my maid got my waist to seventeen inches, and so on an inch smaller every day until she got them to meet."

CHAUSEN. We seem to fancy we have read something like it in that wonderful relation, as well as in Robinson Crusce and Gulliver's Travels. wonderful relation, as well as in Roomson Crissos and Guittoer's Travels. One declaration in particular savours strongly of the last named work of creative genius:—"All night I slept in my corset without loosing the lace in the least." There is an obvious mistake in it, but it is characteristic, and the Dean of St. Patrick's all over. So is the concluding bit of inferior female grammar. So, pre-eminently, is what

"I were them regularly without ever taking them off, having them tightened afresh every day, as the lace might stretch a little."

The fact stated, and the reason assigned for it, are both very like Swift, especially the fact, which was not nice, and of all of his writings may be said least to suggest the Tale of a Tub. But now to conclude T. L.'s tale:—

"They did not open in front, so that I could not undo them if I had wanted, For the first day the pain was very great, but as soon as the stays were laced close, and I had wont been so for a few days, I began to care nothing about it, and in a month or so I would not have taken them off on any account, for I quite enjoyed the sensation, and when I let my husband see me with a dress to fit I was amply repaid for my trouble; and although I am now grown older, and the fresh bloom of youth is gone from my cheek, still my figure remains the same, which is a charm age will not rob me of. I have never had cause to regret the step I took."

The grave representation of a figure like an egg-glass as a charm which age would not rob the possessor of, is highly ludicrous. Immensely so, likewise, is the serious assertion on the part of a woman that her waist was reduced from twenty-three to fourteen inches by that her waste was reduced from twenty-three to fourteen inches by mere compression without ever giving any cause for regret to the subject of that process. It is a parallel to the allegation in Swirr's mock advertisement about the juggler, who allowed any gentleman to drive forty twelve-penny nails up to the head in a porter's back, and drew them out again by putting him in a loadstone chair, the said porter feeling no pain.

the lace in the least. The next day my maid got my waist to seventeen inches, and so on an inch smaller every day until she got them to meet."

In the specimen, above quoted, of familiar narrative, there is a combination of touches that remind us of both Swift and Dreos, and very much, also, that resembles the autobiography of Baron Mus-

A FEW FRIENDS.

(FROM MY PHOTOGRAPH BOOK.)

TABLEAU XIV .- MY FUNNY FRIEND .- THE CAPTAIN .- THE STEWARD .-SATLORS.

RIDDLE suggests itself while we are at sea A RIDDLE suggests itself while we are at sea:—
When is my Funny Friend sof my Funny Friend? Answer. When he's on board the packet between Dover and Calais, and the passage is what the Captain has already prophesied it would be—"dusty."
Limp, huddled up on a bench, prostrated helplessly under a tarpaulin, lay GRIGG.

Limp, huddled up on a bench, prostrated helplessly under a tarpaulin, lay Gate G.

Lifeless, wa-beautiful he lay, or stagguring to the side of the vessel without his sea legs on, he leans o'er the bulwarks, and communes mysteriously with the glad waters of the dark blue sea.

But now a Gate G., now thus. I say this to him, and feel very unwell immediately afterwards. I feel unwell, but am not in the least ill; so that my Funny Friend has the best of me after all, though, for the time, he has all the practical joking taken out of him.

He asks me from under a rug and a tarpaulin to fetch the Steward: I can't. Not from a want of will, but from a modest mistrust of my own powers of locomotion, and a dread of the consequences if I once move. I utter the word "Steward!" feebly, and flatter myself that I've been as kind and charitable as the good Samaritan himself would have been under similar circumstances; unless, indeed, that excellent person should have happened to have been a first-rate sailor, which would of course alter the case entirely. The Steward only comes once near us. I am glad he doesn't appear again, as the sight of him, surrounded as he is by such uncomfortable traditions, makes me qualmish and irritable. and irritable.

The sailors, too, are so careless, and exhibit such shocking taste. If was the best sailor in the world, I really think that I couldn't stand

The sallors, too, are so careless, and exhibit such shocking taste. If I was the best sailor in the world, I really think that I couldn't stand the said "the Captain comes up to me. He reminds me that he said "the Captain comes up to me. He reminds me that he said "the Captain comes up to me. He reminds me that he said "the world be dusty." He is cheerful and talkative, and apparently always on the look out for something in the dark. I murmur, "Yes, he was right," and intend to show no disposition for entering into further conversation. He tells me, without my asking for the information, that he 's known such nights on board on this very passage, short as it is (thank Heavens I), sailors, bred and how neallors, who couldn't keep their legs, and had to be lashed to the something or other—a nautical term meaning what I don't know I reply." Alt: I don't know the tell an sorry to hear it, I don't know anything: I wish he wouldn't talk, that 's all. I prefer being left alone with my misery. I don't say so, because it's unsociable, specially to a Captain; but I am unsociable, and I mean to be. I begin to regret leaving England. Perhaps I may never see it again. I am beginning to be carvious of Gratos, who is no decidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, while I am still in an sade-cidedly bad state, w

don't understand) with the ropes. The same application I overhear being made to Grigg. Grigg is too feeble to move. He can't give anything: he will presently: the man mustn't speak to him now: he swears he will reward him liberally hereafter. I repeat this. Both sailors are incredulous. The Steward comes, and wants a fee. Grigg treats him very curtly. He tells him he hasn't attended to him during the passage, and in a general way charges all his sufferings on this official. The Steward comes to me. I hate him. In the words of the song (some song about "My Mother"), He is "the cause of this anguish," i.e., Thou art the cause of this anguish, my Steward!

The sailors are summoned away to their ropes. The sea becomes calmer; there is a steadiness about the water now, which is reassuring. Grigg rouses himself; so do I; feeling that I am pretty certain of making my legs take the direction I wish.

I say with melanchely triumph to Grigg, "Well, I've been all right." Grigg, who is plucking up, replies that he is getting all right now. Will I, as he can't trust his legs yet, mind descending the companion, and bringing up the parcels in his berth? I will. I descend the companion.

Is it the cabin or a casual ward? or a hospital? Let me get the Is it the cabin or a casual ward? or a hospital? Let me get the packages, and out of this as quickly as possible; or I, the sailor, who have been so well " " " Ah, here is the berth at the end! A foreigner, an extinguished foreigner in a night cap, has turned our hoxes out, and is lying in Grigo's berth. Oh, he is a unwell! I find him there instead of the packages. He moans and grouns. Worse: he thinks I'm the Steward. " " " And just at our journey's end! Grigo up above, quite himself again. "Now, then," he cries; "come up, will you? Don't be all day amusing grounself down there."

Amusing myself! Did Lasy this to Grigo?

Amusing myself! Did I say this to Grico?

*** Of course, the Captain and his officials didn't give us their photographs; but they are in my memory's photograph-book.

movement.

Is life worth having on these terms? Is the game of going to Paris for a holiday worth the trouble? ** Oh, dear! ** Oh, dear! ** This time I do think I'm *** A sailor is speaking to me; he says we're nearly in. I say "Are we?" I don't doubt him; I don't care. He repeats it, and requests a trifle for the loan of his waterproof. I really can't. I mean I can't get at my pockets. I won't undo the waterproof, because one wave may thoroughly wet me before we arrive at Calais. People. These poor folks had to be told by mere lawyers that though I say I'll give it him presently, and beg him not to bother. He puts it forcibly to me that he won't be able to see me presently, as during the landing he's wanted to do something (something nautical that I

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THE SPECIALS.

Short Special (to himself). "Wonder what that lanky Fool's loafing about here for?" Long Ditto. "Hullo! Here's Little Keckywigs! Now, what the deuce is he doing on this Beat?"

BRIGANDS IN LONDON.

THE drama of The Streets of London, which for some weeks past has been performed at the Princess's, might be made somewhat more life-like if a scene were introduced to ahow how brutal robberies are done
in open daylight now in many
London streets. Either a lady
might be knocked down and violently trampled on, while her pocket
was ripped open, and her purse and
watch and chain and jewels were
purloined; or a gentleman might
be tripped up, or surrounded and
garotted, and left senseless on the
pavement, robbed of all he had
about him. The business of the
scene should be well-rehearsed beforehand, and a score of real footpads taken, say, from Endell Street,
might be specially engaged, so that
the robbing and maltreating might
be done with all professional correctness and despatch. show how brutal robberies are done



THE CAUSE IN BOTH CASES!

This would clearly make a good sensation scene, to the benefit no doubt of Mr. VINING'S treasury. Some profit to the public too would probably accrue, for public notice would be drawn to the unsafe state of the streets. Perhaps Str. RICHARD
MAYNE might be tempted by the
scene, and might take a stall to see
how brutal robberies are done beneath the eyes of the police. And
perhaps when he had thus acquired a knowledge of this fact, he might take measures to prevent the Streets of London and the Brigand being played in open daylight within three miles of Saint Paul's.

Drisheen.

WITH a delicate sense of the fitness of things, the "young ladies" of Cork presented Mr. Train (late of the gaol) with a testimonial. It consisted of blood puddings. Fact. The darlings!—we mean the "young ladies."

A Clerical Error.

Paying our Way in Abyssinia.

A MEETING of eminent mercantile gentlemen was held the other day at Liverpool for the promotion of commercial credit and morality. From thousands of British pulpits every Sunday denunciations, as the Pall Mall Gasette observes, are launched at the typical "moral man." We can only wish that he were anything like so common a character and not they who are plundered. These things are managed contrarily as the parsons complain.

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EDUCATION!

Papa (improving the occasion at Luncheon). "Now, LOOK, HARRY, THE CIR-CUMPERENCE OF THIS CAKE IS EQUAL TO ABOUT THREE TIMES THE DIAMETER,

Harry. "OH, THEN, PA', LET ME HAVE THE C'CUMF'RENCE FOR MY SHARE!!"

DOD'S BEAUTIES OF PARLIAMENT.

O Dop! That heading may seem odd,
But Punch, unlike to Homen, doth not nod.
Again in thy Black Book, Certain of truth, we look For the twin rolls

Of those whom graceful CHELMSFORD now controls, Helped by the bearer of the Sable Rod: And those whom gentle DENISON nvites to hear the benison Pronounced upon his venison, Likewise his salmon, turbot, soles, and cod.

For six-and-thirty Sessions The large and stout professions, Also the sad transgressions Of our law-making Swells hast thou enshrined,
Again thy handy tome
(Wanted in every home
Where Politics are talked) we gladly find,

Thy namesake-with two D's Whose exit, pendulous, seems cruel now, Victim to him who taught us how to bow, Lie, flatter, fawn, and please,
"Beauties of Shakspeare" in one volume placed,
And though the luckless parson showed some taste, Twas thought he more deserved his fate For leaving out the other eight, Than for the deed that brought to grief his neck, The counterfeit of Chesterfieldian cheque.

Into no kindred error thou dost fall: Thou givest All All Beauties of the Parliament are here, Temporal and Spiritual Peer,
From the vice-royal Aberdonn, L.L.,
To Zetland, darling of the Mystic Cell:
And all who in the Nether House give tongue, From T. DYKE ACLAND unto RICHARD YOUNG, All now preparing for The Talk. O dear! Punch thanks thee, Dod, Which down on sundry he will shortly bring,
Looks to thy pregnant print
For many a valued hint
How that well-pickled birch may smartest sting.

COMMON SENSE ON WHEELS.

THEY still "manage some things better in France," and among them may be mentioned road-making and cookery. In these respects we might with profit take a leason from our neighbours, and perhaps the time may come when French rollers here will be as common as French rolls, and a sol cave set be served as well as a Welsh rarebit. What fools the French must think us, when they see us strewing lumps of granite loosely in our roadways, and wearing out our carriage-wheels in grinding it to slush. A road so formed is never firm, but quickly becomes rotten; and the saving of steam-rollers is a short-sighted economy, for narrow carriage-wheels make ruts and cannot bind the stones together. Thus they are kicked aside and wasted, and, as the road is not rolled evenly, holes are very quickly made in it, and carriage-springs are broken, and horses are tripped up, and are broken-kneed or lamed.

lamed.

We Britons continually boast that we are a "practical people," and this is ever our excuse when charged with being martistic. Our buildings may be clumsy, our statues hideous burlesques, but we don't profess, and ngs may be clumsy, our statues indeous buriesques, but we don't profess, you know, to be an ornamental nation; our talent is for business, and all sorts of useful works. Yet few things are more useful than good thoroughfares and roads, and with these we either are too stingy or too stupid to provide ourselves. If every business man would calculate the time he loses daily, to say nothing of the temper, by reason of the roughness and the badness of our roadways, there would surely before loves he held a public meeting accurate was all consolar would. before long be held a public meeting somewhere, and somebody would propose that somebody should do something which somehow should help somewhat towards the mending of our ways.

NEW VERSION.

It was the reflection of a thoughtful hall-porter that the selfdenying man must be the man who says he is not at home when he is.

SUPERNATURAL IMPUDENCE.

THESE are awful times, Mr. Punch. Strange spirits are abroad. J. W. K. writes to the Times an account of a street robbery, with brutal violence, of which he was the victim. Having stunned him, the ruffians who had knocked him down made off with his watch. He says:—

"I afterwards saw two policemen, who treate the matter very calmly, saying, I was not the first who had been robbed on the same road this week."

Not the first! Why this is the very language of the mocking fiend. "She is not the first." Your readers are also, many of them, readers of Goethe, and know who said that. Two British policemen were never capable of such a sneer. It was the chaff of Mephistopheles, and his companion—Asmodeus, perhaps; possibly Modo and Mahs himself—who knows? Strange spirits, I say, Mr. Pench, are abroad, to say nothing of those spirits which seem to be so intimate with spiritual "circles" that they may be called familiar. None of them have told us, however, where to find the Rev. Mr. Speke.

But I say, Sir, what a pass we have come to when robbery is so

us, however, where to find the REV. MR. SPEKE.

But I say, Sir, what a pass we have come to when robbery is so rampant, for want of policemen, that we have Mephistopheles and another roaming the streets in the disguise of two of those deficient Guardian Angels, and saying to a man who has been plundered and maltreated, "You are not the first." For never could that jocular but unfeeling observation have proceeded from the mouth of a beneficent creature whose popular name is the fond and playful diminutive of

Suggestions for Hippophagists.

arranged in the bill of fare as First Coursers, Second Coursers, &c.

Why was horse-radish omitted in the menu at the Langham? And horse-chestnuts were wanting. Where, too, among the sweets was the Pie-bald?

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CABINET VALENTINES.

TO LORD DERBY.



ne the trumpet sounds " Debate, May thy gout be mitigate; Tis a grief to me to know RUPERT taken thus in toe. And when once more fierce

and fleet, Mettle up and all agog, Thou art going the whole

Dashing on through thick and thin, Scorning purls, so tis towin, Mayst thou come, swiftfooted chief, Seldom as may be to grief, Seldom as may be to the the tendent of the search whether the search whether the search whether the search whether the search was the search whether the search was the search whether the search was the search Since it needs must be that

Nay, often—times to grief thou'lt come. What can Punch, thy Valentine,

Wish thee, not already thine? Wealth, wit, work Man's brain, and boy's zest of pleasure?

Strength of stroke and length of reach In the fisticuffs of speech?

Mastery of thy mother-tongue,
And that wherein Homer sung?
But one thing is left to wish thee
(Though some may declare 'twould dish thee)
That 's a dash of Stanizy's ichor To allay the hotter liquor, That sets boiling the grey pate Of our RUPERT of Debate. Who can tell what chastening A sedative like this might bring, What a wholesome revolution In Council and in Constitution? Frozen out the gout would go
From cooled vein, and tempered toe;
No "ten-minutes' Bills" we'd see;
"Leaps in the Dark" would cease to be.
Try this cooling mixture fine,
So says Punch, thy Valentine.

TO LORD STANLEY.

STANLEY, I have wished thy sire,
To control his youthful fire,
And his pulses' fervid flood,
Dash of thy more sober blood.
So I can but wish for thee,—
That the dry bones stirred may be,—
Of thy sire's hot blood a flush; Try for once a Derby rush; Try lor once a Derby rash;
Tory backers turn upon,
To the cry "On, STANLEY, on!"
And fling off old party tranmels,
Nor strain at gnats, to swallow camels;
What thy gumption, well we know,
Prove at need that thou hast "go,"
With thy prudence pluck combine,
So prays Panck, thy Valentine!

TO THE RIGHT HON. B. DISBAELL

I'll wish thee a pleasanter Session than last And success to thy scheme educational;
Be its subject a party to wean from the past,
Or the schools, called, but only called, "national." The Tory un-guidables still may'st thou scrunch,
The Tory unteachables smother:
And treasure this Valentine sent thee by Punch-One Jeu d'esprit sent to another.

BY A FASHIONABLE YOUNG MARRIED WOMAN,-The latest thing out-My husband.

A TRADE REFORM BILL WANTED.

Dear Lord Derray,

Now that Parliament is assembling, you will have little time to spare for reading any thing but Blue Books; and foreseeing this, you doubtless took good care to read, during the holidays, whatever was worth reading in reviews and magazines. Of course you read the famous article in the October Quarterly—not that upon the Talmud, though perhaps it was the famous one, but the one upon Trades' Unions, wherein these words occur:—

"This then is our case against the Trades' Unions... We say that they injure in the most vital manner the interest of the very working class whom they are meant to sid, that they threaten some branches of mannfactures with extinction, and seriously limit the diffusion of others, that they are carried on by means fatal to every right that a free country respects, that they are ruinous to the legitimate ambition of industry and merit, that they can only be conducted by a systematic breach of the law, and that they run through the whole gamust of crime, from a mere conspiracy in restraint of trade, to robbery, areon, mutilation, and murder."

That every word of this is thoroughly well founded there is in the article put forth abundant proof.

That Trades' Unions are becoming a curse to the whole country, and, if not utterly extinguished, should be sweepingly reformed, surely no one in his senses will wenture to deny. How we may reform them the Quarterly points out :

"A Friendly or Provident Society, which cannot obtain registration for its rules, should be absolutely prohibited, and the attempt to establish or carry on such a society should be treated as a fraud, and punished as a craninal set. By this simple means an effectual bar would be interposed to that conjunction, out of which the power of Trades' Usions mainly arises—the union of a fraziellular Provident Society with a society formed for the purpose of restraining trade."

My Lord, as you are now at the head of the Reformers, and were fortunate last Session in passing a Reform Bill, let me beg of you this year to try and pass another. Amend the law by which conspiracy and fraudulence, beneath the mask of providence, are suffered to combine: forbid the banns of marriage—the crime bearing Trades' Union—of conspirators and cheats; and thus annihilate the trade of "loath-some miscreants" like BROADHEAD, and gain the thanks of knonest, free-born Englishmen, like BEISCH.

BRIGHT ON THE FLOWING BOWL.

BRIGHT ON THE FLOWING BOWL.

Mr. Bright has been speaking on a new theme. The Brummagem Publicans have been at him to know his opinion about Mr. Abel Smith's Bill for restraining Sunday tipple. He has poked some fun at them. He tells them that their present organisation for what they consider protection is admirable; but that a Reform Act has passed, and the representation will be Doubled, Trebled, and in some places Quadrupled (lights on the Leap in the Dark), the political influence of the Publicans will diminish in that proportion, and will in many places be extinguished; therefore, they cannot expect in future "to force men in the House of Commons to vote against their Convictions" for the sake of the public-house. He therefore suggests that they make reasonable concessions, instead of howling and shrieking against every kind of regulation that is suggested for the prevention of drunkenness. Mr. Punch's sentiments on Liquor are too well known to make it needful for him to say, that any effort in the Puritan direction will meet with his bitterest enmity. But regulation is one thing, and suppression is another. And there is, perhaps no calling (except law) in which there are better fellows at one end, and greater blackguards at the other, than in the "public line." It cannot be quite right that the decent licensed victualler, whose well-conducted house is a convenience and a benefit, should be ranged under the same flag as the vulgar "Pub" whose bar is a roaring scandal, and who stands gloating over the drunkard until he has spent all his money, and is only good to be hustled into the street. Mr. Bright same hings which Mine Host may read quietly, and apart from the parasites who toady him. Now for a cup of sack—that 's a long screed. Beviam.

Diomedes on the Hippophagi.

"I FED my mares with men. 'Tis not a myth, For 'tis endorsed by DR. WILLIAM SMITH.
To mares ALCIDES flung me. Things are changed.
I and my victims are alike avenged."

Langham Hotel.

A Remarkable Proper Name.

THE NEW ARCHBISHOP OF MALINES WAS solemnly enthroned, the other day, in the Cathedral of that city. His name is Dechamfs. The predecessor of Monseigneer Dechamfs was Cardinal Stercks. What a strangely sounding name for a Cardinal! It might be taken for a nickname. One would think that, on being called Stercks, the late Cardinal Archbishop of Malines was maligned.

TAX THE SUN.

MY DEAR DESCRIPTION OF THE OTHER PROPERTY STATES AND WERE CULTURE SOME PRETTY figures for exhibition on the Budget night.

I should like to help you.

Why, in the name of common sense, and Philistiniam, and everything that is practical, don't you clap a penny tax on PHOTOGRAPHS?

I have mentioned it before, but as our friend Barent said last week, it is necessary in England to repeat a thing a great many times before it obtains attention

There are about five millions of photographs made every year.

Do you know how much five millions of pennies make? Of course you don't, nor do I, nor does either of us know how to calculate it. Thank Fate, we were educated like gentlemen. But there must be some way of finding out, with decimals, or cubes, or hyperbolic logger-

some way of finding out, with decimals, or cubes, or hyperbolic logger-heads, or circular arks, or something.

Let us try at the problem. One hundred pence is eight-and-four-pence. I know that—you may take it from me. My little boy got an arithmetic prize (by the way, he will be a big boy one of these days, and then I shall be glad to talk to you about his future, should you be in office), and he assures me, positively, of this. I never knew him tell a story (excuse a fond parental pride), and we may start upon that hypothenuse.

Let us multiply that by ten. Ten times eight and fourpense is £4.3c. 4d., and that is a thousand pence. Well, a million is ten hundred thousand. O, bother, we shall never do it so. There must be some shorter way. Let us divide five millions by a penny, that seems simple. One in five—stop, that only brings us where we were before, like the American pig that thought it was getting out of the field through the pipe, only the pipe was creeked, and brought him in again.

Well, datails are beneath great minds. I suppose you will allow that five million pence make a very large sum of money, which would look well among your pretty figures?

Get it, then, by enacting that no photograph shall be sold unless it bears an impressed stamp of one penny.

A photograph, is surely a Luxury. At least, people think it so, though the process of sitting for one is anything else.

Also, no one is obliged to buy one. Therefore, there is no hardship.

ship.
Also, the Tax is so small that no one who can afford a photograph can feel the addition.

Also, the work of collection will be very easy. Let the Post Offices

sell the stamped cards.

It is possible that a few of the touting blackguards who infest the streets, haul in customers and fight for them, may be discouraged by the tax; but this, instead of being an evil, will be a very good thing. Humble and honest artists will buy their photograph stamps day by day as they do their letter stamps.

And you will, as aforesaid, get a very large sum in aid of your Abyssinian War and your other expenses.

Look to it, my dear Diskaeli, and believe me

Your affectionate friend.

HARLNOOD.

P.S. This will be taxing the Sun. He won't mind. He was very much hurt about the Window Tax, which shut out his light; but that is done away and forgotten. I—his moral Representative—answer for

THE MAINE LAW A MULL.

IN a lecture delivered the other evening at Exeter Hall on America, the Rev. Newman Hall, according to the Pall Mall Gazette, made the following important statement:—

"Touching the position of the temperance cause in the States, he said that the Maine Law had, he was sorry to state, proved inoperative, and would, he believed, shortly be repealed, and a strict excise law, such as was in force in New York, substituted for it."

The United Kingdom Alliance, and the promoters of Liquor Bills in the Legislature may be congratulated on the fact above announced. It will save them trouble, if they will only be so reasonable as to learn the lesson which it ought to teach them; namely, that moderation in the use of exhilarating drinks is not to be effected by Maine force, and that the only means of getting people to practise it is moral sussion.

THE RIGHT MAN IN THE RIGHT PLACE AT LAST DISCOVERED.

THE Pall Mall Gazette says, "Mr. TRAIN is now 'lecturing' on the 'True Laws of Health' at a Water-cure establishment, St. Anne's Hill, Blarney, near Cork."

POACHERS, BEWARE!

GAME butchers are more pientiful in England than in France, for most of the French landholders have fortunes far too small to allow of big battues. There cannot be much game preserved where everybody shoots; and as their guns well-nigh outnumber their partridges and pheasants, it is not very surprising that French sportsmen condescend to shoot at smaller game. By universal pot-hunting such havoc has been made, that fears are entertained lest there be nothing left to shoot at smaller game. By universal pot-hunting such havoc has been made, that fears are entertained lest there be nothing left to shoot it is said more stringent game laws are shortly to be passed. More than half-s-million chasseurs yearly pay for a certificate, and doubtless count themselves quite numerous enough to kill the scanty game there is now left for them to shoot. So we cannot wonder they feel savage with the poschers. Still, they must be well-nigh savages to dream of doing things like this: doing things like this :-

"One proposition is, that all the rural guards should be well armed with re-volvers, and provided with mastiffs of English breed, with soute noses for ferreding outper peoples dressed up in dark-coloured clothes, such as night poschers commonly wear, and in which they might find une conglants nonreture."

wear, and in which they might find one conglants newware.

Our French friends may not know that mastiffs are not used in England to hunt peachers, and considerable training would doubtless he required before their noses were acute enough to be of any use. Perhaps, bloodhounds would be better, but we fear, for want of practice, they would hardly do match good, for it is not an English custom now to hunt down men with dogs. Nor do gamekeepers in England go "well armed with revolvers," as it is pleasantly suggested, should be now the case in France. Fancy mastiffs and revolvers, to protect a few tame phessants! We shall next hear of canaries being guarded by artillery, or of a company of lancers being stationed near a henroost, to prevent the little chickens being eaten by the rats!

DANGERS OF BRIGHTON.

THOSE Brighton belies, those Brighton belies, Bewitching sheals of chignon'd swells! At every turn, in every street A pretty face I'm doomed to meet.

Those Brighton belles, those Brighton belles!
My bosom with their memory swells—
Why can't they leave a little span Not dangerous for the reading man?

Spell-bound the classman's ardour cools To sweet forgetfulness of "Schools;" And many a "plough" full dismal tells The prowess of those Brighton belles.

FASHIONABLE HALF DRESS.

THE subjoined piece of an advertising paragraph is cut out of the

"Nuda Veritas.—This valuable specific changes grey hair to its original shade, after which the hair grows out the natural colour, and not grey. As a dressing, it is superior to pomades."

Indeed! Nuda Veritas, no doubt. The bare truth, neither less; the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth—not the bare-faced reverse of the truth, by any means. Certainly not.

But what are we to make of Nuda Veritas "as a dressing"? The

time may come when fashionable young ladies will go in the character of Truth to a Fancy Ball—not, observe, a Fancy Dress Ball. They only half do it now—in a costume corresponding to that of a pugilist prepared for the ring. So perhaps are they—but can they expect to

Short clothes and long clothes—that seems to be the definition of Evening Fashions for February. Imagination suggests that its wearers are mermaids :-

"ut turpiter atram Desinat in piecem mulier formosa superne."

You seem to suspect that, if the whole Truth were visible, you would see a reproduction of that direful monster who :-

"seemed woman to the waist, and fair, But ended, foul, in many a scaly fold, Voluminous and vast, a serpent armed With mortal sting."

So that if masquerading Veritas were entirely suda, Truth would turn out to be no prettier than Sin. Full dress used to be the fashion of evenings; now it is half dress; but how should it be otherwise when it is copied from the demi-monde?

WHERE BAD HIPPOPHAGISTS EXPECT TO GO-Horsemonger Gaol.



EVER SINCE POOR JENKINS MET WITH THAT ACCIDENT IN THE HANSOM CAB LAST FORTNIGHT, HIS NOCTURNAL SLUMBERS HAVE BEEN AGITATED BY A CONSTANTLY RECURRING NIGHTMARE. HE DREAMS THAT A MORE THAN USUALLY APPALLING CAB-HORSE BOLTS WITH HIM IN HANWAY PASSAGE (OXFORD STREET); AND CANNOT QUITE MAKE OUT WHETHER HE IS RIDING IN THE CAB, OR WHETHER IT IS HE WHO STANDS, POWERLESS TO MOVE, RIGHT IN FRONT OF THE INFURIATED ANIMAL.

THE DRUMMED-OUT FENIAN.

JOHN QUIN, late Private of the 1st Battalion, 7th Royal Fusileers.

'Twas the drum you heard, 'twas the fife's piercing note, As our corps, that a Fenian had slurred, Did that soldier discharge who had been its blot, And the doom of a felon incurred.

We made him a shabby and shameful sight, Inside out his coat by turning, In the open glare of the broad daylight, Where no other light was burning.

No badge or medal adorned his breast, Off his buttons we tore, confound him! And his good conduct stripe we removed with the rest, Having formed a square around him.

Few and short were the words we said,
For the scoundrel we felt no sorrow,
And we thought, in a nightcap that covered his head,
It were well if he died on the morrow.

We thought, as we heard out his sentence read, Whilst he stood like a drooping willow, Of the barber that soon would be shaving his head, And his friends far away o'er the billow.

Much will they make of the blackguard that's gone To gaol; as a martyr parade him: But little he'll know of all their goings on, In the cell where his treason has laid him.

Thus much of our morning's work was done
In the face of his comrades admiring,
For the sake of example that all should shun; And with Fenians avoid conspiring.

To the gate of the barracks we led him down, As he went, to conclude a long story, The Rogue's March being played to proclaim his renown, Then in handcuffs he went to his glory.

A RUFFLED PROPHET.

Dr. Cumming is getting irritable, for which we are sorry, inasmuch as he is tolerable only because of the fun he causes. He must really not be angry because the universe does not explode at the exact time he fixes for that event. He is not everybody, and if his sapient congregation is content with him, and the public is as good-natured to him as to Zadkier, Raphard, and the other Vaticinators, it is as much as the Seraphic Doctor ought to expect.

He writes petulantly to say that he never prophesied anything. Now this is only squabbling over words, for he distinctly says that "about 1868" is pointed to by those who have studied the subject as a date at which the end may be expected. Theologians are proverbially slippery, but if that is not prophesying, what is?

We are never angry—except when people richly deserve it—but if we were habitually furious, we should be soothed into smiles by the Seraphic Doctor's desperate attempt to wrap up his "three frogs" in an old flag. And we expect the like good-humour from him. Especially to us, his fellow augurs, because he will remember that the Greek poet Livy expresses his wonder that augurs can ever meet without laughing. We assure him that we always laugh when we even think of him. Come, he must not be angry, or, to adopt Mr. Tromas Moore's neat phrase, the Doctor will be at once augur and bore. and bore.

Nuts for Hippophagists.

Among the accompaniments to the late Horse Banquet at the Langham Hotel was dinde aux chiliaignes. Should it not have been aux marrons d'Inde? Were not the chestnuts horse-chestnuts? Or was the turkey garnished with preparations of chestnut horse?



DR. BULL'S WAITING-ROOM.

BENJAMIN (TO HIBERNIA). "PLEASE'M, THE DOCTOR'LL TAKE YOUR CASE FUST'M."

sho nan mis sho can star Hill me tim jour Em

=

eruj beer fesse that age fire.

VALENTINE'S DAY.



THE MOST POPULAR SAINT IN THE CATENDAR.—Evidently Saint Valentine. Even in this Protestant Empire, it seems, he had as many as 1,199,142 worshippers on last 14th of February!

INARTICULATE INFORMATION.

It is highly requisite that the Directors of the Underground Railway should cause those servants of theirs whose duty it is to call out the names of the stations to be taught to speak intelligibly. The eye often misses the station's name as the train passes it. You hear a fellow shouting "Oosh! "Oosh!" for example, or "N'il! N'il!" What can you make out of Nil, but nothing; and what more can you understand from 'Oosh? He means "Shepherd's Bush," and "Notting Hill." It would be good of Mr. Macrea not to come out of his retirement and give those inarticulate railway men lessons on elocution.

Whilst on this subject we may also observe that the conductors of certain omnibuses are in the habit of uttering a cry which may sometimes, occasion gross misapprehension. As they go, or halt, on their journey westward, they keep continually calling out "Emma Smith!"

Emma Smith!" Who is Emma Smith? a country gentleman might ask. They are supposed to mean Hammersmith.

EPIGRAM

In reply to an application to subscribe to the proposed testimonial to Da. Jelf of King's College:—

Who was it raised a holy shout, And all for consoience sake, no doubt, Turned dear Provessor MAURICE out? My Jeff!

Who is it that has only jibe And scorn for all the Bigot-tribe, And to this fund will set subscribe? My self!

As Active as Ever.

A warree in a Neapolitan newspaper begins an account of the eruption of Mount Vesuvius with the remark, that "Vesuvius has been said on several occasions to be dying out; if so it must be confessed that it dies very hard." He might have said even more than that. Vesuvius exhibits nothing of the exhaustion which denotes old age; but on the contrary, remains apparently actuated by all its youthful fire.

A PROVERB AND A PEER.

Is noblesse oblige counted a rule to judge Peers by? Not a word about that to LORD WILLOUGHBY D'ERESBY!

Long Opps.-Tall Husband and Short Wife.

" HAT AND SWORD."

THE Hat and Sword presented in old times to Monarchs who successfully defended the Papacy will not be given this year to the EMPEROR NAPOLEON. We are sorry to hear this, as at the forthcoming theatricals at the Tuileries there was to have been an adaptation from MM. MEHAC and HALEYY'S La Grande Duckesse, set to the now well known music by M. OFFENBACH. CARDINAL BONNECHOSE (in for a good thing) would have played the donor of the venerable weapon, while that versatile actor, Louis, would have filled the role of Corporal, then General, Fairz.

The couplets were arranged to run as in the Opera. The Cardinal, to address the Eldest Son of the Church, commencing with,

Voici le sabre de ton Père. Tu vas le mettre à ton cô é : Après la victoire, l'espère, Te revoir en bonne santé : Car si tu mourais à la guerre Ton Papa a speur, en vérité, De n'avoir plus jamis sur te Un moment de l'élicité.

After which a slight extract from Mr. Sulliver's Controbandista, (libretto by a very excellent young jingler,) sung by the Environ.

Louis (chantant). Hail to the Sacred Hat,
"Tis my Papa sends that,
"Neath it some chiefs have sat,
Vive Pro Nono.

Whenever this pretty little piece is produced, there is a Correspondent in Paris who will tell you all about it, and what a diplomat said to him on the subject, what was, also, the opinion of the lovely Countess Dr * *, and why he was obliged to cut l'Inspiratrics on this occasion, all in large print, for the small sum of one penny.

LAW NEWS IN LITTLE.

"FROM this bench I shall bott," Says the LORD JUSTICE ROLT.

"I'm deaf to the charmer."

Says SIR BOOK-OF-PRAISE PALMER.

"Then the place I may well win,"

Says SOLICITOR SELWYN.

"And yours I shall ost." "And yours I shall get," Says the Helston man, BRETT. "If you get re-elected," -, dejected.

(The Profession will fill up this blank.)

A Fiddle in Danger.

Suppose that Mr. Punch had a daughter, who was (as such a being's daughter would be likely to be) a splendid musician, and who sang in public. Suppose, that an Iriah fiddler wrote to Mr. Punch and said, "If you will give me a good notice of my fiddling, I will engage Miss Punch for my London Concerts." What do you think, dear musical and critical friends, that Mr. Punch would do? Don't you think that he would act in the spirit of Valentine when he comes upon the musical Faust—only with better luck? Well, you shall see what you shall sec.

Inquire Within. (Friday, February 7th.)

OH, give me back my Arab steed, My pet! I've never beaten him. A voice comes from the Langham: "We'd With pleasure, but we've aten him."

Ignorance of the Upper Classes.

"A READER of the Blue Book" is informed that the letters P. C. after the names of such distinguished personages as LORD DERBY, Mr. DISRABLI, Mr. GLADSTONE, &c., do not mean Police Constable, but Privy Councillor. The same benighted inquirer should also know that "Ibid." was never the name of a newspaper, although he (or she?), as he (or she?) says, may have frequently seen it at the end of number.

PUZZLING EPITAPH ON A SUCCESSFUL RACE-HORSE.-Often flogged,

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DELIGHTFUL PROSPECT.

Hunting Man (to town friend, arrived on a visit). "Look, Old Fellow! That's the Mare I'm going to put you on To-morrow. SHE'S QUITE FRESH, YOU SEE; HAD TWO OF MY MEN OFF YESTERDAY, AT EXEBCISE!

A FEW FRIENDS.

(FROM MY PHOTOGRAPH BOOK.)

TABLEAU XV .- MY FUNNY FRIEND IN PARIS.

THE last photograph of My Funny Friend Grige in Paris. Done at Paris in a French hat, a French winter-coat trimmed with fur, with a large fur cape, usually and only worn by coachmen, and a white "hide-nose" (as he will insist upon calling his wrapper—the cache-nes of our lively neighbours) round his throat. Griges abroad is perhaps rather a greater nuisance than Griges at home. The climate, he says, raises his animal spirits, and makes him joyous and lively as a little bird on a fine

animal spirits, and makes him joyods and lively as a little bird on a line spring morning.

I am pleased to see Gaigs adopting, as it were, the national costume for the time of year. It argues, I say to myself, that he is going to try and assimilate himself to the people about him, and behave like an ordinary Parisian, for whom, in his present dress, he could easily be mistaken; that is, if he wouldn't talk.

My great desire when at Rome is to do as the Romans do, and be taken for a Roman by my travelling fellow-countrymen; this I con-

Any great desire when at Rome is to do as the Romans do, and be taken for a Roman by my travelling fellow-countrymen; this, I confess, is flattering. As it would be one of my pleasures in Turkey to be regarded as one of the Turkeys, so in Paris I derive a real pleasure from being mistaken for a Parisian. If I don't speak, the deception is perfect, and I defy any one at a table-d'hôte to detect my nationality.

The waiters, who are Prussians or Russians, can't tell, and I never lift the means of the state of

lift the mask.

Griego lifts the mask; he's always doing it, and annoying me. I try to shirk him, but it's no good. Where I go, he goes; where I dine he will dine too, and no amount of hat, sealskin wrapper, hidenose, or great-coat, can make my Funny Friend anything but a regular downright Englishman, and so half the charm of Paris is to me gone. GRIGG thinks it necessary to protest against the very French garments he has on: he finds fault with everything; while, I own, being here for pleasure, I am inclined to praise anything. In the streets and all public places he is of opinion that he is "having a lark with the

foreign coves," as he expresses it, by assuming the tone and bearing of the tradicional JOHN BULL.

We walk up the Boslevard des Italiens. I like looking in at the shop windows, dawdling my day away.

GRIGG lets me alone, and walks on for a short distance. There is a young and very pretty French lady inspecting the same window as myself. I feel that I am one of a gallant nation, and settle my shirt-collar, which is a trifle too stiff this morning. I know I can't talk to her, even if I had the pleasure of her acquaintance. But ske isn't aware of this fact, and, from her manner, I suspect she thinks me a gay young Count,—a Monsieus Juan; and her mamma or aunt, who has just caught sight of me through her spectacles, will immediately take her away. This flatters me; I don't mind confessing it; and I feel the French language flowing into my veins. The pretty girl accidentally drops her tortoise-shell purse. Accidental? Glowing with a new sensation, and with the French language and spirit rushing into me (so to speak, like the water in a house when it's "turned on"), I step forward, pick up the purse, and am about to present it to the lady with the politest bow I can make by raising my hat several inches above my the politest bow I can make by raising my hat several inches above my head, when that infernal Grieg comes up suddenly and loudly, with "Hallo, Mr. Roastbeef!" he always will call me Roastbeef, or Smith, or Brown, or some such name, in Paris; it does make me so SMITH, or BROWN, or some such name, in Paris; it does make me so angry. I try to ignore him, and in presenting the purse, am preparing a few French words, commencing with "Permettee," but what I'm going to say after that I don't know; when my Funny Friend, regardless of everything and everyone except himself and his confounded "fun," continues in a sort of robust, farmer-like voice, "I say, come and see my bull-dog kill rats, and have a lot of plum-pudding!" Plum-pudding! Bull-dog! Favouring the most mistaken French

notions about us.

I should like to explain to the pretty young French lady and her mamma or aunt that my name is not MISTER ROASTEREF, and that I am not in the habit of seeing bull-dogs kill rats and eating plumpudding at twelve o'clock in the middle of the day. There is no sort of opportunity: hearing GRIGG, they acknowledge my civility curtly, and are off.

I am annoyed : justly.

"I beg," I say to GRIGG, remonstrating firmly. "I do beg you won't call out MISTER ROASTBEEF to me again."

He says he 's very sorry—he 's always ready to say this—but he thought I'd like to keep up our national character. I am afraid that on this occasion I exclaimed Dash the national character. ("Dash"

on this occasion i exchanged Past are assistant to the word.

Whenever he is near a sentinel he invariably comes out with the word Waterleo; such execrable taste as I pointed out to him, and might lead to something serious,—with a bayonet perhaps.

might lead to something serious,—with a Dayonet pernaps.

His language in Paris, too, becomes so dreadfully strong. On every possible occasion, even when he is merely hiring a voiture, he will use what is supposed by the French to be our national compound oath.

"Combies?" for instance, I ask a voiturier, politely.

Gaige, standing at my elbow, immediately exclaims, pronouncing what French words he does use with a most execrably English accent, "Wee, Godam Rosbif, oh my eye! Combeang—how much, my eye!"

If I remonstrate, I know he will call me Mister Plumpudding. But for this I wight new praceable, among Parisians as one of themselves. for this I might pass peaceably among Parisians as one of themselves.

My Funny Friend tells me he knows Paris: certainly, Paris will

for this I might pass peaceably among Parisians as one of themselves.

My Funny Friend tells me he knows Paris: certainly, Paris will soon know him. On pretence of taking me straight to the Panthéon by a short cut, he walks me about for two hours, until at last I charge him with not knowing the way. To this he invariably has one excase, "that Paris has been so altered since he was last here." I suggest that we'd better ask a sergent de ville the way. Gauge bows politely to a stern-looking sergent. I am glad to see that he does how.

"Mossiour" says Gauge, "J'ai quelque chose à vous demander." The sergent listens officially.

"Permetiez-moi." continues Gauge. "Une porte, Monsiour—vous saves!" The sergent inclines his head, and gives all his mind to it. I am interested, being under the impression that this is some French idiom for asking your way to the Panthéon.

He continues. "Une porte, quant est-ce qu'il n'est pus une porte?" The sergent looks from Gauge to me. I confess I did not catch what he said, so unfortumately beg him to repeat it, which he immediately does, adding pleasantly, "Le donnez-ovuz en haut?" Before the official has time to decide whether he has been insulted or not, I take Gauge forcibly away, and hurry him down the first turning to the right. I tell him plannly I won't go about with him any more: where-upon he sets up a howl, and pretends to weep bitterly. If I knew my way'home, or could see a voiture, I'd leave him; but believing that he really does know his road back, it's better to stop. When he is quiet again, a difficult matter, as he will keep on bursting into tears whenever I speak to him, as if deeply hurt by my unkindness, one question occurs to me, what the dickens he meant by "Le donnez-vous en haut"?

He explains that he meant to ask the sergent, "Do you give it up?"

He explains that he meant to ask the sergent in French.

He explains that he meant to ask the sergent, "Do you give it up? and considered that that was its best form in French.

I do not mind owning to my Funny Friend confidentially that I have been only once before this to Paris, and am not very well acquainted with its highways and bye-ways. I told him this in a weak moment,

been only once before this to Paris, and am not very well acquainted with its highways and bye-ways. I told him this in a weak moment, and wish I hadn't.

I propose the Theatre in the evening. Grige says, By all means; will I take places? I will. Where? "Well," says Grige, after carefully looking over a newspaper ('pon my word, the trouble he takes to do these sort of things!), "the great success seems to be at the Morgue." Being in a good-humour, and glad to find him serious (serious?) for once, I assent (for the name of the Theatre is new to me), and offer to go to the bureau which he points out to me on the boulevard, and take places.

We enter together. There are plans of the theatres all round the bureau. I look from one to the other. The shopkeeper, or librarian, or whatever he is, civilly accosts me. "What am I in search of?" which inquiry he repeats in broken English. Sharp fellows, these; wonder how he knew I was an Englishman? I make up my mind to answer him in French, intending to say that "I want to see a plan of the Morgue;" but, foreseeing difficulties after the first two words, I condescend to reply in English.

The man stares, and doesn't understand me.

I repeat, with a dash of French in it this time to help him. He smiles. I do not like this familiarity on the part of the Librarian, and say, somewhat stermly, "Je désire deux places à la Morgue, two places at the Morgue to-night, pour woi et mon ami, ce n'est pas possible? can't I have them?" I turn to Grige, to indicate him as my friend, and to ask him to speak to this idiot of a Librarian. (By the way. "The Idiot Librarian," good name for a novel.)

My Funny Friend is not in the shop, but looking from outside through the glass door, and grinning fiendishly from ear to ear.

The Librarian, who is really a civil fellow, sees how the matter stands, and so do I sow: Grige at the window. The Librarian presents me with a Guide to Paris, and points out to me the description of the Morgue.

There are plenty of people in the bureau who have heard the

There are plenty of people in the bureau who have heard the conversation: Gaige in fits of laughter at the window. Every one laughing; I do, too. In a hot and uncomfortable state I take two Popular Concert places at the Gymnase, and then join Gaige. I tell him that this shall Classical Music.

be his last joke with me; that to-night ends our travelling companionship; that I consider myself insulted, and that his fun is beyond the limits of a joke; that—that—I have so much to say, that, as it won't come out coherently, I sum up with that it's too bad, and if I wasn't a deuced good-natured fellow, I should.

denced good-natured fellow, I should—

Here prudence warns me to break off. For after all, what is the good of apologising for not kicking a man, on the ground of your imperturbable good nature, when the expressed intention might lead him to consider it as done, and then return it? Besides, a fight between two Englishmen in the streets of Paris would be too great a scandal; and more than that, the French would find out that there was one Englishman who could not "box," a discovery which I am sure would injure our national character in their eyes.

But my Funny Friend sees his advantage, "Sir," says he, quoting in a serious tone from a celebrated farce, "can you fight?"

I tell him not to be a doukey; I say this because I know that the proper answer in Box and Cox is "No," which would lead to exactly the reply that I don't want. In a second he throws himself into a pugilistic attitude, and proceeding with the dialogue says, "Come on!"

We are at the corner of a street; I turn down it sharply, and gain our hotel. I go to my room, and meditate packing up and returning. My Funny Friend enters shortly after, penitent; he is very sorry; it was only his fun; he thought I liked that sort of thing; and if he had had any idea that he was annoying me, he wouldn't have done it for the world. Finally, he asks me to put off leaving this evening, and to come and dine with him at the Coff Angleis: he will stand the

I don't know why it is, but I like GRIGG; he is, really, a very good fellow. So we shake hands, and he goes to order the dinner. He returns for an instant, to ask me if I mind there being a third party present, a Frenchman, a friend of his? I say, "Oh, no; he is the hest." I emphasise this, so that there may be no mistake when the bill comes. "By all means; as many as he pleases."

And this brings us to one very near the end of my book—my French Friend.

NURSERY-SONGS FOR LITTLE HORSE-EATERS.

(Sung with great Applause at the Great Langham Hotel Horse Feed.)

Sing a song of horse-flesh, Or "Hippo-pha-gy"— Three "screws" served up In boil, roast, and fry! When the "screws" were eaten, The guests began to sing, "Isn't this a dainty dish To set before a king?"

Ride a stock-horse To the kitchen, of course, To see him stewed down into purée perforce: Use his liver for patties, for jelly his toes, And eat him up clean from the tail to the nose.

> Hickory, dickory, dock, Horse makes capital stock. A horse-steak fall on And you'll eat till it's gone, Hickory, dickory dock !

Hey diddle, diddle! Horse-loin in the middle, Horse-soup at each end for the spoon: The little dogs fear their supply may run short, And the knackers may shut up shop soon.

HE OUGHT TO KNOW.

DEAR MR. PUNCH, In the Times article on the fresh legal arrangements I find the following passage :-

"If, however, we are rightly informed, the opinion of Lincoln's Inn does not place the new Lord Justice in the first rank of legal authority."

It is not for me to say whether the writer is rightly informed or not, but it is only due to myself to say that if the former be the case, the opinion of Lincoln's Inn is diametrically opposed to that of

Your obedient Servant,

The Carlton Club.

CHARLES JASPER SELWYN.

Nor HIS FORTE.—The most unlikely person to meet at a Monday Popular Concert is Ms. Lows, because he would object to encouraging



RATHER AWKWARD.

ME. McPhairson (from Scotland) being in London lately, calls on an Artist whose acquaintance he had made in the HIGHLANDS A YEAR OR TWO AGO, AND SENIG IN INDUSTRIBUTED BY THE SERVANT. FANCY HIS ACCONSTMENT AND "INDREGNATION" WHEN SHE RETURNS WITH THE MESSAGE THAT "MASTER'S GOT YER ADDRESS, AN' HE WON'T FORGET YER, BUT HE'S VERY BUSY NOW, AN' DON'T WANT YER, AN' WHEN HE DOES, HE'LL SEND FOR YER!" HE RETURNS HOME TO GLEN-SLUISHY. N.B. MORE PREJUDICED "THAN EVER AGAINST THE "SOUTHRON."

Explanation.—There happened to be a pertinacious old Model of the same Name who was [constantly calling and BOTHERING.

SERENADE ADDRESSES

"SRREWADE Addresses" are a fashion in America. How fervently we long to see them fashionable here!—that is, supposing them to be what we in fairness may suppose. What good fun it would be to see a Mayor and Corporation delivering to Royalty a serenade address! Of course, we may preaume that, like other serenaders, they would have their faces blacked, and would accompany themselves upon the tambourine and bones. How funny it would be, too, if lovers took to paying serenade addresses, and EDWIN were to anigger in the costume of a nigger, when he courted Angelina with his banjo on his knee! For our own part, our addresses have long ago been paid, and we have obtained a stamped receipt for them—stamped upon our lips. We therefore have no need to make a serenade address to the lady of our love, and we are willing to present our excellent suggestion of the blacked face and the banjo to any one who fancies it may aid him in his soof. his soot.

Old Joke from the Old School.

In days when novels, (mostly female,) treat
Of crimes whose names one scarcely dares repeat,
GLADSTONE rings out the praise of WALTER SCOTT,
Well spoken, GLADSTONE. Dash the Income-Tax,
But you say well, my son, that mangy hacks
In the "long run" will die behind "Scott's lot."

NEW LEGAL MAXIM.—Mrs. BLAXTON LYTTLETON avers that a husband's word may be law, but it certainly is not always equity.

THE true "Fenian Bonds."-A good pair of handcuffs.

IRELAND'S QUACK DOCTORS.

THE case of Ireland is just now attracting the attention of the Faculty. The doctors differ about it, and empiries propose to step in with their suggestions for a perfect cure, recommending chiefly tonics, stimulants, and alteratives. We shall soon, perhaps, see some of these remedies advertised in the usual style of patent medicine-vendors.

Try the Endowment of Irish Roman Catholic Priests in grants and glebes taken from the Established Church.

For the Certain Cure of Irish Disorders have immediate recourse to the Subdivision of Landed Property. No capital required.

The Only Safe and Effectual Remedy for the Diseases of Ireland is

Periodical Confiscation.

Periodical Confiscation.

There is one thing that seems so capable of possibly doing Ireland some little good that it is a wonder no one has yet announced it as a panacea for her ailments. The soil that grows the Solanum tuberosum so well, is said to be also favourable to the growth of another member of the Nightshade family equally popular, the Nicotiana Tabacum. Perhaps a herb doctor will next come forward with his simple specific for putting Ireland to-rights, and his advice will be:—

Tax Tobacco.

To the Passionate Cabbies.

CABBIES, Cabbies, take advice, Keep your cabs clean, whole, and nice, Nor along the roadways crawl, Or public wrath will smash you all.

THE MUSICAL VALENTINE. - In The Huguenots.

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.



NET met on Thereday, the Eve of St. Valentine, and, appropriately, the Lords heard something about Promissory Oaths, but the CHAMCELLOR Would not then be explicit. LORD DERBY was unable to be present, and Mr. Punck sincerely regrets that podagra medicines are still Rupert's Drops. LORD CLANSIDARDE said something or other about Irish land, and the other Lords naturally went away. New writs in the Commons. Sin CHARLES JASPEE SELWIN, late the Solicitor General, is made a Lord Justice, and sits beside Lord Calmas, so Cambridge University wants a Member. There be two Candidates, MR. CLEASER, Q.C., and MR. BERESFORD HOPE. The latter gentleman vacates Stoke-upon-Trent. The new Solicitor-General

Trent. The new Solicitor-General is Mr. BALIOL BRETT, Q.C., Member for Helston, a very

pleasant little place in Cornwall, not far from

"The great Vision of the Guarded Mount,"

and whence you can go with much comfort and joy to the lovely sea bays, and especially to the Lizard, where the inhabitants used to crawl about on all fours till somebody came and informed them that was not the way to use their hands, so they put them into their pockets, and have kept them there ever since—according to their satiric neighbours. Mr. Brett is promised a fight for his seat, which is attacked by Mr. Roems, a Liberal lawyer, and it is a question whether Solicitor or Solicitor-General wins.

Heaps of petitions in favour of the Bill for Restricting the Sale of Liquor on Sunday. Some of them from the most unheard-of places, We should like the House to have held a competition examination, and given a prize to the man who stated, off-hand, where to look for Puddynyton, Shipton Sollars, Corsenside and Kettleboston. Punch will not be answerable for the spelling. Also, the guardians of some Union begged the House to lay a tax on all lucifer matches except those which will ignite only on their own box.

Caledonia, stern and wild, was informed that her Reform Bill would be presented on the following Monday.

Mortification and Disappointment. Absit omen, but these be ugly words in an opening speech by the Leader of the House. He had to announce that he had intended to follow the advice of the Select Committee, which recommended that Election Bribery Cases should be taken away from the jurisdiction of the House of Commons, and should be tried by the Judges. But the Judges, on being politely asked to state their views as to the best method of managing this, innitated the chickens who were consulted by their owner on the best method of cooking them. "But we don't want to be cooked." Mr. DIBRABLI did not feel equal to the famous rejoinder. "Confine yourselves to the question, Gentlemen," and in the first place felt the mortification and disappointment above mentioned, and in the second caused a new plan to be devised. Hie proposed to have a new tribunal, to be composed of three barristers, at £2,000 a year each, t

and on a second conviction should be incapable of ever coming in any more.

Our brethren the Judges objected to the original plan "on constitutional and personal grounds," and declared that the new duties would be incompatible with their oaths of office, their present functions, and their duty to the Queen and country. This sounds very imposingly. The plain English may be that they think they have enough to do already. Inasmuch as the idea that British Judges would not try election cases fairly because in earlier life those emiment persons are mostly keen politicians, is simply all our eye and Mr. JUSTICE MARTIS. We won't talk about the proverbial purity of the Ermine, because we believe that the article in question is not appended to judicial robes, and also because the story of the Mastela criminea, or stoat, being such a particularly clean beast is exploded, like every other pretty story. But Mr. Psnch has too much reverence for his brother Judges to allow such nonsense to be talked. The real objection is a valid one, but might be got over by the appointment of more Judges. Mr. Psnch, however, while he detests, abhors, and aboundates bribery in all its forms, (even in the shape of a smile from a lovely Person) cannot be blind to the fact that the opinion of the majority of Britishers is not by et sufficiently enlightened to enable them to perceive that the giving

or accepting a bribe is an offence which should send the oulprit into the felon's dock. And unless public feeling backs the laws, they will not be enforced. Argst, we must educate folks a little more before we can, with advantage, proceed to dire severity in the matter.

The House of Commons showed considerable distasts for the proposal that it should part with its power over its Members.

Mr. KNATCHEULL HUBBRESHN (precious ugly name, but awfully old, that KNATCHEULL; learned Mr. MARK ANTHONY LOWER guesses that knatch is North Country for knock, and that some KNATCHEULL of other days was a daring towider) who is a Liberal, could consent to such a transfer only to the highest tribunal.

She Francis Goldenid (Liberal) was for putting the defeated candidate into Parliament, if he had not bribed, and his victor had.

Mr. WHITERBAD (Liberal) thought it monatrous to say that the Judges could not do the work.

She Robert Collier (Liberal) had been on the Select Committee, and was disinclined to part with the House's power to any but the Judges, and so felt Mr. Russall Gurney. Mr. Sandford was for retaining jurisdiction.

metaining jurisdiction.

Mr. Lowe (Liberal) was for making the Judges do what the House required, or for shoving them off the bench. They were the public servants, and bound to do their duties like the meanest. If there were not enough, make more. But do not part with the jurisdiction to any

LORD CRANEGERE (Conservative) thought the Judges had been wise and patriotic, and he dwelt on the early politics objection. SIR ROUNDELL PALMER (Liberal-Conservative) was exquisitely polite to the Judges (at whose head he means to be one of these fine days) and thought that their number must be increased if more work

were given them.

Mr. Herley (Conservative) of course was against change.

So was Mr. Ayron (Liberal), who thought that the aspersions on election committees emanated from the impure minds of election agents. Mr. Bouverie (Liberal) too, was for retaining the power, but improving the committees.

Sie Michael Brach (Conservative), however, did not think much of

the wisdom of committees

MR. BREKELSY (Liberal) implored Government not to take away the jurisdiction.

MR. BARKERSY (Liberal) implored Government not to take away
the jurisdiction.

MR. GLADSTONE (Liberal-Conservative) thought that no blame
attached to Government in the matter. It was easier to condemn
than to suggest. The House was strong enough in the affections of
the nation to be able to cast aside ceremonial traditions needful to
weaker assemblies. He was in favour of transfer, but asked Ma.
DISRAEU to note that some twenty guitlemen, some of weight, had
protested against its being made to any inferior tribunal. He should
give candid consideration to the proposed plan.

Ms. Briefit (Conservative) thought that the case must be desperate
when a popular house would transfer its powers in regard to seats.
But there was no desperate case. Let us try to prevent bribery. It
was due to small constituencies and 'open voting. Let us make large
constituencies, and give the Ballot. The proposed remedy was
unpleasant and humiliating.

Ms. LOCKE (Liberal) was for maintaining the ancient rights of the
House. So was Mu. Carter, so was Mn. Golding.

Mn. Daret Graffettel (Liberal-Conservative) said something civil
to the Government, and was curious to know all that the Judges had
said.

said.

Mr. Disharm made no reply to him, or to anybody else, and leave was given to bring in the Bill.

Yes, Mrs. Grundy, M'm, an uncommonly dull evening, devoted to an uncommonly disagreeable subject. We can't help that. There was not an element of fun in the whole business. On the whole, it may be thought rather scandalous. The first night of the resumed session of the first assembly in the world is devoted to admissions that people get into it in a disgraceful manner, and to a discussion whether it is honest enough to deal out justice to such folks. We see nothing to laugh at, Mrs. Grundy. Nor did a single Member venture on jocularity. As Chauches saith,

"Certains they knew of briboures many mo Than possible is to tell in yeres two."

But perhaps in less than yeres two we shall have new lights on the Meantime, with tears in our eyes, we must own that the first night of the Session was not a pleasant one for the Government, and as Cowren says of the birds who would not wait for St. Valentine's day,

Friday. Loads of petitions in favour of the Sunday Liquor Bill.
Where is Frosterley, where is Compton Wyminster, where is Ubbeston, and lastly, how came Brewham to petition against Beer?

Mr. Sandford to Mr. Disraeli. Will you relieve the compound house-holders from personal payment of rates?

Mr. Disraeli to Mr. Bandford. There are no compound house-holders,

and the House unanimously agreed that they must pay personally, and it is too soon to alter the Reform Act.

Mr. Benstinck to Mr. Hunt. Have you appointed an architect for the New Courts of Law?

Mr. Hunt to Mr. Benstinck. No.

Mr. Punch to the Government. What a hurry you were in to pull down all those houses, which produced a rental of £30,000 a year, needlessly lost while you are waiting for your plans? Yah!

Mr. Forster to Mr. Disraeli. Are you going to bring in a Bill affecting the Elementary Education of the People? (The Honourable Member supplemented this question with upwards of a column of highly improving and instructive oratory.)

Mr. Disraeli to Mr. Forster. You have spoken very well, but I am going to reply only that we are.

Mr. WALFOLE, in a very pleasing speech, moved the Second Reading of the Bill for enabling the Seven Public Schools to reform themselves, if they like. These be Winchester, Eton, Shrewsbury, Westminster,

Rugby, Harrow, and the Charter House. Merchant Taylors' and St. Paul's are omitted, for fear of offending the City Companies that have charge of the endowments. Rather an amusing debate followed, and the uselessness of Latin and Greek, the shortcomings of the Schools, the desirability of neglecting the wishes of the dead old Founders, the seizure of the Schools by the classes for whom they were not intended, and all the rest of it, were served up in the customary manner, and the Bill was read a Second Time.

The Earl of Mayo asked for another Year of Suspension of the Habeas Corpus Act in Ireland. "Dr. Bull takes your case first, M'm,"—vide Cartoon. But this is merely the excellent Doctor's pre-liminary and precautionary prescription. Mr. Bagwall, Member for Clonmell (Ireland), civilly mentioned that, while he allowed that the Government exercised its power with much mildness, he should upset it unless it proceeded to deal with the Irish Question. What is that? Only an Irish Echo can answer.



A CRITICAL TIME.

Under Housemaid. "Do you think there will be any more Valentines? no wish Mr. Bung would Open the Letter-Bag!"

Upper Ditto. "LETTER-BAG, INDEED! IT'S VERY HUNDLEASANT TO 'AVE YOUR LETTERS HOVERLOOKED, PARTICKLER AT THIS TIME O' YEAR!"

A PRINCE IN A PREDICAMENT.

The Standard is an excellent paper, and has, as it deserves, a great circulation among the clergy. Consequently, we naturally look for supernatural information in its columns. Nor are we disappointed. Describing the visit of Paince Alphed to Ballarat, the Standard s lively Correspondent says,—

"The weather was intolerably hot, the wind was as high as it is to-night (and it is now howling in my ears, exulting over the ruin of my property); shoals of horsemen and lootman crowded after his carriage wherever the country was inhabited, smothered him with dust, and obliged him to drive his four-in-hand through the triumphal arches as if the devil were at his tail."

We are glad to obtain an idea of the way a Prince would act under the unpleasant circumstances finally indicated.

AN USENOWS QUANTITY.-Chiltern Hundreds.

COMFORT FOR EX-KINGS.

Ex-Kuses, and Princes dispossessed,
Doth Europe not afford to you,
Each resting in his feathered nest,
A gratifying view?

Armed against one another, blows
Prepared to strike, her nations stand.
Amongst them see how prosper those
Who cast off your command!

Their soldiers serve against their will, Lose limbs, and find untimely graves; Endare hard discipline, and drill, Meanwhile: what else than slaves?

The part that drew the luckier lot Groan under war exaction; they Who are not forced to face the shot, Are forced the shot to pay.

Conscription those, taxation these
Burdens, grinds down, oppresses, wrings
Much more than when, ex-Majestics,
They had yourselves for kings.

Not one of you, with despot's might, Used any subjects ever worse
Than those whom he compelled to fight,
Or whom he touched in purse.

Behold the food for steel and lead, Drawn up in phalanx and in line! Thra'ls of Democracy, instead Of kingly Right Divine.

Proise France, who puts on self-defence The neighbours whom she cannot fear, With armaments whose scale immense Means aim to domineer.

Praise France, from you, ye Bourbons, free. Much freedom hers!—what land has less? A military tyranny, Tied tongues, and shackled Press.

And her Elect keeps thee, old Man Of Rome, upon thy priestly throne, Whilst thou dost the foundation ban Whereon was built his own.

And Europe is a general camp, Or garrison prepared for siege, Since France must on a sister stamp For what she calls "prestige."

Meetly Worded.

The South Kensington authorities are wags. Handsome new refreshment rooms have lately been opened in the Museum, but they are not yet in a state of completeness. The following Notice has been placed on the walls, "The present arrangements, furniture, &c., of the new refreshment rooms are to be considered as only provisional." (The italies are ours, as reviewers say).



PROOF POSITIVE.

Mistress. "Your Character is Satisfactory, but I'm very particular about one thing: I wish my Servants to have plenty, but I don't allow any Waste."

Page. "OH, NO, 'M, WHICH I'D EAT AND DRINK TILL I BUSTED, 'M, RATHER THAN WASTE ANYTHINK, 'M!:"

A SPEECH-GAUGE FOR ST. STEPHEN'S.

A SPEECH-GAUGE FOR ST. STEPHEN'S.

Some journal lately stated that a sixteen-minute sand-glass, which the writer called a "Sermon gauge," had been royally presented to some pulpit near the Strand. The report was contradicted, and some heathens were believed to have felt sad for half a second at hearing that the tale was thought to be untrue.

Panch rarely condescends to borrow an idea, but no mere charge of plagiary shall stop him from suggesting, now that Parliament has met, that a Speech Gauge would be really an immense boon in St. Stephen's. Whether Members would submit to a sixteen minute limit, may be open to some question; but there cannot be a doubt that their reporters would rejoice if that restriction were enforced. What prosiness, what platitudes would they happily escape, if the longest-winded speakers were but given sixteen minutes! Perhaps, by some nice mechanism, the sand, when ending each four minutes, might be made to sound a gong, in order that the orator might time his periods aptly, and allow himself at intervals a moment for reflection. It would be terribly provoking to find one's time was up before one had blazed off all the fireworks one had been so long preparing, and orators would doubtless rehearse their speeches well beforehand, to ascertain exactly the precise amount of time each point in them would take.

Anybody who knows anything about political debates is, doubtless, thoroughly aware that few speeches are delivered in an hour and a half which might not quite as well be made in sixteen minutes. Were a speech-gauge to be sanctioned, of the limit here suggested, it would certainly teach speakers to think before they speak, a feat which very many of them have probably been hitherto too lazy to attempt. In speaking, as in writing, it is easier to be prolix than pithy and concise. As somebody says somewhere,—

"Weeds are like leaves, and, where they most abound,

Words are like leaves, and, where they most abound, Much fruit of sense beneath is rarely found."

Were crators to study "Punch's Essence of Parliament" they might learn a useful lesson in the art of condensation, and fit themselves

for making pregnant sixteen-minute speeches, which would stand a better chance of being listened to attentively, and faithfully reported, than wearisome, long-winded, empty hour and-half harangues. With a speech-gauge in the House, what a saving there would be in the time spent in legislation! How short would be the Sessions, and how small the waste of paper in the publishing of Hansard, compared with what has hitherto been squandered on debates! How rare would be the midnight sittings of the House, and to what improvement in its ways would this conduce! Instead of loitering about, and smoking till the small hours, with the dissolute excuse of expecting a division, Members would be able to get home by ten o'clock, and would be in time to take their wives into society, or to civilise themselves by going with them to the Opera, or by spending a domestic quiet evening at home. At present Parliament too often is regarded as a club, and Members, on the plea of being "wanted at the House," are led into all sorts of selfish dissipations, while their wives think them engaged in settling national affairs. If short speeches were the rule, short sittings would be usual; and Members would no longer have excuses for late hours. For domestic reasons, therefore, a speech-gauge would be really quite a godsend to the House, and, if certain "persons" were allowed to give their votes, the ways and means of getting one would speedily be granted.

Midnight legislation is seldom beneficial, and if, by setting up a sixteen-minute speech-gauge, the Commons should be led to give up their late hours, it would clearly be a proof that they possess some Commons' sense.

> ATTRACTIVE MOTTO FOR THE SHOEBLACK'S BOX. "BRIGHT be the place of thy sole."

WHAT NO MAN WOULD LIKE TO DO.—Acknowledge that his tailor lived in Tooley Street.

THE WIND TO PLEASE THE PIGS .- Sow-sow-west.

ADVENTURES OF A MONASTIC MISSIONARY.



HAVING RECEIVED CARRYLL TRAINING IN A CERTAIN STATE, THE TOUNG MONK IS DIRECTED BY HIS BISHOP TO THE PLAINS OF TIMBUCTOO.





ON CLOSE IMPY



Usider the Graphful Shade of which he recites his Norm.



HIS MELODIOUS VOICE HAVING ATTRACTED A DUEKY CARROWARY, HE WISHES HIMBELP AT HOME AGAIN.



BUT THE VORACIOUS BIRD DOSS HIS REST TO PREVENT THE MISSIONARY PROM EVER DOING SO. HENCE THE DOGGERAL.

"Where stalked the dusky Cossowary, On the plains of Timbustee; There he ate the Missionary, Beads, and prayer, and hymn-book too."

AN ENIGMA.

AN ENIGMA.

A POPULAB essayist speaks of a boy on a steamer offering "to brush human boots." By Hoby, to create a new cath, what are "human" boots? An awful thought banishes sleep. Have we not read that in the dark ages, or the middle ages, or the seven ages, or at all events ages ago, somebody, who had been proved guilty of Erastianism, or Pelagianism, or a wavering faith in astrology and the virtues of the bloodstone, or some such deadly heresy, had his cuticle tanned and converted into leather, which may still be seen by travellers ornamenting the door of the refectory of a monastery in Morocco, or was it Russia? Has this tremendous punishment been revived amongst us (look out, Colensol), and are these "human" boots the patent result? What will polished society say to such hideous cruelty? Or are they called "human" to distinguish them from inhuman, which we take to be boots that are new, that pinch, that are tight, that heat the foot, that press upon corns and callosities, on hot days and dusty roads, on hot nights and chalked floors? Or are they designated "human" to contrast them with brute; but then the beasts we are best acquainted with, the civilised animals at the Zoological Gardens, not even do they appear in Wellingtons, or elastic sides, or patent leathers?

Our questionings seem bootless. There appears to be but one other solution of the riddle. The "human boots" on board the steamer must have been the useful menial largely employed at hotels; but why he was there, unless it was his vacation, or why the boy offered to brush him in particular, or why the popular essayist saw anything so remarkable in the occurrence as to chronicle it for us and after time, long reflection and much smoke have failed to discover.

Oxford Political Economy!

ALACK and alas, those Oxford codgers
Have rejected crudite THOROLD ROGERS,
Because in seal with error to grapple,
He dared to speak in a Baptist chapel:
They'd rather live in total celipse,
Than be led to truth by the light of Dips.

OF SEEING AN ADVESTISEMENT.

WHAT is " Orthopraxy?" Is it the correlative of Orthodoxy?

ADVENTURES OF A MONASTIC MISSIONARY.



VULTURES APPROACH THE CHOKING AND REHAUSTED BIRD, HENCE THE WELL-KNOWN COMPANION PROTURES, "THE DYING CAMEL."



THE WHOLE PARTY ARE ROUSE ABOVE THE PALM-TRESS, HENCE THE COMPARION PICTURE OF " S. KATHARINE'S TRANSLATION."



OWING TO SOME FAULT IN ONE OF HIS SANDALS, THE MISSIONARY GOES HEAD-PIRST INTO ONE OF THE PALM-TREES. HAVING SEQUENCE HIS BOOKS, HE PAYS HIS LAST RESPECTS TO THE INHABITANTS OF THE PLAINS, AND RETURNS HOME TO REVINERATE HIS CONVERSIONS AND SOLICIT AN INCREASE: SUPPLY OF ALMS.

PHYSICIANS OF THE FAIR SEX.

Mn. Punch,
When your likeness has passed through a photograph and a
woodcut, why do you resemble a patient with tic-doulouseux? Because
you suffer in the face. And if you suffer, Sir—excuse me—what must

woodcut, why do you resemble a patient with the doulowreum? Because you suffer in the face. And if you suffer, Sir—excuse me—what must a lady?

This question should be considered with reference to a portrait which adorns the Lady's Own Paper. It is meant for Miss Elizabeth Garrit, Physician, and L.S.A. I am told that it is like enough to be recognisable, but very inadequate. Mr. Brallagham informs me that it might be taken for the picture of a considerably elder twin-sister. The "ounterfeit presentment" of the above-named lady, is accompanied by a sketch of her career, the like of which might be recommended to the pursuit of young ladies disposed thereto, and capable thereof. Might be, that is, if the Apothecaries, unable, legally, to reject Miss Garret, had not since, by a by-law, excluded female candidates for their diploma, and if such candidates were not also excluded by the other medical corporations.

Why, Sir, are they excluded? According to Dr. Prig and Dr. Pumpwater, because the constitution of the female mind is not adapted to the cultivation of medical science. Pumpwater and Prig might as well say that women have no right to be pianists because the constitution of the female mind is not adapted to the cultivation of medical science. Pumpwater and Prig might as well say that women have no right to be pianists because the constitution of the female mind is not adapted to the cultivation of musical science. Many women are quite as capable of routine practice as the average of medical men, in so far as intelligence goes, only they want nerve for it. The number of women fit to be medical women may not be great. But what shall we say of the man who argues that therefore the injustice of excluding them from the medical profession is small? Palliating an injustice on the ground that it is "only a little one," betokens a no small Philistine; but confounding, moreover, an injustice done to a small number with a small injustice bespeaks a very Goiasth of Philistines.

They have their living to get, and wish to

in nine hundred and ninety-nine thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine cases out of a million, and they don't much value the chance of the paradise on Earth which it offers them. A few would accept husbands if they could find men that they could like better than other men; these are among the salt of the earth, only the earth, I fear, Sir, is but slightly seasoned by them. Those of them who have as much brain as heart would make first-rate doctors.

Well, Sir, and then there are girls who can't get married because they are "plain" and men for whom they would be valuable wives are so dull as not to see that a plain face will never spoil, whereas a handsome one will, generally very soon, whilst, long before that, familiarity will have bred disregard for it, not to say contempt.

Besides, Mr. Punch, a medical lady might marry as well as practise. She might go into double partnership with a medical gentleman. Her specialty, of course, would be the night-bell business, and when summoned on that, she could leave the alceping partner, for the time being, behind.

I am interested, Sir, in the future of some young ladies. Their

behind.

I am interested, Sir, in the future of some young ladies. Their faces are their fortunes, and very fair fortunes too, but their abilities would be more lucrative if they could exert them in the medical line. I have seen them at work on fashion-book patterns as intricate as the distribution of the fifth pair of nerves. If they were only to give to the study of anatomy the attention which they devote to that of fiddle-faddle, they would soon qualify themselves for the Fellowship of the College of Surgeons. But they can't try for it. I say, this is a shame, and I say, moreover, that it is not for men's interest that girls should be under the necessity of marrying, when they would, if they could, take refuge from matrimony in medicine.

You are no Fenian, Sir, but blow up the Council which presides over medical education. Make them throw open the healing profession to ladies who have qualified themselves for its practice. That they had better make a graceful concession whilst they can, than be forced to do justice by a Reformed Parliament, is a suggestion respectfully offered to them by a Brother

Chip.

P.S. The medical corporations will perhaps make a merit of being no respecters of Persons. An indifferent joke, Sir, to cover a wrong.

Theatrical Note and Query.

WHEN the poet wrote,

" Superfluous ' lags' the veteran on the stage,"

was the meaning that he transports his audience?
We think not, and that the transportation should be that of the old bore.



STUDY OF AN ANIMATED DISCUSSION

BETWEEN TWO GENTLEMEN OF DIAMETRICALLY OPPOSITE VIEWS.

Subject of Discussion: Gentlemen's Evening Dress. Shall it remain as it is, or shall Black Velyst Knickerbockers and Silk Stockings be Substituted for the discrett Cloth Unmentionables now in vogue?

ANOTHER "ROCK AHEAD."

Mr. Porch is chivalry itself. Whenever a new Knight comes into the ring, Sir Magnus Porch courteously hails him, introduces him to the spectators, reads out the heraldry on his shield, and wishes him good fortune and the smiles of dames. Having thus done his duty to the atranger, there is nothing to prevent Sir Magnus Punch from laying lance in rest, and coming down, as Load Lytron says, like an Armed Storm on horse and horseman, and knocking them into the middle of next week. It all depends upon the like or dislike he may take to the proceedings of the new party. In this spirit he apprises his readers that there is a young weekly paper called The Rock, which is of the class called religious. He has seen but one number—the fourth. There is no lack of vigour in it. The new journal's mission is to assail the Church of Rome—the Mock Turtle Ritualists—and the cemeine of the Church of Ireland, and, as we infer, the Broad Church and the independent thinkers. Draw Closz, who signifies his admiration of the paper, encourages it not to be afraid of speaking out. So it attacks the Archesishor or Camperbury for presuming to call the Greek clergy "his brethren in the Lord." The paper has a picture of itself, but this is not a rock, but a mountain cone, on the top of which only a very few people can stand; a hint, we suppose, that the Evangelical conductors believe that a very few people think rightly, or are in a safe condition. The pitch into Catholic priests generally is done with energy; and when we have added that the Rock recommends Foxs's Book of Martyrs to everybody, we shall have performed our office of courtesy. Greeting the Rock politely, we retire with the idea that we may have to smash some Roc's eggs.

Legally Impossible.

"At the last sitting of the March Magistrates"—such is the be-giuning of a paragraph detailing something which occurred before this Bench one day last month. Can any one explain how it is possible for the March Magistrates to sit in January?

A PEABODY TO THE POLICE.

It is with peculiar satisfaction that Mr. Punch transcribes, from a police report of the proceedings at Marlborough Street, on Saturday, the 8th instant, the following announcement:—

"Expressions Thousands and Garronze came to the Court to apprise Mr. Knox that a gentleman had given a donation of £1000, the interest of which was to be applied to the purpose of giving recompenses and graduties to future constables injured or malireated in the exercise of their duties. Six Thousas Hannay, Ms. Vaudran, Ms. Knox, and another Magistrate were named trustees; and the gottleman, who did not desire his name to be made public, wished the circumstance to be known, as it might have the effect of inducing others to come forward and subscribe to this fund."

whenever Mr. Passes obliges the universe with a solo on the trumpet, he always berrows an instrument for that purpose. He never, on any occasion, makes use of his own, except in the seclusion of perfect solitade, when he occasionally gives breath to the music of an approving conscience. He cannot, however, refrain from pointing out the speedy sequence of the donation above recorded upon the remarks that lately appeared in a certain periodical on the high deserts of policemen who incur bodily harm in their country's service. He will not say that there are any who owe him a thousand pounds, because there are many who owe him a million: his love is worth a million, and he hopes it will go for what it is worth to increase the fund which affluent and generous persons will subscribe to constitute for the reward of brave policemen hurt in the execution of their glorious duty, that of protecting his valuable readors.

Political On Dit.

It is rumoured that Mr. Gathorne Hardy, conscious that those Gladstophobists, the Tory Dons and Country Clergy, would as soon have thought of returning Mr. Bright as their Representative as himself, if they had supposed he would have supported a Radical Reform Bill, has consistently determined to resign his seat as Member for the University of Oxford.



THE REAL TRADE UNION.

COOK. "NO, MR. PICKLES, THERE AIN'T NO HORDERS, AND THINGS IS COME TO A PRETTY PASS!
WHAT WITH THEM CO-ROBBER-ATIVE STORES—AND NO PRESENTS—WHAT'S TO BECOME OF HUS PORE
SERVANTS—LET ALONE THE TRADESPEOPLE—GOODNESS GRACIOUS ONLY KNOWS!"



THE REAL TRADE UNION.

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A FEW FRIENDS.

(FROM MY PHOTOGRAPH BOOK.) :

LAST TABLEAU,-MY FRENCH PRIEND .- PROSPECT FOR MY FUNNY FRIEND.-PINISH.

At the corner of the street, on our way to the Cafe, I am introduced by Greec to Monsieve Farses, subsequently my French Friend.

It would be more correct to say, that on this very cold day I am introduced to a great-coat and cape, a stout pair of shoes below, a cachenes and a medium-crowned hat above, which, taken together, contain my French Friend. He reminds me, coming upon him in this way, of a chardes; when, for instance, my first is a hat and wrapper, my second is a great-coat and boots, and my whole is M. Farses. I don't tell him this, as I can't arrange it in French; and, if I could, perhaps he mighta't like it. Grege tells me he's called several people out for less and that he's a peppery little fellow. He adds that I shall like him well enough when I know him. I should like to hear some account of his duelling, and whether he'd ever shot anybody. By the way, to my surprise, I hear my Funny Friend talking French volubly to this gentleman, and also to the waiters at the Cafe, so that his calling me MISTER ROSEIV and MILORD PLUM-PUDDING in the public streets, with loud observations in execrable French, is simply unpardonable.

My French Friend emerging from his chrysalis state of great-coat

tions in execrable French, is simply unpardonable.

My French Friend emerging from his chrysalis state of great-coat shell, is a gay butterfly in bluish coat of a sporting cut, a white waist-coat, and a tie of many brilliant colours. He is sharp-eyed, eager to speak, and careless of reply. He has a little pecking habit at table, arising, probably, from the presence of kors-d'osveres in small dishes, which amuse his leisure time between the courses.

I like meeting him, because it will be admirable practice for my French. I am a long time about taking off my own upper-coat and hat, so that, when I do turn to face him in the salle-d-manger, I shall have a sentence ready in the best possible style to start with. After that, my future will depend entirely upon him. If he says anything I don't understand, I can only look doubtful, and laugh.

This course answers with most people, but not with duellists: won't do (it suddenly strikes me) to look doubtful and laugh at what may be (though unintelligible to me) an assertion made by a man who will immediately say, "Pistols," and give me his card if I smile when he's talking.

immediately say. "Pistols," and give me his card if I smile when he's talking.

I approach him, nervously, but determined not to let him have, so to speak, the first fire. I am going to say something to him about having a good appetite. I smile at him. He at me. I cough. Now then: there's no one here; Grifes is out of earshot, so he can't laugh at me if I'm wrong, and the waiter (who detects me as an impostor in French) is out of the room.

A remark about the weather is better for a prelude; he can't call me out for saying it's a cold day. Unless, indeed, he differs with me, and a "peppery fellow" will quarrel about anything. "Ahem!" I say, rubbing my hands, so as to convey an idea of my meaning, "It fast bien froid, s'est-ce pas?"

"Yes," returns my French Friend, "it is very cold." And this in excellent English. I am disappointed, and feel that "Yes, it is," lacks brilliancy as a reply.

excellent English. I am disappointed, and feel that "Ies, it is," lacks brilliancy as a reply.

M. Farra tells me "he has been in England—lived there, in fact, during one year and a half." It is some years since. He likes much London. Being on the subject of amusements, he informs me that he considers the entertainment at the Coal Hole, presided over by Barra Nicholson, is the fashionable lounge for our sprigs of aristocracy. I enlighten him, in spite of Grice, who assures him that he is perfectly correct, and as dinner proceeds we warm towards one another. That is, he occasionally asks me how I call so-and-so in English, and I return the compliment by requesting him to name something or other in French.

return the compliment by requesting him to name something or other in French.

We must, he says, after the champagne, be his guests during our stay. Accepted with pleasure. Will we go to the theatre to-night, for example? Yes, we will. Then do not trouble yourselves about taking places, he says: he will see to that. Shall we take a voiture to the theatre? By all means. We are in the street. We must not, he theatre? By all means. We are in the street. We must not, he asys again, trouble ourselves about a voiture: let him get one. We are, he reminds us, his guests. This is after Gauge's dinner. I whisper to Gauge that his friend is a capital fellow, and that now we shall see Parisian life, inexpensively.

We drive to a theatre. My French Friend, who has chatted all the way about various celebrities, jumps out, and is followed by Gauge. I conclude that my French Friend settles for his guests' cab, so walk into the theatre. I am summoned back persumptorily by the coachman. I offer him two frances, which he acouts and enters into a long explanation. I don't understand it, but to save a row give him another franc. Now this is just what I should have liked my French Friend to have settled. It's too bad of Gauge, at all events, to go on and leave me to pay. I find them both at the ticket place.

My French Friend is very lively, he tells me he has settled it, that he has got three places for us; three of the best stalls. He winks at

me as much as to say his interest here has done this. I say, "Oh! this is very kind of you, I'm sure." He replies, "Not at all, not at all. I am at your orders. Look there, the tickets." The Box office keeper holds out her hand with three tickets to me. I thank her, and am about to follow my friends, when she screams out that I haven't paid. I am astoniahed. "Hasn't my friend paid?" "No," "Oh! then how much?" "Fifteen francs." 'Pon my soul it's too bad of Garee. When I find my seat, I am next to my French Friend, who is delighted to see me again, and congratulates me on having had the bemefit of his assistance in getting such an excellent position. I am a little hurt. He translates (at Grage's request, confound him!) all the points in the play out loud to me, as it proceeds. I tell him twice that I understand it perfectly, but Grage on the other side whispers that I don't, and my French Friend is very proud of airing his English in the presence of his fellow-countrymen in the house. I should prafer being alone and laughting when I like.

Going out of the theatre, between the acts, we meet a flower-girl-Grage addresses me loudly as Monshur Le Parson, and stands before me bowing with his hat in his hand. I try to pass him, but the flower-girl has me fast by the buttonhole, in which she is placing a mess-rose. A delicate attention. I thank her profoundly, and am about to walk away when she hopes that Monshureneum will not forget her, pecuniarily. I give her a franc, and I think I leave her abusing the meanness of Royalty. I beg Grage not to play the foel. He complains that there is no pleasing me, I can't leave him, as he has my ticket for re-entry.

After the theatre our French Friend reminds us that we are his

that there is no pleasing me. I can't leave him, as he has my ticket for re-entry.

After the theatre our French Friend reminds us that we are his guests, and in his hands. Will we sup? Feeling inclined for this gaiety, I say yes, by all means. He walks between us, and says alily that he 'll take us somewhere. He himself does not care for supper, but he knows we English cat always. He will take perhaps a cup of chocolate, but he adds good-naturedly we can have what we like. What will we command? I say politely, 'leave it to him.' Gange says he shall only pick a bit and see me feed. Supper is brought; the waiter, by mistake, brings for three; I press them to join, they consent.

Consent.

Monszeur Farea will show us everywhere to-morrow, and take us to another theatre. I understand what his taking us means. He meets a comrade at the Café, who joins us, and is introduced. He doesn't speak any English. He is a little, thin man, with a large moustache. Garge tells me it is Alexander Dumas. I disbelieve him; whereupon Garge refers me to the waiter for corroboration, or to our French Friend, who, when asked, roplies, Certainly, yes. After this, I am not astonished to hear that this is a literary Café, and Garge points out several distinguished people including M. Offensellach, who is, curiously enough, humming one of his own airs out of the Grand Duckess. He subsequently joins us, knowing our French Friend. I like Alexander Dumas; he is still quite a young man, and apparently very foud of oysters.

Friend. I like ALEXANDER DUMAS; he is still quite a young man, and apparently very fond of oysters.

Our French Friend calls for the bill; GRIGG says he won't hear of his paying it, and hands it over to me.

It is made out for five, including, as I find, what M. Offinach had before we came in. I don't like to say I won't pay, but I'll talk seriously to GRIGG afterwards. (GRIGG, on getting home, by the way, says it's the regular French custom.) I am delighted, of course, to entertain such distinguished visitors, but if I go on at this rate I shall have to return home in two days. I can't stand ALEXANDER DUMAS spain.

Nest morning. Thorough row with GRIGE, on finding, from published photographs, that M.M. ALEXANDRE DUMAS and OFFERNACH are totally different people. I leave to night. I don't tell GRIGE. I pen a note to my French Friend, thanking him) for his hospitality, and another for GRIGE (who is out somewhere with him), telling him that I leave the hotel bill for him to settle. For once I have the best of him, and so home.



"EVIL COMMUNICATIONS," &c.

Mr. Trevbleugh (sounding the boys in Modern History—his son Reginald and Master Shuttleton, his clever schoolfellow, on a holiday visit). "Who was the great Leader of the Reformation Abroad; RH, Reginald?"

Reginald (for a wonder). " MARTIN LUTHER."

Mr. T. "AND WHO WAS THE GREAT ENGLISH REFORMER!"

Young S. (promptly). "JOHN BRIGHT!"

[Mr. T. is certain "that boy will come to no good," and resolves to discourage the acquaintanceship.

PROFESSORS FOR PIGEONS.

That eminent member of the Society of Friends—to the Turf—Areus, thus writes in the Post with reference to the case of a young nobleman victimised by usurers, and to a similar case in which usurers were baulked of their prey by a judgment in Chancery :-

"With this precedent on their side, which may be found in any of the reports, it is to be hoped that the representatives of Lord Jersey may rescue him from the extraordinary position in which he is placed at the present moment, for to be charged sixty thousand for the loan of eight is beyond a joke. I would also submit to the new head-master of Eton the propriety of calling the attention of his more wealthy pupils, or those with great expectations, to the above miserable case, in order that they be cautioned against the jackals of the bill-discounters and the temptations of their circulars, as by so doing much after-misery might be averted."

It is to be feared that head-masters of public schools, being clergymen, are, owing to prejudices of education and calling, too generally unaccustomed to may not perhaps have been used to read the instructive letters of Argus. Many a reverend gentleman, too, in scholarship though excelling Joseph Scalinger, may in knowledge of the world be an absolute ignoramus, and perhaps not even know what a bill-discounter is. Not every head-master of a school may have the ability to put a boy up to snuff of the sort mentioned by Argus. But there is now before Parliament a Public Schools Bill. Couldn't a clause be introduced into that measure making requisite provision for teaching the young idea how to shoot aloof from prowling usurers and avoid their snares? Suppose a proper preceptor were appointed to give the senior pupils at public schools all meedful information on the ways of this wicked world, and especially about the faced in the frame various regues, with their arts and devices, who lie in wait to trepan and plunder youth. He might teach them, in periodical lectures, what for example, is the difference between honest and dishonest bill-discounting, how a rascally bill-discounter makes his money, how he practises on greenhorns with expectations, and

in what ruinous debt he finally involves them. These lectures might be illustrated with specimens of the letters and circulars by means of which the money-lenders investe lads into their clutches, and also with aketches, and if possible with photographs, of some of those secondrels, to give the hearers an ocular idea of what sort a fellow a bill-discounter of the harpy breed generally looks like, so that they may know one when they see him.

At the Universities, with a view to the inculcation of some knowledge of life on those who are about to enter it, the Government, failing private munificence, would do wall to found Professorships of that desiderated knowledge. They might be called Professorships of Savey, or, if a title less trivial than that were required, Professorships of Practical Experience. With proficiency in this, equal to their other attainments, men having taken high places in examinations for honours, would no longer go up to London and out into the world only to be plucked.

BISHOP GRAY.

(Dedicated to A. C. LONDON.)

Hz's all your fancy painted him;
A sound High Church divine;
But Natal it is another's
See no more void than mine.
You shoved not out one never shoved With above in legal way:
Oh the law, the law'll be broken
By the move of BISHOP GRAY!

The mitre leave suspended o'er
His brow at airy height;
The new lawn alceves put by for him
Whilst you are bound by right. His mitre name no more to me; His alceves take hence away: Oh the law, the law'll be broken By the move of Bishop Gray!

I shrunk not, when they summoned me To swell the censure's blast, But due tribunal there was none; No valid judgment passed.

Then since that truth must be confest, Don't give us cause to say, Oh the law, the law was broken By the move of BISHOP GRAY.

REFUGE FOR ROGUES.

ADDRESSING an audience composed of members of the Social Science Association, in the lecture-room of the Society of Arts, Dr. Lethers informed them that:—

"Alum was found in bread to increase the water in it, so that a sack of flour, instead of making 94 loaves, should make 100, then water was put into milk, dripping into butter. Ostend butter was manufactured at Bow—(isughter)—gelatine was ingeniously put upon isinglass, chicory into coffee, sulphuric acid into vinegar, and tea was faced with blackitesd."

How are we to deal with the shopkeepers who are guilty of these dishonest practices? Our ancestors had their ways of dealing with them:—

"In the olden time there existed a law that the trader convicted of adulterating any article in which he dealt, was made to walk in the public theroughfares with a specimen of the article on his breast and a label,—"This is adulterated, and I'm the fellow that did it."

DR. LETHERT has probably referred to a legend couched in the phraseology of a former period. "Here you may see a cheate and ye knave that wrought ytt," DR. LETHE-BY went on to say of the fraudulent offender that:—

"For the second offence he was drawn on a hurdle, and for the third he was put into the pillory, and his trading licence was removed."

There may be some reason to regret that modern refinement forbids us to deal with rogues as our fore-fathers did. A fellow who had been facing his tea with blacklead would well deserve to have his own viage faced in the frame of the pillory with unpleasant missiles. But the question how to deal with rogues of this description is happily superseded by the discovery of the ways how not to deal with them, by dealing, instead, with Cooperative Stores.



A CHANGE HAS COME OVER JENKING'S NIGHTMARE. A Horse cannot keep on bolting in Hanway Street for ever, even WE THINK THAT THE CRISIS OF SAID NIGHTMARE IS APPROACHING PAST. IT MUST END IN ONE WAY OR ANOTHER; WE HOPE IT WILL DO SO ERE JENKINS'S REASON, WHICH IS ALREADY TOTTERING, BE COMPLETELY DETHRONED.

A VILLAGE IN ARCADIA.

A VILLAGE IN ARCADIA.

Mr. Pusch lately excited a great deal of black bile by comparing the Black Country and New Zealand—by no means to the advantage of the former, as respects the practical savagery of its masses. Without bating a word he then wrote, he has since admitted that many of the neglects, abominations and miseries he had deplored in the region of coal and iron might be found in other manufacturing districts. Oh, those dreadful manufacturing districts! Let us fly from them to the pure air and primitive simplicity of the country! "O Rus quando te aspiciam!" Come, Gentle Reader, and accompany your Panch in a ramble through one of these regions of rural felicity.

The scene is Terling, an outlying village, some distance beyond railways, four miles to the west of Witham, in the famous calf-county, Essex. The country is flat and moist: water stagnates everywhere in pools and ditches. The village lies scattered about the aloping banks of the Ter, a rivulet flowing into the Blackwater. The houses are most of them tumble-down lath-and-plaster sheds, on a slight brick basement; others all of wood, rotten and worm-eaten; a few, more recent, of brick. The population, about 900, is made up of labourers on 10s. or 12s. a week, and their families. Fresh meat they rarely taste; a piece of bacon, or a herring, even, are occasional luxuries. Vogetables and bread-and-cheese are the staple diet.

Dr. Thorres, a Medical Inspector of the Privy Council Office, reports of these Arcadians:—

"From the description which I received of the villagers it appears also that they have a tender to the country to the start they have a tender to the country.

reports of these Arcadians:—

"From the description which I received of the villagers it appears also that they have a tendency to isolate themselves, many hardly ever leaving their own parials, oven to visit a neighbouring village, and hence they informarry to such an oxtent, that 'half the people are related to each other.' They are intellectually and physically of a low type, there are among them eight or nine idiots and imbedie children, all poem duil of comprehension, and 'hardly a well-built man is to be seen.' An extraordinarily large number of them are the victims of phthisis and serofule; this may be partly accounted for by the numerous inter-marriages, partly by the moisture of the soil and the atmosphere, and the entire absence of all drainage. Agus was very prevalent throughout the neighbourhood until about the year 1840, but it is now only seen on rare occasions. There is much intemperance in the place, ligitimate shillren abound, sometimes many in one family, and so distinguishing a merit is it deemed for a girl to marry without being pregnant, that to each such bride, a principal benefactress of the village is in the habit of giving a special wedding glit."

So much for the Arcadians, and now for their Arcadia.

So much for the Arcadians, and now for their Arcadia.

"At Terling all the nuisances which are generally associated with outbreaks of typhoid fever exist in great and unusual abundance, and all that is necessary to produce contamination of air, soil, and water is to be found throughout the village. The cottages are literally surrounded by every species of nuisance that it is possible to conceive; sleps and sakes are thrown down on the unpaved yards and gardens; manure heaps, cosspools, and masses of decaying regetable matter ile round about. The privies, none of which have a properly constructed tank for the reception of faced matter, are in many instances in a most dilapidated state, and owing to their being frequently constructed of wood, the bank is in part broken away, and the contents either lie in masses on the ground, or else are collected in large holes which have been dug out for that purpose; and Loso Ravizzon having granted allotments of ground to his tenants, they cherish and store up these foul accumulations, nominally for the purposes of manure until they assume a magnitude which none but those who have seen them can believe in. Surrounding one cottage, and within a circumference of 26 feet of it. I found one pigatye, three manure hasps, two cesspools, and a privy, the contents of which extended about 12 feet down an adjoining field."

Note that this reassant is the recorded and a point and a prive the recorded and a prive that the recorded and a prive that the recorded about 12 feet down an adjoining field."

Note that this passage in the report has the comical side-note-" Administration of sanitary law in the place."

Now for the water with which these Areadians wash down their vegetarian diet:—

"In the central part of the village, each cottage, or each group of two or three, has its own well, and if the ground is at all undusting, it is invariably placed at the lowest point. These wells, which are all sunk in the gravel, are as a rule uncovered, and are merely lined with bricks placed loosely one above another, without any comment or plaster; their depth, which varies from about 5 feet to 40 feet, agrees with the increase in the rise of ground. On a higher level than these wells, and everywhere surrounding them, ills the various nutsances just enumerated; and when we remember the loose and porous nature of the soil, and the case with which it admits of the percolation of fluids, the closeness of such sources of contamination to the cottager drinking water is seen to be fraught with the greatest danger. Some of the cottages lying in the outskirts of the village, have no wells, and those who reade in them are therefore compelled to fetch their drinking water from ponds in the adjoining fields. All the drainage from the field ditches, and at times from the roadeldes runs into them, the cattle frequent them, and in summer they are, to use the expression of a resident, 'nothing better than stinking pools.' In only one instance did I find that the river water was used for drinking purposes, but in this case at a point where the stream was little better than a sewer."

Can we wonder if King Typhus, looking out for a place for a revel, should have pitched on Terling? He had paid flying visits to it in his frequent "progresses" through our happy island, but this time he

sat himself down for right royal disport. On December the 4th he arrived, and by the 13th of January 908 were down under his heavy hand. The death-bell tolled perpetually, till, for the sake of the living, its death-recording verice was elleneed. Women with tears flowing down their cheeks, called from their cottage-doors for help. The fever-stricken lay in almost every house—in many two and three in one bed, most of them women and children. Typhus was King of Terling—King without a check on his suprametr, or a curb on his royal will. But how about those whom the law has placed to keep the ground against him

Let Da. THORNE answer :-

Let Da. THORSE answer:—

"The mulanes suthority for the willing of Twing is the Beard of Guardians of the Withem Union, and from what I have stated, if move be seen that this authority had entirely neglected its duty. On the first of December I was powers at a meeting of the Beard: I explained to them the terripus nature of the specients which had broken out in Twing, and pursuant to my instructions urged upon them the necessity of prompts and energetic action as the only means by which the fover could possibly be arrested. I expectally directed their attention to the importance of men, first, that the fifth, which was a shouldest, should be removed after it had been disinfected; secondly, that the siths, which was a should without delay to adopted with a pure water supply; and thirtly, that means should without delay to adopted with a distinguish of the overcrowding. The Beard apparently my the importance of following the advice gives, and immediately gave orders for a large quantity of disinfectants, whigh were at once distributes in the cottagers, and applied to the various nulamons. Fermission was also given to all the medical neces for a large quantity of disinfectants, whigh were at once distributes in the cottagers, and applied to the various nulamons. Fermission was also given to all the medical neces for a large quantity of disinfectants, whigh were at once distributes in the cottagers, and applied to the various nulamons. Fermission was also given to all the medical neces for a large quantity of disinfectants, which were the best few was always kept ready made. Unfortunately these produced where the best few was always kept ready made. Unfortunately these programs and the house the medical case of the Board. On the 19th of January, 1884. I said attended a meeting of the ready of the r

At least it may be said, if the local authorities had neglected their At least it may be said, if the local authorities had neglected their duty before the outbreak, they were disposed to show some alacrity in shutting the door after the enemy had established himself. But he had already effected his lodgment, and was not to be easily ousted. In the interval between the 22nd of December, when Dr. Thunkurs first visited Terling, and the 29th of January, when he made a second inspection, he found the fever had continued to spread, and had risen from women and children to able-bodied men and boys. Up to that date 260 cases had occurred. "Of course," it will be said, "in spite of all that the local authorities could do, in the way of streamous exercise of their powers under the Nuisances Removal Act."

Let Dr. Thoune's second report answer on this point :-

Let Dr. Thorne's second report answer on this point:

"Notwithstanding that the urgency of very immediate and prompt action had been again and again present upon the Beard Guardians, I still found abonainable nuisances in Terling, and it is hardly possible to speak in sufficiently strong terms of the culpable neglect shown by that authority. Fortunately the vestry of the parish (the Sewer Authority), setting under See. II. of the Santiany Act 1866, had in three of the most populous parts of the village provided a pure water supply for the liabsibilizers; but to give an example of the mode in which the Board omitted to perform their ordinary duties, even when the villagers were dying around them, I would call attention to a nuisance of colossal magnitude situated behind some sortiages on the Upper Green. Within about ten or twelve feet of the back doors and within the Upper Green. Within about ten or twelve feet of the back doors and within the standard broad, full of stagmant fluid. Over this ditch four wooden privise are placed, and their entire contents fall into it; the floor in one of them is nearly broken away. All the slope from these cottages are also poured into the ditch, and for a space of between fifty and sixty yards a foul urinous fluid with faced matter floating on its surface, lay scaking into the portous sell on which the cottages are built, and emitting a stemoh which I, in common with two companions easily detected at a distance of 100 yards. This abominable nuisance has been the subject of much discussion; twice I formally brought it under the notice of the Board, and on two consistent pointed it out to the officers of the authorities, especially on account of the existence of faver in the adjecting cottages, but, unfortunately, on the 30th of January it was in the same state as when I first drew attention to it. Evidently the anion of the village would be disgraceful, even if this vast quidemnic had not rounded the fluid and on the village would be disgraceful, even if this vast quidemnic ha

Verily, a great principle is "Local Self-Government," and BUNDLE is prophet! its prophet!

Luckily, private benevolence has done and is doing its best to supply the shortcomings of local officialism:—

"Fortunately for the sufferers," says Dz. Thomas, "immense private efforts have been made for their relief. Terling Place has been, to use the expression of an inhabitant," an open forces; when brandy, beet sa, milk, and insuries have been Bisersity supplied those that it readsuce, and Dz. Grason who has without official chileratur, given us almost all his time in attaining to the olds, infraried me that, at Lond and Lady Raylengia expense, the poor were provided with every regulatte,

and had their lines weeked for them. In addition to this, as the Nulsance Authority had made as attempt to remedy the overcrowling, Lous RAYLEIGE had fitted up the village school as a convalenced hospital for children; these were brought to it in a covered wagner, and on their arrival they were stripped and washed, then entirely rediched with generating provided by private individuals, and placed under the care of a lady nurse. Sisters from Sk Margaret's Home, Bast Grisstad, were superintending the nursing throughout the village, and spending that rapids with the most changerous case.

If King Typhus be finally driven out of Terling, he need not go far for his next "Grand Court." He has only to move four miles eastward to Witham, which Dr. Trouve thus describes:—

"Without is a small town, containing about 3500 inhabitants, and is the only place in this Union which is governed by a Local Board of Health. The main severa have an appearance of great cleanliness and comfort; but on passing from them into courts and alume which are hidden from the general view, occapools dilapidated priving, with their contents running about the yards and gawtess, biags of descript animal and oversides matter, and every species of nuisance can be found in abundance. Some of the inhabitants live in hovels of the most miserable description, where they are surrounded by intolerable stembors, and, I was informed the titing dark of complaint to their landlords or to the language and, I was informed the titing dark one of complain to their landlords or to the language of the lithiness around them, for if they no to the formes they fear that he will turn them east of them, out of them, on the content of the content of the content of the properties on which the words nuisance court being receiving parch relief. But a more serious obstacle even than this exists to any sanitary improvement. The properties on which the words nuisance care to be more or many of the Local Board, and I would especially allude to several groups of cottages belonging to a Mrs. Towards, the stanking nuisances around which render them unift for human habitation. Its. Towards is a gentleman of large fortune, he has a seet at the Local Board, and yet so much has he neglected the dwellings of the poor which belong to him, that the magistrates have been compelled to summon him before them, in eacher the force him to resucce nuisances on his cottage property."

Brave, assuis, Local Self-Government. There is a clause in the

Brave, assis, Local Self-Government! There is a clause in the Sanitary Act of 1866, empowering the Sacastran or State to inquire info cases where Local Authorities neglect their duty, to make order on them for the performance of that duty, and on non-compliance with that order, to appoint a person to do the necessary work. Has this clause been invoked, or put in operation, in this case, or in the many similar cases? And if not, why not?

The question should be asked where an answer can be insisted upon.

A GROAN FROM A SWELL

Hann's everything going post-haste to the devil—
Noblesse, good society, manners, and men!
In the Army, the Navy, the Service called "Civil"—
As it was in old times, but will ne'er be again.
Office-doors ope not now to a Peeress's ticket,
No more by "connection" the best berths are filled,
Civil Service Commissioners now keep the wicket,
And low fellows pass, when their betters get "pilled."

No matter the name that a fellow may boast of,
Though in Burke's or Debrett's Libro d'Oro enshrined,
A chance in the Service he hasn't a ghost of,
If through "the three R.'s" he can't manage to grind.

If they 'd set Latin verses, or "swo" and "verse,"
A public school fellow might do well enough,
But they go for low subjects that Eton ain't up to—
Geography, History, French, and such stuff!

And if one gets berthed, spite of examination,—
In an office, of course, where a follow can go,—
One has no pull at all in one's rank or one's station—
In fact the whole style is internally low.
One must sign books, keep hours, and work till one tires,
As they do in the Customs or Somersot House,
And the old fogies grudge one a burst in "the Shires,"
Or a run into Scotland, in time for the grouse.

It's all this impertinent public opinion—
This Press, for which nothing a too high or too low—
Penny trumpets that claim democratic dominion
O'er Horse Guards and Treasury, Home and F. O.;
E'en appointments of ELLIOTTS they venture to question,
E'en a Royal Duke's blunders or jobs to expose—
Snobs a fellow don't meet, or would worse than the pest shun,
If he e'er met them anywhere any one goes!

From Mr. Punch's Supplementary English Dictionary (Brought up to the Times).

HIPPOPHAGY (from force, a horse, and odyw, I cat), "The eating of horse-fiesh."

Hypomasy (from force, a horse, and spices, a judgment), "Saying horse-fiesh is very good."

DRINK FOR HORSE-EATERS.-Hippo-cras.



JENKINS'S NIGHTMARE

FINALLY RESOLVES ITSELF INTO A BEATIFIC VISION OF TRIUMPH AND REVENGE.

CONVOCATION.

The Upper House (when the Reporters were out.)

THE BISHOP OF LONDON said it didn't seem to be any good their talking about Ritualism, as no one attended to them.

The BISHOP OF OXPORD thought that the present time was one when more than ever great caution and Christian forbearance was necessary.

more than ever great caution and Christian forbearance was necessary. (Hear, hear!)

The Bishop of Salisbury observed that he'd like to speak out boldly, and say what were and what were not the doctrines he held. But perhaps it was better at present to agree with his Right Rev. Brother, the Bishop of Oxforn.

The Bishop of Lichfield regretted that some parties went too far, and others not far enough. For his own part, he was willing to concede a great deal to either party. It was to be wished that a definite conclusion could be arrived at on some point, either as to Dr. Colenso or Ritualism. In the meantime, he would urge the necessity of a careful policy.

conclusion could be arrived at on some point, either as to DR. Colenso or Ritualism. In the meantime, he would urge the necessity of a careful policy.

The Bishof of Ely was sorry to hear what his Right Rev. Brother of London had let fall. There must always be differences of opinion, and great latitude must be allowed to Members of the English Church. (Hear!) As the Bishops did not agree on essential points, and Heaven forbid they should, why compel the inferior clergy to assent to an uncertainty? He was perhaps a little confused, but on the whole he had always found it the safest course to agree with his Right Rev. Brother the BISHOF OF CAMPERBURY rose to say he was astonished to hear any Member of that House express an opinion that every Rubric was not clear, simple, and straightforward. The Church and State went together, and the action of Parliament would not be called in as long as Convocation continued its present safe course.

After some desultory conversation on the principles of the Reformation, in which the Bishops of Salisbury, Oxford, Llandaff, and others took part,

The original resolution was put and carried.

hers took part, The original resolution was put and carried.

On a Prelate (who came too late) asking the Bishor or Lowdon what the original motion was, Dr. Tair was understood to say, quietly, that it was of no consequence, as, in his experience, the result was the

that it was of no consequence, as, in his experience, the result was the name any way.

In the Lower House, a vote of thanks was proposed to the Archebishop of Cabtarbury for having written to the Greek Church.

Draw Stabley said that an Epistle to the Greeks of course found its precedent in the Epistle to the Romans, to whom, however, he was acrry the Archebishop had not written. He thought letter-writing mischievous as a rule; but, at all events, the present amiable correspondence would amuse the Easterns, and wouldn't hurt us, and so he should concur in thanking the Archbishop for nothing. By the way, of course, the House knew that the English Church was anathematised implicitly, if not explicitly, by the Greeks.

Archebacon Derhoon said that it didn't matter. It was a great thing to have written a letter at all. It showed life. There was too little doing, and too much talking.

A vote of thanks was then passed, and Anchedeacon Wordsworth was complimented on his still retaining a knowledge of the Greek

The proceedings terminated with grace after dinner.

Cui Bono ?

AT a Trades' Union meeting, a Mr. Gilnors said that Mr. Gladstone had described one of the Union rules as "worthy of savages," and that he, Gilnors, would have told Gladstone that there were West End Clubs of which the same might be "predicated." Long words tickle long cars. But why should he desire to tell Mr. Gladstone a lie—and such a silly lie? Had Gilmore taken a gill more than was good for him?

ON THE TERMINATION OF THE BALLET AT THE LYCEUM.

THE Can-can expires, its last kick we see, And MADAME FINETE is MADAME FINEE.

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.



LADSTONE, or as the better informed of French publicists spell it, GLALDSTANES, (here you have him) may be regarded as the hero of the week, but more of that presently. It occurs to us to

" Nuda Caledonio sie pectera prebuit

not that the line has any parti-cular bearing upon what we are going to say, except that Cale-dosio is a natural word for a gen-

All Householders in Boroughs vote.

A £12 rateable holding in Counties, or A £5 ownership occupation gives

No Re-distribution. 8 But

No Re-distribution. & But
Seven new Members to Scotland, namely, two to the Universities, the Counties of Aberdeen, Ayr, and Lanark, one each,
Glasgow to have a cocked-int member, and divers Boroughs,
Wishaw, Kirkintilloch, &c., are joined, and have the seventh.

The Scotch Members, mostly, said, and such of the Scotch papers as we have seen echo the remark, that the Bill is rather worse than that of last year. Some suggested waiting to see what a new Parliament would do, but Mr. Disrabli warned them against that kind of Jack O'Lantern. Mr. Smollett and Mr. Laine defended the Bill.

There was a smart little passage of arms between Ms. Smollett and Mr. Reandow, an Irish Member. The Scot thought that as the population of Ireland had diminished, she did not want so many Members, and also observed that though the Scotch were coarse and democratic, they were loyal, and did not make patriots and martyrs out of hanged murderers. The Irishman replied, that Irishmen had never sold their King, nor abandoned their flag on the field of battle. These arguments convinced the House, and the Second Reading was fixed for the Sad of March. of March.

of March.

Government introduces a Bill for taking the Electric Telegraphs into its own hands. As the Civil Service is reasonably educated, we may now hope that our messages will be accurately transcribed, instead of being left to illiterate parties who drive recipients mad with their blundering. Is it too much to ask that messages may be printed, as they have been in America for twenty years, and as they are in Australia?

In the Lords it was asked whether there were any floating batteries being provided for the defence of the Coasts, and it was answered that such things would cost £7,000,000, and could not be afforded. To do the French nation justice, its Executive would not dare to make such an answer to such a question.

Tuesday, The Charcellon explained what he had meant by Promissory Oaths. He referred to those which are taken by persons on admission to offices. He did not mean the profane and improper language used when the old woman in charge of an office has kept her unexpected employer a long time at the door, but the vows on entering situations. There are about 300 pages full of these oaths in the report that recommends abolition. Only tremendous official swells are to swear in future—also soldiers and constables. But no clause affects those who are addicted to swear is verbs magistri, and when that Master is Mr. Punch, it is the best thing they can do.

Brompton Boilers are to be crected in Bethnal Green, as the poor dwellers there find a walk of six miles and a half each way rather a drawback to the enjoyment of the Museum, especially by the children. Well, it may be, perhaps, when one comes to think of it.

We congratulate Ms. Serly. He has got his Committee on Admiralty accounts and Dock Yard expenditure. Of course Ms. Corry, for the Government, west in for mystification, and very well he did it, but he gave the Committee.

LOAD ENVISID brings in a Bill to reform the oppressive, arbitrary, and corrupt system by which jurors are summoned. When the grievances shall be redressed, let nobody forget gratitude to Mr. Eran, Associate of the Common Piess, and we wish he had better associates, though those common ones have certainly done nothing to deteriorate

Wedaesday. Deputations of bank clerks and other inferior beings beg that the day after Christmas Day may be a Bank holiday, and that the QUEEN may be able to proclaim a Bank holiday without an

beg that the day after Christmas Day may be a Bank holiday, and that the Quent may be able to proclaim a Bank holiday without an Act. Into a plan for this purpose, Mr. C. O'Loehlen inserts a clause making bills and notes that fall due on Sundays or holidays payable the day after, not the day before. But the great City men oppose the measure. "It is a serious thing," said Mr. Goschen, "to atop the commerce of the City for even one day." "The paucity of holidays in Protestant countries," said Mr. Thouras Baring, gives them a commercial advantage." A Select Committee, however, is to consider the Bill. Mr. M'LAREN, Member for Edinburgh, made a singular and startling revelation. He said that "the Scotch, being Presbyterians, knew nothing at all about Good Friday." We had fancied—from early impressions of hastily read history, perhaps—that the Scotch were some sort of Christians.

Mr. Larenne introduced a Bill to this end. Ton assure your life. Of course you do. It is the duty of any mrn with a wife and family, if his income is derived from his own exertions. But you want to keep this provision safe for those whom you can about. There are two ways of effecting this. One is by paying all your creditors before you die, and this is a very good way, only cometines there are difficulties. The other is by assignment, but it involves questions, and is not absolutely safe. It is proposed to review the practices of assignment by nomination on the policy. The representatives of trade object, on the part of creditors, but a moralist may at least sak whether a wife and children, suddenly left halpless, ought not to be considered as lawful Preference Creditors, in a society which very properly holds marriage to be the Duty of Man. Still, young people, keep out or get out of debt. Owe nothing but grudges, which you can pay at convenience, or never pay at all.

And now we some to Mr. Gladstone, who selected this day for a feat which will be remembered. If the Church Rate question be not

And now we come to Mr. GLADSTONE, who selected this day for a feat which will be remembered. If the Church Rate question be not settled now, it will be the fault of so-called friends of the Church. He would put the Rate to death as Cæsar's slayers dealt with him,—

"We'll carve him as a dish fit for the gods, Not hew him as a carcase for the hounds."

All M.R. GLADSTONE proposes is, that there shall be no legal power to levy the rate on all inhabitants, but that those only shall be taxed who come forward and offer to subscribe. The machinery shall be preserved, in order to meet the feelings of Churchmen, but it shall have no compulsory power. This is really, as M.R. CHARLES MATHEWS said in that beautiful and sparkling composition, Asything for a Change, "killing a fellow so gently, that he must rather like it than otherwise." Even Lord Change held that the Church should accept this Bill, and avoid worse things at the hands of a Parliament of Radicals. Government reserved itself, M.R. HARDY thinking that it was for the Dissenter to come forward and proclaim his wicked schism. The Bill was read a Second Time. was read a Second Time.

The SOLICITOR-GENERAL was re-elected for Helston without a fight. But the Government lost a seat at Stoke, where Mr. Melly got into Mr. Hors's vacant seat. Sie vos non vobis Mellyficatis, gentlemen Conservatives.

Thursday. Nothing noteworthy, save that Mr. DISRABLI, questioned by Mr. Whalley and Mr. Darby Griffith as to Abyssinian Expenses, deigned only the curtest intimation to those illustrious Senators, that he had no reason to believe that his general estimate had been exceeded. He is right not to be too credulous, but there may be something in what is stated by the Correspondents.

Priday. There was to have been a Boys' Night with Ireland, but the juvenile fole was postponed until the next Tuesday. Masters CLINTON, AMBERLEY, GLADSTONE, and other interesting lads, were then to let off their little fireworks, after a lecture by Mr. Maguira.

then to let off their little fireworks, after a lecture by Mr. Maguing.

The chief incident of the night was an elaborate exposure, by Mr. Goschen, of the crimes of the Metropolitan Board of Works, and the frightful taxation levied by Thewayers the Tyrant. We are not afraid to call him a Tyrant, now. Potter, the Carpenter and Unionist, who cannot bear to be criticised, brought an action against the Herts Guardians for giving him the name; and after being treated Markayas fashion by Serjaant Ballantine, was floored by the jury. Besides, we have threatened to have Thewayers executed for initating Charles the First. After some dull speeches the House, rather than hear Alderman Lawrence, got itself Counted Out.

Well done, Conservatives! The lamented death of good Mr. Justice Shere left a vacancy in the Queen's Bench, and Lord Charles of Chelmasycon selected a gentleman simply because he was the best man for the office, and notwithstanding that he was a Liberal, and lately fought an election battle against one of the Ministers.

Mr. Panch remarks with pleasure that the great tribunal, the Q.B.,

is awfully strong now. Cockburn, Blackburn, Lush, Hannes, we say, Gentlemen of the Bar, you must talk very little monsense there. Like the wondrous things in The Vision, "they four have eyes before and behind." Also we say,

Well played, my Lond Chrimstond, a capital cannon, You minded your cue when you pocketed HANNEN.

EXCELSIORI

Tue chains of Trade were falling fast, As to the Tory benches passed
A youth, through social anow and in
Who here a flag with the device—

Excelere i

brow was keens: his eye, h t like a degger in its absolu-twint the state of his kee

He amote his former black and black. His friends he entwed, a henchmen true He turned from Truth's white mountain And upwards present, with stifled grows "Handlaine to."

"Try not that road!" Experience said,
"Truth's rocks hang threatming o'er the
The stream of Proof ross deep and wide
But, firm, that stubborn voice replied,
"Excelsion!"

Oh, siny," fair Fiction eried, " and rest hurelled head upon my breast!" faded, as he gave reply, "Excelsior!"

"Ware Toryism's rotten branch!
"Ware democratic avalanche!"
Buch was calm Caution's last good-night:
A voice replied, from Treasury height,
"Excelsior!"

As Tory Chieftains officeward Expectant turned their keen regard, Discussing chances, hopes, and fears, His voice burst on their startled ears-"Excelsior!"

There, on Ambition's topmost round, This climber at his goal was found, Triumphant over anow and ice, True to his flag and its device, "Excelsior!"

For all his triumph, in cold blood, Passionless, but not proud, he stood: As from truth's peaks, crowned with her star, A proud voice rang above him far, "Excelsior!"

ONLY A PEG.

WE read in the Star :-

"The How. F. Stanley, M.P., wounded his hand by sispping a chisel whilst engaged in joinering, of which he is very fond. The wound, though very severe, is rapidly healing."

"Slapping" is probably a misprint for "snapping," but never mind that. As Mr. Stanley is getting well, we don't mind telling him that he must have paid very little attention to the instructions of his father, that eminent Cabinet-maker—and this gives us an opportunity of expressing our satisfaction that the EARL OF DEBRY is recovering his health. Punch hopes to "play many a brother's wager frankly" with him.

The Vestments Divided Against Themselves.

The Justice of the Supreme Court of Natal, who has pronounced for the validity of Bishor Colenso's letters patent, is called "Cope."

This is a great blow to Bishor Grax and the Ritualists who support him. It is a case of Cope against Chasuble, Dalmatic, Alb, and Tunic all put together. "Hammer and tongs" is a trifle to such inter-vestment-ine warfare!

FRENCH ASSES ON THEIR ARMY BILL.

Baing happily, for the present, at peace with all the world, France merely wants a loan of four hundred million france or so, which, her Ministry confess, are to be chiefly spent in armaments. Only see what a blessing it is to live a peaceful life, and to have no thought of worrying one's neighbours! The financier, M. MAGNA is so happy in his mind at the prospect of tranquillity that he actually is sale to make a little joke in the midst of his arithmetic. If faithfully reported, he tells us that the present small addition of four hundred and ferty million france to the Cossolida is solely for the purpose of same didting peace." It is entirely for this object that the large army of France is largely to be increased. Some people may fanny that a big army, keptidle, might be clamorous for war, but M. MAGNA has because may make mischief by talking stuff like this:—

"By comotiness insulaing better, France has always and become my part I would not permit a single stroke of palloyse take

So braved Barow Branssian, in the debate upon the Army many a French jackass will probably lift up his voice in this a GREERAL COURT DE LA RUE, for instance, was pleased to calco

A reign of "texrer" and "preponderance; " this, according to these jacksmess is, or ought to be, the aim of the EMPRIOR OF RAMES. What will be the cost of it no donkey ever calculates. Some asses even fancy, or at least pretend to fancy, that great armine say, on grounds of mere economy, good things. Hear, for instance, M. ROULAND:—

"As to the economical objection, I say that commerce and including require protection and security, and for this object force is necessary to used as season. The additional cost is an economical outlay, and the economy are well aware of this. When the country is strong, thanks to the postriotism and prudence of the EMPHRON, then industry and business transactions may proceed in security, and disquietude will disappear."

"When the country is strong," i. c. has a million schlies idle and waiting for a war, there is everywhere a dearth of labourers and craftsmen, and works of commerce and of agriculture languish and die out. In France, not less than Bagland, "the commercial class and country are well aware of this." Hence the new French Army Bill is universally regarded as a bitter pill to swallow, and in spite of all the sugary speeches of the Senators, the French will make wry faces before they wall it down. gulp it down.

"THE BOOK OF THE FARM."

"THE BOOK OF THE FARM."

One of the Reviews of Darwin's New Work, after quoting the subject of the Second Volume, remarks:—"To all Country Gentlemen, Farmers, and Breeders, these chapters will be as full of light and interest as to all Biologists and Speculative Thinkers." Does any profane person doubt it? "Country gentlemen," of the finest old-crusted Tory politics and views on education, &c., are far too solemn a theme to be treated with levity; but "farmers and breeders"—are they generally the classmates of "Biologists and Speculative Thinkers?" Old John Stockwell, of Bathley Wood Farm, as good a judge of a beast as any man in Midlandshire, hears of this wonderful new book of Maddandshire, hears of this hone, borrows the two stout volumes from his clergyman, who is scientific, and subseribes to a London Library, and in the company of his pipe, and with the stimulus of some brandy-and-water, examines them for information about the best method of crossing sheep. Let us look over his shoulder. "The laws of Inheritance and Reversion (Atavism) in Prepotency and Limitation of Sex." Stockwell's education closed at fourteen, his reading since has not been varied or extensive, and the character of his handwriting is rude: he makes a conscientious effort to master the polysyllabic difficulties, but fails, Atavism in particular, which is delauvely placed within brackets as though it were a simple and explanatory term, meaning possibly great-grandmotheriam, proving an impassable barrier. He tries again.—"Hybridism"—and gets another tumble. Full of pluck, he puts all his mind at

Saturday Afternoon.

Now is the time for the Crystal Palace * * [On referring to my watch I find I have accidentally asserted a fact; now is the time for the Crystal Palace,—so I must be off at once. More in my next.]

Yours truly, RICHARD BIRDIE.

TANTÆNE ANIMIS CELESTIBUS IRÆ!



LATE, late, too late; the guests depart, And, oh distressful thing! Two celebrated vocalists Have not been asked to sing!

From distant corners, darting swift,
They rush to reach the pianner,
And meet upon the music-stool
In this unseemly manner!

"THE TENOR AND THE BARITONE ARE FIGHTING FOR THE CROWN;
I'D LIKE TO KICK THE BARITORE
AND KNOCK THE TRNOR DOWN!" An instrumental gentleman,
Racetionaly inclined,
Doth stick and stand and stare at 'em,
And thus he speaks his mind:

A TRUTH FROM THE HUSTINGS.

THERE was one sentence in the speech of Mr. Lea (the Candidate for Helston, who showed at the hustings, but not at the Poll, in opposition to Mr. Bretz) which, strange to say of anything in a hustings'

or heiston, who showed at the nutuage, out not at the Fol, in opposition to Mr. Brett) which, strange to say of anything in a hustings' speech, is, at once, new and true.

When offering bribes to the Helstonians all round, in the shape of all manner of local improvements and benefits, to be secured by electing him, Mr. Lea crowned the list, which included cheap gas, a railway, a free library, and general prosperity, by the paramount blessing—dwarfing all the others—of his own Establishment at Dartmoor in the Goose Trade! We should infer, on passant, from Mr. Lea's speech throughout, that he had been accustomed to deal soith, if not in, Geese, all his life. So that, probably, what he contemplates on Dartmoor is an extension or branch of his regular business. To this most tempting promise Mr. Lea tacked on a confession. "Talk about Geese, I will make money out of them; if you will let me." This sentence ought evidently to be read with an accent on the "pos," like that laid on "him" by Joe Miller's well-known preacher, in giving out the text. "And he said, 'Saddle me the ass,' and they saddled him." This outburst of Mr. Lea's we take to be about the most candid thing ever spoken from a hustings. How many Candidates for Parliament come forward with this intention of making money out of Geese, if the Geose will let them! How few have had the homesty to avow the design totidess verbis like Mr. Lea at Helston!

TRUMPRISOTOR, who is miserable without his rubber, finding every table full the other night, quitted the room, first casting a sekistful look all round.

HOW TO STOP STREET-BEGGING.

FOURSCORE and one beggars brought to one London Police Court within one single week! A pretty little problem is suggested by the fact. How many beggars, would you calculate, are begging now in London, when to one of its Police Courts no fewer than fourscore and one are brought at one fell swoop? Another problem to be; solved is how the streets may best be cleared of them, and on this point Sir R. Carden, the Magistrate in question, has put forth some good sense:—

"In this country there should not be a beggar in the streets, and there would not be one if everybody would abstain for one week from giving money in the streets, and give into outbody every one that solidits alms, have the cases investigated, and see them provided for. This is the duty of humanity. By giving alms you only perpetuate the misery."

In its efforts to stop begging, the Mendicity Society has done the state some service, and we should like to see it aided by an Anti-Beggar League, or a Society for Total Abstinence from Giving Money in the Streets. Almsgiving encourages both idleness and vice, and, though it pleases sentimentalists, it does no one real good. DRAW SWIFT proposed that beggars should, by law, be forced to wear a badge, and the suggestion may seem suitable to those who have been badgered by them. Impostors fittingly might wear the Order of the Fleece, and, when known, it might help somewhat to check their imposition. But if people would abstain from selfishly indulging in the weakness of street almsgiving, our pavements would be cleared of the impostors who infest them. Idle beggars would be driven to be usefully industrious, and money worse than wasted on them might be spent in really useful charitable works.

ACROBATS' TIPPLE. - Champagne in Tumblers.

TANTENE ANIMIS CELESTIBUS IRE:



A LEGAL DIFFICULTY.

LORD CHIEF JUSTICE. "NONSENSE! YOU MUSTN'T BRING THAT BRIBING FELLOW BEFORE US;—
WE SHOULD HAVE TO BE IN EARNEST."

PLE -- Champagne in Tomblers

PUNCIL OR THE LONDON CHARLES IN 1803

A LEGAL DUTTOUTTY.

and the contract of the contra

EVENINGS FROM HOME.



LAY!" cries the Theatrical
Bowler, Ma. Tom RoBERTSON, and delivers his
fourth ball during Miss
MARIE WILTON'S successful innings on the little
Prince of Wales's Ground,
Tottenham Court Road,
which locality has by this
time, judging from the stall
and box sudience, a good
deal more of the Court
than the Tottenham Road
about it.

cess, however, of the piece, which is faulty in construction and "tricky" in its effects, is, in our opinion, at least two-thirds due to the admirable acting of Miss Wilkow, Miss Lydia Toots, and Messas. Bangroff, Habe, and Montagus. The two ordinary comic characters (well played by Mis. Murbay and Montagus. The two ordinary comic characters (well played by Miss. Murbay and Miss Lydia Relaty) are too prominent, and might be even now advantageously toned down, specially in the last Act. With this exception, no other company in London could have done so well for their author, as did that of the Prince of Wales's Theatre, and, we believe, at no other theatre could 'Play have achieved the same success, or jumped so suddenly into public favour. Great praise is due to Misser. Montgonner and Sydney for their performance of two Prussian officers, character bits which, in less clever hands, might have marred the good fortune of the piece. The costumes of the ladies appear to have been taken from M. Margulin's sketches of the Prince and the result is certain. We will proceed, after our usual fashion, to give a precis of the play, and conclude this preface by advising our readers to go and judge for themselves.

Signed | PRIVATE BOX.

" PLAY."

BOUNCER, Hon. Sec.

Souns.—The Interior of the Prince of Wales's Theatre. View of Stage from the Stalls. First night of new piece, when everybody knows everybody else, and for appropriate music might be played "We're all Nodding," to one another, and asking "how d'ye do?" "How are you?" with a here-we-are-us-large-as-life sort of air, and a general assumption of importance as much as to say, individually, upon me depends the fate of an empire this night. We, the audience, are the "Kind K-iends in Front" who used to be so humbly alluded to by the dramatist in his trembling tag—a fashion now happily dying out.

the dramatist in his trembling tag—a fashion now happily dying out.

Inquiring Person (reading the bill to his friend, a well-educated person, in Stalls.) There's a lot of German here, what's it mean? Der Brunnen, Das alte Schloss. Well-educated Friend. Eh? why...it's German for...let's look at the bill (hopes that 'll help him; reads, and as inspired.) Of sourse, there's the translation at the side—Act II. Das alte Schloss? Afternoon!"

Inquiring Person explains to another Inquiring Person afterwards thus: Good idea, isn't it, writing the time of day in German? Yes, Der Brunnen means "morning," Das alte Schloss "afternoon"—the translation's at the side; Der Porplats is "evening,"—queer word for evening, isn't it? Der Spielsaal, "Night," and Der Kursaal und Kurgarten." The next day." It's all there, you see.

[Friend is much obliged, and uses his knowledge freely.

ACT I.

A VERY PRETTY SCENE.—Vague German people grouped about, all standing quite still, as if vaiting for something or somebody. As somebody doesn't come, and nothing happens, they burst into sudden life, and show each other the shortest route off the stage, so that the CHEVALIER BROWNE may have it all to himself, with a little bit of red ribbon in his button-hole.

A Nuisance in Stalls. Why is he decoré?

Friend (who doesn't want to be bothered). Oh, because he's a Chevalier: I mean it's the other way. Hush!

The Naisance (persistently). Yes, but what's he Chevalier of? (Wants an opportunity of saying that he knows a man who's décoré, and that you can't pet ribbon for nothing; is also prepring a story about the EMPRROE having refused decorations to any English, and has a little joke about BROWNE being a Chevalier d'Industrie; he begins). I recollect when I was lattin Paris

was last in Paris—
People (who prefer listening to the piece). Hassh!
The Nuisance (looks round in calm disdain, but subsides).

Enter the Hon. BRUCE FANQUENERS. Orders something at the same table with Browns.

Funquehere. [Mr. Hare to himself. I'm an amusing scoundrel. Quite so.] Hate PRICE, because his grandfather's uncle opposed mine at an election. (Smokes.)
Browns. [Mr. BANCROPE.] We'll rook PRICE. Here he is. (Smokes.)

Enter Mr. MONTAGUE, at PRICE.

Mr. Montague, as Price. I'm a sort of hobbetyhoy. Not a full Price, a half Price. I'm in love with Rosts. (Fidgets.) Oh, so nice! (Fidgets.) and I'm so bashful, I am. (Fidgets.) Oh!

Browne (aside reading paper). Rosts's uncle's dead, and she's an heiress. This of course won't be in any other paper, and also of course in the reading-rooms of a place like Baden-Baden, or Homburg, or wherever we are, no English papers are ever seen, so if I cut this out, FANQUEHERR will know nothing at all about it. (Outs it out.) Ah, here ahe is here she is.

FARQUEHERR will know nothing at all about it. (Comes it out.) Ah, here she is.

Rosic (giving an account of her sensations when drowning. And then I went down down down, and I wasn't a bit afraid, and I saw the fish, and I thought how I had often had fish for dinner, and yet they didn't eat me, and then I went up up up, and it wasn't a bit afraid, and then I went down down down, and it wasn't at all disagreeable, and then I went up up up, and then I left your strong arm round me, and on the whole I think drowning rather pleasant than otherwise.

Graf Fon Staufenburg (who only youth a few words of English). How do you do, Illustrated London News? (Which is perhaps about as likely as an educated Englishman saying, "Comment vous portez cous, Moniteur Figaro La Lane" by way of salating a Franchman.

Frank Price (alone with the Huspimans Stocktadt, a Prussian affeer).

I am in love. I can tell nebody, or they 'Il tell somebody. Stop! An idea! I don't often have ideas, so I'll make the most of this; besides if we don't wake up the action of the piece a little, the interest will fing. This is the idea. This German officer doesn't understand one word of English, so, naturally enough, for I'm a bashful young man. I'll tell him my long and pathetic story. (Tells him his long and pathetic story, and the German officer thinks himself issuited.)

Mrs. Kinpeck (entering middenly to Frank Price). Lend me a thousand million thalers.

[All the vague Germans, on at the commencement, reappear middenly,

100 thaters.
[All the vague Germans, on at the commencement, reappear suddenly, perhaps it's everyone's luncheon time, and form a picture. The two German officers stand on the left, and point at FRANK PRICK. Ourtain falls. Respurous applause. Curtain rises. Everybody suddenly in a different position. Presh applause. Ourtain falls. Audience feel they'd like to have the Ourtain up again; because, if the Characters strike a new attitude every time, they might get through the whole story of the piece in a series of tableaux vinantes.

Inquiring Person. I say, why's this called Play?
Cautions Friend. Wait, you'll see there'll be something about it presently.

ACT II.

A very effective scene by Mr. Hawes Craven, showing a Ruined Castle, where occurs a deliciously unconventional love-passage between Frank Price (Mr. Montague) and Roste (Miss Wilkon). The best thing, including their love dust, perhaps, in the piece, certainly the freshest.

Enter BODMIN TODDER and MRS. KINPECK.

Bodmin T. We are the funny people. We've got to make the audience laugh: I think if we climb about the ruiss it will amuse them.

[They climb about, say rude things to one another, and excent.

Everything goes on smoothly with easy-flowing dialogue, until the Author sees he must pull up sharply with a situation of some sort, or else it will be too smooth.

will be too smooth.

[Situation. Rosh and Brown enter just as Brown's wife faints in Frank Price's arms, and Bruce Farquerem is laughing at Mirs. Kinfeck's inability to descend the ruin.

Author to himself. But, hang it, Price has only to explain, and Mrs. Browne has only to explain, (which she musta't do till the fourth Act) and then the story's at an end. That won't do—(ponders)—that won't do...let me see. I've got it—(happily)—finish the Act there, and drop the Curtain.

[Ourtain falls; loud applause; curtain rises. All the Characters

have not proceeded to an explanation, but have suddenly changed their attitudes like clockwork figures.

Inquiring Person. Very good, yes—but why is it called Play?

Cautious Friend. Wait: there'll be something about it presently.

ACT III.

Der Vorplats and Der Spielsaal.

Der Vorplate and Der Spielsaal.

Browne (to Price). The Prussian officer, who didn't understand a word you said to him in the first Act, has challenged you.

Fasquehere. I'll be your second. Your second. Quite so.

Price (to the German Officer.) Have a cigar?

Author (to himself.) Must have something about "Play" in it. Can't give up the name of "Play," I'm so fond of monosyllabic titles, they look well in the advertisements. Must have something about gambling—here goes.

Browne. I've got 2500 to play with.

Fanquehere. So have I. 2500. Todden's an amusing secondrel. Quite so.

Scene.—The Gambling Table. Mrs. Browns plays, Roses plays. Some-body breaks the bank. The two women stand in attitudes, so as to make a tableau for the end of the Act. Great applause, specially on account of the real live French Crompier (who has been produced under the immediate superintendence of the Author) and Curtain rises

again. All the Characters have changed their attitudes as usual, Curtain falls.

Inquiring Friend. Yes, but why 's it called Play?

Cautions Friend. Well, I suppose, because ... in fact ... they played, you know in the last scene, and ... a ... (agaciously) I dare say it has something to do with the plot.

[They think it over.

SCHNE.—The Next Day. Mrs. Browns explains that she is Mrs. Browns. Nothing comes of the duel between the Prussian Officer and Frank Price. Nothing comes of Rosh having gambled. Nothing comes of Mrs. Browns having gambled. Nothing comes apparently of any one having gambled. Nothing comes of anything. All ends, therefore, happily.

Mn. Monroomanx (giving the moral of the piece). How do you do, Illustrated London News? (Which sounds uncommonly like an advertisement for that journal.)

Inquiring Person. But why is it called Play?
Contious Person. But why is it called Play?
Contious Person. Well, I suppose the Author thought it a very good name; and after all (apologising for it), you know they did play.
Ourselves. Yes, and played admirably; there's no doubt about that.
[Broughams, carriages, cabs, red fire, fuzees, cigars. Finale. Execut

omnes, somehow,



PRIMARY EDUCATION IN GERMANY.

THIS IMPORTANT PART HAS BEEN QUITE OVERLOOKED BY ALL ENGLISH SPEAKERS.

Discovered on a Roman Road

SEVERAL Anglican bishops, still more incumbents, and a host of curates. They had evidently been long buried in heaps of rubbish, consisting of articles used in Romish religious ceremonial. The heads are a good deal damaged; but the robes are highly ornamented and in excellent preservation, and the greatest care seems to have been bestowed on the costume and accessories, as is generally the case with the work of the debased Roman school.

STICKING TO BUSINESS.

OUR new Coroner is so devoted to his duties, that when he has nothing else to do, he goes and sits upon a Jury.

THE EXCURSIONIST'S APPEAL.

FROM platform Saints deliver me, Ye Rulers of the Land, And let not laws to bind the free Be made at their command. In Meeting-house and Lecture-ball Bid them exhort their schools, Not seek to put restraints on all Required by none but fools.

On Sunday I delight to stray, Relieved from toil severe, And at mine inn, upon my way,
To get my glass of beer;
Or, when I do a journey make,
By flood, or railway line,
Of dinner sometimes to partake,
The same including wine.

Confound the ranting, canting crew Contound the ranting, canting crew
That pray you to destroy,
Forbidding me refreshment due,
The freedom I enjoy.
Let them pursue their ends by tracts
That force not people's wills.
Pass not their Sunday Closing Acts;
Reject their Liquor Bills.

Deliver me from clap-trap tongues, That bellowing crowds delude; From duffers who, by brasen lungs, Control the multitude. How oily are their looks and sleek! How zealous they appear! With all their fuss they do but seek One end-to domineer.

Deliver me, as well, from those That under them do ait, Led all like asses by the nose, For self-command unfit. 'Tis their desire, those idiots vain,
To level with the sot
Those from excess that can refrain,
As they themselves cannot.

Writings on the Walls.

THE only certain cure for Ireland is Dr. John Bright's Land Pills. Beware of Counterfeits. The Stamp is marked "Dr. John Bright, Birmingham."

Try Mill's Territorial Peasant Proprietary Panacea, the Sole Specific for all Irish Disorders. No others are genuine. N.B. Observe the Signature "John Stuart Mill." All opponents are Fools.

Who's Russell? A Safe Man for Ireland.

THE BISHOPS' PARADISE.—The Lawn Market.

.O .Quiled Play

Dark Mr. Punch,

I mean the papers, and find many puzzles in them, this for example—"New Queen's Counsel. The following Members of the Bar are, we understand, to receive the honour of a silk gown." And then the names of the recipients-elect of ailk gowns are given, to the great amusement, I imagine, of their vives, daughters, and other female relatives, to the great wonderment, I am sure, of myself. If it had been a silk handkerchief, or a silk searf, or a silk unbrella, I should not have been so much surprised, although I might have wondered how such a present could be a mark of honour. But a silk gown! Could not Government—for I suppose it is Government—have thought of something rather more useful? An opera-glass, for instance, or a set of stude, or a gold pencil-case! For what can these gentlemen do with a silk gown? Give it away, I suppose, with a great fuss, to their wives, if they are married, or to their laundresses, if they are wretched Malediots, existing in chambers on the top of those gloomy staircases, where I used to lunch once or twice in the season, when my cousin, Fred Wiework, lived in Gray's Ian, before he went out to Sierra Leone as a judge, and caught the yellow fever there, and had to come home, and married Hastran Matswarms who hadn't a penny, and took to farming, and buried himself in a village where there were only two hundred people and no squire, and the clergyman came to do duty on Sundays, alternate merning and afternoon, ten miles from a market town, in Bassetlaw! I hope I don't tease you with my questions, but can you (or pechase dear Mas, F) tell me how the gowns are made, whether plain shirts, or trimmed? Are they all of the same colour, and what is it! Are they checks, or stripes, ar without any pattern at all? Moirs, or watered, or plain rich Lyons? Who pays for them? Dowe (I am unmarried, property at my own disposal, no trustees), out of the Income. Tat? De Government buy up remnants at the end of the season, or is the newest material and the latest fashion selected by the Lor DEAR MR. PUNCH,

Yours, dear Mr. Punch, affectionately, ALICIA MARIA SINGILBY.

TOM NODDY'S LAMENT.

Arn-" I Cannol Sing the Old Songe."

I cannor eat the old horse
I rode long years ago;
I'm sure my teeth would fail me,
And feelish tears might flow.
For bygone huats come o'er my heart
With eats from round and side,
I cannot eat the old horse
On which I used to ride.

I cannot eat the old horse,
For visions come again
Of glorious meets departed,
And runs in soaking rain.
But perhaps when raging hunger
Shall set its haad on me;
I then may eat the old horse,
And hope he 'll tender be.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTES.

" Foreign Office Agencies."-Always questionable, too often mis-

chievous.

"Capital Punishment Inside Prisons."—Hard labour (for lawy rogues), and the Cat (for Wife-beaters, Child-starvers, and Garotters).

"Corrept Practices at Slections Bill."—Ten to one, an attorney's.

"Precuntions against Cattle Plague."—Proper stowage on the voyage, clean water, wholesome food, and decent treatment after it.

"Short Bill for the Removal of Nuisances."—Take away that Bumble!

ELEMENTARY INSTRUCTION. - In Meteorology.

ONE WORD FROM MY FUNNY FRIEND.

GRIGG, my Funny Friend, in answer to numerous inquiries, wishes, through the present popular medium, to intimate to his friends and patrons that he intends establishing a SOCIETY FOR THE PROMOTION OF PRACTICAL JOKING

PRACTICAL JOKINS.

Subscriptions will be received by him at his private residence until THE SCHOOL OF DESIGN is built and ready for use.

He can at present only place before his admiring friends and patrons a rough sketch, or mere cutline, of the future plans, and will at the same time attempt its convey some notion of the Educational Scheme which he intends that his pupils should adopt.

N.B. He further takes this opportunity of announcing that he has by him a stock of first-rate tricks on Elderly Gentlemen, Elderly Ladies, Butlers, and Policemen, which, requiring so sort of mechanical apparatus or elaborate preparation, are calculated to cause as much amusement as the now worn-out witticism of putting a basin full of water or a coal-soutile on the top of a partially open door, or the classic extravagance of placing the stock barrels of small musical-boxes in your grandfather's bed.

N.B. N.B. Parties attended with all sorts of practical jokes. Lectures given at private houses to the younger members of the family. Grown-up pupils three guineas a quarter, which will include two tricks with guapowder.

Grown-up pupils three guineas a quarter, which will include two trices with guspowder.

The Onion-Seed trick, the Magic Match, always on hand. (Vide next Number.) Reduction made on taking a quantity.

Open-sir exercise will not be neglected.

The Runaway Knock and Ring will be taught practically from 1 to 2 p.m., and 11 to 12 p.m. No danger.

The Wild Horse, or "Am dat you, Ginger?" How to rattle your hat, &c., &c. This will be shown while the lecturer is out for recreation in the Park with his more advanced pupils.

Evenings at Home. The Domestic Circle. How to mix whiskey-toddy, so that it will explode on being touched with a spoon, break the glass, the lamps, and any crockery in the room.

Warranted GREAT FUN. One Two, Two Guineas.

The Plan of Teaching, with the Hours of Lectures, my Funny Friend will have great pleasure in furnishing as soon as possible.

THE SHAM SACERDOS.

(Ritualist sings).

Amo a mass;
I make a lass,
Of conscience aice and tender,
Upon her knee
Confess to me,
For she's of the feminine gender!
Haram scarum, Bishor Samun,
Horum corum, shrive, O!
Tag-rag, M.B. waistcoat, chasuble and hatband,
Hie, hoc, humbug vocative.

INTERNATIONAL COINAGE.

A Commission has been appointed to consider the question of International coinage. The Astronomer-Royal is on it. His duty will be to detect by means of his best telescope the Light weights. On the excellent Secretary, Mr. Rivers Wilson, will devolve the duty of testing each national coin in the English fashion, i.e., the orderly by

biting.

The Commission will occupy its first day by tossing for centimes until they've reduced themselves to a common denomination. As the Shilling is likely to be abolished, Mr. Punck proposes establishing an office, his own in Fleet Street will do to begin with, where all the shillings will be called in, and full value up to sixpence given for each one.

Sympathies with Respect to Shot.

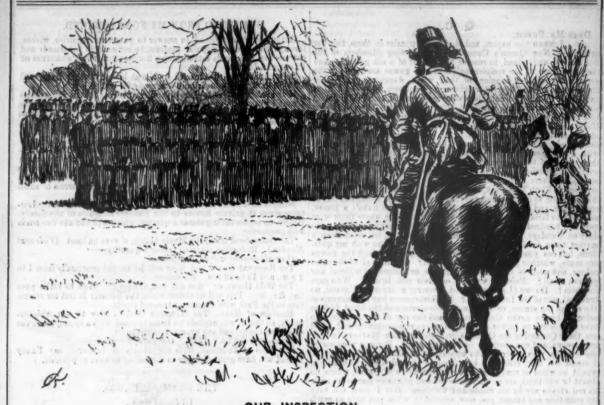
Usona the title of "L'Espeveur et le Soldat," an article in the Monitour contains, according to a contemporary, the passage following:

"When a regiment passes, the clarion vibrates in the heart, the dram quickens the step, the eye grows proud, the hand is imputent to grasp arms. Men become animated and sympathies with the flag form by the bullet."

Do they? No doubt some men do sympathise with the flag torn by the bullet. Others are rather disposed to conceive sympathy with the flesh torn by the bullet, and with the bones which it smashes.

INCOMETAX RETURN, SOR OU AND AND BAST BAST

COMPANION to Pegasus in the Pound, Twopence in the Pound.



OUR INSPECTION.

Lieutenant-Colonel. "Hullo! Confound it! There's a Man blowing his Nose-and with a Pocket-Handkerchief, too! TUT-T-T-T-T ! "

LORD MACAULAY'S VALENTINE.

It is not Mr. Punch's way to come under the window of a newly-married couple, and make a congratulatory row. He cannot consider that custom elegant or delicate. But a young lady who has been so fortunate as to be compilmented in verse by LORD MACGULAY, becomes almost an historical personage, and when she weds, the graceful Punch may be allowed to raise and even to wave his hat. Surely if it were permitted to a courtly bard of other days to celebrate the hour

"When HERVEY the handsome was wedded To the beautiful MOLLY LEPEL,"

Mr. Pascs, courtier still, may venture to note that at St. George's Church, last week, the prophecy in Load Macaular's celebrated Valentine was falfilled. Writing to a "gentle child" of seven years old, he said,

"Prophetic rage my bosom swells,
I taste the cake: I hear the bells!
From Conduit Street the close array
Of chariots barricades the way
To where I see with outstretched hand
Majestic, thy great kineman stand,
And half unbend his brow of pride
At welcoming so fair a bride."

Whether Mr. Prit smiled or not Mr. Punch was too much interested to notice, but Mr. Punch smiled in his sweetest manner, and he has the utmost pleasure in thus inscribing with a pen of diamond, and encircling with an eternal garland of orange-flowers, the record that on the 18th February, 1868, the Lady Mary Stanhoff became the wife of the Earl Brauchamp, late Fellow of All Souls.

"She did not waste on fope her beauty's dart, But boasts the triumph of a lettered heart."

TO MR. BEALES.

Mr. Beales, accept a compliment from Mr. Punch who, you will admit, has not precisely plastered you with eulogy. At a meeting of the Council of the Reform League last week, a resolution was proposed in favour of the instant destruction of the Irish Church. You approved the proposal, but you demanded that vested interests should be respected, and compensation provided. You were yelled down, and the Irish Clergy were called "thieves and robbers." You were indignant, but the Bubblyjocks were your masters, and the motion for destruction, "without regard to vested interests," was carried by a large majority. You insisted on recording your protest against dishonesty. Accept Mr. Punch's compliment. Protest again when the Bubblyjocks carry a resolution for the obliteration of a National Debt incurred by aristocrats for tyrannic purposes. Protest for the third time when the Bubblyjocks carry a resolution that you have had your own comfortable house long enough, and ought to resign it, without compensation, to some Citizen Bubblyjock who is kired of his own garret. Then abdicate; and, if you have nothing better to do, take to a crossing. It would be far more respectable than being the tool of men who could carry the resolution of last week, and who have thereby added their meeting-place to the list of Thieves' Kitchens.

"Here he Goes Up! Up! "Up!"

THE Telegraph points to Mr. DISEARLI for Premier, in the event of LORD DERRY's secession. If this designation is verified by the fact VIVIAW GREY will stand perched on a DIZZY pinnacle indeed! At this dangerous elevation, Pusch's prayer is, "May his head be cool, his feet firm, and his balance more satisfactory than last year!"

A MEDDYFTING REMARK.

THE Boundaries Commission has reported, and among other things, throws Hampstead Heath into Marylebone. To judge by elections, gives of "sittings in error" is—a pew in a dissenting chapel.

PREVIOUS PROMOS PRESENTANT



DOT THE PROPERTY AND THE AND A HINT TO HAIR-DRESSERS.

HOW TO MAKE THEIR ESTABLISHMENTS PAY HANDSONELY.

"HANG HIM, FOUL COLLIER!"

"HANG HIM, FOUL COLLER!"

We prefix this quotation only to show our cleverness, as Sir Robert Coller is not foul, and had not the least desire to hang Mr. Effe. But, instructed by that Jamaica Committee, who cannot forgive Mr. Effer for having saved the island, and extirpated a pestilent cunning fanatic by means which were legally irregular, Sir Robert has applied at Bow Street for a warrant to try whether the decisions of the Shropshire Bench and the Middless Grand Jury cannot be overthrown, to the detriment of Mr. Effe. Sir Thomas Hanny refused the warrant. As there was no case against the "principals," who hung Gordon, of course there was none against the "accessory." Will Effe. when, in a moment of excitement and slarm, a public officer is equal to the occasion, punishes murderers and stamps out firebrands, the English nature is much too generous to be hard upon him for doing the right



SPOONEIGH WOULD GO AS LONG AS HIS HATE HELD OUT.

thing in the wrong way. We are the most law-loving people in the world, but we are not prigs and pedants, and as Burker said, "when a neighbour's house is on fire, we do not think it amiss should engines play a little on our own." We admit that it would have been better had "Mr." GORDON been disposed of with the same regularity as "Mr." GREENACHS, but this is no reason for such persistent persecution of an officer who endeavoured to do his best for his

There is a passage in the Scouring of the White Horse, a delightful book written by Mr. Thomas Hughes, M.P., a gentleman known to Mr. Exra's persecutors, which is as follows. Speaking of the Governor of the East Angles (and the moral would be the same if the people had lived in the West), Mr. Highest says, "It is a pity he did not on this occasion remember that having caught a great scoundrel, the best thing to do with him was to see him hung out of the way himself." That's all.

CIVILISATION RECEDING.

THERE are not a few persons who will derive high gratification from the sign of the times thus announced by contemporaries:

"THE PERALTY OF DEATH IN SWITZERLAND.—The Grand Council of the canton of Friburg has just re-established the penalty of death, which was abolished 30 years ago. Out of 65 votes, 51 supported the re-introduction."

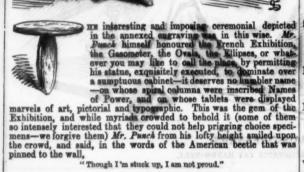
Twenty years ago and more there was a very general persuasion that mankind had arrived at the commencement of a new era, in which loving kindness would subdue brutality, and overcome evil with good. Enthusiasts went about predicting that there would soon be an end of war, and of espital punishment. We said at the time they would find themselves mistaken. So they do. We have had, in spite of your Great Exhibitions, which were to knit mankind in universal brotherhood, but didn't, a Crimean War, and an Indian Mutiny, an American Civil War, and a War for German Unity, not to mention an Insurrec-

tion stamped out in Jamaica. The crime of murder has increased, to the proportionate increase of executions. Obstinate and determined treason going on to assassination has necessitated hanging, here in England. And now, after twenty' years trial of secondary punishment in Switzerland, it has been found necessary to re-establish the penalty of death.

The abolition of capital punishment has proved a failure. So much for you, mawkish sentimentalists. Let us have no more of your amiable aspirations. As the world always has been, so it is, and so it always will be. There is no hope that war will ever cease, and that we shall ever be able to do without the gallows. Hooray! The substance of the foregoing remarks will doubtless seem familiar to many of our friends who are accustomed to enjoy the conversation, or recreate themselves with the writings, of strongminded but impassioned peasimists, to whom all evidence of the hackward march of humanity is cheering.

CALL THAT A MEDALP





"Though I'm stuck up, I am not proud."

Well, he desired no further recognition than the homage of the entire world. He had that, and dismissed the subject from his mind. But, the other day, there comes to him—or rather to his esteemed publishers, for even with the 1,200,000 soldiers behind it, the Dynasty would not have dared to profane the name of Pswed—a hideous thing in the semblance of a medal, silver or pewter he did not trouble himself to ascertain, but assuredly something which no charity boy with a sense of what was due to the parish would wear on his jacket.

You perceive what Mr. Pswed did with the rubbish, and Toby, we believe, has expended it in cat's meat for the relief of the distressed cats of Fleet Street. Value such a medal? No, the reverse.

HOW TO CURB A CENTAURESS.

As the season is approaching, and Rotten Row ere long will be as crowded as Cheapside, it is as well to warn young ladies not to be too fast, when taking exercise on horseback, lest they haply share the fate of one who lately had to pay two guineas for her gallop, besides paying a visit to the Marlhorough Street Police Court. This young Centauress was aummoned for furious riding, "going at the rate of sixteen miles an hour, and whipping her horse constantly," so the constable alleged. He also said that "saveral ladies and gentlemen had complained of her conduct," and Mr. Trawhitt, the Magistrate, in fining her, remarked:

"He was sorry to see a young lady in such a predicament, but he did not believe at the same time that the horse ran away with her as alleged. He believed she had ridden the horse at a fast rate, which might be amusing to her, but at the same time was dangerous to others, and she would therefore have to pay a fine of 40a and costs."

When desiring to perform a rapid act of horsemanship, fast young ladies should not choose a place like Rotten Row, which never was intended to be turned into a race-course. For a young lady to make her début in a Police Court is not a very pleasant predicament to contemplate, but the Row would not be safe for quiet girls to ride in, if something were not done, as in the case above condensed, to clap a curb upon the centauresses. Let them amble, trot, or canter in Hyde Park as they please; but when they want a gallop, while they live in London, let them be content to take it in a ball-room.

EVENINGS FROM HOME.

AT THE LYCEUM.

Narcisse is easily dismissed, not so Mr. BANDMANN, a clever Garman actor, who appears to have learnt his English in Ireland.

ACT L

SCHER L .- A Soirée at Baron d'Holbach's.

Plan talk. Enter Narcine. He talks.

Sound 9 .- Front Scene. Cabinet of the Duo Dr. Cucranus.

Sater Mn. Jondan, Astalks. Enter Mn. Fannen and Mn. Jondan

3. The Astron's Bondoir (with a very unbondoirlike fre-place). as Paners take Narsiese talks. Both talk till the Curtain

SCHWE 1 .- Gallery of Mirrors.

door enters. Charming. Boss nothing No-Madame de Pom body does anything SCHMB 2 .- Anto-Room.

Baine Mr. Jonnass. Enter Mr. Farrans. They talk.

SCHNE 3.—QUENAULT'S Solo

House Narcissa. He talks. Muss Parsum talks again. He talks for a quarter of an hour more. Curtain.

Bunn 1.—Apartment at Versailles.

The Pompadous Charming amin. Does nothing. Says something. bad does anything. Audience wonder what the deuce it a all about.

Souss 2 - Du Cucunun's Cabinet. Front Scene.

As usual, enter Mr. Joanan, de talks. As before, enter Mr. Farren, de talks. Both talk. Exeunt for the third time, MR. JORDAN and MR. FARREN.

SCENE 3.—The Lace Gallery at Versailles. Situation from the Play Scene in Hamlet.

Admirable acting of Mr. BANDMANN, the only relief to the piece,

which thus winds up triumphantly.

Clever Friend. Ah, you should have seen it in the original German.

Ourselees. Well, we've seen the original German in it.

Clever Friend. Ah, you've no idea.

Ourselees. No, we've not. Good night.

Exeunt omnes.

AN ARTICLE IN THEIR OWN STYLE

What is the use of the Americans going on bothering and humbugging in this way? Here is their Government at a dead look, the Parsiperr defying Congress, and Congress denouncing the Parsiperr defying Congress, and Congress denouncing the Parsiperr defying Congress, and Congress denouncing the Parsiperr the latter is made to keep a Minister whom he hates, and he appeals to the law to turn the man out. Reconstruction fails, and the negroes are partly inclined to obey their late owners, partly disposed to seize the United States generally, and make the whites work for them. And everybody is obliged to toady the Irish, for the sake of votes, though as soon as the votes are given the Irish, for the sake of votes, though as soon as the votes are given the Irish, for the sake of votes, though as soon as the votes are given the Irish, for the sake of votes, though as soon as the votes are given the Irish, for the sake of votes, though as soon as the votes are given the Irish, for the sake of votes, though as soon as the votes are given the Irish, for the sake of votes, though as soon as the votes are given the Irish, for the sake of votes, though as soon as the votes are given the Irish, for the sake of votes, the Parsiperry. It is a condition into which the descendants of the English abould be planged? Can they not see with their eyes and understand with their elbows? Clearly, the Americans have before them a splendid chance of regeneration. Let them have a coup d'état—they like French words. Abolish the President as a power, but let him reign, and have responsible Ministers—men responsible to Parliament (get rid of the affected word Congress), and liable to be turned out when a majority opposes them. Abolish, also, universal suffrage, and impose a qualification which shall exclude all rowdies, Irish, contractors, New York municipals, bully-boys, pugilists, and the soun generally. Create an Aristocracy—the Americans have the words "Honourable" and "Reverend" now, and it is childish to be afraid of "Baronet" and "Lord."

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

Monday, February 21. Great news this week, enormous, rigantic, colossal. But we must take it in its due place. Mr. Panes, into the Disharil, knows how to wait.

My Lords, waking up for the first time since the hollows, plunged into an Irish debate to night. Lord CLARBICANDE moved his land Terrire Bill, and drew a pleasing picture of Ireland: rents were paid, farners were doing well, and all that he thought was wanted was a law for making written agreements more easy and general.

It is easy to my Terrint Right, but suppose the Tenant can't write? Lord Kill's ware, Indeed and late Lord-Licentenant, criticised Mr. Mish's proposal that Government and late Lord-Licentenant, criticised Mr. Mish's proposal that Government the body a Feminaite suggestion by no means desirable.

Government, there would be no sents to play, a Feminaite suggestion by no means desirable.

Lord Mainessuper (Lord Privy Scal) said that really his results and chiefs had told him nothing, and therefore that was all that he could tell the House.

The Bill was read a First Time.

Lord Mainessuper represents the could not tell the Lords mything, but he moved the become Reading of the Habeas Corons expension, asying that the face Government and 360 disaffected following the present one only 65.

Sond Russell introduct a fair and intensions pair of the representation of the history of the present one only 65.

Sond Russell introduct a fair and intensions pair of the representation of the results of the representation of the results of results of the results

The Earl of Ellemborough was stern. We owed a debt to the Irish Protestants who had so long and so faithfully garrisoned Ireland. He was, however, for religious equality.

The Bishop of Killalob, as patron of 59 livings, naturally had something to say in behalf of the Church.

The Bill was read a Second Time.

In the Commons, Mr. Duncan M.Lamin, M.P. for Edinburgh, gave notice that the Scotch Reform Bill would not do, and that Scotland must have at least 15 new Members. She won't.

The Lond Advocatz introduced Bills for improving the Court of Session and other courts in Scotland. The Scotlish Members wisely settle these Bills among themselves, whereby the law gets decently drawn up, and trouble is saved to the Imperial Legislature. We, like the old Scotch woman who heard the great preacher, "wad na hae the presumption to understand a word o't."

Twesday. There was to have been great Irish debate, but Saxon arrangements thrust themselves in the way.

arrangements thrust themselves in the way.

The Earl of Derby resigned:
And the Query desired Mr. Dishaell to form a Government. "If possible," said Lord Malanesburt, announcing the facts with his usual exquisitely felicitous language. Anybody not acquainted with his Lordship's special grace of speech would have thought that there was difficulty. Whereas the Great Educator had no trouble at all, and the old Ministry became the new one, with the exception that we have a new Premier, a new Chancellor, Lord Cairns (the able-bodied scamman Christoph not being exactly "pressed" on board the Benjamin Distractly, and we have the most stalwart Chancellor of Exchequer that ever carried a Budget, Mr. Ward Hunt.

Earl Russell, of course, paid a gracious tribute to the retiring Premier, and his great qualities, and hoped that the Lords would again and often hear his noble and eloquent language.

In the Commons the announcement was far more interesting, as it

sgain and often hear his noble and eloquent language.

In the Commons the announcement was far more interesting, as it had to be made by the son of Lord Drrst. The Foreign Minister spoke with emotion, and was loudly cheered on all sides. He moved adjournment. There were shouts for Ms. GLADSTONE, who, in allusion to the special cause, ill-health, which Lord Stanley had, by a singular destiny, to announce as the reason for his father's retirement, expressed regret that such a career should be so brought to a close.

Mr. Maguire, who had been about to initiate the Irish debate, hoped for an early day. Lord Stanley was no less desirous of a full discussion.

The House adjourned until Friday.

Here Mr. Punch interpolateth a few precious words of his own. In one of the most remarkable Cartoons which he has ever presented to a delighted world, he has recorded the event of the day, the rise of an un-aided, untitled, and originally unpopular man to the highest place in the state. The Educator is now formally installed as Head Master, and as at Eton, he receives a Red (Blue Ribbon in good time) which, doubtless, he will be glad to use as little as possible, but which we take it will not exactly recemble that spoken of by Duke Vincentio:—

"Fond fathers Having bound up the threatening twigs of birch Only to succept in their children's sight For wire's, not be use; in time the find

Mr. Panch has fourth was Mr. Disnail. I may an hour by the Sareway clock, which used to sound the close of the poll for the bonourable genticines. It is extremely possible that Mr. Panch may have to fight with him again, many a time, and oft. He is a forman worthly of Mr. Panch tree Be this as it may, Mr. Panch hereby presents the best completeness to the Premier of England, and respectfully reminds him that in 1948 Mr. Disnain said in the House, "I belong to a party that can tramph no more." The words were half true. The pancy resemble to Mr. Disnain, and the trumph is his. Whiteothe will the 'Arbitograpy.'

Whether it shall be peace or war between us depends upon the future, not the past. Dut us it which it may, Mr. Pract frankly recognises the genius and the perseverance which after thirty years of strife, have been rewarded with the Promorship.

We shall the no formal leave of Prince Rupert. We share the hope of EARL RUBERL and we shall often meet LORD DERBY in the House of Peers, and we add, Homerically, that if he may not fight, he may come down to the frenches and raise his voice, like ACHILLES:—

Di T by daiffly wash yeser Alacidao Ol 8 ws also ann ona Xaleon Alacidao Militir opliedy doplos.

Thursday. My Lords met, only to pass the Suspension Bill for Treland.

Ireland.

Friday. Both your Houses met, but only to be told to go away again, like good houses, and come back again on the following Thursday. Mr. Gladetone showed characteristic adroitness in his reply to Lord Stanley's notification—did not think that, as a rule, there should be so much delay, as a few changes of office required but little; but as of late, owing to Lord Derby's health, the Cabinet must have approached the Irish Question in a crippled and partially restrained condition, and as there might be more Significance in the change of Premierahip than those outside could be aware of, he would freely and cheerfully, but on those special grounds, accede to the proposal for adjournment. But the business of the Session promised to be rather "severe," and we should be nearly a month behindhand. If any fippant Swell thinks that all this elaboration of expression was merely formal, he had better tarry at Jericho till his beard be grown. Not on Gladstonianisms, Swell, do thou pronounce autoschediastically.

COURTESY TO COLOURED GENTLEMEN.

A CHANGE has come over the colour of Southern independence never dreamt about by the insurgent Southerners—a change from white to black. Not only has black become independent of white, but the former element in the Southern Conventions preponderates over the latter. Moreover, it is asserting not merely its independence but likewise its dignity, insomuch that, according to an American correspondent of the Times:—

"In North Carolina one of the latest achievements of the Convention has been to expel a newspaper reporter for calling the black members 'siggers;' and in Mississippi a proposition has been made to expelsuely reporters as do not put 'Mr.' before the names of the dark delegates."

In thus insisting on being named with the title which they consider due to their consequence, the coloured gentlemen of North Carolina, however, should remember that there are cases in which its omission is complimentary. We do not say Mr. C.Esar.

THE RELUCED TO A TOTAL

Two Good Reasons.

STOREGOE

Harsh comments are made upon the conduct of Str. Morrow Paro in retaining his seat for Bristol. He is unkindly accused of doing so in deference to a clique that is not yet ready with a candidate. We believe that this is not the case, and that Str. Morrow Paro merely desires to take part in the coming debates on "Charities" and on the Bankruptcy, Law.



RETAIL TRADERS V. CO-OPERATIVE STORES.

JOHN THOMAS IS EMPHATICALLY ON THE SIDE OF THE FORMER.

PEERS, IDLE PEERS!

"The House of Lords sat last night somewhat less than a quarter of an hour, during which no business was done."—Times.

PERRS, idle Peers, I know not what they do. Peers from the depths of their luxurious chairs Rise in the Clubs, and saunter to the House, In-looking on the happy HUSH, LORD CATRNS, And thinking of the Bills that are in store.

Sure as the hammer falling at a sale, That makes us travel by the Underground, Sad as the feeling when our bargains prove Not quite the treasures which we hoped to find; So sad, so sure, the Bills that are to bore.

Ab, sad (not strange) as on dark winter morns. The surliest knock of half-impatient dun. To drowsy ears, ere, watched by drowsy eyes, The tailor slowly goes across the Square; So sad, so very sad, the Bills that are in store.

Drear as repeated hisses at your Play, And dread as dreams by indigestion caused To those that take hot suppers; dull as law, Dull as dry law, and lost without regret; O House of Lords, the Bills that are to bore.

THE BRITISH LION AT THE HOME OFFICE.

It is doubtful if more of the naked truth was ever exposed in a Minister's Room than by one Mr. Shith, "of Rotherhithe," at Mr. Hardy's reception of the Deputation from the National Conservative Union last week. Our good friend the Pail Mall Gasette, which has a sharp eye for the power in the gathering of the day, prints a verbatim report of this harangue of the illustrious Shith—who assumes the proud title of "part-proprietor of the British Lion."

And who, let us ask, if we may judge by the Post-office Directory, can set up a better title to that designation than SMITH—JOHN SMITH, no doubt—at once eponym and representative of the gens SMITH, which counts more heads than any gens in the nation—BROWN, JONES, and ROBINSON not excepted. And thus he roared at the Home Office, in the mauner characteristic of the animal, with one eye to his principles, and the other to his profits :-

principles, and the other to his profits:—

"The stronghold of Radicalism has been the weekly cheap press, but we, Sir, have established the Pritish Lion, which circulates in thousands, and I call on you, Sir, and all present, to support it in a business way by giving it advertisements. In the British Lion, Sir, we have given the Liberals what they will not represent they have rise gone so far as to say that no one could know whether we had a head or atait. What are those people to whom we are opposed? Are they not the prople who figured in last Saturday's paper as persecuting the press? Are they not the prople who get up an agritation like wilding? I have been used to work all my life, are i. can tell you I don't want no mercenary agitators. What we want you, the Conservative Ministry—you whom we have the highest respect for and confidence in—to do is, to associate with us, to come a little more amongst us. You did not come to the Crystal Palace. But, certainly, Lond Jours Manness did come. Well, Sir, I wish to present you with this paper (British Lion) to peruse over. I wrote to the DRANCELLOS OF THE EXCHEQUER about this 'British Lion,' but I did not recise to the Lond DRANCELLOS OF THE EXCHEQUER about this 'British Lion,' but I did not recise and reply, and I also wrote to Lond DRANCELOS OF THE EXCHEQUER about this 'British Lion,' but I did not recise meanes amount of good. If there are any Conservative gentlemen here who have advertisements to give away, lot them not mind sending them to the daily papers, and of course I wish to do my property service. In conclusion, Str, I have very great pleasure in meeting Mis, Handry, that great here of the metropolis."

Well roared, British Lion! . . . The conclusion of the Gasetie's re-

Well roared, British Lion! . . . The conclusion of the Gasette's report is startling. "Mr. Hardy," it says, "bowed, and put the British Lion is his pocket."

Let us hope no British Home Secretary ever did that. Mr. Walfold once put the British Lion, if not in his pocket, in his pocket-handker-chief, when he wept in the bosom of Brales, but we had trusted that Mr. Hardy, as his name implies, was made of sterner stuff. Perhaps, however, if he did put the British Lion in his pocket, it was only to have him ready to alip at any noisy mob who may hereafter venture to invade the Home Office, be it Finlan and his Fenians, or even Brales and his Bubbleyjocks.

THE SEDENTARY MAN'S PARADISE, -Sittingbourne.



THE NEW HEAD MASTER.



THE NEW HEAD MASIER.

A NEW NOVEL COMPANY.

THE first novel by the Sensational Novel Company (Limited) con-

The Authors of Never Too Late for the Colleen Pogna, Dona's Fampire,
Who's Griffiths (Gaunt)? Hard Streets of London Assurance,
Peg Waffington's Long Strike, The Double Carriage, Hunted Up.

Also of the Authors of The Woman with No Name, The Thoroughfare without a Heart, The 'Idden' And.

Also of the Authors of Les Mystères de Château Boum, Mokeanna, or The White Witness, Jasper's Money, The Grandmother's Fongasacs, Lady Disorderly's Secret, Romula and Rema, The White Ram, The Mabel False, Spiritual Columbines, Nobody's Nephero.

THE EDITOR'S PREFACE

In order to present the public with a work of fiction which shall be unequalled by any similar production of the present day, the Editor has ordered a novel from the above recently-established Sensational Novel Company (Limited) consisting of various distinguished authors whose works are mentioned above, and whose names it would therefore be unnecessary, may superfluous, to give.

The Editor's object has been to obtain the most startling, most thrilling, most exciting plot constructed by the most original romancers, whether from their own or foreign brains it matters not, now in this country; situations contrived by experienced dramatists, sharp, orisp dialogue by the ablest novelists and dramatic writers, and descriptions, where requisite, by several distinguished gentlemen whose speciality lies in this groove.

The reader's time will not be wasted on pages of analysis of character, descriptive touches about sunsets, sunrises, trees and the appearance of nature generally under various aspects, which only impede the clear course of the story and tire the patience of the purchaser.

As each Author engaged upon this tale has been constantly employed (according to the rules of the Company) in revising his collaborators' work, the desired end has been obtained, and with few exceptions [where the Editor has at the last moment restored passages or interpolated necessary explanations] the story never flags either in action or in dialogue.

That is, as far as the Editor has read at present, for the entire novel is not yet in his hands.

That is, as far as the Editor has read at present, for the entire novel is not yet in his hands.

The illustrations are, or rather will be, by several artists of undoubted reputation, whom it would occupy too much space here to name, and whose particular praises it would be to a degree invidious to sing. They are, the Editor is most happy to say, on excellent terms with the Authors of this novel, and therefore he confidently expects the happiest results from such a combination of Genius and Talent.

To his dear friends, the Authors, the Editor turns and begs them to remember the old table of the bundle of sticks, a suggestion he would not dare to make to a Company of Actors—but to the Literary Limited Company the case is happily far different. Bear with each other's faults of style, and continue to aim at producing by your united efforts. One such work as shall establish your new speculation on a secure basis, and shall mark an era in the Literature of our Great and Glorious Country. Now, to the public!

On consideration, the Editor deems it as well to state, at the outset of this new undertaking, two conditions for which the Directors of the Co., for themselves, and the Authors, for themselves, have stipulated as a sine qua non of publication in this journal:—

First. That the Directors shall have full liberty, from time to time, to publish with the story such notes as they may deem necessary for the clear explanation of the novel, the benefit of the public at large, and their own protection as Directors of the aforesaid Company.

Secondly. That the Authors shall have full liberty to publish, from time to time with the Story, individually or conjointly, the one with the other, such notes as they together, or each severally, shall deem necessary for the furtherance of the plot, their own reputations individually or collectively, and the general advantage of the public at

* The Editor having as cheerfully as possible consented to the above stipulations, now trusts to the good faith, kindly forbearance, and gentlemanly feeling of all concerned in this present Novel, not to abuse the concession thus made, and finally throws himself upon the kindness of a generous and indulgent public.

* This finishing sentence was unluckily in print, and escaped the Editor's wary eye. It means "now I place this novel in the hands of the public, who will pronounce upon its merits." As it stands it der appear as if the Editor, fatigued by the accessive crartions of Preface-writing, had thrown down the pen and thirsting for refreshment, had exclaimed, "Now to the Public!" an erroneous impression which he hastens to remove. As Ms. Downan said, "Those who know me best, best know me," or words to that offect.—ED.

'A few Words as to the Title of the New Novel, " CHIKKIN HAZARD."

The Authors jointly and severally protest against this title, which has been selected by the Editor—[also jointly and severally against all the titles proposed by one another]—as however no better one could be agreed upon, this was at a recent meeting of the Company adopted under protest:—

They wish it to be distinctly understood that CHIKKIN HAZARD (spalt thus also under protest) was not, nor is, nor ever has been, suggested by the highly successful navel now publishing in weekly parts, entitled Fout Play, nor any part or parts of it, nor do they (the Authors) think that as far as they we gone the name CHIKKIN HAZARD has very much to do with the Story.

Note by the Directors of the New Company.—The Directors has to state that they have the greatest confidence in the Editor's discretion, and in justice to him, themselves and the Campany, they now place hefore the public the titles originally suggested by the various Authors engaged upon this work:—

1. The Fiend's Followers.
2. The Clergyman's Grandmother.
3. Gentle Maud: a Tale of Saxon.
4. Happy Days in Langouste: a Troubadour' Stor.
5. Sepoy Saxa: or, The Holliching Recellsetians Tommy.
6. The Better Land; a Series for Children.
7. Dan, or the Murderers of the Mhoil Dhu.
8. My First Polka.
9. Golly Boy. A Tale of the Early Christians.
10. Boar Hunting in Australia.
11. Glen M'Kroskie, or the Last of the Highland Chiefa.
12. When there's a Will there's a Way, or how to Cure Smoky Chimneys.

Chimneys.

13. Sir Martin Nickleby, or Dombey and Twist: a Romance of the

Thirteenth Century.

14. Hocus; or, The Dark Horse. A Confession of Turf Rascality.

The fifteenth was Magnolia, or the Captive Turk: a Poem in Seven Books: and was immediately protested against by every one concerned in the success of the work. Its proposer was unable to see that his idea scarcely fitted in with the scheme of a sensational novel, and he at first resigned his seat at the Company's board, but an arrangement having been entered into that he should provide whatever poetry might be wanted (three pieces at least being stipulated for) in the course of the story, our kind and amiable friend resumed his functions in the Company.

CHAPTER I. (Will appear in our next,)

ASSIZE INTELLIGENCE.—NEWCASTLE. (Sittings in a Turkish Bath.)

4 Tun heat of the atmosphere in the Assize Court at Newcastle-upan-Tyne is excessive. Mr. Justica Mallor, who had complained of it last year, was absolutely disabled by it the other day from sitting there any longer, and obliged to adjourn to the County Court. A thermo-meter, placed where the learned Judge had been seated, rose from 60° to 75° in ten minutes, and was rising when he adjourned. Last year when he was in Newcastle the thermometer at one time, he said, rose to 95°, about the average temperature of a warm bath. The desi in front of the Judge's chair is also at such a distance from it that his Lordahip could not reach it so as to write his notes without leaning painfully forward. Putting this and that together, we cannot help asking whether the Northumbrian County Magistrates are aware of the arrangements which interested parties at canny Newcastle appear to have contrived in order to incommode Har Majesty's Judge in the Assize Court there, and to make it too hot to hold him?

Fish to Fast on at Rome.

"According to a French contemporary and Mr. Revren, the Italian Government "has made the most necessary arrangements to pay the interest of its portion of the Pontifical debt on the lat of April aext." Let us hope that the Successor of the Fisherman will not find that payment made in poisson d'April.

SHORTLY will be published, a Companion Volume to Old December Days, to be entitled Old December Nights, by a Three-bottle Man.

A VULGAR ERROR.—"Zon" is wrong in supposing that "N.B." at the end of the address on letters going to North Britain means— "Take Notice. Here is a Scotchman who stops at home."



Nicce. "I'm writing to Clara Smith, Aunt. Shall I say anything from you!" Aunt. "You may give her my love, dear. How I do Dislike that Girl, to be SURE !!

A PART OF THE PEOPLE'S WAR.

- O say not England's now at war; Say part of England's nation, This Abyssinian business for, That suffers all taxation!
- O say not others glory share, Whereof the coat immense is, Than those who have alone to bear The weight of its expenses!
- That burden, borne by their sole backs, The rest oppresses never;
 The class who pay the Income-Tax
 It grinds and grinds for ever!

DATA REDDERE NOLUNT?

At the beginning of an eloquent address lately delivered by Mr. HEPWORTH DIXON, at Brighton, he says,

"A shrewd and witty lady used to tell me that the most impertinent thing a man could ask of a woman was to remember a date; most of all so, when the date was a long time ago."

Lady Morgan was shrewd, but did she ever know a weman who was unable to prove by dates how old another woman must be, especially if the latter were impertinent enough to be handsome?

Picked up in Wilton Place.

QUOTING from Ms. ROBERTSON'S eminent predecessor, visitors to the Prince of Wales's, on leaving the Theatre, say to each other—

" The Play's the thing."

THE NINE DAYS' WONDER.

THE NINE DAYS' WONDER.

MR. PUNCH,

"GREAT wit to madness nearly is allied;" perhaps, Sir, you have an uncle in a lunatic asylum. Allow me to call your attention to a theory proposed with reference to the late mysterious disappearance now elucidated.

"Mad, Sir, mad as a March hare. What! why, his brother was the great African traveller. All mad, Sir; all African travellers, Livingstone and all the rest. Go roaming amongst lions, and cannibals who cat their sick relations—mad, Sir, mad! Uncontrollable impulse to wander about—monomania. Outbreak of travelling craze—disappearance. Accounted for at once. Suppressed madness, all of a sudden rampant. That's all, Sir, that's all.

"There accems to be a great deal in what you say, Sir," I replied to old Mr. Bruyr. It certainly is difficult to imagine what but madness could induce anybody to go roaming about, as you say, among lions and cannibals. But we might think the same of gentlemen of wealth who choose to put themselves in the way of cannon-balls."

"So I do, Sir. Only, so long as we want an army, we mustn't say so."

"So I do, Sir. Only, so long as we want an army, we mustn't say so."

Well, Sir, I only so far venture to differ from you as not to call our famous travellers and explorers all absolutely mad. But, doubtless, your Mungo Parks, your Belsonis, your Burtons, your Bekes, and your Spekes, are actuated by a peculiar impulse to travel. It looks like the operation of a particular faculty—a special genius."

"Inordinate passion, Sir; enthusiasm—insanity."

"When excessive and outrageous, yes. Otherwise, like a peculiar turn for music—or ciphering. Now, certainly it does not follow that because a man likes butter, therefore his brother must like butter. Still, brothers very often have similar tastes. Phrenology—"

"Prenology is all humbug, Sir."

"Possibly not quite all. Your brains, Sir, perhaps are not mere stuffing, they may have functions above those of so much fat. Now, Phrenology, Sir, says, that there is a certain organ of 'Locality,' of which large size and great activity occasion ardent love of travelling. Suppose two brothers have it, both of them, large. In the case of one it finds relief in exertion, has no play in that of the latter. At last its pent-up energy explodes in temporary aberration. Of course, Sir, this is a mere hypothesis, but isn't it as good a one as the less charitable supposition on which journalists have been using strong language, taking about suicide of reputation and so on?"

"Well, Sir, perhaps so. But mind, I don't give in to Phrenology;

I can't, I won't, I never will; nor to Mesmerism neither, nor

Popery."
Your Profundity, Mr. Punch, will discern that my suggestion of a mind unbalanced by a seizure with over-excitement of the deaire to travel, may be true independently of Phrenology. I propose it, not of course, as any possibly new idea to your masculine readers, but in the hope that the numerous young ladies who study your columns may perhaps derive some recreation from considering a little question of mental philosophy and pathology. Wherewith I rest, yours truly, Jeremiah Bumps.

P.S. It strikes me, at any rate, that the obvious surmise of temporary derangement might have cooled the indignation that was kindled by an appearance of trifling with the British Public's curiosity.

FANCIFUL, BUT FISHY.

Fancy Balls have recently been plentiful in Paris, and we can fancy from what follows that these Fancy Balls have brought forth some fanciful costumes:—

"Among the novel toilette effects, people speak of an aquarium, showing the waist enclosed with beautiful shells, the continuation being a short jupe of sea green colour, on which are to be found numerous samples of the animal and vegetable world."

Only fancy a man's feelings at hearing that he has to waltz with an aquarium! He would next expect to dance the polks with an aviary. What a queer quadrille it would be where two such partners were seen dancing with a farmyard and a stable, which, considered as costumes, would be hardly more preposterous. With regard to the aquarium, we think a wreath of sea auemones entwined round her back-hair would think a wreath of sea anemones entwined round her back-hair would have been prettily appropriate. A nice bouquet of sea-weeds would also have been suitable, and when going to the ball she might have been most fitly wrapped up in a seal-akin. The shells worn round her waist must have been troublesome to a partner, if they were either sharp or prickly. Fancy what a state his right-hand glove would get into, after clasping in a waltz a waist girt about with razor-shells, or, still worse, with prickly cockles! Moreover, we object to the "samples of the animal world," as being wholly out of place upon a sea-green petticoat. If it ever be our fortune to dance with an aquarium, we should much prefer her wearing a score or two of nice fresh juicy oysters on her jupe, which we could open at our leisure, and eat after each dance, if she were kind enough to wear for us a knife hung from her girdle.

NARCISSE.

Narcissumque vocat. De quo consultus, an esset
Tempora matura visurus longa senectae:
Paticlicus vates, 'Si so non viderit,' inquit.
Vana diu visa est vox auguris. Exitus illam,
Resque probat, letique genus, novitasque furoris."
Ovid, Mei. III. 346.

Hesque probat, letique genus, novitasque furoria."

Mr. Punch is glad to hold out the right hand of fellowship to a foreign actor, Herr Bandmann, who has lately made a very successful appearance among us in a favourite German part called Narcises. This gentleman brings to our stage a bilingual reputation—German and American. He can hardly speak German more fluently and correctly than, on the whole—and bating an Americanism or two—he speaks English. The American stage, like most American arts and institutions, is, as yet, little more than a copy of the English stage, with its worst points, such as excess, trust in clap-trap, and lack of refinement, made more prominent; and the Transatiantic brand—as we have learning from too many imported samples of United States stage-wares labelled "first class American," but which, on trial, have turned out Brummagem on this side of the water—is anything but a guarantee of quality. Exceptions, like JEFFERSON, only prove the rule.

But the German stage is quite unlike our own. The direct influence of such men as GOETHH, SCHLEARIN, and LESSING, and, in a lower range, INLERMMANN, LAUBE, and other literary stage directors, and the connection of the theatre with the Court in the small German states, have both tended to give an intellectual character to German actors, and andiences, which if occasionally leading to dulasse and artificiality in the players, and to tolerance of long winded plays and stilled performances in the people, has yet produced a sense of respect for art and brains in both, the want of which in the object cause of the coarseness of most English acting, and the general relish of the British public for coarse sensations and sources of effect, and insensibility to refined ones.

In MR. BANDMANN's acting, the idealings and artificial style of the

refined ones.

In Mr. Bandmann's acting, the idealising and artificial style of the German stage has been dashed, but not destroyed, tempered, but not trampled out, by the influences of his American experience. He has learned to depend on nature, without diameters of rant, and to sustain his pathos above the region of whine and namby-pamby. His art has just that ideal and poetic quality which is so rare on our stage just now, that it may practically be treated as altogether wanting. He has, especially, two gifts which are indispensable to a poetic actor—fervour of passion, and grace of movement. Realism, the supremany of "coat and waistcoat." plays, the reign of sensation and prose, instead of idealism and blank verse, and the study of the models furnished by a time of restrained 'emotion, and slovenly manners, have gone far to destroy these among English actors. It is well that we should be recalled to their charm and value. Mr. Frenter did much in this way. Mr. Bandmann continues, and, unless we are mistaken, betters the instruction.

But the play and the part he has chosen for his début are not what

way. Mr. Bandlann continues, and, unless we are mistaken, betters the instruction.

But the play and the part he has chosen for his début are not what they ought to be. Herr Brachvosel's Five Act Tragedy, translated literally, would be utterly intolerable to a British public from its tediousness and stiltedness together. Even as condensed (to little over two hours) and enlivened in the adaptation played at the Lyceum, it is, too often, heavy and dull. Nor is the part of Narctise, though it gives the actor some effective openings, essentially better than the play. We have heard Germans call him "a nineteenth century Hamlet." We can only say as German a Hamlet, as Klopstock is a Milkon.

But the merits of the actor are distinct from those of the part. As to the latter, we recommend playeors to judge for themselves. As to the latter, we recommend Herr Bandkann to study the Sors Ovidiana which we have prefixed to this notice.

If he wishes to maintain and enhance his success, don't let him fall in love with himself in Narcisse, but turn from that unhealthy and stagey part to something manlier and nobler—Hamlet, Othello, Shylock. There is Shakspeare crying, "Come act me!"

Don't let him think, because Mr. Fechter was faithless enough to throw over Shakspeare for sensation, and to prefer the fustian of French melodrams to the fire and force of English tragedy, that there is not room and verge enough for a great actor among the high places of the poetic drama. He will find plenty to preach that doctrine to him. Let him turn a deaf ear to these evil counsellors, and take for his motte, the American poet's device, "Excelsior!"

"TOUT CHEMIN MÈNE À ROME,"

A PETITION has been presented to the Bishops in Convocation that what is left of the consecrated elements in churches may be reserved for the use of the sick at home. These petitioners would evidently like to see the Romish practice of carrying the viaticus revived in this country. That would only be a step beyond what they now ask. We hope and trust that "they are reckoning," and will continue to reckon, "without their host."

A FENIAN ON HIS FRIENDS.

Tune-Rinerary Ballad.

O FITY a Fenian prisoner,
Awaiting of his doom,
For treason and for murder too,
All in a prison's gloom.
My native soil was Ireland,
The Island of the Free,
But I scorned to live the Saxon's thrall
In chains and slavery.
In proud disdain to be a slave,
I emigrated o'er the wave.

A citizen of the United States
In due time I became,
And there fought in the ranks of
On the glorious field of fame.
In when the war was ended,
And Rease prevailed once more
ipined the Fenish Brotherhood,
And resumed in my native sho
We thought to lag the tyrants leg
the time was come to strike the I

But what made us expecially
The British Lion days.
Was the friends of the bold Jamaica black.
And the foce of GOVERNOR EYRE.
The more because among that crew
The members, name by name,
That took our part in Parliament,
Were all of them the same.
They weren't kicked out; which when we saw,
It encouraged us to defy the law.

Policemen we did shoot and kill,
For which occasion some,
All in the town of Manchester,
Did suffer martyrdom.
In Clerkenwell we did blow down
The prison wall, and blew
Un working men and women Up working men and women,
And many children too.
Kind friends we'd got, by which thought we
For to enjoy impunity.

Again they're at the Governor,
Who put our brothers down,
And stamped out black rebellion,
When they rose against the Crown.
To get him hanged for murder
They had tried and failed before.
At Bow Street Court, on Thursday last,
They made the attempt once more.
We trust they'll prove our good friends still,
P. A. TATLOR and JOHN STUART MILL.

To bring a loyal subject to
The gallows was their aim,
And oh may they exert themselves
To save us from the same!
Success to P. A. TATIOR,
JOHN STUART MILL, and those
That seek the life of England's friends,
And side with England's foes.
The House of Commons wan't expel
The friends that all find who rebei.

Wool in Request at Washington.

A CONTEMPORARY'S correspondent at Washington begins his letter with the following observation:—

"This has been a week of great cry and of very little wool."

Great cry in the political metropolis of the United States is usual. But what of little wool? We suppose that, of the many coloured gentlemen whom the partiality of Congress must have attracted to Washington, an uncommonly few had been having their hair cut.

THE GOOD OLD TIMES.

MISS AMAREL HEIGHINGTON lays down her SHELLEY with a sigh, and thinks mankind must be greatly altered since the poet wrote-

"Nothing in the world is single."



SEVERE, BUT NECESSARY.

Time: 1'30 P.M. Circumstances: A "check" in the course of a day with the "All Bite Em."

Afable London Tradesman, a recent acquisition to the Hunt (refreshing himself out of a Sherry flack). "Well, now, and what's his LORDSHIP A 'AVIN' OF?

His Lordship. "I'm taking some Cognac, Sir, that has been Twenty Years in Bottle. And let me tell you there's a precious deal less Brandy in it than there is in your Sherry!!" and the contract of tear at the

NESTOR AND ORPHEUS.

MR. PUBCH takes off his hat to M. Aubers, and gushes with congratulation on the fact that some fresh laurels have been added to his crown. To have written a new opera at the age of nearly ninety, is a feat which no composer, excepting M. Aubers, has ever yet achieved. Moreover, the new opera his gained a marked success, and has most thoroughly deserved the applause it has excited, if Mr. Pusca may credit the critical reports, and may judge, too, by the humming and the whistling of its music, wherewith he has been favoured by obliging connoisseurs. Not having time himself to go to Paris just at present-for what would Parliament become, without his weekly Essence?—Mr. Pusca must wait a month or two ere hearing the new opera, which he hopes to do in London before the season ends. Then as Agamenson, being, like him, "King of Men," Mr. Pusca will shake the earth in applauding Mossieur Nestor, who is also Mossieur Orpheus. Meanwhile, Mr. Pusca has consoled himself a little by a visit to the pretty little new Saint George's Opera-House, where he heard Mademoiseren Leberar and in the Ambassadress very prettily indeed; and, with his ears full of the charming melodies of Aubers, be plodded his way homeward, warbling. "Auben, toi que j'aime!"

By the bye, Mr. Pusca, in a recent article, did an injustice to his old friend, Mrs. Werstern, toi que j'aime!"

Now Mrs. Werstern is a Manager who deserves that his pieces should have an Arabian Entertainments' run, and be the talk, and the sight, and the hearing of the Town for a thousand and one nights and more. Because Mrs. Werstern has abolished imposts. Because at the Adelphi have an Arabian Entertainments' run, and be the talk, and the sight, and the hearing of the Town for a thousand and one nights and more. Because Mrs. Werstern has abolished imposts. Because at the Adelphi there are no booking fees, no tolls to attendants, no taxes on playbills. It has taken centuries to get rid of Middle Row, it has taken long, long years to lower the crown of our hats, to improve our shi

and produce matches that ignite only on the box-let us for once have a sudden surprise, an unexpected windfall, the amountement that, imitating the excellent example of the Adelphi, the entire theatrical brotherhood have resolved that in future one charge shall cover all the expense of a visit to the play, barring, of course cab-hire, incidental refreshments, and subsequent oysters, when those nutritious rarrities are again procurable by any income under that of a Marquis or a Millocrat.

Quite Right, Too.

Mn. Conditions, one of the churchwardens of Atherstone, in Warwickshire, has been proceeded against by his incumbent for removing from the Parish Church certain Ritualistic apparatus, such as a super-alture, banner-brackets, &c. Mn. Conditions declares that this apparatus was Papistic, and such as ought to be removed from a Protestant Church, and that he, being a Protestant, and the authorised guardian of a Protestant Parish Church, has only acted ac-Cordingly.

MUSIC IN DOWNING STREET.

SINCE his elevation to the Chancellorship of the Exchequer, the late Secretary of the Treasury has been heard frequently humming to himself the old English air, "The Hunt is up."

STOOPHANTS AND SOVEREIGHS.

Bass, on a monarch fawning, is the Snob;
More base the Slave who cringes to the Mob.

MADE OFF ATHENS — HALL ROUNDERS, who has had a classical education, and reads Byron, is so fond of his "Wheel of Life" that he is continually saying, "Zoetrope most, are agapo."

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.



N Thursday, March 5th, 1868, Bun-TAMEN DISHABLE entered the House of Commons, amid cheering, Parkers of England.

TAMIN DISEABLU entered the House of Commons, amid cheering, Pressing of England.

There was not much to be said, no political complications having caused the change in the Ministry—so far as the public yet knows. It is notorious that Lorn Derry's health made it pressers for him to retire. Whether the Diseaser for him to retire. Whether the Diseaser for him to retire whether the Diseaser for him to retire. Whether the Diseaser for the Earl, may have a simply to bear a fitting tribute to the genius, energy, and (young people) industry of the late Pressure, and is genius, energy, and (young people) industry of the late Pressure, and is genius, energy, and (young people) industry of the late Pressure, and is genius, energy, and (young people) industry of the late Pressure, and is genius, energy, and (young people) industry of the late Pressure, and is genius, energy, and (young people) industry of the late Pressure, and is genius, energy, and young people industry of the late Pressure, and is genius, energy, and young people industry of the late and angular the difficulties. People can interpret these words as they please. These who give them a significance connected with birth, and who have interfered the same of the Habrey family and the langualities. The Pressure grandfather, who was therefore Italian, same to England, and his son, Isaac Dissault, a retired gentleman of Bookinghamshire, was the author of the series of subtle literary and historical researches, of which the Curiosistic is best known, but all of which are delightful to scholarly minus. Lord Lyttors observed in a note to one of his earlier works, that when he was contesting an election, somebody took an objection to him as a new man. Well, if pedigree be of any consequence in politics, Ma. Bouwer's family in about three times as old as that of his opponent."

"Is it possible, Sir — it can't be—Mr. Bulwer is—an author." Add Captain Bunsby's formula, and we have done with that part of the business.

MR. DISRABLI stated that he had enjoyed twenty years of confidential co-operation with Lord DERRY, and had succeeded to his policy.

Our Foreign Policy is to be that of Peace, not of selfah isolation, but of sympathy both with the prosperities and the troubles of other

nations.

Our Domestic Policy is to be Liberal—a truly liberal policy. We are not to shrink from requisite changes, but we are not to forget that we dwell in an ancient and historic country, rich in the traditions that are the best security for order and liberty.

Ireland, a most interesting and important portion of the kingdom, has still to be protected by the Suspension, against an unprincipled foreign confederation. But he believed that agitations were disappearing. He would not fritter away the interest felt in regard to the intentions of Government in to Ireland, as they would be explained by Loan Mato in the coming Irish debate. He added, that some time had then lost this Bession, but he should work as hard as he could, and should also do all he could to facilitate the promotion of measures as the other side.

And the cheers which followed, up bounded the bouncing Bouvaries.

And the cheers which followed, up bounded the bouncing Bourrits.

What do you mean by a policy? Last year's, or the year before last? Are yen admenting your party, or is its education complete? You are fairly entitled to your own putition. But you have no majority. In Lean Danny the key stone of your arch is gone. It is the fault of the Liberais that you are in power. The Liberais are little better than a Rabbin, with a great man in front. Last year you yielded to mob dictation. For we're alread to hang the Irish rebells. All this is unconstitutional. You will come to grief. You ought to have made a Coalition Ministry out of the best materials. Can't we unite on anything? Are we to fight over the Irish Church? Are we not sgreed about land, all of us except Mi. Mink, who would atone for three confiscations by a fourth? Public interests are suffering by the neglect of necessary measures. There?

Sin Gronge Bowers thought that really this was not the way to behave to a new Minister. As to a rabble, the time had passed for blind following of leadership. If Government did its duty, it would be supported, regardless of majorities.

There ended the opening chapter in the history of the Disraell Ministry.

Ministry.

Before leading our readers to the foot of the gallows, it may be convenient to take them into the House of Peers.

The Earl of Maintebury, who is to be—don't laugh—the leader in the Peers, began by explaining that he had been inaccurately reported as having said that Mr. Disparil was to make a Ministry "if possible." What he had said was, "as soon as possible." The Earl is a gentleman, and the explanation was enough. But he must add that it was "a very natural mistake." Did he mean that it was natural for people to believe that he was likely to think that Tory Peers would not fall into their ranks under Mr. DISPARIL's leadership? The rest of his speech was formal, but he promised an early Education Bill.

ship? The rest of his speech was formal, but he promised an early Education Bill.

EARL RUSSELL could not help saying that he had no confidence in a Government that openly professed to say one thing and mean another.

He used the word deception, and contended that he might have used a rent word.

He used the word deception, and contended that he might have used a different word.

The DUKE OF MARLEOROUGH had not the least idea what the noble hard could mean.

ARE RUSSELL would tell him, then. Would he read his Chief's Edinberta Speech about educating his party, to consent to what he had been far years calling a degradation of the Franchise. Fox, Gast, Althorap, would have scorned such a course, and so would Pitt, Livastroot, and Wallington.

"The subject then dropped."

The subject then dropped."

Second Reading of the Bill enacting Private Experience.

Second Rowers recorded this, thinking that the sight of an execution was vary deterrent from crime.

Second Russell to have likened the proposed practice to private assassination.

After a short debate,

Mr. M Claran (Edinburgh) supported the Bill, and bogged that Scotchman might share with Englishmen the advantage of being privately hanged.

The Lorie Advocars promised this boom, and on division, the Second Reading was restricted by 181 to 26.

privately hanged.

The Lord Advocate promised this boom, and on division, the Second Reading was carried by 181 to 25.

The Premier moved the Second Reading of the Election Bribery Bill, which had been sp unfavourably received. He now proposes that two real judges, Judges of the Land, shall be detached, as it were, from the main body of the army of justice, and sent, on full salaries, to the places accused of corruption. Of course, new Judges will be appointed in their place.

Mr. Gladstone thought this a very great improvement, and would not oppose the Second Reading, reserving his right of consideration.

Lord Lord took his seat for Argyllshire. We mention this to flash off a quotation from Walter Scott. Mr. Bruce was already in the House. Suppose they debated education:—

"Short were their shrift in that Debate, That hour of fury and of fate, Had Loanz encountered Brock."

Friday. The son of the inventor of that delightful article, the Shrapmell shell, petitioned the Lords for a national reward. Government replied that the shell was valuable, but as the inventor had \$21900 a year for 98 years, and £10,000 from the list India Company, there would be no more shelling out.

In the Commons there was a very good debate on the Alabama business. Mr. Shaw Lerrever gave an elaborate history of the case, and Lord Stabley replied in his best manner. Mr. Forster and Mr. Mill. spoke, and so did Mr. Gradeton, who said that he did not wonder that the Americans thought themselves wronged, but that if we go before the Arbitrator, we ought to be preferred to contend that we had done no wrong, but that whatever inscarriage might have occurred was accidental. This delivery of Mr. Gradeton's is carped at by those who want us to humble ourselves before the North, because it has been successful; but Mr. Gradeton's represents the feeling of the astion. We are sorry to have wounded the Americans, and they know it; but, we having said that, and being ready to pay for broken windows, the matter should be closed. It is satisfactory to be told by Lord Stableton's that good-feeling towards us is increasing in America, and that Mr. Gradeton's us increasing in America, and that Mr. Gradeton's us is increasing in America, and that Mr. Gradeton's said that the Irish Reform Bill should be introduced. The Premier said that it was for him to fix the order of business, and Mr. Gladeton and that the Irish Reform Bill was part of the Government scheme for Ireland, and ought to be forth-coming at once. But Mr. Directual would not give way.

A GRAND INVENTION.

* Epucational Planofortes are advertised. The most quitable piece for performance on these instructive instruments will be—the March of Intellect.



PLEASURES OF HUNTING BY RAIL.

Keen Sportsman (who has dired and dried at country inn, after wet day). "Here's A PRETTY Go! Five Minutes before the Train Starts, and I can't get my Boots on!"



BUT, THANES TO HIS GREAT-COAT, AND THE LANDLADY'S CARPET SLIPPERS, HE IS JUST IN TIME!

TEACH HIM TO FIND FAULT!

THE Poor Law Board has confirmed the suspension by the Board of Guardians of Da. Rogens, the Medical Officer of the Strand Union.

The Poor Law Board is obliged to admit that Da. Rogens has been blameless in the performance of his professional duties, but they require him to resign because he has repeatedly preferred appealing to the public and the Poor Law Board to appealing to the Guardians.

Guardians.

Perhaps by this time Dz. Rogers has changed his view as to the policy of appealing to the Poor Law Board.

Poor Law Board don't like to be bothered, and would much rather that Medical Officers made their appeal to the Guardians, at whatever risk of anuly, wigging, or ill-will, than to the Board whose business it is to look up Boards of Guardians.

Dz. Rogers has paid the penalty of his zeal—if it can be called a penalty to be relieved of the functions of Medical Officer of the Strand Union. We should suppose, for our own part, that if there be any of Rogers's "Pleasures of Memory" connected with the appointment, they must grow rather out of the dismissal from it than the discharge of its duties, or the experience acquired in it either of Bumble at the Local Board, or Bumble's humble servants at the Central Do.



AND, ARRIVING BEFORE HIS GROOM AND DOG-CART AT THE STATION, EXCITES

Equity Rewarded.

MANY persons have wondered what could have been the reason of the somewhat ungracious discharge of Lord Chrimspord from the Lord Chancellorship. It is not surprising. He had just made Mr. Hannes a Judge "without," the Solicitor's Journal says, "respect to any consideration but fitness." He immediately had to exchange the word has nothing to do with the Heroime of the Sonnambuls.

Question for Convocation.



TECHNICAL.

Favourite Niece. "I HEAR YOU'VE HAD A CAPITAL RUN, UNCLE! AND WHAT A LARGE PARTY YOU'VE GOT TO-NIGHT!" Fox-Hunting Squire. "Yes, MY DEAR. AND IF CAPTAIN CHIVIDALE AND HIS SISTERS HAD NOT 'THROWN UP' AT THE LAST MOMENT, THERE'D BEEN EIGHTERN COUPLE AND A HALF OF YOU!"

THE WAY NOT TO WIN WESLEYANS.

THE WAY NOT TO WIN WESLETANS.

The enemies of the Church of England must be sorry that Convocation stands prorogued for two months. They may, however, console themselves with the hope that it will be permitted to assemble after Easter, and will then go on as it has hitherto been going, in a way calculated, as though on purpose, to bring the whole institution of which it comprises the principal officers, into contempt. Should it turn over a new leaf, make a fresh start, and go on for the future in just an opposite way, them, indeed, there may be some chance that brave Bishor Salwan (of Lichfield, and, pending a successor's appointment, of New Zealand) may, should he live a hundred years or so longer—as let us hope he will—see, towards the end of his labours, fulfilled the hope which, at a missionary meeting in the Guildhall of Cambridge the other day, he thus expressed:—

"He hoped that the day would come, and that soon, when all those faithful disciples of John Wenley, whe are now doing a good missionary work abroad, would units and be one with the Church in those efforts. The missionary of New Zealand would be greatly benefited if the missionary efforts of the Wesleyans could be combined with those of the Church of England. Christians should so units to evangelize the world."

But if Bishor Selwyn's colleagues in Convocation continue to distinguish themselves by such feats as proclaiming themselves unable to deal with the Ritualists while the question of their legal ability or inability is yet under trial; if one of them may still avow Ritualist doctrines without getting himself disavowed as well as Colenso; and if the whole lot will permit themselves to entertain such a question as that of "reserving" the viaticum, the faithful disciples of JOHN WESLEY will most assuredly intrench themselves more strongly than ever in the Wesleyan Meeting-house, at the greatest moral and spiritual distance possible from a Church by that measurement apparently next door to the Roman Catholic Chapel. As long as this is the sort of business transacted by Convocation, the Wesleyan Conference will mind its own, and Bishor Selwyn may employ spare time in whistling for the Methodists, uninvited with the song "O whistle, and I'll come to ye, my lad," by any one member of that Protestant body.

A NEW MUSICAL CONDUCTOR.

IN PROFESSOR TYMPAL'S interesting Lectures upon Sound, we find the following put forth among his other sound opinions:—

"It would be possible to lay on, by means of wooden conductors, the music of a band to a distance in all directions, much as we lay on water."

"It would be possible to lay on, by means of wooden conductors, the music of a band to a distance in all directions, much as we lay on water."

While clever Mr. Manns conducts the Crystal Palace orchestra, nobody with any truth can venture to assert it has a "wooden conductor." But how pleasant it would be to hear the charming concerts there, without the bore of going to them! Fancy "laying on." a symphony to one's smoking-room or snuggery, and reveiling in Brethoven while relishing one's tobacco! Perhaps in a few seasons subscribers to the Palace may enjoy this in addition to its manifold attractions. Ears made of india-rubber have been in fashion lately, and we often wish our ears were equally elastic. If they were so, we might stretch them on a Saturday to Sydenham, and hear Mozarr and Mendelessohn without a railway journey. However, if these wooden conductors be adopted, our ears will need no straining to catch the Crystal music. But surely great care must be taken in laying down the sound-tubes, so that no unpleasant noises may chance to be conveying some sweet music to one's ear, were suddenly to vibrate with the whistle of a steam-engine! And conceive the aural torture, when one's ears are full of Berthoven, of hearing a few squeals somehow intruded by a barrel-organ!

More for Selwyn.

NEW Zealand and Lichfield, And he prefers Which field? He'll go to New Zealand, he'll on his old see land; Returned again, Lichfield will be his new Zeal land.

WAITING FOR AN ANSWER.—What is the difference between cating your words and eating your Terms?

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Times of Refreshing. By A Member of the Bar. Eyes of St. Mark. By the Author of Papils of St. John, and The Hair of Radciffe.

Bab Wonne. An opposition periodical to Good Words.

** To form one furtable Packet Poisson alphabetically error
reference. Front L. with all the Ban Words from 4 to
April 10. The Trades should apply sorty. alphabetically arreased for immedia

THE HUGUEROTS IN ENGLAND AND IRRLAND being the particulars on Operatio Tour by Signon Mario, embellished with a fine portra of himself as RAOUL.

Casens of the Middle Ages. By a Maiden Lady.

Fugitive Poems. With Notes on Fly Leaves by H. Walker.

The Cope and the Chasulie. Being a few Conserve Remarks on Ritualism.

By an Arch Deacon. Fourth Edition.

Thoughts for the Sole: or The Good Catholia's Manual of Fish dinners during Lent. By FATURE OFF.

during Lent. By FATHER UP.

"Go, Father, and fars worse."

St. Peter's. A New Roman Cathelic Magazine in opposition to Mr. ANTRONY TROLLOFS'S St. Paul'd.

THE HOREY: How to Keep him with a view to Rating him. Recipes for so feeding him that he shall tasts like either Turtle, or Venison, or Beef, or Wild Ducks, so., so. To purchasers: see by all Booksellers. Also by the same Anther—

THE ZERRA, and How to make him into a nice Stripe Supper. Also by the same Author

THE DORKET: With a Portrait of the Gentleman who asks for the above mentioned books.



A Growing Evil.

The encroachments of Slang are hourly becoming more and more audacious. Even our most venerable institutions cannot escape its destructive inroads. Unless there is immediately formed a Society for the Protection of the English Language from Slang, with a paid Secretary and Collector, and Iuxurious offices in the neighbourhood of the Clubs and Pall Mall, Johnson's Dictionary will speedily become an unintelligible mass of obsolete and archaic words. Do we exaggerate? Listen. On Thursday last, March the 5th, at 8:30 r.m. (we are nothing if we are not circumstantial), at the Royal Society, Burlington House, Piccadilly, a Paper was to be read by J. CLERK MAXWELL, F.R.S., "On Governors"!!! Need we go farther?

A TRIAD.

Hybridism.—In Darwin.
Highbredism.—In Belgravia.
Highbreadism.—In baking circles, when the quartern loaf goes up.

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER I.

"I wants to make yes feet crosp."
by in Pictoriet, adopted in the matte by the # S.F. Co., Lim. Words of the Pat Boy in.

In a dim nave, lighted by only one small gas-lamp, ast Michael and los Fareszcon. Michael was Jon's father, and older than the latter by some few years.

"Why have you brought me here?" damanded Jun, in a hollow

voice
"Why? ha! ha!" laughed the elder grimly, and both his eyes
shooting forth a murderous are, he rose from his seat, and waved a keenedged hatches above his head. Jon turned deadir pale. He could
searchly raise his glass to he lips as he said with a sickly smile,
"Always the same light-hearted dresture, father."
Once, twice the fearful washest fashed through the air, and then
descended upon.

That sot on the prostrate form of Jon Parastron fell the COLD STARL."

ORAPTER II.

Nor on the prestrate form of Jon Frinstian fell the cold steel. For the form of Jon Frinstian was not prestrate.

But, as Michael bent forward, the younger and more active man sprang upon his back, and by a triet which he had learnt from the futlandshire Wreatlers, staved in his father's head between his standars.

Hutlandshire Wrestlers, staved in his father's head between his shoulders.

Had Michael been in good training, his muscles hard and taut, would not have yielded to this sudden pressure, and his brave old heart would have anapped altogether, night proken as it was even now by his son's thoughtless and unfeeling conduct. But his muscles were lax, and gave to the force thus exerted so easily as to cause the old man a sensation of extreme pleasure, as of drawning, especially when his head rose once more to the surface.

The second which this had occupied sesmed years to Michael, who in that dark moment had seen all his youing life brought before him, had seen his parents imploring mercy at his bands, his brothers at his feet, his sisters starving under his roof, his aunts and uncles chained to the damp walls, the flames bursting from the convent, the ship souttled, the Derby favourite hocussed, the bridegroom poisoned, the butler (who was supposed to have stolen it) exiled, the Sepoy's cruel sword descending on her fair young neck, the flerce animal rushing on him with whetted tuaks, Sie Jasper's white hair streaming in the wind, the calm martyr refusing the Emperor's last offer of life, and he raised his hands to abut out these fearful sights.†

A roaring sound as of lions raving and tearing into the cave.

Jos knew it well.

There was no hope now.

No HOPE!!

It was the remorseless tide advancing.
THE REMORSELESS TIME!!!
In another five minutes the cave would be filled.
Five MINUTES!!! FIVE MINUTES!!!

"I shall take it in through the pores," observed Micharl, in whom the instinct of self-preservation was stronger than the greed of gain.

The aperture through which the sea flowed in was scarcely big enough for a man's body.

The idea atruck them both: at once. Whose Body?

Father, cried Jos, kneeling down, "Your forgiveness;" and he clung to his parent's knees, frantically.

"Jon!" exclaimed the aged fisherman, "Rise, I entreat, I com—"Louder and factor comes the remoracless tide.

Seizing his knees, and head for the second time, Jon compressed his father into the smallest possible compass, and inserted him backwards into the entrance of the cave.

into the entrance of the cave.

The wind might best, the waves roar and surge against that old man, but his car was for ever deaf to the voice of his favourite child, who now knett before him to implore his last blessing. There he sat, fixed,

taking it in, as he had said, through the pores.

Ah! was it a good deed for a young man but now beginning the battle of life? Was it a deed on which he could look back with com-

out tale of the v was ? I doed on which he could look take with out fort in his last days? But we will not weary the reader, nor occupy his time uselessly in making remarks upon canduct which will speak for itself.

To our tale.

* Note Foot by the duthers.—Ninotom of the Authors of protest against this family to the obspice. The Editor stern alked over by the twentight fellow, who has evidently suchlar novel. (Squad). Believe Note to the above.—I skidn's.

† Hiller's Hote.—By referring to the titles (vide Project in last number) the reader Panarrana previous life arise out of the writers of what this movel should have been the effect of a judicious compromise.

Looking up at the stalactite roof above, JoB saw with horror that it was gradually melting. To remove his father and admit the air, was to let in the water.

The sun acting externally upon the surface had rotted the cliff above; it wanted but the exclusion of the air underneath to set the crumbling mass in one steady blase.

He was alone! It was a maddening thought.

His feet, and holding a fluttering bird in either hand, he bit through the last cord that bound him to the flaming monster. One Loud Report, and as the smoke cleared—

(To be continued.)

A LENTEN ENTERTAINMENT.

ALONE! Was there no hope? No chance of escape?

Yes-one. Onn!!!

For through a fissure in the lurid rock above he now distinctly saw, as it were, a gigantic iron hand awinging forwards and backwards, as if in search of prey.

It came nearer, nearer, lower, lower, within his reach. Leaping upwards, he

CHAPTER III.

LEAPING upwards, he slutched The Iron Hand.
A Grapnel, a hugg grapnel!
Retaining a firm hold upon his preserver, Jon looked towards the sky gratefully.
It was a balloon streaming calmly away towards the horizon.
To climb into the car and throw out its two occupants, who were at the moment engaged upon scientific computations, was to Jon Friest-Los, the work of a second.
"My poor father!" sighed the young man, for now that the first excitement was over, he had time to give a thought to others. The old man had been so proud of him. He had often prophesied his rise in the world. "And here I am," said Jon to himself, smiling sadly.
Still his situation was too critical for him to indules in any maudlin sentimentality.

Still his attnation was too critical for him to indules in any mandlin sentimentality.

"What have we here!" he exclaimed, kinking his foot against a box lying at the bottom of the car.

The car was filled with chests of gold, bullion, and aliver coins. Besides these there were tin boxes labelled with names and initials, containing title deeds, policies, wills, shares in various companies, and blank cheques with signatures attached.

The balloon had evidently belonged to two Frandulent Solicitors, who were escaping from justice.

They had met, as we have seen, with a fate richly merited. We shall hear of them no more.*

Shall near of them no more."

Night came on. He was alone floating over the silent ocean.

"Where am I?" was his first thought?

He knew the Great Bear by sight, and this knowledge he felt would now be of infinite service to him if he could only see that constellation.

At last. The Great Bear.

At last. The Great Bear.

He recollected how he had heard of mariners before the invention of rudders, guiding themselves entirely by the Great Bear, and he wondered how they had done it.

Then he burst into a loud chant, waking the sea-birds on the ocean's

Twinkle, twinkle, Little star ! How I wonder, What you are !

Then the words seemed to fly from him, and others came into his mouth, and he made wild rhymes, singing as if "star" rhymed with "balloon;" then he ran his fingers up and down imaginary scales on the piano, as he had been wont to do in his old fisherman's home, when, as a boy, he had played to his father after their late dinner. He then broke open a box of legal documents, and jumping in among them bathed himself as it were with deeds, scattering them wildly

right and left of the car.

Then the strange idea came across him that he was Convocation, and he tried to shut down the lid upon himself. * * * Then followed a

second of acute consciousness

He was going mad: he knew it now-too late!

The paroxysm again. In another hour the full moon was shining down upon a helpless idiot, sticking pins into the balloon, which was streaming alowly away towards the horizon.

Water the normal struck a match. Buddenly he jumped up, and with a wild laugh struck a match. He applied it, thoughtfully, to the neck of the balloon.

As this moment his reason resumed its functions.

The fire was spreading!

Was all this treasure to be lost?

Ha! The Parachute.

The fire! The First!!

Two large sea-gulls flew against the car.

He caught them both. Then tying the parachute thus weighted, to

* Foot note.—Some of the Authors say we shall hear of them again. (Signed by six

A LENTEN ENTERTAINMENT.

MANAGERS are becoming very courteous to one another. Now-a-days they lend each other an actor or two for the night, with as much readiness as they would a pocket handkerchief, and with much greater certainty of the lean being returned. Nay, these theatrical autocrats, though unwilling to lend themselves to anything, do not appear to entertain a similar feeling with regard to anybody, for we find them "letting themselves out" perhaps for a lengthened run.

A Playbill, with a "loan collection" Company will soon present an appearance of this nort:—

THEATRE BOYAL, COVENT LANE.

SOLD LIBERTS AND MANAGER, - MR. GOTTIS WIGON.

For the Nine Hundred and Ninety-Ninth time, the Great Drama, by Tom Boucison, Esq., entitled

BRLAY

Dramaticed from Mas. BLABBINGTON BLACK'S Novel of " Sir ! See !" by Permission of the Authoress.

CHARACTERS IN THE PROLOGUE.

Marquis de Trevallion MR. H. NEVILLE, (By kind permission of Benjamin Webster, Esq., Theatre Royal, Adelphi, for whom the indulgence of the audience is requested after 730, as he must be back for "No Thorough-fare." His part in the Third Act will be sustained by Mr. BILLINGTON.

(Kindly lent by BENSAMIN WEBSTER, Raq., after his decease in the first part of "No Thoroughfare.")

The Honourable Juice Farkisson Mr. HOYRY.

(From the Prince of Walet's Theatre, kindly lent by Miss MARIN WILTON, as she has nothing for him in "Play.") Squire Wortletop MR. RAY.

(Handsomely presented to the Company by Mr. Septon Parky, late of the Holborn Theatre.)

Rattleton Hopp MR. E. A. SOTHBRN. (With Mr. J. B. BUCKSTONE's compliments.)

Lady Montgomery Pinnerton . MRS. CHARLES MATHEWS. (By kind permission of BENJAMIN WEBSTER, Esq. and MR., CHARLES MATHEWS. N.B. Mush't stay out later than Easter, in consequence of "The Black Sheep" at the Olympic.)

Henrietta

(Who will appear hers by the very kind permission of the Manageress of the St. James's, where she must play for an hour at the least, and of the Lyceum management, where she must appear later in the evening.)

Ballet from Mr. STRANGE's Lot at the Alhambra, of course by his kindest permission.

The Great Cathedral Scene of the First Act, painted by Messus.
Telein & Grieve, who have kindly lent each other. The Cancan, arranged by Me. E. T. Smith, will be danced by his special permission.

CHARACTERS IN THE DRAMA.

MR. W. FARREN. McBethel (By kind permission of MB. JORDAN, when he's done talking to him in Narcisse, at the Lyceum.)

. MR. BLAKELEY. (Presented with the greatest pleasure to the Theatre by MISS MARIE WILTON, who would like to see him in a dramatised version of LORD BULWER LYTTON'S "What'll you do with it?")

And finally, the money for the production of the piece can be announced as Lent by kind permission of several bill discounters of

GOOD LUCK TO HER!—Miss FANNY JOSEPHS amnounces that she is about to undertake the management of the Holborn Theatre. Not for Josephs can we possibly wish less success, in this her new venture, than has been accomplished by MISS OLIVER and MISS WILTON.



Miss Frump (Author of the "Ghoul-haunted Grange," &c., &c., &c.). "Cam your Little Boy Read?"

Mamma (modestly). "I can read hetter than you, Mamma."

Mamma. "What do you mean, Child?"

Little Boy. "Why, you said you couldn't read Miss Frump's new Book!"

[Awkward silence.

CHAPEAU BASI

Alb-" Le Marquis de Garabas."

Lo, brains at last we see,
At the top, where brains should be!
Ne'er was place won in race,
That so tested pluck and pace;
Heavier-weighted horse
Never ran a course,
Nor e'er came, at the push,
With a flercer Chifney rush.—
To Vivian Grav chapses bus,
My Lord Manquis De Carabas!

Is 't England's praise or blame
Such a player wins his game,
Who can press for success
6 't by trick, revoke, finease?
Is it good or ill,
This adamantine will,
With an india-rubber brain,
And a conscience proof to strain?—
TO VIVIAN GREY chapeas bas,
My Lord MARQUIS DE CARABAS!

On lee-shore, over bar,
Still steering by his star;
Shoal and sand, reef and strand,
Dodging with a dext'rous hand;
Passionless and cool,
And calm his crew to school,
When weaker pilots quailed,
Through what straits the ship he sailed !—
To Viviam Grey chopean bas,
My Lord Marquis de Cararas!

Ne'er in hand teacher took Classes duller at their book: Ne'er was toil on stiffer soil, Or more likely tools to spoil: But he wrought, hour by hour, Till knowledge grew to power, And at last his Tory class Learnt to see facts as they pass.— To VIVIAM GREY chapean bas, My Lord MARQUIS DE CARABAS!

If workman's worth his hire,
Why should Dizzy not aspire?
He has striven, brain has given,
To the stream his asses driven.
Must he only think
How asses best may drink?
"Twas his the cup to crown,
Who but he should drain it down?—
To Vivian Geey chapeas bas,
My Lord Marquis dr Carabas!

Genius or charlatan?
Settle that point who can.
Who shall bring his stone to fling
At Little Benjanin, our King?
By what right he rules,—
As the wise man o'er the fools,
Or the one-eyed o'er the blind,—
Let the future's verdict find.—
To Viviam Gren chapean bas,
My Lord Manquis De Carres.

THE HEIGHT OF LITERARY NECESSITY .- " Spouting " SHARSPBARE.



RIVAL STARS.

MR. BENDIZZY (HANLEY). "'TO BE, OR NOT TO BE, THAT IS THE QUESTION:'—AHEM!"

MR. GLADSTONE (out of an engagement). [Aside.] "'LEADING BUSINESS,' FORSOOTH! HIS LINE IS 'GENERAL UTILITY!' IS THE MANAGER MAD! BUT NO MATTER-RR—A TIME WILL COME—"

MATERIAL STORE AND SECURIOR STORES Contract the second of the sec " - There are a total at the property of the substitute and an extenditude

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

DRIMATICUS.—We have perused your five comedi with great pleasure, and burned them with greate Try again, and said in until we leave off Burnis

Anomazologist.—The word "shilling" is a corruption of she-lion, or liones, which used to be stamped on the Saxon coinage. Always sak when you don't know, also when you think you do, as you will most pro-bably think wrong.

R. A.—He is a very had painter, but there are worse,

A YANKER.—Congress is not the female of Conger, but cels are alippery, and so are many of your statesmen.

re-nox.—We prefer him to any one else whom we have seen in the part, except Garrick, who lived before our time.

our time.

TOOTS.—We never do read perfumed letters, and they
ought not to be seant through the pest. How ean
we "smell a rat" above all that vile patchoull I Comparisons may be odorous, as Bhakepare says, but the
paper they are written on may not.

MR. ORASUELE (a Ritualist) is informed that we donounce his nonsense, but that if he can get a church
to himself he may have, as Moore sings, a bright little
ailse of his own.

A Yours Nonismatist.—The British Museum will gladly give you ten shillings for an English half-penny dated earlier than 1800, but you must take it there yourself, with your baptismal certificate, and a lock of your hair, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

JAMES GRIDLES.—Don't bother us to invent titles for new magnaines. As architectural names are in vogue, take the Marbie Arch, or the Moument, the latter for choice, as it has what you'll want—capital.

for choice, as it has what you'll want—capital.

START-COLLECTOR.—Most advertisers sell forged postage
stamps. We can't see that they are not quite as good
as genuine ones, but perhaps it is hardly fair to say
stamps as the production of a country is which such
things are unknown. When you are in doubt, howover, call on the Ambassador for the place in question, and he will either certify or condemn the article.
Tou pay him sixpence a dozen.

Looss Fish.—Yes, we see you Buhemians do not want
to be called so any longer, but you will be, until you
selopt the habits of the Moravians.

ALTONSO P.—A father dozen not deserve to be one, who

LEONSO P.—A father does not deserve to be one, who, when his wife remarked that she thought she heard baby crying, said that it certainly was very like a wall.

STODES.—Not so bad. He asks when silver is better than gold? The answer, when the plate comes round for a collection.

ETYMOLOGIST.—Haggass is the Hampshire for haw-berries, and the Scotch for a horrible pudding, fit to be eaten only by haggies such as the witches in Machela.

CONSTANT READER.—That you are not, and what is the good of telling a falsohood that can be found out? If you were, you would have seen that we have many times informed correspondents that the greaty hymn, How doth the little busy bee,

is by Dr. Cumming, the "Bes-keeper," and refers to the bee in his own bounet, an insect that hums 1868 as the End.

BOYMERED RELATION.—Never quarrel, that is vulgar. Lend your relative five pounds, and get him to fix a given day for its return. It will not come, nor will as, and the release will be chesp.

HOCKEY.—Write to a sporting paper. We know nothing about any athletic exercise except smoking. But, on general principles, we do not know why you should not purposely bang him over the less, unless you are airaid of being licked. It all depends on your respective sizes—if your friend is the semalier, hit sway. At least, that is the rule of life, and why not of heekey?

at least that is the rule of life, and why not of heekey?

Touse Directory wants to know how to prevent soup from stlotting to his moustache, and then dropping down on his shirt front. Why be anxious about such a trifle? Cheory would not have minded it, nor would follow on. The moustainers of the substantial shows that you have dined with some statellines. But you can either pass the soup, out off your moustache, refuse the invitation, or come late. It will seem much less three months hence, and at you can be substantially subst

Provos incursums.—It is rather late, perhaps, to commence a picture that shall have at least two hundred full length figures in it, for the next Exhibition of the Assertance of the Assertance

question.

MEMBER OF THE ALPIES CHUE.—There is no ciercy tion in Sociland higher than Primites Hill, but a say this made Sawney so cuttageous this to the Act of Union it was provided that the Social hills should be called mountains in public documents, and so the habit has been preserved. But the harometrical returns, every day, stars the momentain in the fac with a contradiction, as air Rederics aurents on the factors.

knows.

LICANOR.—Photograph is properly spell cheeraph
being named from the Latin total, a fomeniation, o
bath—one part of the process. But either way wil
do. To say that a man is more if, than P. H. men
ing that he is more mave than tool, is exceedingly
armaine.

do. To say this a saw than foot, is exceedingly amusing.

MoGarcoa.—We are not awars of the existence of any book that will give you an account of advard the Confessor, but you might apply to some prepertable Catholic priest, or search the confessors of graphing class that occurs to you.

Humanity.—Do not sak a carver for call is flesh until the animal shall be killed mentifully. You are requested not to speak to the man at the weal.

A Young Ohimmir.—Callie said is the chemical name for cheap claret. Oid vines give better when them young ones. So do old men, or they are old fools.

Studger.—With pleasure. Us port de reldche is the name for the theatre door at which Parisian actors go in when there is no performance.

SHEALEY WARREN.—Neat enough, for a provincial.

HIBLEY WARREN.—Neat enough, for a provincial. Ringland is not to imitate the French autocrat's ex-penditure—he may play Unlimited Loo, but not Beggar my Neighbour.

Frillow of Ballol.—Yes, the Solicitor-General is en-titled to his fee of six-and-eightpence every time he is consulted by the sovereign, and he is paid out of the taxes, which are therefore called his taxed costs. If a Liberal goes cut, and a Tory comes in, or sice sered, while any fees are unpaid, the costs are taxed as between party and party.

between party and party.

As Old Omnous-Takin.—Yes. The existing representatives of the historical persons in Bhakapeare's tragedies (as the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, Lord Hastings, Lord Westmoreland, Duke of Bedford, &c., &c.) are obliged, under the 12 Geo. II. c. 88, to attend and act at Druy Lane when the plays are revived, but not during Lent.

revived, but not during Lent.

A Monnow.—Other vermin have religion quite as good as yours. Tom Moore says.—

In the moods of the north there are masses that prey.

Penroceasrems.—The new Chancellor of the Exchaquer,
Mr. Ward Hunt, is the godson of Mr. S. M. Ward and
Mr. Holman Hunt, and therefore out of deadlish fashings must desire to protect true art. You'll be taxed.

Panatico.—We have not heard that the charming juriose downed will in future travel for the firm of "Pastis & Gaux," but wherever she goes the amodinesment is "no orders."

TERRING THE THE TAXES.—We prount dealing string.

nears is "no orders."

Touriser ras Time-Tables.—We must decline giving any opinion as to where any metropolitan railway goes from or takes you to. No person has ever you mastered that system, but we believe that half the cases of persons "missing" arise from their having believed that they could get from somewhere to somewhere olse. Some day a decent map will be issued.

Obs. who Distribute "Queen's Heads."—
Trust not for freedom to the freedom, because they are all abolished. If a stamp counse off, you must slick it on again, by Guan.

you must stark it on agein, by from:

Wirz was our lagra. Where is your husband's
difficulty? We should answer him thus .—Viewing
the soumes of each sentency on a pure construction
of that sentency out of its subjective infections, he
may find the reason of the misaffest of operation
the sentencies in a law of relation among themsalves, producing a unanimity of illusion. If that
does not carry conviction to his mad, he had better
take some more brandy-and-water.

n with his

our meganous, Mr. Waller, Flost Street.

Tourse Liness "want introductions to husbands."

With pessure. We have been a husband a long
time, and our scoretary is in the same condition.

The young ladies may call, but we don't see what
particular good it will be.

particular good it will be.

Shourty Excreases asks us whether the Stoles did not believe in the malignity of matter, and whether Dean Serit did not say then nothing was more providing than the perversences of maximum things, and whether Hishop Sandtord (not ferton) did not find himself continually inclined to forget that such shings had no volition! We were about to reply, like sole, "In the affirmative," when we happined to turn over, and to find in a lady a writing evadently diandestinely added, "Fesse don't encourage my husband in raging and highing over sater-jue, because, when weaking the hands, the coup alonged into the fire-piece." We won't. But there is constituing in what he is driving at.

Loads B.—Not going to spell our eyes over your serson, the proposition, we reply that we will say your proposition. We reply that we will say your proposition, we reply that we will say to your proposition. We reply that we will say your proposition, we reply that we will say your proposition. Thanks dear old bird. Your quotation from Passa at your farewell lecture as the Anademy was very happy, and the compliment your instrument of the parameter of the parameter of the presence of the proposition from Passa at your farewell lecture as the Anademy was very happy, and the compliment your price of Superinder to fifty years of.

Tarros.—Vulgar be hanged! Nothing is vulear that is not. Besides to the its argues anability. Cartwright, an old writer says, in a play sailed the breiteners.

You never knew ter become a tyrant. A trips-enter

Industry. Tou are a set of foolish monkays. The husband who said that he was going to set up an arrange and who said that he was going to set up an arrange and whose wife saked him where he would get the size, ought to have known you. We shall keep the document until some of you ettain distinction, and then we shall print it. You are right not to be frightened at that mease.

Pleasure Little Littl.—Your handwriting is not exactly good, but it is of no consequence, for your photograph is so preity, that we are sure no man who marries you will ever go away, or want to be written to. There, is not that a sweet compliment? Licrors Assurous.—We will encourage you by printing the epigram which you say you made on a "Hiterary friend's" declaration that he did not care about reading.

"I do not care for reading books." ave Whiles.

"I do not care for reading books," says WILLES, Words which the public schoes, adding—his.

First Foam.—We regret that we have no space your clever historical parallel between Leotar muscles and Cockle's pills.

A Rugay Boy.—The football rules of your school are diagraceful. We should certainly not say

diagracoful. We should certainly nof say

Cone to us like the rugged Rigby Boy;
but should much prefer an interview with an armed
raincoerce, or, as an Irish tragedian says, a hurricane
tiger. Do you recolled what Virian Grey said when
his father proposed to send him to a public school?

"Anywhere but Rugby, that's so deviliah low."

That's not true now; but your football rules are, as
Mr. Gladstone says, "worthy of saveges."

Dany Trowis.—Tos, dear, the charming lines from
Wordsworth are as follows:

Small malice is true malice while it lasts,
Of fors, however humble, spars and one:
The acheology, suits the encayed that he easily,
Deags up your or, and makes you excell the fram-FIREMOLUS.—We really must dealine giving an anion schedisstic, that is, off-hand opinion upon the op-nection between Buddhism and the differential cal-culus.

Sancho.—Like the majority of proverbs and cisters it will not hold water. "Many men, many minds, is a foolish saying, seeing that when many menes, there are generally but very few minds amon them, and those are selden minded.

them, and bloss are skidom minuted.

J. A. Factors.—How can you? When Mary I. said that the word "sailous" would be found written on her heart, she showed that she knew horself. Cales was a blunder of the reporter. Burnet. Blabop of failabury, her Confessor, and suther of the Shaphird of Shitsbury Plain, by Richamsont.

Disserved Jaims.—It is so long since we were courted and married by our present wife, that we show heattate to advise you; but it seems to us that what a young lady, walking with you missed on lingering at the rather unintensing windows of rivirtuies shope, she means to give you as appearantly of caking her whether there is any other arbide you could show her, say a wedding-ring. But, on the whole, inter les her speak out this Bissextile. If a man is worth having, he is worth asking for.



EMBARRASSING QUESTION.

Pet. "Ma', MIGHTN'T THE BIG MAN LET ME HAVE HIS 'STARCHERS' FOR A NEW TAIL FOR MY HORSE!

THE TOP OF THE TREE.

GREAT is the triumph of Creative Mind.
Lo, topmost on the Constitution's Tree.
A Staleaman of the lattered Artist kind!
O. Brothers, 'tis a goodly aight to see!
It was not so before, but was to be.
Genius, at last, doth recognition find.

A lofty purpose, with unselfish aim,
Forty years long well nigh the Scribe pursued,
Not the mere politician's little game,
That seeks but self in seeking altitude;
But, for pure end the country's profit viewed.
He trod, right on, the narrow path of Fame.

Still faithful to his party, in the sense
Of men upon high principles agreed,
He brought an earnest tongue to their defence,
No mere lip-service with pretended oreed,
Which he would make them eat in time of need.
And so it was he gained their confidence.

The shaft of sarcasm never, from his bow,
Save when a noble scorn impelled it, sped.
Against a great and good man, as a foe,
From pique of undervalued merit bred,
A pack of purblind 'Squires he never led.
His policy was Honesty. Best so.

Be partners of our joy, fraternal band, That he, who was a Brother of the Pen, Become Chief Ruler, has at his command Place and preferment for deserving men.

Now, after having said all this, we, BEN,
Should like to know what you are going to stand.

Crossing the Line between England and Rome.

BROTHER IGNATIUS is a-going it again, in his O. S. B. Benedictine tomfooleries, which, we are surprised to see, be is allowed to carry on in one of the City churches—St. Edmund's, Lombard Street. This is evidently quite a wrong Igne in the Church of England, and the sooner FATHER IGNATIUS is shunted on to the Roman line the better.

SOMETHING WRONG SOMEWHERE.

COUNSEL lately applied to VICE-CHANCELLOR MALINS, at the instance of the Charity Commissioners, to commit SIR ROBBET PREL to Whitecross Street Prison, for disobeying an order to furnish the Commissioners with the accounts of Tamworth School, of which he is sole trustee. For these accounts the Commissioners have been badgering SIR ROBBET ineffectually during the last two years.

SIR ROBERT had been personally served with notice of the motion at Drayton Manor, but he neither appeared in person nor by counsel.

at Drayton Manor, but he neither appeared in person nor by counsel. When a legislator sets such an example of repeated and aggravated contempt for the laws, those who administer them, of course, are prompt and severe in showing their sense of his conduct.

The order for commitment was no doubt at once made out, accompanied by some severe and well-deserved observations of the VICE-CHARCELLOR on SIR ROBERT PREL'S conduct in the matter. But the case seems to have been strangely mis-reported, for we read that the VICE-CHARCELLOR said "the notice of motion might have been served upon SIR ROBERT when he was going out to shoot, and therefore he might not have read it."

Clearly this must be some study blunder of the

not have read it."

Clearly this must be some stupid blunder of the reporters. The VICE-CHANCELLOR knows the duty of his office far too well to suggest excuses for a manifest contempt of Court following on a course of disrespect to a constituted authority, in a matter of public duty.

SIE ROBERT might, no doubt, have been going out to shoot, or to fish, or to hunt, or to bait bedgers, or kill rats, or any other "country contentment," when the notice was served on him. But nobody knows better than VICE-CHANCELLOR MALINS that if any counsel were to put in such a plea before him for a sporting publican, a dashing linen-draper, or any other variety of the genus "snob," who had treated a similar notice of motion with similar contempt, he would receive, for his impudence, such a rebuke as he would not easily forget. The blundering reporter goes on (still putting excuses in the Vice-CHANCELLOR'S mouth):—

"SER ROBERT was probably now at Whitehall, and to afford him an opportunity of informing him of the present proceeding, the motion must stand ever till a Mr. Gyr.

quarter past one. If he should not then appear in person or by counsel, the Court would be obliged to dispose of the case in his absence."

That there is some unaccountable mis-reporting here is clear from what follows :-

"It turned out that Sin Rosenr was not in town, and the case was put off for

Evidently, after the VICE-CHANCELLOR had announced his intention of disposing of the motion in Sir Robert's absence, if he did not show, in person or by counsel, at a quarter-past one, he would not have put the case off for a week, when a quarter past one came, and brought no Sir Robert. Nor is it in itself conceivable that a Judge would thus allow the majesty of the law to be flouted, to suit the convenience of even the most eccentric of Baronets.

We conclude, therefore, that the Reporter is utterly and unaccountably at fault throughout this altogether incredible account of these proceedings.

proceedings.

We can readily believe that Sir Robert Prez defied the law, and was insolent in his mode of defying it. What we cannot believe is, that a Judge was quick to suggest excuses for such defiance, and to use his power over the business of his Court to shield the offender from the penalty of it.

Curious Mistake.

Aw elderly maiden Lady, who has lived all her life in Little Treniddlum, Cornwall, said that she had always considered Westminster Hall as a sort of Museum for stuffed Notabilities, as she had been invariably given to understand that it was there you could see "the most distinguished men is cases." Her view was moreover confirmed by the expression used by her young nephew just called to the bar, who told her that the other day he saw Mn. Hossais, the eminent Queen's Counsel, "regularly shut up' in a long case."

THE CO-OPERATIVE SYSTEM.-The union of Mr. MAPLESON with



DEAR, DEAR BOY! TESUO DIFERRIARMS

George. "OH! SHOULDH'T I JUST LIKE TO SEE SOMEBODY IN THAT DEN, AUNT!" Serious Aunt. "YE-ES. DANIEL, I SUPPOSE, DEAR ?" George. "OR NO, AUNT; I MEAN 'OLD TWIGSBY,' OUR HEAD-MASTER!!"

THE ART OF ADVERTISING.

Where will the mania for advertising carry people? Not merely hoardings but houses are now covered with advertisements. Puffs are pasted on dead walls and painted upon pavements. Poster-bearers everywhere perambulate the streets, and omnibuses are made hideous by the placards which disfigure them. Railways are among the worst offenders in this way. Their stations are let out to advertising agents, and well nigh every carriage is a vehicle for puffery. Puffs are printed in their time-books, and even on their tickets. "The backs of these tickets to be let," was the inscription we saw yesterday upon a railway-ticket. Perhaps we next may see the backs of railway-guards and porters covered with advertisements. Why should not other people also adopt this useful notion? Such a notice, for example, as "My back to be Let" would speedily, we fancy, attract a crowd of followers: and such a space would surely be a first-rate medium. Many a puffing tailor would be glad to make a man a gift of a new cost, on condition that it bore the maker's name in big red letters on the back: and what hatter would refuse to give away a hat, with an advertisement inscribed conspicuously outside it?

Cutting Their Own Throats.

(A very Irish Division.)

We are told that the Government are prepared to consent to Mn. M'Evor's Bill, for repealing the Ecclesiastical Titles Act, on the understanding that amendments are to be introduced in Committee to put Roman Catholic Prelates in the United Kingdom on the same footing as the Catholic hierarchy in Canada and other Colonies. This compromise, we are told, will be violently opposed by the Ulster Members, who will take the sense of the House on the Second Reading. Will they? It is a pity they should court such an overwhelming majority against themselves.

ALL UP WITH EXETER HALL.

Walls are said to have ears. If so, those of Exeter Hall the other evening must have experienced a sensation. They heard Archershop Manning hold forth in the capacity of Chairman to the Catholic Temperance Association. Shade of Spooner! Whalley, man alive! Extremes meet. Rationalism and Popery are extremes; positive and negative. Well, certainly there is something rational in what the members of the Catholic Temperance Association call their "war-cry;" namely, "We have one enemy—not drink, but drunkenness, and we will not rest till we conquer." Let the United Kingdom Alliance note the distinction between drunkenness and drink. They have Anon-Bibhop Manning, however, personally on their side. He advocated "the necessity of a wise alteration of the existing law, so as to shut up the public-house and the beer-shop." This intolerance is quite consistent with Popish claims to dictation; but the votaries of Bacchus would have as much right, if they could, to close the Roman Catholic chapels.

would have as much right, if they could, to close the Roman Catholic chapels.

But a Romanist meeting in Exeter Hall, what a sign of the times! Popery is indeed spreading with a vengeance. It was little that High Church Parsons, running wild on theology, went over to Rome. Fervid dowagers and enthusiastic noblemen turning Papists did not signify; still less did the sequacious calctaills who followed them because they thought it genteel. But Popery in Exeter Hall! Roman Pontifex, thou hast conquered. Government proposes to repeal the Ecclesiastical Titles Bill conditionally. Pooh! Unconditionally; repeal it altogether. Let the House of Lords change bishops. Prefessing Protestants are now on one platform with Papists—they had better profess Protestantism no longer. There is an end of everything. Oh, Ds. Curraine! Let us talk no longer of Exeter Hall. Had we not better call it 666, Strand.

WHAT VOTE THE MANAGER OF A THEATRE ALWAYS HAS.—The "Casting" Vote.

Maracro 21 1868

TIES AND TAILS.

Sin.—Some Snob in the Pall Mall Gasette dares to uplift his voice against what he ventures to call the "restrictive and reactionary law which now regulates Men's Evening Dress." He means the civilised usage which makes a white tie and a hlack coat and etecteras de rigues as the dinners.

How, I should like to know, are gentlemen to be distinguished from cade, if you take them out of their "ties and tails"? And how is

TO HOME



BYRON COLLAR.



Dog Coulan



SHARSPEARE COLLAR.

wonder if he bought his boots—such is they are ready trails, and dressed himself out of a "reach me-down" warehouse. As a person who respects himself too muce over to be seen out of the regulation "tie and tails," after even, I cannot admit that such a wratch is to

be argued with, even anonymously. Silent contempt is the only answer be deserves from, Mr. Punch. Your faithful Servant.

CLUB-LAW.

VIL LIVE

SCIENTIFIC CRUELTY.

THERE are some things which they certainly do sof "manage better in France," and the teaching of veterinary surgery is one of them. Only hear what horrors are sanctioned by French schools:—

"Each veterinary student is obliged to practice twice on the living animal from twenty to thirty operations. At Lyons eight or twelve vivinections are per-formed within two hours, at the end of which time the animal is destroyed, if not already dead from agony and loss of blood."

The "animal" referred to is that noble one the horse, and we mean ne joke in saying that by crucities like these the heart of a young student must certainly be ossified. French veterinary surgeons are clearly bigger brutes than those on which they operate. Even Hoganth, in his picture of the School of Crastly, has not equalled the tortures which take place in the French schools. In England the dissecting-room suffices for instruction of the student, and no one ever dreams of studying the horrors of the scientific terture-chamber. Vivisection in another sense would be performed here on the surgeons who were needlessly to practise it, for every living man of them would certainly be cut by every one who knew him.

STARTLING CONCESSION TO DEMOCRACY ON THE PART OF THE QUEEN.

(Communiqué by a disqueted Gentleman's Gentleman.)

It is announced that the Court will go into mourning for his late Merety, Louis, Ex-King of Bavaria, but that the Quana will dispense with it at the Drawing-Room of the 12th, except for the household, on meconate of the injury which might be examined to stude!

Defer Court-mourning for an Ex-King out of consideration for the profits of a set of West-End shopkeepers!

Merciful powers, what are we coming to!

The next thing will be to call upon people of condition to postpone their own conveniences and habits to the interests of their tradesmen; as, c. p., by paying ready money, and setting their faces against servants' perquisites!

SUCCESS OF A FOR-LORN-HOPE.

Spaces the return of her new Member, Argyllshire may chain a room in the "House that Jack Built," as " the Maidea all-for-Lorn."

THE QUICK MARCH OF CIVILISATION.

The facts related by a contemporary in the following announcement will supply our friends the pessimists with some addition to the gratifying evidence, afforded by contemporary history, of a receding civilization:—

"The Production of Chasserors.—According to the Progrets of Lyons great activity prevails at present in the imperial manufactory of small arms at St. Etienne. In that establishment and in the private workshops of the town twelve thousand mean are employed. Nine hundred Chassepot markets can now be supplied daily."

men are employed. Nine hundred Chassepot muskets can now be supplied daily."

Hooray! Nine hundred contrivances for hilling and maining people are daily producible for the benefit of mankind. Nine hundred that maturgic instruments for the working of wonders on the human frame—mirables of slaughter, of lacerations, compound comminuted fractures, and tracts of traversed muscular fibre mashed into palp. And these wonders, if needful, are ready to be wrought on behalf of the Porn's temporal power. Truly the world is moving in a right direction—to the right about. Worthly are such illustrations of its present march recorded in the Prayrds of Lyons. Of course that journal is an organ of the progressive movement of Europe in which France is endeavouring with all her energies to take the lead. The Prayrds of Lyons represents the walk of a grab. Only civilisation seems to be going the crab's way at the speed of a racchorse.

DON'T BE FRIGHTENED!

"The Bhools have risen at Punch." To allay the apprehension that the majority of civilized beings will feel at this alarming intelligence, wherever the sun rises or sets, Mr. Punch has got up a quarter of an hour earlier to assure the nobility, clergy, and gentry of the hemispheres and the vicinity, that he is not the person or party (there is good authority in the English classics for this use of the word) referred to in the disturbing announcement quoted above. No Bheels have risen at him, although he has now and then taken a rise out of Brakes. Whether some Indian Emmessite, a learned pundit, of course, has been attacked by insurgant contributors, Mr. Punch, is at present unable to say, but he has telegraphed to fire John Liawannes for information, and instructed him to march instantly with all his chiralry and cavalry to the relief of the sufferer, if only the most distant connection of the great house of Panch. Riemwhile, notice has been given to Bri Starbond Northcorn that he will be interpellated as to the meaning of this appalling rumour, and all the fron-chids, including the Herester, are ordered to have their steam up in readinces.



A SERMON ON FASHION.

Extremely Naughty Dove (reading 'Le Pollet'). "I REALLY MUST MAKE MYSELF DIFFERENT FROM THESE SWELLS; SO I SHALL GO IN FOR EXTREME MODESTY OF DRESS AND MANNER.

A CREDIT TO THE CITY OF LONDON.

THE Weekly Dispatch announces that :-

"The Commissioner of the City Police is to have his salary raised from £1,600 to £1,550 a year."

The Corporation of London is to be congratulated on its appreciation of valuable services. The office of a Commissioner of Police is no less honourable than that of a Field-Marshal, whilst it is much more onerous, for the Police Chief is always on active service. The City certainly does show a due estimate of policemen. The gallant protectors of life and property within the domains of Gog and Mageg are all fine able-bodied men, who look as if they were accustomed to live on prize beef. This argues decent pay. If Scotland Yard-were in the City, Sie Richard Mayne, ere now, would doubtless have received his full retiring pension.

"And doth not a Meeting like this make Amends?"

LORD CHELMSTORD, having been presented with the sack, has had an interview with LORD DISBABLE (we anticipate the title), who deprived him of the woolsack. As to what transpired at this affecting interview, the newspapers unkindly have left us in the dark: excepting that they mention that LORD C. and Mr. D. (we cancel our anticipation) had "shaken hands" ere parting, and this, in certain circles, is commonly the prelude of a regular set-to.

Word-Pie in Parliament.

O THE words that we have eaten, And to eat that we have still! What for us those meals can sweeten? Place, my Brothers. Yes; that will!

THE DEAF MAN'S PARADISE.—The Audit Office.

BY ROWLAND M'ASSER.

Own of the Musical Magazines (Publishers' Organs?) contains this month a Song called "Kissing her Hair." The following additional verse has been composed, in the event of an encore:—

"¡Kissing her Hair"—scented and glossy,
Ah! well I remember my rapture,
At the ball where the talk had been "hossy,"
The run and the ultimate capture:
Withdrawn from the lights and the whir!,
We had paused in the Tally-ho valse,
When, my lips on the pendulous curl,
She murmured—"You Silly, it's faise."

Beaks and Bell-Ringers at Cambridge.

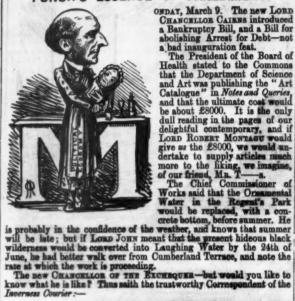
Bell-ringers is included among the manly sports which are suitable, of course, for the columns of Bell's Life. But the Magistrates of Cambridge do not approve of that recreation. They lately had before them two cases on successive days, in which Undergraduates were charged with ringing bells without lawful excuse; and they have option of a fine. Bell-ringers will probably take that to constitute a case for appeal.

A WORD FOR THE VULGAR TONGUE.

A COSMETIC, asserted to bestow "a beautiful complexion," is advertised under the denomination of "Milk of Cucumbers." What, do cucumbers give milk? Then the humbler classes are right in calling them cow-cumbers.

POOR COOKERY.—It does not seem likely that Ministers will succeed in getting the National Dish changed. Irish stew, we are afraid, will not yield to MAYORRAGE.

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.



ONDAY, March 9. The new LORD CHANCELLOR CAIRNS introduced a Bankruptcy Bill, and a Bill for abolishing Arrest for Debt—not a bad inauguration feat. The President of the Board of

Health stated to the Commons Heatin states to the Commons that the Department of Science and Art was publishing the "Art Catalogue" in Notes and Queries, and that the ultimate cost would be about £8000. It is the only

"The House is very well disposed towards Mr. Wann Hour, who has always been popular among the Members. His personal presence is much in his favour. He might almost sit for Passife typical portrait of John Bull. To be sure, he stands upwards of six fost in his stockings, and his head sooms rather small to be a proper capital for such a massive column, but his countenance is frank and joviel, expressing bluff among good toward, and resolute will. His finance reputation is yet to be acquired, but it is generally among that Mr. Danaghi will lond him a hand, in the composition at least of the first budget."

The New PREMIEZ lent him a hand to-night, to help him to carry a little Bill about Irish Fines and Fees; but the loan was not useful. The Bill did not seem of the slightest consequence; but the Irish Members raised objections to it, and SIR PATRICK O'BRIMS said that it would throw all the Irish counties into confusion for the small sum of £60,000. We should have thought so much fun would have been cheap at the money; but Irishmen are not now as Tracusz Powers depicted them, and go in for the gravities. Government had to give up the Bill.

depicted them, and go in for the gravities. Government had to give up the Bill.

The Scotch Reform Bill was read a Second Time after a very dull debate, not graced by the presence of more than half of the Scotch Members. Our old friend, Mr. Hadvield, of Sheffield (setat. 38), moved the rejection of the Bill, because it proposed to increase the numbers of the Commons. Mr. Smollert (great-grandnephew of Tonias) warned the House that the effect of the Bill would be to exclude gentlemen from the Legislature in favour of municipal spouters and rich railway jobbers. Under-Secretary Siz Janes Ferigusson let out that if the Scotch particularly wanted two or three more Members, Government might not be disobliging. But we wait for Baxter's Last Words. He wants to drive a harder bargain.

We don't want to frighten anybody, but a Bill for making Subways under us all is before the House. We believe that the object is to accumulate the gas, which escapes from the pipes, with a view to blowing a parish or so into the air, in case Fenians are thought to be lurking about. Mr. Paull, of St. Ives (how are the Seven Wives, with their sacks, cats, and kits?), will give further information.

Thesiday. To-night began the Great Irish Debate. It went on until

with their sacks, cats, and kits?), will give further information.

Tuesday. To-night began the Great Irish Debate. It went on until Friday, inclusive, and was then adjourned. Mr. Pusch, with his calm smile of superiority, begs leave to suppose that he can deal in a much more masterly fashion with the Irish Debate than the House could do with the Irish Difficulty. He is the friend of mankind, and therefore has no intention of afflicting it with any amplified account of the orations delivered on this occasion. He proposes to be Essential: and Essence, according to Locke, is the Very Being of Anything; and, in common parlance, the principal, constituent, concentered qualities. The word is corrupted from Existentia. There, you shall learn something from an Irish Debate, an achievement hitherto thought impossible.

We met to learn from the CHIEF SECRETARY FOR IRELAND what were the intentions of Government in regard to that "interesting" island. LORD MAYO talked for three hours; and, on the second night of the Debate, Mr. Horsman neatly summed up the statement in three words:

INACTION. PROGRASTINATION. RETROGRESSION. A very alight dilution of this very concentrated essence will adapt it to all palates.

- A. Inaction.—Nothing is to be done with the Irish Church until the Commission shall have reported, and this, said a Member of it, may be two or three months. We may add that Lond Mayo declared that Government would tolerate no "levelling" policy—which means that the present Cabinet will not touch the Irish Church. Did not Lond Carmas's appointment announce that to all who have understanding?
- B. Procrastination.—A new and "roving" Commission to inquire into the relations of landlord and tenant. (Lanchter.)
- C. Retrogression.—Primary education to be left in the hands of the present Commission. A University, for Catholics only, to be endowed by the nation.

But it would not do to promise nothing at all in the way of an immediate instalment, and LORD MAYO seems to have acted in the spirit of the commercial traveller, immortalised, pictorially, by Mr. Punch.

"Now, waiter, what's the smallest sum I can give you, without being considered mean?" The CHIEF SECRETARY promised

To bring in a Bill that should secure compensation to tenants for improvements, should increase the leasing powers of limited owners, and should encourage written contracts between tenant and

This is the Government solution of the Irish Question.

This is the Government solution of the Irish Question.

Mr. Maguire opened the debate with an able speech. We compliment him on the moderation of his language, but it was his business to make a black picture, and he laid on the black vigorously. Lond Mayo, in reply, scraped a good deal of it off with success. Mr. Maguire urged that Ireland was under soldier government. Lond Mayo and that it was for the protection of the Irish, and that all the officials were Irish, and many of them Catholic. Mr. Maguire aboved that Ireland was in a state of decay, and Lond Mayo showed that she was in a state of decay, and Lond Mayo showed that she was in a state of advance. Mr. Maguire contended for the destruction of the Church, but Lond Mayo argued that this would be unjust, and also uncless. And so assertion was mee by contradiction.

Mr. Naate attacked Mr. Mille's proposal that Government should forcibly buy the land and re-sell, and likened Mr. Mill to Jack Cade.

But the debate was renewed on Thursday with much more spirit. Three Great Bounding Brothers leaped into the arena and did their best.

Mr. Horsham made a very dashing attack upon the Government for having no policy, and for, consequently, doing nothing. He denied the loyalty of Ireland, he denounced the Church, and he declared that the present Parliament ought to deal with the Question.

Mr. Lowe despised the Fenians, disapproved of the new University, and was very condemnatory of ultramontanism. He pulled Mr. Mill's plan to pieces with much energy. He was for destroying the Church, but he evidently regards the Irish as very imperiect and objectionable creatures, utterly inferior to Englishmen, and disposed to give much more trouble than they are worth.

Mr. Mill (behold him above) described the Government Scheme as a beggarly account of empty boxes, and defended his own plans. He general Mr. Lowe of not understanding political economy, and said Mr. MAGUIRE opened the debate with an able speech.

a beggarly account of empty boxes, and defended his own plans. He accused Mr. Lows of not understanding political economy, and said that what was good political economy for England would not be so for Ireland, or for the savages of New Zealand. He cannot speak without being original, and he retorted the taunt of Utopianism by calling

being original, and he returned and Members Kakopians.

A maiden speech of Mr. Jacob Bright, who rejoiced that a new political power had arisen,—that of working-men who had no vested interests in injustice and wrong,—and a vigorous reply on the whole case by Mr. Hardy, were the other noteworthy matters of the Second.

On Pridey, Mr. CHICHESTER FORTESCUE (a past and future Minister), intimated that Government must not be "permitted" to turn a deaf ear to the Irish appeal for justice. The O'DONOGHUE boasted that the immense majority of the Irish were disaffected, and he got it rather hot from Lead Claud Hamilton for assisting at the coffic processions in honour of the Manchester Murderers. Mr. NEWDEGATE denounced the Jesuits as inciters to Femianism. But the event of the night was a very fine speech from Mr. Bright, who was heard with admiration on all hands, and complimented by the Indian Minister for his eloquence and sincerity. We seldom quote; but must give part of his peroration for the benefit of those who read no reports:

"I would counsel to all men mothers and justice. 'We are after all, I believe, of one religion. I imagine that there will come a time in the history of the world when men will be astonished that Catholics and Protestants have had animosity and suspicion amongst each other. I accept the build ha very grand passage, which I once met with in the writings of the illustrious founder of the colony of Pennsylvania. He says that The hundble, meek, mercliful, justy pious, and devout souls are everywhere of one religion, and when death has taken off the mask they will know one another, though the diverse they wear here make them strangers.' Now, may I sak the Brouse to act in this spirit, and then our work will be easy. An inspiried sing and bard and peophes has left, the words which are not only the expression of a fact, but which we may take as the utterance of a prophecy. He says—'To the upright there ariseth light in the darkness.' Let us try in this matter to be upright. Let us try to be just. The dangers which we see will vanish,

ro

and we may have the happiness perhaps of leaving to our children the heritage of honourable citizenship in a united and prosperous empira."

The Debate was adjourned until the following Monday.

Among the smaller matters of the week were an admission by Mr. Harry that the system of Baby-Farming (exposed so admirably by Mr. Erwar Harr in the British Medical Journal, to which reference was made) was atrocious, but he did not see his way to interference—as revival of the Cromwell Status Question, whereof more when we get Loud John's final answer—the carrying, by a large majority, the Abolition Clause in Mr. Gladerous's Amesthetic Bill for destroying the Church Hates—a statement that the Albany has stopped the Burling-ton House Works, and very likely the Academy will not move in 1869—and that the Lords on Friday enjoyed what may be called a rattling mill between the Durk of America and the Lord Charcellow about the Pressure's "Education of his Party" Speech, and the letter explaining it away. Both lads did all they knew, both were much punished, and the claret flowed freely. The veteran Russill awarded the states to the Duke, but the decision was contested, and the result was a wrangle. was a wrangle.

THE ENGORE THIEF.

rs has dealt fairly with his Bristol audiences, and his Bris deal fairly with him. He is called upon to sing suice everyth for him in a programme, and builled for not deling so. He t ay night."—Bristol Timerune Afirror. audiences ought to deal which is put down for h



T (the usual hour yesterday morning, Ms. PUNCH, the worthy Magistrate, took his seat on the bench. The night charges having

been disposed of,
BONASSUS BRILLOWMORN cheesemonger, was placed in the dock, charged with a determined attempt at theft.

Mr. Sims Reeves, the eminent vocalist, stated that he had been engaged at Exeter Hall on the previous night ter Hall on the Previous ingui-to sing in Hawdel's orato-rio, Jophths. He had sung, to the best of his ability— The Magistrats. Then

you must have sung very

MR. REEVES bowed, and

MR. Reeves bowed, and continued. He had given the great and very trying air, "Deeper and Deeper still," and the audience had been good enough to signify the warmest approbation. He sat down, when the prisoner, with violent shouts, demanded that the air should be given over again. Many of the audience indignantly protested against the prisoner's dishonest conduct, but he persisted in his attempt at their, and was at last given into custody. Mr. Reaves added that though the attempt at robbery had been directed against himself personally, he appeared on public grounds, and had no vindictive feeling against the prisoner, who, he thought, was stupid rather than wicked, and perhaps might be dismissed with an admonition.

The Prisoner said that he would not be called stupid. He liked music, and chose to have as much of it as he could get. He stuck up for the privileges of an Englishman, and stood on Magna Charta and the Bill of Rights.

The Madistrants. The Statute of Frauds might be more in point, ut don't talk such nonsense, man. What are you?

The MAGISTRATE. The Statute of Frauds might be more in point.
But don't talk such nonsense, man. What are you?
PRISONER. A cheesemonger.
The MAGISTRATE. Is anything known of him?
POLICIEMAN, B 52. I believe he is a respectable man, your Worship, but he is in the habit of acting in the way he done last night.
The MAGISTRATE. Did last night, you mean. That evidence does not tally well with your statement of his respectability. Have you anything to many visioner?

not tally well with your statement of his respectations. Have you anything to may, prisoner?

Pausoner. I should say I had. What am I dragged here for? I say I like music, and I'll have as much as I can get. Why shouldn't Mr. Refers sing twice when I tell him?

The Macistrars. Dear me, this is very dreadful, and I dare say this person is intrusted with a vote. Listen to me, prisoner. You sell good cheese, I dare say?

Prisoner. Very good, your Worship. I should be happy of your sustom.

The MAGISTRATE. Send me in a first-rate Stilton, ripe.

PRISOREE. It shall be at your Worship's house before dinner time.

The MAGISTRATE. It shall be paid for on delivery. If I like it, I will tell you to sead me another, and that shall not be paid for at all. I like cheese, and I will have as much of it as I can get.

PRISONER. If I was not speaking to a Magistrate, I should call that

PRISONER. If I was not speaking to a Magistrate, I should call that stealing.

The Magistrate. Of course, it is stealing. Exactly like your trying to take a second song from Mr. Reeves, for nothing.

Prisoner. O bother? A cheese costs me money. I pay the farmer, and I pay the carriage, and I pay my shopman, and I pay the carriage, and I pay my shopman, and I pay the carriage, and I pay my shopman, and I pay the carriage. The Magistrate. A song costs Mr. Reeves money. He paid for instruction, he paid for years of study in Italy, he paid for the Broadwood on which he practised, and he paid for the carriage that brought him to the Hall, or he could not deliver the article. He undertook to sell it to you, and he did, and then you wanted another for nothing. The production of the article required special machinery and great skill, and caused much wear and tear of physical powers. You you persisted in your dishonest course.

Prisoner. I don't see it in that light.

The Magistrate. Then 'try and see it in the light of a prison-tell. I shall deal with you as I should deal with any other roque, who buying one cheese of you, stole another. You will go to the House of Correction for a menth.

Mr. Shue Rheves interceded for the prisoner.

The Magistrate Well, Mr. Rheves, I am bound to say that you put a great temptation in his way, but he must learn to resist temptation. An example is necessary.

The prisoner was then removed to the cell, but before the arrival of the van he hegged to be allowed to express his deep regret for what he had done. He supposed that he awas stupid, but it had never occurred to him that an artist's voice was his property. He would never offend again.

The Magistrate kindly ordered his discharge, but intimated that

again.

The MASISTRATE kindly ordered his discharge, but intimated that he hoped any similar offender would be taken into custody, and brought before him for punishment, which he should certainly receive.

THE DANGER OF SELF-DEFENCE.

MR. G. THACKER, Farmer, of Brownhills, Norton, hears a noise in his father's fewl-pen at night. He takes a gun, and, accompanied by his sister, goes to the spot with a candle. A man, who had been robbing the pen, springs out upon him, and knocks the candle from his hand. There is a struggle between them; the gun goes off by accident, and the thief, one James Hamer, a miner, is shot dead. Statements of these facts were deposed before a coroner's jury. A report of the case thus concludes:—

"This completed the evidence, and the jury were left to consider their verdict; and after a short time they found that the deceased was killed by the gun accidentally going off in the struggle. Mr. G. TRACKER will, in due course, be taken before the Magistrates on the charge of having caused the death of Hamen."

A coroner's jury finds that a thief, in a struggle with a respectable man, on his father's premises, was accidentally shot, and "in due course" the respectable man is taken before Magistrates on the charge of having caused the thief's death. This is practical logic, so far as it goes. To make it perfect the Bench should have committed the accused for trial on a charge of manisaughter, or perhaps murder. Let honest men know that the idea of shooting a thief, even in self-defence, is not to be entertained. When, therefore, you go to disturb a fellow who is robbing your house, you had better never take such a thing as a gun with you, lest you should have the misfortune to be involved in a grapple with him, and chance to shoot him.

Punch's Contribution.

THIS Life-Boat Institution—hear!
It saved a Thousand Lives last year:
People with cash—it rests with you To make, next year, one Thousand-Two. Moral,-14, John Street, Adelphi, London, W.C.

ADVICE GRATIS.

The best county to go to in Winter—Summer-set-shire.

The best county when you don't want to be in a draught—Door-hut-shire.

FLOREAT ETONA!

A FIFTH-FORM Etonian describes his younger brother, who works very hard in pupil-room, as "a Sapper and Miner."

UNHEARD-OF TIRANNY.

LORD BUSHPLELD, the great game preserver, is so strict that he will not allow even an egg to be possibled on his estate.

THE BEST "NOTE."-HENRY LESLIE'S Quire.



FAMILY GROUP BY STODGE,

WHO HAS BEEN MARRIED SOME TIME NOW. HERE HE IS HARD AT WORK ON HIS ACADEMY PICTURE, AND TAKING CARE OF THE CHILDREN WHILE MRS. S. HAS GONE TO THE CO-OPERATIVE STORE !

DIZZY IN DIFFICULTIES.

(By a Member of the Country Party.)

I TALL 'ee what, mun, whether you 're a Tory or a Whig, The longest way to market is the way you drives a pig.

If you makes any footmarks, they as follers 'em' ool find
What zigzag hoof and hobnail prints you two have left behind.

One at a time is bad enough to drive, be't sow or boar; But, if you wants a job o' work, try drivun of a score. And hard as ourn to manidge be, take swine, both gurt and small, The Irish Pig's the wust un, the pigheadedest of all.

There's BENJAMIN our Ruler, wi' them Irish Pigs to drive, Which, if he can accomplish, he's the cleverest chap alive. Sitch obstinate contrairy baiats did ever martal zee? Ah BENJAMIN, thy task is one as I don't envy thee!

Hark, how they grunts, and squakes, and squakes, as much as for to say, "I wun't, I wun't, I wun't go right; I 'ool goo my own way!" Look how they bolts, this side and that, or sets their snouts on high, And scrames ten thousand murders like, swate craturs, to the sky!

Protestant Pigs, and Popish Pigs, all pullun left and right, Wun't yield to one another nare a mossel nor a mite. There's Landlord Pigs, and Tenant Pigs, as stubborn to command, They all be ill-conditioned Pigs in that there plaguy land.

There's Celt Pigs and there's Saxon Pigs; there's Orange Pigs, and

Green, There's Pigs fed all on 'taturs; and they Pigs be wretched lean.
Then there be them there Fenian Pigs, that there half Yankee breed;
A set o' more unruly pigs on wash did never feed.

Look at 'em! When did Christian zee a crazier herd o' swine, Since them as once run headlong, and was drownded in the brine? Now, Berjamis, take my advice, though I be but a clown; Mind none on 'em doan't run between thy legs, and vling thee down.

THE POPE AND THE PETTICOATS.

In spite of what the song says, it may be questioned if the Pore has recently been living a very "happy life." Besides his cares of state, and fears about his throne, other smaller worries have been troubling his existence. The ladies have annoyed him by their vanities of dress, and by coming to his churches decked out as for the opera, and flaunting their fine fashions in his holy face. His Holiness is one of the best tempered of men; but the flaring, glaring way in which the women have been going it has been enough to "rile a saint," as a Mormonite would say. So we can hardly be surprised that, speaking to an audience of some two hundred ladies, His Holiness gave vent to the following strong terms :-

"His Holiness severely censured the licence of the tollette, condemning the fantastic headdresses in use, and the 'scandalously indecent' robes. He exhorted his audience to oppose to such 'propaganda of the devil,' a counter display of modest feminine attire."

modest feminine attire."

"Propaganda of the devil!" There's a stinging phrase for you! What a contrast to the pretty words which ladies generally use when they chat about their toilettes! Fancy a duck of a new dress, or a darling sweet silk jacket, being stigmatised as "propagands of the devil"! Still, without exactly echoing such strong language as the Pope's, we agree with him in thinking that a lady should dress decently. When lovely woman stoops to the folly of absurdly following the fashion, she is pretty sure of spending all her thoughts upon her toilette, and will not think much of a lecture, even from the Pope. But to our mind any lady must be a proper goose, who stoops to wearing dresses "fantastic and indecent" like those which are Old-Nick-named the devil's propaganda. Nick-named the devil's propaganda.

Justice to Ireland.

MR. O'BEIRNE, in his earnest speech about Ireland, deprecated the use of the offensive phrase of "the Irish members' eternal whine," It is very rude. Suppose in future, we say, instead of eternal wine, eternal whiskey.



DIZZY'S DIFFICULTY, OR MRS. ERIN'S PIGS.

DIZZY. "I'D LOIKE TO ZEE ANY O' YOW DROIVE UN!"

Ahi William Tilliam

gree clee of c

COMPENSATION FOR HAMPSTEAD HEATH.



N Wednesday last week, at a meeting of the Marylebone Vestry, in reply to a ques-tion respecting negotiations for the purchase of Hampstead Heath :-

Mm. SHAW, the representa-tive of the vestry at the Metro-politan Beard of Works, said he believed the negotiations were in state que, owing to the exorbitant price of 28,000 per acre, which had been demanded by Sis THOMAS WILSON." price of had been of the wills

If a Railway Company desires to cut a line through a man's park, destroying the repose and beauty thereof, which its owner wishes to preserve, and accordingly demands an exorbitant price demands an exorpitant price for the land, the law em-powers the Company to bring the man to terms by a jury in a Court of Law. Why should not an Act of Parliament enable the Board of Works to take the same course with SIR THOMAS

WILSON? Has avarice any more right to be respected than ideality?

ANOTHER CRY FROM THE CUSTOMS.

A weak or two ago Mr. Punch called public notice to the fact that a great grumbling had reached him from the Custom House. The clerks there, it was stated, were the worst paid of all the Civil servants of JOHN BULL, and, as they had this grievance, like Enghishmen they grumbled at it. With his usual benevolence Mr. Punch took up their case, and complained to Ma. Bull, through their mutual friend LORD DARBY, who then managed his affairs. In the course of his complaint Mr. Punch was pleased to tender his advice to Mr. Bull, that he had better behave liberally and pay his servants well, than get the name of being a stingy, screwy, skinflint, whom everyone that worked for him would do their best to cheat.

Mr. Bull, of course has listened to the Voice of Wiadom, and the

would do their best to chest.

MR. BULL of course has listened to the Voice of Wiadom, and the Chancellorof his Exchequer is engaged, with other experts, in calculating what may be the smallest sum that Mr. Bull can offer to his servants, in increase of their wages, without its looking mean. When this problem has been solved, Mr. Pusch will have to state if he approves of the solution. Meanwhile he begs to mention that the Custom-house in London is not the only place where British customs are collected, and where British Customs clerks are miserably paid. Mr. Bull should blush to read such a statement as the following, lately put forth in the Civil Service Rustle. in the Civil Service Gazette :-

"In connection with the memorial of the London Clerks of H.M.'s Customs, under consideration of the Treasury, we are glad to learn that the clerks at the principal outports have, with the Board's permission, forwarded applications to their Lordonipes. That the grievances complained of by their London brethren are felt in a still greater degree by the Outport Clerks is undeniable, and we trust that the anxiously expected amelioration will be extended to all the clerks throughout the Service, and that the irritation and discontant arising from the exceptional stratment which has so long characterised the department may henceforth and altogether

"Irritation and discontent" among your servants, Mr. Bull? And you stupidly pretend to boast of being a good master, Sir? Good workers want good wages, and when men are discontented with the money they receive, they are apt by human nature to render service gradgingly, and neglect their work. Depend on it, you will not find it pay you to be stingy, even at your outports. For only look at this,

"There can be no good reason why the Outport Clerks who collect one-half of the entire Customs revenue should be differently treated from their London brethren who collect the other half, or that the same work and equal responsibility should be better ramunecated at one port than at another. Let these invideous distinctions be awept away, and a liberal scale be stranged for the whole body of the clerks, and the committee now at work at the Treasury will have succeeded in removing one of the mest glaving anomalies in the Service, and securing the heartfelt gratitude of a great department of the State."

With such a property at stake as your Customs, Mr. Bull, you are silly to be stingy to those who are collectors of it. The better you pay them, the better you will find their service will pay you. Your new manager has declared that he will do his very best to pursue "a liberal policy," and, in the small matter of paying your poor Customs Clerks, you will be wise if you insist upon his keeping to his word.

A BISHOP IN PARTIBUS

(Heligo-landing)

THE Society for the Propagation of the Gospel is collecting funds for the establishment of an Anglican Bishop for North Germany, with

for the establishment of an Anglican Bishop for North Germany, with Heligoland for his see!

Heligoland is a small sandy island, some thirty miles from the mouth of the Elbe, belonging to England, with a population of some three thousand Frisians, and as many rabbits, a banished British Governor, and a good many publics, lodging-houses, and gambling salcons. It is in short a sort of Hamburg Margate—but a Margate at once marred and gated Oceano dissociabili; a Margate towed out to see, as it were, and mooved some twenty miles outside of the Goodwins.

"Bishop of Heligoland" sounds comical. He certainly will have a see to overlook, but it will be the German Ocean, and it is difficult to imagine what duties he will find to do (now that the duties are taken off most things that enter the faland) unless it be that of exchanging confidences and condolences with that "Banished Lord," the British Governor. We can imagine these brails of the Church and State of Heligoland, "by the sad sea-waves," and "we listen while they moan"—not the waves, but the Governor and Bishop—first antiphonically, then chorally, to some such effects as this:

Governor. The sea's alkabent!
Bishop. Eled are croupler and tant!
Governor. The bathers are gone!! Bishop. And the play-season's done!

Cherally.

Governor and Bishop. And we can't get out! we can't get out! we

Governor. Here I'm a British Gurtner, with no Englishmen to hold,—
"Neath my perental way!
Bishop. Here I'm a British Bishop, with no Anglicans to scold—

In a Hierarchal way!

Governor. So here we both are stranded,

Bishop. Landed here and Heligo-landed, Bishop.

. Chorally.

Governor and Bishop. With no work, and little play! and still less pay!

ANTISTROPHE.

Antiphonically.

Governor. Would we were countermanded, English Church and State disbanded,

And pilots, punters, handed to the Prussian pipe-clay school:

Bishop. For in our opinions candid, there's nothing on this sand-

For a Bishop to look over, or a Governor to rule. Bishop. And no Commons for jawbation,

Chorally.

Governor and Bishop. Oh, would we were recalled, and our passage paid to Goole!

Antiphonically.

Governor. For that's the Port of Hull.
Bishop. Which it's flat, and very dull,
Governor. But of life and lark it's full,

Governor. But to like an lark it strand of Heligoland,
Governor. Where we stand, hand in hand, banished, banned!

Bishop. With nothing to do, to dispel devils blue,
Governor. But to play the Van Amburgh to punters from Hamburgh,

Chorally.

Governor and Bishop. And pop at the rabbits that burrow the sand!

Roman and Improbable.

A New Cardinal is to be made, says a Correspondent from Rome. Is it to be an Englishman? The Papal Court, on dit, is somewhat against English-Mamning it at present. If an English Head is required there's a publisher with a name made to hand: why not let as have one Cardinal Virtue?

CONVIVIAL DEFINITION.

HEALTH Officer for the Metropolis-A Toastmaster.

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"AN OFFICER AND A GENTLEMAN!"

Volunteer Captain (bumptiously). "OFFICER'S TICKET!" Considerate Clerk. "Gover'ment Tariff's high on this Line, Sir. You'd better go as a Gentleman! Cheaper!"

[The Captain is shocked, loses his presence of mind, and takes advantage

THE CASE OF THE ALABAMA.

AIR-" On Board of the Arethusa."

COME all who can face the plain truth told, And object to be scolded, or to scold, Both sides of the water, let 's cry " Hold, Enough of the Alabama!" HISTORICUS' columns let 's cut short, Put SEWARD and STANLEY out of court; With logic and law They have played "see-saw," Till of talk both JOHN and JONATHAN tire, And would rather put out than poke the fire, Apropos of the Alabama!

Let the arbitrators settle the doubt If by our lackes she got out,
To chivy the Yankee clippers about—
This troublesome datasms!
And over each "how" and "what" and "why,"
The arbitrators are meant to try, Leave quibble and quirk, And get to work ; With a brace of clear heads and an umpire fair,
And we'll soon have the facts all straight and square,
In the case of the Alabama!

Like circus-horses that paw and prance, You may lead a diplomatic dance For a life-time without a foot's advance In a case like the Alabama. Still SEWARD found "Con" to LORD JOHN'S "Pro," But when STANLEY took office, he cried "Hullo! 'Twixt Russell and me

The case stood—d'ye see—"
"No, no," says Lond Stanler, "that can't be.
My cases don't stand, but keep moving," says he,
"And so must the Alabama!"

Then JOBATHAN lend JOHN BULL a hand, And your own long-winded Sec. command, No longer on quirk and quibble to stand In the case of the Alabama. In the case of the Alabama.
Though shelling out we own a bore,
We'll pay any debt you can prove, and more;
And we won't split straws
About "why" or "because,"
But "as we'd be done by," we'll try "to do,"
Though we suffer for letting our fingers through
This troublesome Alabama!

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CONTINUATION OF CHAP. III.

THE parachute descended safely, landing its cargo upon a Benician Taland.

An old Boatman and his daughter found the wanderer on the shore. The Boatman's name was MARTIN.

His daughter was known as ELIZABETH.

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CHAPTER IV.

of the suggestion.

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"." SIXTEEN years " afterwards. In the pleasantest room of the pleasantest house in one of the Benician Islands, built in the Gothic style upon the crater of an apparently extinct volcano, sat an elderly man and a young lady.

"MR. PIEL DORNTON + will be here this evening, to sign the contract," observed LIEUTENANT MARCHMONT! to his niece, GRACE.

* Bixteen peers. Bix of the Authors wish to state that they were totally against such an absurd interval. What's got to be done they would undertake to bring about in seven. Bo they 've told the Directors and the Editor.

† The Directors repeat that they have the greatest possible confidence in the Editor's good sense, but they did not think that he would have allowed such a name as this to be given to the heavo of the Novel.

Editor's Note to the above.—He is not the hero.

Authors' Host (by a majority). Yes, he is.

Hote of Authors' in a large sinority. No, he is not.

Note.—The Editor trusts to the good sense, gentlemanly feeling, and kindly forbearance of all concerned to prevent a rupture. From the MS. in his possession he thought it was the hero.

Manomaour is thought by all the Company a good name. But as there was great disagreemant upon the question of his rank, and whether he should be in the Army or Navy, it was thought better to make him a Lieutenant, an office which belongs to both services, and it was finally determined that the uniform should be left to the discretion of the artist. ** Byned by Editor, Authors, and Directors.

Also, to avoid all description of Miss Grace, his nicoe, she also shall be an artistic

"Will he?" replied GRACE, her beautiful countenance suffused with blunhe

"Will he?" thundered the Lieutenant, who was an old irascible Peninsular hero, and brooked neither questioning nor doubt.

In a second something flew from his hand, and whirring past his niece's ear, within an inch of her golden hair, was dashed into a thousand fragments against the mantelpiece.

It was the tea-cup. Her eye darkened for a moment, where a splint from the crockery had struck her, but she soon recovered her good humour, and playfully taking up the classic urn, poured the contents upon her uncle's head. He smiled.

The sooner the better," she returned, replying to his observation about Mr. PIEL DORNTON.
"Sooner or Later" was the warrior's innocent, but somewhat homely

repartee.

GRACE felt the inuendo, though she said nothing at the moment; but years after, this dwelt in her memory, and the poignant satire embittered the otherwise happy hours of her young life.

Their house, better furnished than any other in the island, had been carefully fitted up with dumb bells, so as not to disturb the Licu-

tenant's repose, who was something of an invalid.

She sounded, and an intelligent Boomerang entered the room.

"Clear away," she said, addressing him in his own language.

The Boomerang, a fine handsome fellow, regarded his young mistress with an expression of unutterable melancholy, and commenced his evening's work, using his feet like bands, with a dexterity which only early education could have given him.

creation, as the Authors and Editor feel sure they can trust implicitly to the good faith, gentlemanly feeling, and good taste of the Artistic staff engaged, not to play the fool.

* Book Note: A form of the Artistic staff engaged, and to play the fool.

* Fool Note.—A few of the Authors remember this incident in the farce of Box and Cax. Being put to the vote it was allowed to remain by a majority of one. The Editor does hope he may rely upon the good feeling, forbearance, &c. &c.

SLO man, termi It f Palac The

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liberty for a se tunity sufficie Edit that a to their time ti and ge i Ti If ti

Sometimes as she cast down her eyes, the poor Boomerang was aughing at her feet.
While these domestic arrangements are being carried out, let us say

a few words about MR. PIEL DORNTON.

a few words about Mr. Piel Dornton.

The Rev. Piel Dornton had been in the island for nearly sixteen years. He was very rich. He had enormous feet and hands: no one knew how they had been acquired. He had no relations; that is in the island; nor did he speak of any one connected with him as existing elsewhere. He was unmarried; at least he had always given out as much. In build he was if anything somewhat above the middle height, with a strong leaning towards corpulency, which in a man of twice his stature, and of a less emaciated appearance, would have been unnoticed, or would have passed for an evident mark of good breeding; but in DORNTON it led the shrewd external observer to a wrong estimate of a character which was in other respects amiable, though perhaps a little too reserved for his associates. Generally, and among those of the other sex, especially his coleopterous propensities were the theme of unbounded admiration.

The Artist, who illustrates this work, will perfect the sketch.

of unbounded admiration.

The Artist, who illustrates this work, will perfect the aketch.*

On his arrival in the island he had announced himself as a Clergyman, and the good Bishop, having immediately collated and inducted him, subsequently, gave him letters of introduction to all the most savage tribes, among whom the proficiency of the new minister upon the harp of Ancient Judah was to have been soon turned to account by the

astute prelate.
But for one person.

GRACE MARCHMONT? +

Or another?

Was GRACE always in his thoughts? Perhaps. OR ANY OTHER WOMAN?

Rising from his solitary meal, the Clergyman said "Grace," after dinner, to himself, and walked down towards the abore.

It was the cheapest and shortest route to the Lieutenant's house.
"Why give more?" he asked himself, as he descended the steep.

Why give more? The axed nimen, as he descended the steep.

Footsteps behind him!!

He peered over the ledge of the rock; not a soul.

Taking from his neck the badge of his calling, he paid it out over the cliff. When it had reached downwards, some two hundred feet or so, he carefully fastened it to the stem of an old tree.

Chuckling to himself, the Clergyman readjusted what remained of his white tie, and walked slowly on.

No footsteps this time, but a young man in a boat.

The REV. PIEL DORNTON shuddered.
"Bah!" he muttered to himself, "this is cowardice!" and filling

Ban! "ne muttered to nimself, "this is cowardice!" and filling a tumbler of brandy from a magnum, which he invariably carried in his breast-pooket, he drank it off.
"So," he said, "Calmer now. Calmer."
He could read two names on the boat. "The Penguin, by JOSEPH."
Slowly he drew forth a pistol, and pointing it steadily at the oarsman, took such sure and certain aim—

CHAPTER V.

SLOWLY he drew forth a pistol, and pointing it steadily at the oarsman, took such sure and certain aim as would have undoubtedly terminated JOSEPH'S existence, but that it was unloaded.

It flashed across his memory now that he had been at the Episcopal

Palace in the early morning, and there had seen

h

is

The Bishop drawing a charge.

Little had he then thought how it would affect his after career.

The man in the boat, JOSEPH, looked up on hearing the snap of the

"Pas pour Joseph!" the sang out in a clear tenor voice, touching his cap reverently to the Ecclesiastic, and at the same time giving a strong pull with both sculls, which caused him to disappear within the water-cave.

The Clergyman remained wrapped in meditation.

"The Artist begs to state he has not been treated fairly; that is, if this is the hero. He understood him to be quite a different character. He will not alter his drawing. They may call the picture somebody else, if they like, and write up to it. But he is not propared for coleopterous people. (Artist).

Bitior's Note.—Beautiful picture, but finished perhaps just a little hit too soon before the Authors had entirely agreed upon the character of their work. Everyone is very much pleased with it, and the Editor deer hope he may depend upon the good feeling, forbearance, and gentlemanly tone of all concerned in this New Novel not to bring about a rupture, where everything should be, and indeed in reality is, one harmonious unity.

I The Author, who wished this tale to be a Posm, in Seven Books, using his liberty of publishing a note, begs to record his own conviction that this is the place for a song. Besides mention having just been made of the harp, what fitter opportunity can present itself? Again, "Maromonr" rhymes with "parchment" sufficiently for all practical purposes.

Bitior's Note.—The Editor, with the other Authors and Directors, has promised that a song shell be put in on the first opportunity. The Editor and the rest reserve to themselves the right of judging when such opportunity occurs. But at the same time the Editor does really hope he may depend upon the good feeling, forbearance, and gentlemanly tone of all concerned, &c. &c. (vide previous note).

They do not talk French in Benicles. Directors' Note.

The Editor does hope that the kindly feeling, &c. &c. (se before).

"Vidi te!" said a voice behind him, and turning, he recognised the kindly old Bishop looking at him slily through the crook of his highly ornamented crosier. "Hamus id! hic est Lictor veniens," he said, in old

It was a Coast-guardsman coming over the hill.

"JOSEPH, you have escaped me this time," said DORNTON to himself, as he parted with his superior, and wended his way towards Marchmont House.

He could not knock at the door. Strange, he was shy and nervous

as a boy in his first love.

He climbed up the conservatory and looked through the top.

By the light of the lamp * he saw her fair form like a bright angelic

By the light of the lamp he saw her fair form like a bright angelic picture, and he felt a thrill pass through his frame.

Slowly he drew forth the pistol, and took deadly aim.

"Tush," he said to himself, smillingly, "'tis but a mere matter of habit," and replaced the weapon in his tail-coat pocket.

But there was another form close to Gracus's.

Whose? The thought was madness. Whose Form?

Dashing through the thin panes of glass which ill served to prevent his entrance, he burst into the room.

his entrance, he burst into the room.

What sight met his gaze !

Grace, in full ball costume, lying on the sofa, covering her eyes with her hands, and by her the aged Lieutenant, clutching the poker in his nervous grasp

DORNTON ran forward, and-

(To be continued.)

Some of the Authors wish to call this Novel, "Somes from Clerical Life."

Editor's Note.—They won't, though. Wait till the End. Then change the title if

AN OMEN TO QUACKERY!

On the north side of the Strand Nearly close to Temple Bar, Once there did the dwelling sta Of a wight famed wide and far Who surpassed in name Old Pans. But it fell upon a day— Down, right souse, Came the house Of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY. O PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY! Twas upon a Saturday, Thy house fell; Fare thee well, O PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY!

There, a quacksalver by trade HOLLOWAY, compounded Pills; There a certain Ointment made. They would cure all human ills He declared in puffs and bills. But one morning it gave way. Down it went, Tenement

Of PROPESSOR HOLLOWAY, O Professor, &c.

Space to make for Courts of Law, It would soon have had to fall; This had forced him to withdraw, Men, slabs, mortars, pots and all. Therefore crumbling roof and wall, When they came down, as we say, With a rush,

Did not crush Sham PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY. O Professor, &c.

But, auspicious omen, hail! Thou in type portendest, clear Emblem to the dullest eye, Quackery's downfal to be near; May thy verity appear! Quacks. on public health who prey, Read your fate,
Sealed when, late,
Fell the House of Holloway!
O Professor, &c.

From that Eternal City.

THERE has been a creation of Cardinals this last week at Rome. It may not be generally known that the first thing Cardinals do after their great elevation, is to collect themselves, and send round the Hat.

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CONSIDERATE .- (A HUNTING STUDY.)

Tiny Groom (on tinier pony). "Beg pardon, Gentlemen, but I want to show my Missis the way up here. She'll be run hover, a waiting at them Gates!"

["Missis" determines to keep T. G. before her in future. [" Missis" determines to keep T. G. before her in future.

SHAKSPEARE IN PARIS.

HAMLET set to music! What a lovely notion? Musique par Ambrolas Thomas; paroles par William Shaksperne! Hamlet sweetly warbling "To be, or not to be," to the beat of a conductor, and accompanied by fiddles! Hamlet with a ballet introduced in the mad scene a dancers draped transparently, all capering and frisking, while Ophelia sings a waltz, and then very picturesquely drowns herself by lime-light! The Ghost stalking on the stage to the sound of a dead march, and then singing a long solo, descriptive of his sufferings! Alas, poor Ghost! Alas, poor WILLIAM SHAKSPEARE! Bless thee, how thou art translated, to please our lively neighbours! Fancy "Etre, on me pas &re" as a sentimental ditty! Imagine Milord Hamlet with a tremulous vibrato, singing an addio to his friend "ee pawre Forick!" Conceive, as a fit prelude to this exquisite morpeas, the opening of the church-scene with a chorus of old grave-diggers; one of whom, ere long, when the scene begins to flag, may dance a comic pas, or give a rattle with the cross-bones! the cross-bones !

In winding up his notice of "this most successful opera," one of "our own Paris correspondents" naïvely says:—

"If M. Ambroise Thomas has not created a Humlet, he has given to the world an Ophelia who will never be forgotten."

Created a Hamlet! Imagine a French tune-maker creating a Hamlet! One might as reasonably talk of the "creation" of Othello, when defiled as a barlesque. Mais chacus à son gout. Only we wish our lively friends, when they want to spoil a play, would keep their paws off Sharsferre. Why can't they sing Voltaire, or bring Cornellize out at the opera? It is had enough to try to translate Hamlet into French: but we can not stand seeing "Airs from Hamlet" at the musicahops, and hearing them brayed forth by blatant German bands, or squeaked about the streets by beastly barrel-organs.

ARNOLD VON WINKING.

PUNCH'S NOTION OF "SWEETNESS AND LIGHT."-Brandy and water with-and a cigar.

IMPROMPTU.

(By a Huntsman after a fall over a Blind Wire-Fence.)

My dear Sire, The Late Squire Never had a fence of wire. How it would have raised his ire When he went to take a flyer If he'd hit a fence of wire. Nothing in the country's worse It is modern hunting's curse. Many a misfortune dire Happens through this fence of wire.

A Dream of the Future.

THURLOW LAW, Temple, just called, who is to be married directly Lent is over (AGMES ETHELDERDA is ritualistic, and working a "frontal"), is of opinion at this stage of his life that the playbill at the Strand exactly foreshadows his own little drama as it is to be— Orange Blossoms (inaugural ceremony at which Law will appear in a new suit); Paris (wedding excursion); Coal and Coke (the fireside, and perusal of a professional author). Thursow also appreciates the St. James's bill, with The Chinney Corner and A Hoppy Pair!

CHANGE OF NAME. (By the Poor-Law Board.)

THE Poplar district to be known as the Un-pop'lar district.

Following a Clever Lead.

DEAREST ONE.—You did make me so wild, but you have now made me so happy. You referred me for an answer to that admirable and popular periodical, Pasch, No. 1186, page 28, line 15, but, darling, I could not go out and upopular number, for fear of being observed. But at last I have seen it, and your begind words fill me with delight. I am happy indeed, and I have this advertisement will not only gratify you, but will increase the circulation of the charming magazine—I mean periodical.—Ever your, Arous-Ever.

"IGNORAMUS" ON SOME GEOGRAPHICAL TROUBLES.



S I was waiting,, this morning, for an "Atlas," I stepped into a shop, and bought a map, to help me to understand the newspaper articles on "Russophobia," and Central Asia, a distant district which, for aught I knew to the contrary, might be that Asia Major I am always expecting to turn up as the indispensable counterpart of Asia Minor; an Oxford training having taught to believe that where there's a Minor there must also be a Major.

The purchase of this map set me thinking of the many maps and atlases I had been obliged to buy during the last fifteen years - indeed, ever since my interest in

Boirus and the Ægean began to slacken—and of the many lessons in Modern Geography I had been constrained to give myself, to fill out my spare education, and effect my rescue from the total darkness of ignorance in which I must otherwise have blundered on, touching those various regions of the earth where War has left so many deep and crimson scars to attest her terrible presence.

attest her terrible presence.

I believe I first began to impoverish myself in this way when the war with Russia broke out; making excursions into the Crimea, plunging into the Black Sea and the Baltic, and dipping into the Bosphorus and Dardanelles, which last-mentioned expanse of waters I had always taken to for its melodious name, and fanciful association, in my very irregular mind, with a favourite pear. The next item in my expenditure with Mapphan was for India, of which rather important country, previous to the rebellion. I had possessed but little more than what may be termed a nursery knowledge, mainly represented by Tippoo Sais, tigers in jungles preparing to spring on defenceless white men, the Black Hole at Calentta, the Great Mogul, crossing-sweepers in white turbans, the cruel Car of Juggernaut, and, above all, the burning of widows, considered by far the best thing to think of just before going to sleep on a winter's night in a warm bed, which, for the occasion, might be looked on as the mail from London to York, with the wind driving the rain against the windows. A serious geographical trouble was the war between Austria, and France and Italy, with its—the constant intrusion of this antagonist on my privacy was such an annoyance that I must beg the printer to employ small capitals—QUADRILATERAL, and notorious battle-fields must beg the printer to employ small capitals-QUADRILATERAL, and notorious battle-fields the bore in the European family, the poor relation always dropping in and never welcome, until at last Prussian and Dane came to blows, and compelled us to determine whether S.-H. was a diplomatic myth or a geographical reality, and, to explore in maps provinces of which I, and I dare to say, tribes more of the "better educated classes," were as ignorant as we are to this day of Lapland or Turkistan.

All over the world have I known trouble. Danubian Principalities, Japan, Poland, China, States of the Church, Bhootan, Lombardy, Mexico and Austria, have been heavy trials; but never did I picture myself so far from home and ten to four as Abyssinia. RASSELAS! never did 1 picture myself so far from home and ten to four as Adyssima. RASSELAS!

Where's RASSELAS? Just atepped out, Sir, to Fleet Street to ask how his friend Samuel Johnson is, after attending his Mother's funeral at Lichfield. James Bruce, Esq.—he was here a moment ago telling me there were no musical instruments, not even a lyre, in Adyssimia—where has he gone? To dine in Arlington Street with Horace Walfold and Georgee Selwyn, and relate to them those marvellous stories about juicy steaks cut from live oxen, which Cameron, and Rassam, and Stern, may some day confirm in the exciting narratives we are all hoping they will soon return to deliver in the rooms of the Royal Georgea-beig Scoigts, Busiliards House Piccodilly. Geographical Society, Burlington House, Piccadilly.

Aden is now familiar to me as Household Troops, Annesley Bay has displaced Pegwell Aden is now familiar to me as Household Troops, Annesley Bay has displaced Pegwell Bay in my regard, and Massowah and Zoulla are no mere acquaintances, but friends of long-standing, like Margate and Ramsgate. And yet could I draw an outline map of the country? I doubt it, so great is the depression in my cranium where the prominence denoting philogeography ought to be; for all my life long I have experienced the greatest difficulty in distinguishing a peninsula from a promontory, and the shock I felt on Saturday evening last on finding that there was a sea of which I had never even heard—the Ochotsk Sea—I have not yet recovered from. But there is semething else than the geography of Abyssinia to comment on. What was your guess when you read that the Aboons of Abyssinia was dead? If I had seen such an announcement under the head of the Zoological Gardens, Regent's Park I should have expacted to find that the Aboons was a rare sminul of the country.

Park, I should have expected to find that the Aboona was a rare animal of the country which had died unexpectedly through change of scene and diet. As it was I suspect my thoughts ran on a favourite Sultana of King Theodore's. All wrong, the Aboona being Abyasinia's Archbishop of Canterbury, whose life, let us hope, was not disturbed by such a diversity of clergy and variety of robe and ritual as prelates in England suffer

But I must end, and it shall be, where I began, in Central Asia. I must take my map home and study it. I must be ready with my geographical knowledge against the time for which articles and letters are already preparing us, when the Oxus and Jaxarles (only rivers) I assure you, not, especially Jaxarles, pagan divinities) will be admitted into the best society, and met with at every London dinner-table; when Cashmere will have other costly asso-

ciations beside shawls; and the constant men-Candahar, the Tunghani and the Valley of the Ili will bring earthly trouble once more on IGNORAMUS.

WE DON'T BELIEVE HALF OF IT.

A LETTER from the Capital of Civilisation, Liberty, Morality, Wisdom, and Human Excel-lence in every particular, especially Refinement and Elegance with Economy in Female Dress, informs us that :-

"What is called the imperial pamphles, under the title of 'Les Tirre de la Dynastic Napoléonieme,' has appeared with the motte of 'Vex populi rex Dei.'"

NAPOLEON' THE THERD calls himself EMPEmon, both Dei gratid and by the will of the
French people. According to the motto of his
Imperial Majesty's pamphlet, these appear to be
just two phrases for one thing.
Did not a certain people once shout Les aristocrats à la lanterne? This was voz populi
certainly. Another people, once upon a time,
shouted for a certain BARABBRA. That was
voz populi too. What more can be said in such
cases, unless you add cox diaboli? The Universal Suffrage to which the French People owe
their Second Empire, and present freedom of
the Press, liberty of meeting, and immunity
from oppressive conscription, was surely no
better than cox populi, if it was no worse.
When the Man of December adopts for the
motto of his Monarchy, Fox populi vox Dei,
does he not rest his title on the ground of a
saying which at best expresses only a halftruth?

There is a cry which has been heard here in

There is a cry which has been heard here in Englard by the Elect of the French People, whose forces now hinder the people of Rome from electing their own Sovereign. The British public sometimes cries "No Popery!" Here you have vox populi. Does Louis Napoleon consider it also vox Dei?

WEARING THEIR OWN HAIR AGAIN.

HERE is a delightful piece of news from

"At the last Ball at the Hôtel de Ville a revolution was apparent in the ladies' style of headdress. No chig-nons, but the hair flowing over the shoulders, and a ringlet or two drawn in front, after the manner in-troduced by the Princess or Wales in 1863."

Crinoline has gone the way of all departed fashions, and chignons now are doomed to follow the same fate. In cases such as these there is no appeal against the Judgment of Paris. Venus bows to Paris in all matters of the toilette, and Ugliness is sure to imitate what-ever Beauty does. Farewell ye chignons, thereever Beauty does. Farewell ye chignons, therefore, and ye gregarines infesting them! Farewell ye frowsy frisettes, stolen from the neighing steed! Farewell ye pads of alien hair clipped in Caucasian back alums! Farewell, a long farewell to more than half your greatness, ye fashionable heads! And O ye monstrous hairpins, whose huge nobs the hitts of small swords and of dargers counterfeit farewell! swords and of daggers counterfeit, farewell! The Chignon's occupation's gone!

Butter in Excelsis.

THE French paper, La Liberté, is given to that slavish eulogium characteristic of Imperialistic literature. It says that in the Irish debate, "MR. GLADSTONE spoke like a statesman, MR. DISRAELI like a writer in Punes." MR. DISRAELI spoke very well, and we have done and would do all fitting honour to his west that that the acquiring to him of such great talent, but the ascription to him of such immeasurable superiority over Mr. GLADSTONE is fulsome flattery, offensive to gods and men.

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A PARADOX!

Studious Lodger. "It's a pity, Mrs. Priggins, you don't understand Mathematics, or you'd readily comprehend how IMPOSSIBLE IT IS THAT THIS STEAK WHICH I SENT FROM TABLE LAST NIGHT A RECTANGULAR PARALLELOGRAM, IS NOW AN IEREGULAR PENTAGON!!

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER VI.

—And seized the weapon.
"In my own house!" exclaimed the Lieutenant. "Never!"
So saying he stirred the fire, which in the Benician Islands becomes

so saying he stirred the are, which in the Benician Islands becomes a necessity during the July evenings.

"And Grace?" inquired the Clergyman.

"Is well," she replied, going towards the piano.

"Music!" exclaimed the Lieutenant, placing two fingers in his mouth, and giving a shrill whistle.

WHOSE FINGERS?

His own

She struck a few brilliant chords on the instrument, and then broke into a Tarantella.
"Shall we polk?" asked the Clergyman, seizing the Lieutenant

round the waist.

With pleasure," was the answer; and, gracefully curving and bending, they went round the room.

oh! Ithose happy evenings in Benicia!

Now for the Contract, exclaimed Grace.

They all seized pens, but before Piel Dornton could affix his signature a loud report as of a cannonade burst on their ears.

The House divided.

"Smithereens!" exclaimed one of the three. The Lieutenant was the speaker. In another instant the speaker had left the chair, Amidst confused cries

THE HOUSE SUDDENLY ROSE.

"Ha!" cried the Lieutenant, as clutching at his niece, they went up slowly in the air together. "I know!"

"What!" exclaimed the agonised girl.

"The volcano on which our house was built was not extinct—the

architect was wrong.

CHAPTER VII.

FREEDOM.*

CERTAINLY PIEL DORNTON was in luck. The volcanic cruption which had caused Lieutenaet Marchmont's house to be raised from the ground had forced him through the window, whence he fell, the worse for a few bruises on the velvet lawn in front.

"Fallen on the lawn," the Clergyman said to himself. "That promises well for a bishopric in futuro." He knew Latin and spoke it,

when nobody was listening.

Marchmont House had disappeared, and with it the Lieutenant and Grace, but the contract of marriage was still in PIEL DORNTON'S hand.

PIEL looked cautiously round. He was a bold bad man, but even bold bad men sometimes are obliged to look round cautiously. "It

* Resolution carried by a large majority of Authors engaged on this work; viz.,

"That headings be affixed to every chapter, to be chosen by vote."

"a" The Directors present their respects to the Editor, and wish to know what's
become of the young mon who were engaged at an enormous expense to illustrate
this novel. Why, they wan't to know, hasn't there been a picture of any one as yet?

Billion's causeer to the above.—All the Artista have sent in pictures of the same situation, and as each one had taken a different view of the time, place and characters, it was difficult to select the one exactly illustrating the great sensations in the foregoing chapters. The Editor, however, does hope that the good feeling, forbearance, and gentlemanly tone of all concerned will prevent any contratemps occurring just as the work is progressing so favourably.

Note: (a) Thirteen, of the Authors were cut of town when this was written and

occurring just as the work is progressing so favourably.

Notes, (a) Thirteen of the Authors were out of town when this was written, and agreed to leave the description of the voyage, and so forth, in the hands of the remainder, two of whom professed to have travelled all over the globe, and were able to vouch for all their localities. These two were under the control of the other five, among them are two professed naturalists, an archeologist, a geologist, and a pisciculturist. Four of them are numbers of the Acclimatisation Society, and the two first are Fellows of the Royal Geographical; at least, so they say.

(b) We, the Directors, think that the above description is too much like the Child's Nosh's ark, but we are loth to interfere with the clear course of the story. Only do get on.

(c) They are getting on. It's all right. The Boomerang is —— in diaguise. PIEL CRITTON IS ——, and altogether it is most interesting as far as I've read. Editor.

To the Authors, from the Editor.—Now, gentlemen, send in your MSS., the Editor's

was easier for him," he recollected his father saying this, "to look round than to keep square."
At the thought of his father, DORNTON paused and murmured, "Still taking it in through the pores. So many years ago. How quickly the time has passed."
His eye fell upon the paper in his hand. The sound awoke him from his reverie.

He walked to his own house and subjection a deek

He walked to his own house, and unlocking a desk which opened with a spring, he drew from a secret drawer a small bottle of black ink, a steel pen, a holder, a sheet of white paper, and an ordinary blotting pad. Then he lit the fire.

He was evidently uncertain as to his next proceeding. He rang the bell

A servant in a large mask and a deep sepulchral voice answered the summon

DORNTON asked if anyone had called, and receiving a reply in the negative, told the man that he was not to be disturbed for the next three hours.

He sat down before the deak, and spread out the contract

To it were affixed the names of CHARLES AUGUSTUS LEONARD MARCHMONT and GRACE MARCHMONT.

What was he doing with that pen, and that black, black ink, which seemed to grow blacker and blacker under the hands of PIEL DORNTON?

He was writing. It was a troublesome task apparently, for he laboured at the work slowly and wearily.

The clock-hands passed over the second hour, and still PIEL DORNTON worked on with the black wicked ink and the hard remorseless steel pen scratching the paper before

Had he been less absorbed in his occupation he would have noticed that to the topmost branches of the stately law in front of his window was fixed a small cradle, which being moved gently to and fro by the summer south wind rocked its occupant as tenderly as if it had been set in motion by the maternal foot. Not that if he had seen it he would have taken much note of the circumstance, it being the common practice of the poorer classes in this part of the world so to dispose of their children when they themselves cannot pay for a nurse during the hours of their daily toil.

Had be known that within that cradle lay an infant, he would have in all probability pulled his blinds down; but as it happened, it entirely escaped his observation.

There lay the little creature, apparently quite content to play with the bells of its plated rattle, and suck the imi-

Yet the child did not shake the bells, but held them in its little hand, grasping them so firmly as to prevent the slightest sound catching the ears of the anxious writer at the escritoire. Moistening the red-dyed bone between its chubby lips, the infant ever and anon cast a furtive glance towards PIEL DORNTON.

It was midnight before he had finished.
"The next thing," he said, "is to go to work with a will."

WITH A WILL!

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Then he arose from his chair and regarded his work with satisfaction.

"It is worth the risk," he murmured to himself: "it is worth the risk."

CHAPTER VIII.

LOST.

WITH a sharp heavy splash which sent the water up twenty feet high, the house, so singularly detached from its foundations by the volcanic action recorded in our last chapter, fell on the upheaving bosom of the ocean. The question now was, whether the building would sink

It was an anxious moment for all three, for the faithful Boomerang who was just entering the room with a lamp when the explosion took place had been carried with

In the peculiar construction of their mansion lay their safety. The Architect had been a man of extreme fancy and great ingenuity (he had, indeed, been subsequently recommended to the British Government as a fit and proper person for a sineoure at one of their large establishments—the Hanwell College) and had fashioned the under flooring of the drawing-room, forming the calling under flooring of the drawing-room, forming the ceiling of the kitchen, after the manner of the keel of a large

What had always been an eye-sore to LIEUTENANT MARCHMONT now proved their salvation. The house floated on the waves, drawing about four feet of water,



without the occupants feeling any more inconvenient motion than they would have

experienced on an ordinary sea voyage.

They were somewhat airaid to open the low French windows, whence they had formerly stepped on to the lawn—and they felt the want of air.

But on the second day they discovered three trap-doors in the roof, and the

Boomerang having found a saw, in a short space of time with the aid of a few nails and a hammer, joined the three traps together, so that the whole of one side of the sloping roof could now be opened and shut at pleasure.

aloping roof could now be opened and shut at pleasure.

Fortunately the remains of the tea, with muffins, dry toast and butter, were still upon the table. The Boomerang, who, by the way, had been in their service for nearly fifteen 'years, was named NUTT—at least so he had always given them to understand—now rose with the occasion, and exhibited a spirit, a determination, and a knowledge which, though it did not strike them at the time, was far above any educational acquirements of the ordinary Boomerang native.

The Lieutenant sat moping in his arm-chair. Grace played a little upon what remained of the piano; but NUTT assumed the directorship, and at once, as a practical man, portioned out the tea, the dry toast and butter, so as to nut them all on

remained of the plane; but NOTE assumed the different plane; but NOTE assumed to the plane; but NOTE assumed the dry toast and butter, so as to put them all on allowance for four days. "His religion," he said merrily, "taught him charity, and he always made allowances for everybody."

So they are sparingly three crumbs each of toast, two drops a-piece of tea, and then sat on the ledge above, with the half-roof lifted up, and gazed upon the

murmuring sea.

She was abstracted, and as the poor Boomerang regarded her placid features he heard her uttering gently a name—"Piet."

Looking down into the room, he saw the Lieutenant stealthily moving towards the sugar.

In a second he was down silently, and seizing the old man by the wrist, forced

In a second he was to him back into his seat.

"Sugar!" gasped the wretched man.

"No," replied NUTT kindly, but firmly, "we must feed equally."

"And," added GRACE, nodding to her Uncle, "as to the sugar, if you do not

They were the first unkind words she had ever spoken to him. She felt it was necessary, and that upon her resolution now depended their common fate.

(To be continued.)

EPIGRAM ON UNPRODUCTIVE ELOQUENCE. (NEVER MIND WHOSE.)

Bosh, bunkum, statistics, quotations, and stuff, Palaver more, argument less, than enough.



MR. PUNCH'S DESIGNS AFTER NATURE.

THIS LITTLE DUCK WEARS AN EFFECTIVE AQUATIC JACKET, STRONGLY RECOMMENDED FOR THE BOATING SEASON.

BELOW THE LOWEST DEEP A LOWER DEEP.

THE DUKE OF BRUNSWICK has lately astonished the audience at the Bouffes by falling through the bottom of his box into a baignoire (luckily empty) beneath.

(luckily empty) beneath.

It has been popularly reported that the Duke is too rich ever to come to the bottom of his strong box; but he evidently can not only get to, but through the bottom of any box less strong than his own.

We had always heard there was no strength in the Duke's public case. It seems now that the weakness extends from his public case to his private box, and that the Duke has accomplished a feat we had thought impossible, of falling still lower than he had done already. On his re-appearance, let us hope the band received him with "Hail, Star of Brunswick!"—said star being invited, it is presumed, to hail, in consideration of its being prevented from reigning.

MILLIONS AND MILLIONS.

THE EMPHROR has published a Pamphlet, showing that the Napoleons owe their Imperial position to thirty millions of votes.

MR. Horny has published a pamphlet showing that the present Imperial Government, for fifteen years, has cost the country 800 millions of francs a year more than the Governments which preceded it. In other words, we have Napoleon debtor to France, 30,000,000 of votes, France creditor to Napoleon, 31,000,000,000 of francs. So that every vote has cost France 1,033 francs = £41 5s., or thereabouts.

This strikes us as very handsome interest indeed for fifteen years can of a Napoleon.

oan of a Napoleon.

Curiosities of Nomenclature.

WE should be careful what names we give to our establishments. While "The Blackrod Grammar School" (see Commissioners' Report) sounds painfully appropriate, "The Mountjoy Convict Dépôt" reads as dismally incongruous. (To save future historians confusion, be it noted that the Usher of the Black Rod, &c., is no connection of the well-known Parliamentary Functionary.)

A RICH COLE MINE.

From a distinguished Police Constable at the South Kensington Museum, to his Sweetheart at Shrowsbury.

You ask me, Susan, for to state unto yourself and friends The sort of Show at Kensington as on my care depends, Which I proceed to do, my love, with all my heart and soul, The Show reflecting credit on myself and Mr. Colf.

The place were Brompton Boilers, but them things is took away, (I bleeve they're gone to Bethnal Green, but really cannot say) A stately red Museum stands, a truly noble sight, More striking than the British M., as that is only white.

I let the public enter in, the glorious sights to see:
On Monday, Tuesday, Saturday, I let them enter free,
On Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, they approach in different manner,
Defraying sixpence which they call, if playful-like, a tanner.

The Public is a stupid pig, my girl, and that's a fact, They really want an awful deal of telling how to act, This Show is truly wonderful, if persons only knew, Yet not one Swell in twenty knows the sights as he might view.

We've all the Vernon pictures, and the Sheepshanks ones beside, The pick and choice of British art, in fact the British pride, Parchased regardless of expense by them as trouble took To give them to a public as will hardly come and look.

I couldn't tell you half the names, but figures makes it clear, A thousand and twelve over I have counted, Susan dear: A thousand and twelve over, Suz, and every one a Jem, And what are called Shadeovers, though there's no shade over them.

Next, thank my Royal Mistress for this best of many boons, I exhibit the late RAPHAEL'S original Cartoons, Which here in all their glory may be pleasantly beheld, It was not so at Hampton Court, which also fusty smelled.

But that's High Art, at which the Swells as on the painters fawn Because they are the fashion, when they're not a looking, yawn; So come with me, my Susan, to the gorgeous sights down-stairs, Gold, jewels, ailver, ivory, enamel, china wares.

That play we saw the night when you unkindly did behave, The chap went down burglariously and plundered of a cave. Aladdia were the party's name, and what he saw was fine, But nothing to the treasures in this Cave of COLE's and mine.

We've ransacked every jewel-box for things no price could buy, We've watches, trinkets, amber, pearls, and splendid Bigotry, The meedy evil relix as I've heard from them as knows Alone would make South Kensington the true A I of shows.

A Trojan's column, large as life, at least a fairish alice, wann's model of St. Paul's before he took the King's advice, And such Italian pulpits, cut and carved to that degree, I suppose they'd stupid parsons, so required fine things to see.

Old painted coaches and sedans, as like could tell some tales, As bright as them I see at France, I mean to say Versales, And lovely music instruments as melts your eyes in tears To think the ladies they belonged is dead two hundred years.

Which France reminds of purchases that's only just come in, (I says to Cole, says I, you know the way to frisk the tin) Ye've got some crack Art Furniture, as took the highest prize I never saw auch heavenly blue, except in Susan's eyes.

Of creature comforts let me speak, of which I can report Refreshments are provided of the very primest sort. But O that ass the public, when on our map they read "Provisional Arrangement" they think that the place to feed.

And now, dear Son, I've told you not the half of what I guard, That Swells don't come more fluently does seem uncommon hard. A piace like this of mine and Cone's, at once a Show and School, The man or woman as don't see is nothing but a fool.

All the Difference.

GREENBERY, hearing that TROLLOFE was to be made a Peer, expressed his pleasure at this distinction being conferred on one of his favourite authors. He was soon undeceived, and laughed at for supposing it possible that Literature in this country should receive such a recognition. Men reminded him that ANTHONY TROLLOFS was only a Story-Teller, while SIR JOHN may have been a Tory-Teller.

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THE GREAT ZAGAZIAS.

(A Bumpkin Ballad.)



OSIAS GUTCH WAS GUTCH'S name, Which he took at his christening, You might yourself ha' heard the Had you been there a listening.

Josias had a labouring friend, Whose name was not Josias, Though I.A.s. was at its end, And it was ZACHABIAS.

Jos was a worker in the fields, A sort of hedge-and-ditcher-man; Zac lived by what the garden yields, And therefore was a richer man.

Now once upon a holiday Jos, having no employment, Thought he would have a jolly day, Devoted to enjoyment.



And so he sought the market town, To see the yearly fair there; And coming home told ZACCHY BROWN. Of all the sights as were there.

"The fust thing as I zeen"—(but, yes,
"Tis here we must announce it,
"Zeen" stands for "Seen," as every "s"
As "Z" these men pronounce it.)

"The fust thing, ZACCHY, as I zeen Wor zomething like a Zircus, As they'd put up upon the green, Just opposite the Work'us."

"I've zeen a Zircus too," says Zac,
"With horses and young wimmin
As had small clothes upon their back,
Which they looked very zlim in."

Says Jos, "Aye, that t'ain't nout at all, Fur when I got outzide it, I zeed a pictur on a wall, And zo I ztopp'd and eyed it.

"Aye, that's the Jock for me," says I.
"What was ?" asks Zacharias.
"The name writ up," was his reply—
'Twor the Great Zaga-zias."

"Great what?" cried ZAC, and scratched

his head.
"I'll tell you," says Josias;
Didn't ye mind, Zac, what I zaid?
"Twas the Great Zaga-zias."

"I've zeen," says Zacharias, " too, Queer beasts as four foot goes on, But not a Zaga-zias, noo— At least not as I knows on."

"It worn't a tiger, ch?" "Noo, nor A lion," says Jostas. "It worn't nout else but what it wor— "Twor the Great Zaga-zian."

"Wor it alive?" "D'ye think I'd pay

To zee a Zega-zias
As worn't alive? Noo, noo, you may
Make zure there, Zacharias.

"Well, I gives tuppens at the show Of lions, tigers, lots on 'em; And also leppards, which you know, Be beasts as has great spots on 'ers.

Great bears wor lyin' at their case Siy lynxeses a watchin', And monkeys too, and chimpanzees Continually acratchin'."

"I've zeen all them, the blessed lot,"
Says MUSTER ZACHARIAS;
"But what I want to know is what
But the horn Zeen sing?"

Be this here Zaga-zias?

Says Jos, "He worn't about the show, Though I looked round and round un, And if he had been there, you know, I'd zartin zure ha' found un.

So back I goes right oop to door, Where I had had to come in, Just where in front zix men or more Were trumpetting and drummin'.

"My tuppuns I wants back," zays I,
The folks grinned standing by us,
"Cos why?" zays I, "that board do lie,
There bain't no Zaga-zias."

" What not zeen 'im,' zays he to me, A pointing at the paintin'.
Zays I, 'that's what I've come to zee, Zo don't you zay he bain't in.

"'He's in,' zays he. Zays I, 'which be The way?' Zum zteps wor nigh us, Zo down I went, and in a tent Zeed the Great Zaga-zias.

"Lor! Zuch a brute, with zuch a fute! And zuch a mouth, my eye! as I never zeed, I han't indeed, Has the Great Zaga-zias.

"He makes a noise, he grunts and blows Like wrostlers when they're grapplin', His great long nose do touch his toes, And takes a bun and apple in."

Cries Zac, "Why mun, I think you can't Know what you zay, Joszas; That beast there wor an Nellyphant, And not the Zaga-zins."

"The Zaga-zias that beast wor, I tell ye, Zacharias: I paid my tuppuns, and they swore It wor the Zaga-zias."

It wor an Nellyphant," Zac cries,
"You saw his tusks and trunk too."
D'ye think," says Jos, "that I tell lies,
D'ye think that I be drunk too."

"An Nellyphant, ask any one,"
Says laughing Zacharias.
Says angry Jos, " you zto your fun;
It wor the Zaga-zias."



At last to ask they did agree
The Parson without bias,
Who went with them himself to see
If 'twas the Zaga-zias.

The Parson drove 'em in his trap, Drawn by his old mare Margery. "Wos, lass!" cries Jos, "there be the chap!" "Twas WOMEWELL's Great Menagerie.

"There be the pictur', that's the one. Look oop!" Josias cried, "There! That be the Zaga-sias, mun, As they have got inzide there."

The Parson said, "You're wrong, J. G.,
"Tis not the Zaga-zias—
That is an elephant." "You zee
I'm right," cries Zacharias.



"If 'tis an el'phant, all the zame," Objects the hard Josias. Why write above it that there name—
'Here's the Great Zaga-zias?'"

The Parson read and stared, then he, Turning, exclaims, "Good gracious! What you make ZAGA-ZIAS, we Pronounce as thus, SAGACIOUS."

"Where 's el'phant writ?" asks Jos Gurcu,

warm,
"The placard isn't spacious,
They've left it out, and drawn his form
Beneath 'The Great Sagacious.'"



DU CHOIX.

EDWIN SENDS HIS WIFE TO A SALE TO BUY SOME FURNITURE-" AND LOOK HERE, ANGELINA," SAYS HE, "DON'T ATTEMPT TO BID YOURSELF; BUT JUST GLANCE ROUND THE ROOM, CHOOSE A BROKER WHOSE APPEARANCE INSPIRES YOU WITH IMPLICIT CONFI-DENCE, MAKE A FAIR ABRANGEMENT WITH HIM, AND LET HIM BE YOUR AGENT IN THE MATTER.

A CONVERSATION ON KILLJOYS.

SCENE-A Smoking-Room.

BRADSHAW.

STOKES.

Brad. Been to any of the Theatres lately? Stokes. No, I'm ashamed to say. It's very stupid of a fellow to sit mooning at home when there is so much intellectual entertainment to be had at every playhouse; and not only that, but also at every musichall. What an exquisite song that is—"Not for Joseph!"

Brad. Capital. Really, considering what abundance of recreation there is for any fellow of decent mind to enjoy if he chooses, one feels that one ought to make an effort, and dine earlier. It's too bad to

that one ought to make an enort, and time earlier. It is not once to allow one's self to prefer a cigar.

Stokes. Talking of that, here's something that, once in the way, might even entice you from cigars. Then, indeed, possibly it would make you give up smoking altogether. And it's likely enough to beat any play, even of the highly comic order that is now popular.

Brad. What are you talking about?

Stokes. The British Anti-Tobacco Society.

Brad. The Anti British-Tobacco Society you must mean; anti-sabhasa.

Stokes. No, I don't. Here it is advertised in the Times-(reads)

PRITISH ANTI-TOBACCO SOCIETY.—A Conference at Exeter Hall. To-morrow (Saturday) Evening, Slat March, at 7 o'Clock precisely, to discuss the question, "Is Smoking Injurious?" Rev. Edward White in the Chair. Supported by Dr. Edwards, Robert E. Walkewright, Esq., John H. Esterbrooke, Esq., Mr. Thomas Reynolds, and others. Admission free.

There! No charge for admission either. The counterblasts of these British Solomons must be worth hearing.

Brad. British Solomons! British pumps, British prigs, British meddling, officious, fussy humbugs!

Stokes. There's something in that. But don't grind your teeth.

(Conversation closes.)

MUSICAL INTELLIGENCE.

WE have every reason to believe that the next edition of the "Corn violent excitement, declaim in strong language attended with furious Flower Waltz" will be dedicated to Messes. Brown & Polson.

gesticulation. In a scene on the stage they would make the people

Brad. They make me savage. I hate all these impertinent Societies with their movements anti this, that, and the other, anti every practice, pleasure, and enjoyment of their neighbours-anti wine, beer, and spirits, anti Sunday excursions.

Stokes. You see, by the way, they have got a Committee.

Brad. Hang them, yes! We shall soon get bound hand and foot by a set of platform agitators—these not anti-humbugs, but the reverse; humbugs-anti. The next thing will be an anti-beef and mutton, or anti-butcher's meat agitation by the Vegetarian Asses. We shall have anti-racing agricing agriculture articles are the stokes. anti-racing societies, anti-hunting, anti-shooting and fishing, anti-theatrical, anti-pictorial, anti-poetical—

Stokes. Societies of the Philistines. Brad. Brutes! We shall have anti-amusement associations; anti-billiards, anti-croquet, anti-cards, anti-dancing, perhaps even anti-football and anti-cricket: a set of leagues, altogether, anti-social, including perhaps, ultimately, an anti-matrimonial alliance. Stokes. Well, you have already the monastic orders.

Brad. No, no; the anti-comfort and enjoyment fanatics of Exeter Hall have nothing of the monk about them. Publicity is what they like, not seclusion. Besides, they are specifically British; varieties of the British Snob. How foreigners must laugh at them, and at us for

giving them any hearing!

Stokes. Well; if we listen to them; we too can laugh at them.

Bras. My good fellow, it's no laughing matter, when you find these coxombs influencing legislation, and actually getting restraints imposed on your personal freedom!

Stokes. There's something in that. But don't grind your teeth.



PADDY'S BAD TOOTH, OR DOCTORS DIFFER.

DR. GLADSTONE. "I SAY THAT IT OUGHT TO COME OUT AT ONCE!"
DR. BENJAMIN. "I'M DECIDEDLY IN FAVOUR OF STOPPING!"

BANK AND MARKET AND THE THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF THE

che over hee Russell of but with intimital services and with the last services and the last services are services and the last services and the last services are services and the last services and the last services are services are services and the last services are services are

PARDY'S BAD TOOTH, OR DOCTORS DIFFER.

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PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

MONDAY, Morch 16. Fourth and last night of what we have bee calling the Irish Debate, but which in presence of certain facts to be mentioned presently, it may be convenient to distinguish as the Magurus Debate. For it hath a sequel, which, moreover, may be some more memorable than what led to it.

Even as Robert Bruce (they say) halted his entire army, at an important crisis, until arrangements could be made for the comfort of a Scottish matron whom June Lucina had visited at that inconvenient date (of course we don't believe a word of it) Mr. Punch delays his rush into the ranks of Hibernian battle, while he bestows a favouring and encouraging smile upon the Younger Gladstone, who to might made his debut, and acquitted himself as one worthy of his sire. His name being Harry, we were harry. name being HENRY, we were happy

"To see young HARRY with his beaver off,"

and we wish him many a crowded hour of fight and fray, and all the honours to be won thereout.

honours to be won thereout.

Many men had hit out, Gregory had remembered his sweeting blow, and Bruen had given a good hug, when the clock struck ten. NICHOLAS NICKLEBY translates a drama in which a had man hears a clock strike ten—remembers that he heard a clock strike ten in his infancy, bursts into tears, and becomes a virtuous character for ever. We are not aware that anybody burst into tears when the clock struck on this occasion, but probably more than one person burst into a perspiration. For the Chariot of the Hour brought Mr. Gladstont, and there was That in his eye which meant business.

It hoots not thost is from the Angle Sayon Rolas to profit and

It boots not (boot is from the Anglo-Saxon Bolan, to profit, and hence the large profits of bootmakers) to detail the series of blows which he dealt at the policy and plans of the Government. Had he stopped after this, nobody would have been much hurt. But he brought to our mind a former master of Eton, who, having screeched reproof at an offending lad, added, "I've a great mind to flog you." Then, after a considerable pause, which gave the culprit much comfort, he would add, "And I will, too." Mn. Glabston at drew down a tremendous storm of Opposition cheering by declaring that the time had come for Dis-Establishing." but the way is a deteatable word, but you must

["Dis-establishing," by the way, is a detestable word, but you must not say "subverting," because the Church is supposed to be able to stand without state aid—why not "divorcing"—for incompatibility of disposition of revenue ?]

disposition of revenue?]
Then MR. Gladstone informed the Premier that unless his speech, for which we were looking, materially differed from the speeches of his colleagues, the Opposition meant not only to ask the Decided Opinion of the House, but to take a Practical Step.

Then we all looked at the Premier.

And he looked at us, as he stood at the table, and waited until the cheering of Mr. Gladstone's side, and the answering cheers of his own men should have ceased.

own men should have ceased.

It boots not to detail his sarcasm, and his counter-attack, in which he commented upon the conduct of those who demanded that in the first hours of his Ministry he should deal with a question of 700 years, a question which they, when in office, had never dared to touch. Here he made some good play. He had next to say something on behalf of Religion, and the desirability of connecting; it with Government, and of having a Church to keep Faith steady. He denied that anybody but dissenters and "philosophers" opposed endowments. But this

was his thunderbolt:
"I deny your moral competence to deal with the Irish Church with an appeal to the Nation."

He was for attending to necessary business, and would then cheerfully hasten to appeal to the enlarged sympathy of our countrymen, which fortunately last year's Reform Act had secured.

Mr. Macuire withdrew his motion, and the House went into the interests of Oysters and Mussels. Then it adjourned about two o'clock in the morning of Saint Patrick's Day. That Saint's anniversary in 1868 will be remembered.

Twesday. The Commons had a great wrangle about the constitution of the tribunal to which Private Bills should be referred, and there was a division, but we should think that you don't want to hear anything about this. Donson moved something, and then we got into a Fog.

The Anæsthetic Treatment of Church-Rate Bill was considered, as amended, and mind the last comma but one, as that shows the sense.

Mr. Bruce brought in his Education Bill, and explained it, but it was not to be pressed, if the Government scheme, to be set forth to the Lords by the Duke of Markhoroush, were satisfactory. Mr. Bruce is for Compulsory Education, with Religion, but gives power to a parent disapproving of the instruction, to take his child away. Whereof more—and a great deal more—at fitting time.

Wednesday. Previous work having been awfully dry, to-day we got at the Liquor. Mr. Abel Smith moved the Second Resding of his Bill about Sunday drinking. He proposes that all public-houses shall

be closed on Sunday, except from 12'30 to 2'30, in the day, and from 8 to 10 in the evening. No drinking on the premises.

Mr. Looks opposed, believing that the working men did not need the legislation in question. So did Mr. Lapovemum, who said that it had been urged that the women were in favour of the Bill, the fact being that it was the women, in London at least, who drank the most, and that as seen as the husband had laid down the shilling for food, and gene off to his work, the wife went off to the public-house to drink gin with her gossips. This was his fancy sketch, and of course there was given an answer in the shape of another fancy sketch of crowds of women standing round their husbands at the gin-shope and begging for a share of the wages in order to buy food.

Mr. Gladstrour could not see that we ought to desist from our crusade against drunkenness, only because it was said to be on the decline. But he was unwilling to do the working-cless good against their will. He thought well of a proposal for giving a six days leence to such publicans as desired it.

Mr. Robbuch was very indigitant with the Bill, and asked its promoter whether, when passing by his club on Sunday, he did not turn in to read Preses and take a glass of Sherry." We hope he does, as loth are virtuous actions.

Mr. Hardy, for Government, would oppose the measure, but would not oppose full inquiry into the question.

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Mr. Hardy, for Government, would oppose the measure, but would not oppose full inquiry into the question.

There was a good deal more talk, and there was much jeering, on both sides, at the petitions on the subject, those for the Bill being signed by women, Sunday-school scholars and the like under the influence of the clergy, and those against it, by the frequenters of the influence of the clergy, and those against it, by the frequenters of the public-houses, and under the influence of the publican. Finally

The Sp

Thursday. The Busice of London made, as might be expected, a rational and moderate speech in presenting a petition from some Sena-tors of Cambridge in reference to throwing open the Universities. The bishop epigrammatically said that the petition was not numerously signed, because the prayer did not accord with popular excitement on

either side.

It is pleasant to turn from coarse politics to fine China. A singular discovery has been made at Bow. Evidence has been detected as to the manufacture there of English porcelain, and moulds have been found whence china now at South Kensington is stated to have been made. The Practical Geologists of Jermyn Street are charged with the matter, and report that MESSIRS. BELL & BLACK, on whose property the discovery has been made, evince liberal willingness to make further research in the interests of English art. If any goose questions the ability of our departed potters, we shall henceforth be able to say Bow to the goose.

Bow to the goose.

LORD MAYO introduced the Irish Reform Bill. This is the Tory Radical Reform for Ireland:

 No alteration in the county franchise.
 Borough franchise reduced from £8 to £4—adding about 9,000 to 30,000.

Same lodger franchise as in England. 4. The boroughs of Downpatrick, Dungannon, Bandon, Kinsale, and Cashel to be diafranchised, and the seats to be given to the counties, and Portarlington to give up its seat to Dublin.

No Member spoke up against disfranchisement except Mr. O'Briene, Member for Cashel, who protested, remarking that his borough was larger than many English borough which retained their men, and moreover was a classic borough, for it was the first place that had returned Sin Robbert Press. But the Duke first eat for Trim, and where is Trim

ME. GLADSTONE said that there were good principles in the Bill, but it did not go far enough with Extension.

Friday. A Railway Bill was explained by the Duke of Richmond. One of its features is compulsory—there is to be communication between passengers and guard. But it appears by figures that a railway carriage is the safest place in the whole world.

Mr. Gladstone gave Notice that on the following Monday he would present the terms of a Resolution on the Irish Church. He hoped the Government would help him to a night; if not, he should do his heat to take one. Mr. Bright made an opportunity, in the course of the evening, of complimenting Mr. Disparity on certain postal improvements, and of hoping that if he remained in office long enough, he would effect some more. Possibly the Parking thought he had enough to do in looking after his own post.

A Word to Domestics.—A good servant should always be ready to "answer" the bell or the door, but never a master or mistress.



SENSATION NOVELS.

Mary. "PLEASE, SIR, I'VE BEEN LOOKING EVERYWHERE FOR THE THIRD VOLUME OF THAT BOOK YOU WAS READING."

Lodger, "OH, I TOOK IT BACK TO THE LIBRARY THIS MORNING, I-Mary. "OH! THEN WILL YOU TELL ME, SIR, IF AS HOW THE 'MARKIS' FOUND OUT AS SHE'D PISONED 'ER TWO FUST 'USBANDS?!"

A FRENCH MORALITY!

A FRENCH MORALITY!

If anybody but Mr. Punch had said what he is going to say, anybody would not be believed. But from information which Mr. Punch has received through his own eyes and ears, he is able to make this startling assertion. There is now in performance at a London theatre a play taken from the French, in which there is ardent love, very stirring interest, and a sensation effect, and yet not only is there no offence, or suggested offence against morality, but the whole purpose of the play is to exhibit high principle, severely tried, but triumphant. We keep on reading and re-reading the above lines, they seem so absurd, but we are not writing in our aleep—Mr. Punch saw the play with his own fine eyes. Go and see the wonder for yourselves; the piece is called a Hero of Romance, and is performed at the Haymarket. Mr. Sothern has the principal part, plays it with great finish, and executes a leap in the dark from which Lord Derry would recoil; and Miss Robertson, the heroine, is a great deal more than charming. Mr. Compton has walked out of his line into another which he makes his own most artistically, and the Manager, who has nothing to do, manages, with the aid of an amazing get-up, to seem everybody. Two of the scenes are admirable paintings and building up. The play is very attractive, but the Miracle of Morals is what specially wins for it Mr. Punch's applauding smile. Is Gaul among the prophets?

Question for Railway Contractors.

MUCH interesting information has been elicited from SIR MORTON PETO before the Court of Bankruptcy in evidence touching the financial management of the London, Chatham, and Dover Railway. In connection with that subject, there is a question which does not appear to have been put to the honourable baronet. Does the firm of Peto & Co. include among its partners any such gentlemen as Bardolph, Gadehill, Pistol, and Nym?

THE UNITED SERVICE. - Solemnisation of Matrimony.

DAME PARTINGTON AND HER MOP.

(An Oxford University Prize Poem, respectfully dedicated to the signers of a certain Address to a certain Archbishop.)

DAME PARTINGTON stood on the shore, As stern as old woman could be: And her wonderful mop she bore, With which to sweep back the sea.

Before her crept up the tide, Behind her arose the towers That rise in stately pride Round Isis's mystic bowers:

To mask each yawning gap,
Where the rampart is crumbling down;
On her head was a trencher cap, On her back was a Master's gown.

Proudly that gown she wore,
As one of her worth aware;
And her mop-handle bore
"Tests" carved in letters fair.

Now and anon she backed,
"High and dry," from reach of the brine,
To save her reticule, packed
With Articles Thirty-and-Nine,

In the which, as her ballast and stay,
And sheet-anchor she seemed to confide, As in forcible-feeble way She apostrophised the tide:

"If it's coming—let it come, DAME PARTINGTON is here! Wild waves might frighten some : DAME PARTINGTON knows no fear !

"These waves may rise and roar, And with weaker bars make free; But e'er they flood this shore, They 've to deal with my mop and me!

"Through sand the brine might sop, But 'tis rock on which I stand : What I hold !ooks like a mop, But it is a magic wand.

"Though Ocean come up like 'the bore,' " It comes but to lick my feet-The swifter its rise, the more Precipitate its retreat

" I trust to the Articles here, This impious sea to stop;
I trust to the walls in my rear,—
But most I trust to my mop.

" And if the friends I serve, From the raging and roaring deep, Their walls wish to preserve, They'll see that this mop I keep!

"For save this mop is nought That trusted to can be, "Gainst the wild wave of Free Thought, And Inquiry's rising sea.

"DAME PARTINGTON is here At her post to resist the main; And if saucy waves come near, To sweep 'em back again!

" But rob me of my mop, And gone is my magic power; My Articles I drop For the wild waves to devour.

" My rock is turned to sand ; My towers and walls decay:
Free Thought is Lord of the land,
And sweeps Altar and Throne away!

" If your loaves and fishes you'd save, And crozier and mitre a-top, Sole barrier against the wave, Uphold Dame Partington's mop!"

* he phenomenal tide-wave of the Severn.

to



APPEARANCES.

Plushington, "I say, Stodge, Singular thing—Your Landlady addressed me "My Lord" when I asked if you were within !"

Artist. "Not at all, My DEAR FELLOW. It's YOUR HAT AND PERSONAL APPEARANCE! IF YOU DON'T MIND, WE'LL ENCOURAGE THE IDEA.

GIVE HER CONFIDENCE IN ME, AND— EH?" [Plushington will be IT WILL [Plushington will be delighted.

MOST EXTRAORDINARY CONDUCT OF A BISHOP.

THE following statement appears in a newspaper paragraph uncommonly well headed. Note, that the St. Barnabus Church to which it refers is that of Heaton, near Bradford, Yorkshire, not in Pimlico:—

"On a recent Sunday morning an elderly gentleman, who had been noticed as a stranger in the congregation, walked into the parsonage of St. Barnabas at the close of the service, and introduced himself to Ms. Mirrow as Ds. Barnab, Blahop of Durham. He told the young clergyman that he had previously beard of his ability and worth, and had the pleasure of offering him the living of Bishop's Auckland (the parish in which the opiscopal palace is situate), and which had become vacant by the appointment of the Rev. G. H. WILLINGON to the incumbency of St. Peter's Church, Westminster. Ms. Mirrox, full of surprise and thankfulness, accepted the living, which is worth between £700 and £800 a-year, and will forthwith enter upon its duties."

The heading prefixed to this narrative is "REMARKABLE CASE OF CHURCH PREFERMENT." Capital! A good living given by a bishop, unsolicited, to a clergyman who is no relation to him, on the pure ground of personal fitness for its duties, constitutes, indeed, a case of Church Preferment which cannot but be considered very remarkable.

Crack Shots in Concert.

On Saturday the 7th of March, tame pigeon shooting commenced. The members of the Gun Club assembled numerously in their enclosed ground, Shepherd's Bush, to partake of that truly sportsman-like recreation. Should those gentlemen, during the season, continue to meet on Saturdays for the purpose of popping at pigeons, they will give us reason to consider whether their réunions might not with propriety be called the "Saturday Pops."

THE VOLUNTARY SYSTEM .- On the Organ.

SONG FOR THE SELECT COMMITTEE.

(On the Sunday Liquor Bill.)

SAYS a drunken artisan,

"Make me sober if you can,
Shut the public-houses up on blessed Sunday;
I shall just lay in a store
Of strong drink the night before, And shall booze besides on Saturday and Monday.

"Beer would spoil, get flat and stale. Go without my Sunday's ale If I must, by Sabbatarian regulation; Gin, you beggars, to be sure, Overnight I shall procure, And that won't produce the less intoxication.

"'Twill be but such moral coves,
As resorts to fields and groves,
When the Sunday gives 'em time for an excursion.
That your Sabbatarian laws,
Will to want refreshment cause— But you won't make me abstemious by coercion.

"Public-houses if you close, You'll shut Clubs up, I suppose; Put the Swells upon a level with the Masses. If you don't, just you look out—
I say mind what you're about—
You had better not insult the working classes."

AN ADMIRABLE PRECEDENT.

SAYS the Inverness Courier :-

"Last week Mr. Gorrig, editor of the Orkney Herald, was publicly presented with £100, subscribed by gentlemen connected with Orkney, including the Earl of Zerland, Mr. Dudday, Mr., Mrs. Lairs, M.P., and many others, in appreciation of his editorial talents and usefulness."

We congratulate Mr. Gorrie, who instructs, if we recollect aright, about 67 islands—some called "Homes," because there are no homes on them—and we are much pleased with the conduct of Grand Master Zetland, and the other contributors. We should be happy to see the Orkney example followed; and a tribute of the same kind to Mr. Punch would be a delicate attention from gentlemen connected with the adjacent isle called Great Revisain

WELL! WHY NOT?

Bradford Barracks, Yorkshire, March 18, 1868.

DEAR SIR, I SEND you rather an amusing incident which occurred near here the other day, and which you may think good enough to insert in your paper :-

Scene-Interior of Fashionable Hairdresser's Shop. HAIRDRESSER about to Brush SWELL'S Hair by Machinery.

Swell (perceiving for the first time the Screen attached to brush, nervously asks). What is that thing on there for?

Hairdresser. To keep the little airs from blowing hinto the face, Sir. Swell (thinks it a capital invention, but finds after a little that the hairs are worse than ever, and exclaims), Confound your screen, the hairs are all coming into my eyes.

Hairdresser (bowing with great politeness). But not into mine, Sir. [SWELL collapses.

Yours, &c., Bosh.

Generosity to Ireland.

JUSTICE to Ireland, Britons true, You'll grant, and trust its healing action. Giving her only what's her due, D'ye think to give her satisfaction?

WAITING FOR REPORTS.

MOST Governments have had sins of omission to answer for, in their behaviour to Ireland, but the present Administration will also have laid to its charge sins of Commission.

AWKWARD REMINDERS.

(A Chapter from a New Political Romance.)

"I have been reminded in the course of this debate of expressions which I used five-and-twenty years ago. I could remind other goutlemen of the expressions they used on the same subject five-and-twenty years ago; but I do not much care for that sort of thing."

"Nor care for that sort of thing?" said Mr. Punch, laying down the Times, and turning to a volume which lay on his writing table. It was a punchy small 8vo, with two labels, the upper one inscribed "D'Iaraeli's Novels and Tales," the lower bearing the names of "Coningsby" and "Henrietta Temple."

Mr. Punch had only lately bought the volume, but he remembered to have read one of the stories in it when Coningsby first made a sensation. A quarter of a century had elapsed since then, and the dashing political novelist had transferred his powers of ingenious construction, fluent utterance, and daring invention, from the library table to the Treasury Bench of the House of Commons, where he now sat in the proud position of Prime Minister.

the proud position of Prime Minister.

"Not care to be reminded of the expressions he used five-and-twenty years ago," repeated Mr. Punch, slowly turning over his Coningsby "I don't wonder at it. It can hardly be pleasant, with the history of 1866 and 1867 fresh in men's minds, to be reminded how, in 1844, Young BENJAMIN DISRABLI wrote:

I coung Benjamin Disraell wrote:

"I The principle of the orelaxive constitution of England having been consessed by the Acts of 1837-8-2," and Counsons," a party has arisen in the state who demand that the principle of political liberalism shall consequently be carried to its extent; which it appears to them is impossible without getting rid of the fragments of the old constitution that remain. This is the destructive party; a party well distinct and intelligible principles. They set a specife far the evils of our social system in the ceneral suffrage of the population.

"I They are resisted by another party, who having given up exclusion, newld only embrace as much liberalism as is necessary for the moment; who, without any embarreasing promulgation of principles, wish to keep things at they find them as long as they can; but as a party must have the sublance of principles, they lack the names of the things that they have destroyed. Thus they are devoted to the proregatives of the Crown, although in truth the Crown has been stripped of every one of its proregative; they affect a great veneration for the constitution in Church and State, though every one known that the constitution in Church and State, though every one known that the constitution in Church and State, though every one known that the constitution in Church and State, though every one known that the constitution in Church and State, though every one known that the constitution in Church and State, though every one known that the constitution in Church and State, though every one known that the constitution is chartered as a court of review of the legislation of the House of Commons. Whenever public opinion, which this party never attempts to form, to educate, or to lead, falls into some violent perplexity, passion, or caprice, this party gette without a struggle to the impulse, and, when the storm has past, altempts to obstruct and obvicts the logical and, ultimately, the inestable results of the very measures they have themselves originated, or

they have themselve originated, or to which they have consended. This is the Conservative purity.

"I care not whether men are called Whigs or Fories, Radicals or Chartists, or by what nickname a bustling and thoughtless race may designate themselves; but these two divisions comprehend at present the Ragish nation.

"With regard to the first school. I for one have no faith in the remedial qualities of a sovernment carried on by a neglected democracy, who, for three conturies, have received no education. What prospect does it offer us of those high principles of conduct with which we have fed our imaginations and strengthened our will? I perceive none of the elements of government that should secure the happiness of a people and the greatness of a realm.

"Hut in my opinion, if Democracy be combated only by Conservatism, Democracy must triumph, and at no distant date. This then, is our position. The man who enters public life at this epoch has to choose between Political Intellity and a Destructive Greek."

"This, then," said MILLBANK, "Is the dilemma to which we are brought by nearly two conturies of Parliamentary Monaroby and Parliamentary Church?"

"This true," said Conkrosey. "We cannot conceal it from curselves, that the first has made Government detested, and the second Religion disbelleved."

The italics are meant to indicate, what it would be hopeless to attempt in description, the effect which Mr. Proceed gave to these words as he read them. Let the reader imagine all that is most cutting in sarcasm, pointed in invective, and seathing in contempt, conveyed by the inflections of the most wonderful of human organs—an organ ranging from the deepest bass of virtuous indignation to the highest faisatto of acreaming fun—and he will have some faint conception of the force given to these passages by Mr. Prock's reading.

England listened; and, as the voice of the admirable reader paused on the concluding sentence, burst into a guffaw that rang from John o'Groat's to the Land's End, from St. David's Head to Orfordness.

As the laughter died away, Mr. Punch's flexible voice was heard again,—"Is it indeed the truth that a Parliamentary Monarchy has made Parliament detested, and a Parliamentary Church has made religion disbelieved? Is it not rather clever Humbug and unprincipled

mane rariament detested, and a rariamentary Church has made religion disbelieved? Is it not rather clever Humbug and unprincipled ambition availing themselves of the emergencies of party, and the privileges of a Church, that have worked this feat?

"Voyons, HERR SPRUCH-SPRECHER." So saying, be turned from his Coningely to his Times, and read, with the same malicious but masterly emphasis, this extract from Mr. DISRABLY'S latest Defence of

Establishments:

"If you admit that it is wise to connect the principle of religion with government, the mind is naturally brought to endowment. It is the practical mode of carrying the system into operation. It gives a corporate character to the religious

" See Mr. DISRAELI'S Speech of Monday, March 16.

principles which influence men. 'A Church—an ecclesiastical endowment—a Church, whatever its character—for when I use the word 'Church' I speak not only of the Church of this country, or even of the Roman Catholic Church, but of any body of religious men who have an organization—such a Church stactics faith. It is a bulwark alike against incredulity and fanaticism, and I do not myself practically see how such a state of things can be carried on unless you adopt the principle of endowments. I should say this particularly with asgard to this country, because the spirit of our legislation of late years has extended into so many subjects—into education, charity, the reform of criminals, and other matters—which it is uterly impossible to carry into effect unless the State has at its command the active and dignified co-operation of a body of men like the clargy, set apart for such noble and spiritual purposes."

Again the guffaw arose, more irrepressible than before. Punch waved his boffon, and all was silence. "You have heard the Strophe," he said; "now for the Antistrophe," And he read from Co-

"The only consequence of the present union of Church and State are, that, on the side of the State there is perpectual interference in scalarisation government, and on the side of the Church a adultous avoidance of all these principles on which alone Church government can be astablished, and by the followes of which alone can the Church of England again become universal."

"There is, I think, a rising fessible in the community, that parliamentary intercourse in masters scalesiastical has not tended either to the spiritual or the material alevation of the foundation orders. Divorce the Church from the State, and the spiritual power that sixugeled against the brute force of the dark ages, against tyrannical monarchs sed bestatous barons, will struggle again in opposition to influences of a different force, but of a similar tendency; squally safarb, equally insensible, equally barbarising."

By this time the feeling of outraged propriety had overborne the aemae of the ludierous, and there was no laughter from listening England.

"What! all amort?" said Mr. Punch. "Be not alarmed. That was the cockerel's note of twenty-five years since. It is not thus he crows now,—now that he uplifts his cock-a-doodle-doo from the steeple, —where he fulfils the appropriate function of weather-cock." And, turning once more to the Times, he read:—

"I am in favour of occlesiastical endowments; I believe they have contributed greatly to the welfare of this country. I believe they are one of the greatest accuration for civilization, and I believe that they are beloved on the whole by the population of both siands."

"Utrum horum mavis, accipe," anid Mr. Punch, turning with light laugh, and over-ready Latin, to Mother Reclesis, in the venerable person of the Archathor or Carrenvar, "Berjamin is, indeed, the Angel of the Church, the 'Angelical Doctor' of these Evil Days; but tell me, Mother, for it is thine to split straws, and take distinctions between natural and non-natural senses, which reading of the oracle are we to be guided by? "

THE EASIEST OF WAYS AND MEANS.

LAY the lash of taxation on where you will its incidence is unpleasant. But different quarters are comparatively more or less sensitive; let the scourge cut into the less. There is one that should be so callous as to be incapable of suffering from any fiscal infliction, if truth inspired the proverb according to which "pride feels no pain." Now, therefore, Benjahus, read, and perpend the subjoined statement, which concerns the work of your situation :-

"Armorial Bearings.—The number of persons using armorial bearings is constantly increasing. In the financial year 1855-56 the tax produced in Great Britain only £53,769; in the year 1855-56 the tax deficient and the first of t

Of course proverbs must be taken with large grains of salt. The pride that cherishes the "boast of heraldry" is probably not so entirely devoid of tenderness in the pocket that it would be altogether senseless of any expense it may be required to sustain; but it can stand a good deal. You see that it does, in paying the present tax on Armorial Bearings, which it pays willingly. Would it not, perhaps, Armorial Bearings, which it pays willingly. Would it not, perhaps, stand a great deal more? Very likely; and then the question is, how high you would be able to screw that impost up without making people disuse the things that render them liable to it—as one would say if talking of matters concerning parties whom one could presume to call Garter, Clarencieux, Norroy, & Co.,—without checking consumption

However, there is an opposite plan, which might perhaps be successfully adopted, for raising the national wind by the scutcheon-tax. Everybody in these days can practically have a coat-of-arms if he will pay for it. Suppose the tax were considerably reduced. Might not the consequence prove to be a very large increase in the number of its payers? Is there not reason to expect that if you allowed the Public a reduction, they would more than make up for it by taking a meantify. quantity?

At any rate the tax on Armorial Bearings, as a source of revenue, has this immense merit that it is optional; and what can be fairer than that they who choose to bear arms should, at least rather than the single class of Income-Tax payers, pay, for our battles?

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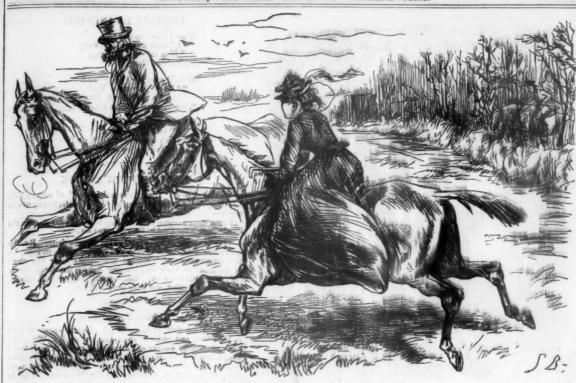
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PUTTING IT MILDLY.

Miss Scramble (who has followed Major Crasher over big fence). "I SAY, JUST TELL ME, HAVE I HURT MY HAT?" Major Crasher. "Well, IT IS A LITTLE OUT OF SHAPE, PERHAPS!"

THE FIGHTING-COCKS.

HIGH WYCOMBE'S roaring Radical, Conservatiam's glory:
South Lancashire's keen Liberal,
Old Oxford's model Tory!

Each on his foe's old dunghill perched, Point spur, and ruffle feather, Cocks! Cock of the walk if one must be, Both of you are its weather-cocks.

If virtue were consistency,
What casuist shall settle,
Of these two doughty champions
Which is "pot" and which "kettle"?

And yet there is one difference, At least, between your cases: It is that Dizzy has changed masks, While GLADSTONE has changed faces.

CHEESEPARING OFF ON THE ARMY ESTIMATES.

Alderman Lusz, Member for Finsbury, and Alderman Candlish, Member for Sunderland, can hardly know how wretchedly dull is the fife of a poor officer of the British Army in a garrison town, otherwise they would never have objected in Committee of Supply on the Army Estimates to a vote of £3000 for officers' Billiard Tables. One would think that Finsbury and Sunderland must be both of them very illiberal constituencies to be represented by Mrs. Lusz and Mrs. Candlish. How could Lusz, an Alderman of the great Corporation of London, have been capable of such small economy? It is not so much to be wondered at in Candlish, who must be connected with the Savealls.

STYLE OF ITALIAN OPERA SUITABLE FOR RAILWAY COMPANIES. -The Opera Buffer.

AN EMPIRE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THE French empire will, financially, be soon in a nice fix, according to the balance-sheet which M. HORN has issued. Assuredly this Horn makes rather doleful music. Here, by way of a finale, is a sadly mournful strain :-

"The financial credit of France and her political credit are fallen lower than before 1852, and her internal condition is characterised by general embarrassment, which is turning to misery. . To continue as we are is impossible, and there remains for France no choice between reform and bankruptcy."

Reform and bankruptcy! Scylla and Charybdis! Look either way he will, the EMPERGE can hardly find much pleasure in the prospect. What a tempest would arise from the stormy Marenal Niel, i reform should take the shape of a reduction of the army! How would M. Hausmann rave at a Reform Bill which should clap a ston upon his organ of destructiveness, and theck him in the costly work of pulling down half Paris! How would the lovely Empress pout at a proposal to reduce her yearly pin-money, and to put her on a limited allowance of new bonnets! Yet, on the other hand, the EMPERGE would hardly like to figure in the Court of Bankruptcy. With all his strong ambition to be likened to his Uncle, he would scarcely wish to be discovered out at Elba. (Oh!) Will he then do penance in his balance-sheet, we wonder, and turn over a new leaf in the Imperial account-book? If he listened to the voice of wisdom, this would be his course: and if he would gain the good opinion of the world, his first act of reform should be to lessen his large army. Let him follow in the footsteps of his friend, Mr. Bull, and the course which he pursues will cease to be the road to ruin. M. Horn shows him at present on the horns of a dilemmia, embarrassed by the choice between reform and bankruptcy.

Correspondence.

THE Military Authorities have stopped all "drumming out of the Army." "What," asks NOODEL of us, "have the Horse-Guards to do with any drumming out of the Army, while to my own knowledge as a constant admirer of military bands, they still allow drumming is the Army. Are we under martial law?"



THE CHARITY SERMON.

Pet. "MA, LET ME HAVE SIXPENCE, TO PUT IN THE POOL!!"

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS!

WHO killed the Cat? "I," said ARTHUR OTWAY,
"If in rather a hot way,
I killed the Cat!"!

Who'll weep o'er his grave?
"I," said Russell, V.-C.,
(And Knox, North, Dunn with me)
"We'll weep o'er his grave!"

Who'll ring a joy-bell?
"I." said JOHN BULL,
"With a good heart I'll pull, And I'll ring a joy-bell!"

PRESTIGE WITH A HOOK.

M. HORN, in his "sweet remembrancer" of a pamphlet, Le Bilan de l'Empire, addressing his fellow freemen, neatly

"Debt alone sustains us, very nearly in the same manner as the hanging man is sustained by the cord round his neck."

Very nearly. This qualification is exquisite. By the enormous debt which France has been made to incur by the maintenance of "bloated armaments" for the glory of dictating to Italy, and keeping Europe in alarm, she is not yet quite hung up. But, adroitly suggests M. Honn, if she doesn't mind, she very soon will be.

A Fair Complaint.

SIR,—How dull Parliament is! I shall cease to take in the Times and other newspapers unless Mr. WHALLEY does something worthy of his name. I really haven't had a single laugh out of him this Session. If Mr. Low Comedian in any other theatre was so utterly unworthy of his posi-tion, he'd soon be dismissed by the Manager. Why do not his Peterborough employers stir him up?

Yours,

Lounge Club.

ANTONY LOLLOP.

THE APPROPRIATION CLAWS .- A Pickpocket's Fingers.

IDEAS ON ADVERTISING.

(BY A WONDERING MIND.)

I WONDER what would be the effect on the circulation of that part of the Press which addresses itself to the educated Public, if it took to putting up, and posting about, such advertisements as these:—

READ THE TIMES. (Threepence.) Leading Journal. SATURDAY REVIEW. (Sixpence.) Superior Class Censor.

PALL MALL. (Twopence.) A. 1. Evening Paper.

PUNCH! (Threepence. Fourpence, Stamped.) The Most Amusing Publication in the World.

I wonder whether any increase of readers which advertisements of that sort might procure a respectable paper would consist of instructed

and thinking persons, or of other people.

I wonder if a Bishop will not tell me by-and-by that he has received a circular like this :-

MESSES. SPELTER & Co., Ecclesiastical Decorators, Plumbers and Glaziers, respectfully beg to invite the attention of the CLERGY to their Superior Stained Church Windows, which they are prepared to supply Gratis. Arrangements have been made by Massas. S. & Co. with numerous Patentees, Manufacturers, and Mercantile Firms and Parties in Extensive Business, to execute Designs in Coloured Glass for their respective Advertisements, as of Bedding, Soap, Upholstery, Linendrapery, Cocoa, and Cod Liver Oil, &c. Massas. S. & Co. propose to subordinate these ornamental devices to a higher purpose than that of secular profit, by rendering them available for the community of these secular profit. position of those

Storied windows richly dight Casting a dim religious light

and designed to illustrate the life and works of an eminent Engineer. Reverend gentlemen are particularly requested to consider the advantage they would find in substituting the reliable blazonry of commerce relative to GENUINE ARTICLES, TRUE CONVENIENCES and COMPORTS, and REAL LUXURIES, executed with scrupulous regard to positive fact, for grotesque and inartistic illustrations of the superstitions legends of the Middle Ages. Messas. Spelter & Co. trust that by the acceptance of their proposal to furnish sacred edifices with Pictorial Advertising Church Windows, they will be enabled to experience the gratification of combining Utility, Ornament, Sound Doctrine and Devotion, with Economy.

I wonder, indeed, but I shall not wonder, if I shall soon see churches whose windows are actually glazed with advertisements in glowing colours. That is what British taste appears to be on its way to when we behold illuminated posters lining all the approaches to a place for the performance of classical music; for instance, the Monday Popular Concert Room at St. James's Hall.

Fly not Yet.

At a meeting of the Aëronautical Society, it has been announced that a Member, named Spencer, has flown; and that as soon as he shall have perfected his wings, will fly the length of the Crystal Palace, where, we suggest to our friend Ms. Grove, the flutterer had better be engaged. This is the first flying Spencer we have heard of since Mawworm's.

> DEFINITION. (BY A QUAKER.) Full Dress, an empty ceremony.

Answers to Correspondents.

Historical.-Yes, he was called OCTAVIUS CASAR, from having only of which a fair pattern is exhibited at Westminster Abbey in a memorial window, representing the progress of the construction of a Railway, Convivial Hospital."

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER IX.

A BIRD IN THE HAND.

WHEN GRACE awoke on the fourth morning she was surprised to find NUTT already up, and apparently engaged in placing lumps of sugar about the roof. In his hand he held a small cruet. To her inquiries, he merely said, "Wait, and you will see."

She waited for an hour, and NUTT hearing a slight scream, rushed

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to her.
"Oh!" she said, "I am very foolish, I know, but an enormous creature flapped up against the side, and took away some of the sugar. There—look—there he is in the water."

NUTT watched the living thing narrowly, and then replied, "I thought as much. That is the Pangofflin, or Mew-pig. It is only seen in the summer in this southern climate, and then but for a month. It is a great delicacy, and is almost if not entirely unknown in England,

and the more northern countries. It shows us, moreover, our exact situation. We are," he added, looking cautiously round, "Longitude sixty seven by two and a half, latitude twenty-eight; by ninety, and therefore we cannot be very far distant from the small cluster of islands known as the Parsongkor Daycoovert group. The cruet which I now hold in my hand contains common table salt. It is an excellent substitute for fire-arms.

GRACE was somewhat surprised at this, but urged him to continue

his interesting conversation.

The poor Boomerang's eyes glistened at the implied compliment. Mastering his emotion with a cotton pocket handkerchief, he proceeded :-

"The sugar which you see I have placed about the roof will serve as a safe bait for the Pangofflins, who will alight and attempt to carry a piece away. That one just now succeeded only on account of your

screaming."
"I will be more careful in future," said Gracs.
"When a larger one than usual has perched, I shall take the cruet, and extracting a dainty pinch of the saline condiment between my finger and thumb, I shall sprinkle it upon his tail. This operation



has a mesmeric effect, the bird staggers, and after a few feeble endea-vours to regain his liberty, he falls and dies."
"You speak," exclaimed Grace, in wondering admiration—" you speak, like a book." He was about to say something when,
"There," she exclaimed, suddenly,

LOOK!

CHAPTER X.

EDUCATING A PARTY.

NUTT stepped forward, quietly, and in a second more had captured a fine plump Pangofflin, which had perched itself near a lump of sugar.

"You must pluck him," said NUTT, laughingly to GRACE.
The Lieutenant looked up for one momeat.
"You must examine him first, and pluck him afterwards," said the old man.
"He is thinking of his first army examination," whispered GRACE.
"Poor Uncle! The events of the last few days have completely shattered him."

LIEUTENANT MARCHMONT was evidently not long for this world.

"The Pangofflin, you will observe, Miss Marchmont," said Nutt,
"is something between a pig and a treut, and while it has all the
exquisite fat of the turtle, possesses none of the coarseness generally
inseparable from the flesh of a dirty feeder."

GRACE blushed.

"The tea-pot will serve us for a stew-pan, and while he is being cooked distill the liquor through the spout into a tea-cup, which you will find will furnish your uncle with a nutritious soup.

"Lat the stawd of Pangoffin stand for an hour, they divide it into air. Let the stewed Pangofflin stand for an hour, then divide it into six

equal parts. That will be one for each of us, and three over," said GRACE, who was already beginning to show an aptitude for abstruse calculation.
"True," replied NUTH. "One of the other three parts we will use

for a different but not less useful purpose.

A groan from the sofa interrupted their conversation at this point. It was the Lieutenant.

"He cannot last out two days," observed Nurr, after feeling his pulse and looking at his tongue, "However, I will prescribe for him." So saying, he took one of the chairs, and turning it upside down, commenced unsorewing the little brass wheel on one of the legs.

This wheel he then rubbed gently with his pocket handkerchief,

upon which it left a slightly greasy smear.

"I thought so!" he exclaimed, triumphantly, "let us never despair. Your uncle, unknown to us, has taken the sugar at which the first Pangoffin had a peck, and, as might have been expected, it has not agreed with him. Now for my remedy: each of these little brass

wheels contains a certain amount of oil, which from time to time has been rubbed into them, in order to render their transit across the carpet easy; this oil can be extracted, and being placed in a cup, will make excellent medicine for the Lieutenant. In the absence of a chemist's ahop, these little wheel-castors, I think they are termed—will give us the nearest approach, we can obtain to Caston Oil.

The Lieutenant groaned.
"Quick! quick!" exclaimed Grace, raising her Uncle up in her
ms, "or it may be too late."

CHAPTER XI.

WHICH WAY THE WIND BLOWS.

PIEL DORNTON walked towards the window.

"It is a risk," he repeated, and pressed the papers which he held in his two strong hands.

There are no witnesses; why not?" he said to himself. No WITNESSES!

"The child is out late," he said, frowning. "Mas. Drxon should be more careful. How does ahe know but that a high wind might—"

He paused. Should he never be free !

Should he never be free?

The southern breeze which had hitherto rocked the cradle forwards and backwards, was gradually dropping, and in its place was springing up a stronger and sharper blast which, driving down from the north often visits the Benician country, sometimes in its fury tearing up trees, rending rocks, and carrying away inen and animals for twenty miles with irresistible violence. This dreaded breeze is called the Asuwes. It was springing up now.

PUL DORWICK gently under the rope by which the cradle was supercised.

suspended.
The wind blew flerest.
Pull Dornton rang the bell. "Tell Mrs. Dixon I wish to see her."
With a heavy crash the cradle fell.

With a heavy crash the cradle fell.

In a minute the frantic mother was kneeling by the side of her infant.

"Who has done this?" she exclaimed.

PIEL DORNTON passed down the garden on his way from the house.

"My dear Mrs. Dixon," he said, in his softest tones; "you left your baby on the top of the tree." She paused and pressed her brow. He continued, quietly, "When the southern wind blows, the oradic is rocked, I know; but when that wind drops, and the Azuwos arises, the cradle, Mrs. Dixon, will fall, then down must inevitably come the cradle, he baby—"

"Aye, PIEL DORNTON," interrupted the woman, savagely, "AND ALL." She was kneeling on the grass, with her baby clasped in her arms, and both hands stretched high above her head towards the starry sky. PIEL DORNTON, he muttered, "You mean mischief."

But for the present, the WILL.

Turning the corner he entered the bank of Messes. Cherk, Diss, Count, & Co., the great Benicia Agents.

What was he doing there?

CHAPTER XIL

IN BANCO.

THE Clarks received him.
"We were just closing," said old grey-headed Mr. SHAGO, the Senior Cashier; "but pray walk in, Mr. DORNTON. What can we do not not sit?"

Senior Casher; for you, Sir ?"

"Cash this," replied PIEL DORNTON, presenting a cheque for two million six hundred and seventy-five thousand pounds.

"Will you have it now," inquired Mr. CHEKK, "or wait until it is

FIRE DORNTON preferred the former alternative. "I shall also require money for this," he added, presenting a formidable-looking

"The signature is a good one," said Mr. SNAGG, smiling, "I don't think there il be much difficulty about that. I will just make a memorandum of the transaction."

So saying the methodical old man drew out a neatly-bound ledger and made the following entry:—

" Paid to the Rev. PIBL DORNTON on account of LIEUTENANT CHARLES Augustus Linonard Marchmont's cheques to said account, and also on account of the aforesaid Chanks Augustus Linonard Marchmont's last will and testament, the sum of three million sterling, allowing the present price of Benician stock and discounting the same at 93?."

Here followed the date and the signatures for himself and the Partners.

And so Piel Dornron went back to his house the acknowledged
Hair of the late Charles Augustus Leonard Marchmont.

68* The Directors (to the Editor) express themselves much pleased with the first limit ration to the interesting novel, Chiking Rained. "They do not profess to know much of arwing, but isn't the house a little out of perspective? [Being bound by

the rules of the Novel Company to communicate with the Artist, and receive and publish both letter and reply, the Editor has great pleasure in announcing that he has received the following from the Artists. 28.1

"Dear Eddy.—I will not be interfered with: if I am to draw at all, it must be with a free pencil. I'm glad the Directors like the picture, but if I am to do everything in perspective, soly you must give me more space. Hang it, you give the Authors five times (I "or measured it) as much room as you do me. Why shouldn't one number be only a picture; extra work, of course, requiring an extra homy-raryum. I don't know if this is the word, but in English I mean 'pay.' Yours &c.,

From the Authors.—The majority of the Authors have decided that the representa-tion of the Buomerang is a mistake. A small minority (who disket with the Artist the night before—we've found that out) say it's excellent. Tou, as Editor, should tell the young gantleman that he sust keep to our plan, or you'll get somebody also.

Note in heats from the Artist.—"Either my representation of the Boomerang is one or not. If not, I won't do any more. Why should I go on drawing up to Authors' doleas? I can't sadraw the thing: I can withdraw though—and will. I them make their confounded Boomerang suit mine.—Yours, The Artist."

Note by the Editor.—The Boomerang turns out to be —— in disguise. I can't say more at present.

* * * Since writing the above the Editor is happy to inform the Directors that a compromise upon most equitable terms has been effected. The recent flustration will be taken to represent the disguise, from which in future plotures the Hoomerang will gradually energe. And the Editor does hope that the good feeling, forbearanes, and gentlemanly tone of all concerned will prevent any contrateness occurring just as the work is progressing so favourably.

From Directors to Editor.—Why don't you publish opinions of the Press ? Puff it Sir, puff it.

Bailer to the Directors.—The Press hasn't expressed any opinions. Don't tell me to puff it—you can puff it yourselves. I know my work.

The Editor begs to state he has received numerous offensive letters from the charcholders. It is not in accordance with the rules to publish them. Let all offensive communications be addressed in future to the Directors.

MORE FROM OUR ARTIST.

To the Editor of " Chikkin Hazard,"

The drawing sent herewith requires some little explanations.

This morning, at 10°30 a.m., I had prepared everything necessary for the illustration of Part IV., which Part I expected to receive in manuscript at 10°35, according to promise. My models (male, and female, including the individual whom I have engaged to sit for the Boomerang), ny Reader, who deciphers MSS, and selects the subject, my Instructor in Mavigation, my Tronical Ornithologist, and Entomologist, and the gentleman from Kew, who has kindly undertaken to coach me in the Benician Flora, were all waiting in my studio to help me in the execution of the required woodcut.

11 o'Clock struck; no MS, but a telegram from one of the gentlemen connected with the Letter-press'of Chikkin Hazard, and auggesting a subject! I went to work immediately with all my staff. At 11°35 (just as I had finished the illustration) another telegram from mother gentleman, which rendered a totally different composition indispensable.

I went to work once more. At 11'46' 12", another Telegram! and so on till 2 P.M.

on till 2 r.m.

I then made up my mind to choose my own subject; and that none should feel argrieved. I have ventured to select for illustration an incident, which may possibly not be described in the Letter-press, but which nevertheless sust force itself on the mind of the reflective reader; namely, Grace's toilet on the roof of the ark.

I have endeavoured to show how, through the discretion and ingenuity of the Boomerang, Grace is enabled to perform her ablutions, and put on her back hair as privately as if she were in the seclusion of her own Benician bower.

Trusting that the difficulties I had to labour under will prove a sufficient excuse for the liberty I have taken in thus acting on my own responsibility.

I remain, Sir, faithfully yours.

I remain, Sir, faithfully yours, GASTON DE MALALGEL.

Epitaph on a Barrack Cat.

(By COLONEL NORTH, M.P.

THIS Cat of nine tails, That set up nine wales. Though a cat of nine lives No longer survives, But lies here with North's wail For each separate tail !

An Apology.

FOUR new Pears were announced. Three of them might as well be Pears as anything else; but the fourth, Sir William Strains-Maxwell, is a scholar and an author. It is needless to say that the announcement was, in his case, a mistake. We apologise to the Pearmakers for having inadvertently suspected them of intending to include a celebrity in a batch of insignificancies. We ought to have known better.







BATTLE OF THE SPURS.



BYLLIE OL LHE SEABS.

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

HABET

1. That the Established Church of Ireland should cease to exist as an establishment, due regard being had to personal interests.
2. That it is expedient to prevent the creation of new interests.
3. That the Quiru be asked to hand over to Parliament her interest in the temporalities of the Irish sees and other dignifies.

in the temporalities of the Irish sees and other dignifies.

That is the triple cord with which Mr. Gladstone stood up, on Monday, March 23rd (dies notanda, colour chalk to your taste), and proposed to execute the Irish Church.

Mr. Disrable, counsel for the Irish Church, Religion generally, Faith, the Alfar and the Throne, and the Angels, procured stay of execution until the following Monday.

He next day wrote a letter to the Dartmouth Union (not the warkhouse of that delightful place, but a Society calling itself "National," of which Lord Dartmouth is Chairman), and said that "we had heard something lately of the crisis of Ireland. In his opinion

The Orisis of England is at hand!

"For the purpose is avowed, by a powerful party, of destroying that Sacred Union between Church and State which has hitherto been the chief means of our civilisation, and is the only security for our religious liberty."

liberty."

Ree these lines reach the eyes of the Universe, Mr. Punck will have remarked, in a mild and Shakspearian manner,

"Now they are clapper-clawing one another."

Of sourse this is the beginning of the fiercest and most important fray which it has been his duty to record, and he feels impressed accordingly. But it is somewhat inconvenient to be always in hysterics. Moreover, although his convictions upon the propriety and expediency of removing the Irish Church are graven with a pen of diamond upon a tablet of adamant—diamond cutting diamond—he begs leave to refer the pensive public to his Cartoon for what he will venture to call, in cookery-book language, "the Same Another Way." There will be plenty of seaquipedalianiam without his aid. Nevertheless, he knows how to do the hig bow-wow at the proper time.

In the Lords, the Chancellon explained his new Bankruptcy Bill. No person who reads Punck, and eats up to his teaching, can ever be in

No person who reads Punch, and acts up to his teaching, can ever be in pecuniary difficulties, but the heathen may be interested in knowing

pecu:

Imprisonment for debt is abolished.
But if, after judgment, Snip the tailor thinks you are bolting to
Boulogne, he may set Snap the bailiff on you, and bring you
before Snorum the judge, who may commit you in default of

Only in open County Court is a man to be committed, and by the judge, instead of the present system of locking up a working man because a scoundrel tally-man has duped the wife into taking credit for trash.

But the County Court may arrest a Quarter of a debtor's

But the County Court may arrest a Quarter of a debtor's earnings.
You may not make yourself a bankrupt, as now.
But you may, after twenty-one days after your advertisement that you can't pay anybody, no creditor interfering.
Scotch system of Trusts in Bankruptcy to be tried; that is, creditors choose any trustse they like to assist in the winding-up, and they may have inspectors over him.
No suspension of final discharge for more than three years.
After-acquired property to be available for creditors, after proper maintenance for family, and paying later debts.
County Courts to be the Bankruptcy Courts; but for London and twenty miles round, a Tribunal, which shall also have appellate jurisdiction over all bankruptcy.
The Law Lords discussed. Lord Westbury was strong for a big Chief Judge; Lord Cherthersond approved his auccessor's Bill; Lord Romilly advocated the cheap and simple way in which the estates of the dead are sorted in Chancery (clear your mind of cant; old Chancery jokes are gone by), and the Bill was read a Second Time.

"Time," says Shakarrans, " is a Bankerout, and owes more than he is worth," so we hasten on to remark that (after the awful Irish notice) Sir John Pakingrow moved the Army Estimates. He wants Fourteen Millions of money, 138,691 men, says that recruiting has greatly improved, (it will improve stall more, we hope, now that Mr. Orwar, whom we heartily congratulate, has carried his resolution against Flogging in the Army, and that the Enfields are nearly all converted into Sniders. We hope that the Militaire will repay to Swiders what does Tom Hood, the elder, mean by this:

"Burn the Breeks of meddling viens Chief Judge; Loan Christatyon approved his successor's Bill; Loan Roally advocated the cheap and simple way in which the estates of the dead are sorted in Chancery (clear your mind of cant; old Chancery (clear your mind the chancery (clear your mind the cant; old Chancery (clear your mind the chancery (clear your mind the cant; old Chancery (clear your mind the chancery (

Anna? Shall it know that a very fast songstress in Paris has made a sensation by singing "L'aims to militaire"?

Theoday. The Duke or Marksonough introduced the grand Government measure on Education. It has one very good feature, namely,

THERE IS TO BE A MINISTER OF EDUCATION

THERE IS TO BE A MINISTER OF EDUCATION.

The rest of the Bill is mild enough. There are to be grants for secular schools, but there is nothing compulsory about the measure. The Duke again administered his anodyne—we are not so far behind other nations. But, Duke, we are. You argue from sloppy and generalised statistics, against sound ones, and it is of no use prophesying smooth things to please the parsons. We ought to be ahead of all nations, instead of living in a fool's Paradise. However, the Minister is a gain, and once we get him, we'll work him.

The Commons discussed Licences to trade, and no doubt grievances are to be proved. But we can't relieve piece-meal. Mr. TLADSTOWN never loses a chance of letting the Publican know what the ex and future C. of X thinks of him. "Out of the seller of spirits, and out of what he sells," said Mr. Gladstown, "it is our accepted conviction that we ought to get as much as we can." Which words will bear fruit in their season. Fine spirits are not finely touched but to fine issues, and we know who will touch up fine spirits by the issue of licences with fines.

Mr. Gladstown's Bill for the Gentle Slaying of the Church Rate

MR. GLADATOMN'S Bill for the Gentle Slaying of the Church Rate came in for its last stage, and after a feeble attempt to get adjournment, numbers 131 to 38, the Bill was read a Third Time, and passed with cheering. It is to be hoped that the PREMIRE has signified to the Peers that the measure must be accepted, or the next will be worse. The child's rhyme indicates what the present Bill is, and what the future may be:—

"Here comes a Candle to light you to bed, And here comes a Chopper to chop off your head."

Wednesday. Perfectly dull, except that Mr. Breezond Hope brought in a Bill about Tancred's Charity. This Tancred is not the hero of Tasso, or of Mr. Dibrable, but was a pig-headed old York-ahireman of the last century, who left his property in what is called a charitable and Bounderby way. Without detailing the old donkey's caprices, except that two of them provided that deer should be kept up, and women excluded from his place, it may be mentioned that the Charity Commissioners propose to upset most of his nonsense; and that this Bill, which was to perpetuate some of it, was thrown out.

" Ed. oimà, grida, à qui TANCREDI neciso."

Thereday. On the motion of Earl Stanhorn, a Committee was appointed to inquire into the working of the Eccleaiastical Titles Act,—the Act (it may be necessary to inform the post sait) which was typified by Air. Prace's in the immortal Cartoon of Lord John Russell who wrote "No Popery" on Cardinal Wishnam's door, and then ran away. It was a Protest, however; and now Protest-ants can afford not only not to mind whether the Porn calls a clergyman Bishop of Holborn or Bishop of Hippopotamus, but to be glad that any effort is made in behalf of any respectable sect of Christian religionists.

A Vote for Volunteers, not nearly liberal enough, was taken, and there was a debate on the Bribery Bill, which went a little way. Then came the Mutiny Bill, and Mr. Darby Grifffirsh, bindering it, was told by Colonel Stuart Knox that he was talking nonzense, and on

came the Muliny Bill, and MR. DARBY GRIFFITHS, hindering it, was told by COLONEL STUART KNOX that he was talking nonsense, and on making a lumbering sort of remonstrance was ordered by the SPEAKER to confine himself to the (question. MR. OTWAY—we are happy to repeat it,—carried by 152 to 127—his motion against administering to soldiers the punishment which should be reserved for, and most lavishly bestowed upon ruffians who commit crimes with violence.

"Descend, ye Nine, descend and sing, Till soldiers' cheeks with triumph flush; Descend, ye Nine, descend and sting, Till ruffiams' hides shall render blush."

spur of fire is to head a rush upon the enemy. He moves an Amendment (which must be voted on first) to the effect that, "though Modification in the Temporalities may, after pending inquiry, be expedient, any proposition tending to Disestablishment ought to be left to a new Parliament." The manceuvre has brought down a storm of wrath, but if the affair of the Cocks is a battle for place, all is fair in war, and if an affair of principle, and the House is in earnest, Mr. DISEABLY might as well try, as DICKY SUETT said, to bolt a door with a boiled carrot.



CANINE.

Pet. "Ma, do Speak to George. He says I must be a Mongrel, 'Cause I haven't got a Black Roof to my Mouth!!!"

HOLIDAY WORK AT HULL.

THE numerous Sabbatarian readers of Punck will rejoice greatly in perusing the subjoined glad tidings:—

¹⁴ Fined for Selling Figh on a Sunday.—At the Rull Police Court, on Tuesday, a fish-hawker was summoned on the information of a police constable for having sold some plaice on a Sunday norning. The officer said he saw the defendant sell the fish on the east side of the Humber dock basin. Defendant admitted that he had sold sixpennyworth of plaice, but he was a poor man, and did not know that he had done any more wrong than a smack-owner who had said his \$10 worth of fish. Defendant was fined for any contribution.

A fine of five shillings may seem a slight punishment for the crime of selling fish on a Sunday. But perhaps the criminal convicted of that enormity at Hull could not pay. He said he was a poor man. Not paying his fine he would have been sent to prison. Very likely he was. Our Sabbatarian friends may cherish the thought that he had a week's low diet and hard labour in the House of Correction.

thought that he had a week's low diet and hard labour in the House of Correction.

It is satisfactory to see, as in this instance, Sabbatarianism vindicated pure and simple. When a tradesman is fined for keeping his shop open on a Sunday, it may be said that he is punished principally for an offence committed against other people, the assistants, or servants whom he deprives of their lawful rest. But the penalty imposed on a hawker for desecrating the Sabbath by labouring in his vocation, is punishment inflicted simply and solely for the offence against the Sabbatarian religion. The hawker is punished for nothing more than desecrating the Sabbath personally, by himself. This is religious liberty—the liberty to enforce religious observance.

WITHOUT AND WITHIN.—He grinds his organ in the street. I grind my teeth in the house.

AN OXFORD MISERERE.

"By the Statute passed in Congregation at Oxford on Saturday last, Undergraduates are allowed to reside in lodgings during the whole of their University course, without having their manse entered on the books of any College or Hall. A strong but ineffectual fight was made by the Conservative party in Congregation to throw out the statute, or hamper it with restrictive conditions. It remains to be seen whether they will be more successful, by aid of the non-residents, in Convocation."—Oxford Intelligence, March 26.

Upon us is come the abomination— Anathema sit—of desolation! Here's treason triumphant in Congregation, And small hope left e'en in Convocation— Miserere!

Here's JOHN DUKE COLERIDGE, that pestilent prater—Sapping and mining—a turn-coat traitor!—To let loose in a rush on his Alma Mater
The lava-flood from Dissent's foul crater—
Miserere!

While Truth's well-water—that aque fortis— Applied as a solvent in Church and Court is! Till sound old Faith rare as sound old Port is, And our Articles are in article mortis. Miscret!

With Contist oxides Church-fetters are crusted, And REMAN rots what MANSELL had rusted: While GLADSTONE, the bulwark that once we trusted, Has "caved in" a-top, and at bottom, "busted," Miserere!

Gone the test of the faith—our Thirty-nine Articles!

Ecclesic corpus a chaos of particles!

While the matricide's crime a godless bar tickles,
Which GOLERIGE's poisons calls wholesome "catharticals"—

Miserere!

Gone the test of the purse—our College system.

Poor scholars brought back—as if Oxford had missed 'em!

And Church-Militant told to her service to twist 'em,

While she 's robbed of the shillings with which to enlist

'em!

Miserere!

Gone the test of manners—the hob-and-nob-ery Of tufts and tutors, which sinners call snobbery; Each common-room a scene of bobbery!— And Dissenter's schism-shop, or "corroborie," *

As if, with Church feuds (primæval and medi)
Our Congreves and Coningtons hot and heady,
Our Rapers rash, and Jowetts unsteady,
We hadn't schisms enough already!

When the Universities are turned "National,"
That is Latitudinarian and Rational—
With a Broad Church by its new lights to fashion all,
And a STANLEY and MAURICE to play the—dash and all—

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⁶ See, for a description of this dance of naked savages painted black and white, (what a type of Oxford under the new regime!) the Journals of the Australian progress of his Royal Highness the Duke

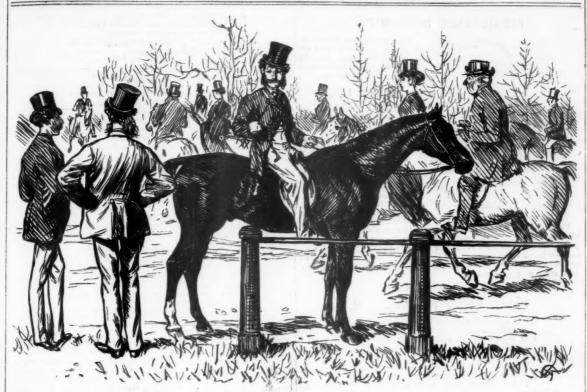
STARTLING DISCLOSURES.

"FLORENCE and her Memories." (Such is the attractive title of a lecture announced for delivery at Exeter Hall. Several questions suggested themselves on reading the placard. What Florence? Whose Florence? Why FLORENCE, rather than MARIAN, or EMILY, or AUGUSTA? What is the nature of her "Memories?" Engagements? Conquests? Triumphs? Parties? Rivals? Defeats?—Will the lecture be followed by others of a similar description? After "FLORENCE and her Memories," shall we have "Clare and her Confessions," or "Rose and her Revelations"?

INSCRIPTION FOR AN OLD CLOTHES SHOP .- " Nothing New."

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at



WHAT WE MAY EXPECT.

First Swell (on foot). "Not Sold him yet, then, Fwed ?"

Second Swell (mounted). "No, can't get my Price; No, fact is, 'have three Fellows coming to Dinner on Thursday. We're going to Eat him! Will you come?!"

First Swell. "THANKS-SORRY I CAN'T. ENGAGED TO DINE OFF A FAMILY PONY OF RAGGLES'S!!"

AN "OFFICIAL'ENGLISH" DICTIONARY WANTED.

THE art of calling a spade a spade seems andly out of fashion with our Poor-Law Inspectors. Instead of swallowing their squeamishness, and speaking in plain English, and telling us plain truths, they use fine official language to veil in some degree the horrors they discover, and which it is their duty plainly to disclose. Their official English teems with euphuistic epithets, which no unofficial dictionary can help us to translate. For instance, who could guess that "insufficient" and "inadequate" meant half what is ascribed to them by Mr. Ennest

"" Inadequate' and "insufficient' stood for the evils which had been exposed in connection with the Be-iminster Union, the scrubbing of black gangrened hands in mistake for dirk, the holding a patient's hand against a place hot enough to ignite a march, and a number of other cruelities, only prevented from being inquired into by the resignation of the master and principal officers, and to his (Ma. Haw's) mind the Poer-Luw Board too often consived at the quashing of an inquiry, which, although it might cause a scandal, would show where the weak points were. But if there were no official inquiries the accidental inquests brought to light the evils. Quite lately inquests had been held on paupers 'done to death' in provincial workhouses, and one showed how a child was killed by being placed in scalding water, and then having the blisters rubbed off with a towel. These were some of the facts which would help the Foor-Law Board to a translation of the words 'inadequate' and 'insufficient' in their inspectors' reports."

Or who, without the help of MB. HART's translation, could have imagined that fine phrases, like those he further mentions, veiled such terribly foul facts ?-

"Thus, 'want of classification' meant that people with bronchitis were put in beds with people with the itch, as at Bury Union; it meant the aggravation of the sufferings of the sick, in short, by noslect of the most cruel and indescribable character; 'Insufficient attendance' meant no labelling of bottles, neglect of giving to the sick their proper dists or at the proper times, leaving the sick to their own help or no help at all, the mixing of the convalencent sick who needed rest and quiet with the noisy lunatio."

As language was invented to conceal our real thoughts, so fine official language has likewise been invented to hide the real facts. But

far better sicken people by telling them plain truths, than gloss over evil doings which are sure to bear ill fruit. Clearly our Inspectors, if they are to be of use to us, must learn to write in language which we can understand. Otherwise, the Poor-Law Board must issue a new phrase-book, in which "official English" will be put into plain Hebrew, or something else approaching to our mother tongue.

NONSENSE PROVERBS.

WEAT's in the pot mustn't be told to the pan. There's a mouth for every muffin.

A clear soup and no flavour.

As drunk as a daisy.

All rind and no cheese.
Set a beggar on horseback, and he will cheat the livery-stable keeper.
There's a B in every bonnet.

Two-and-six of one and half-a-crown of the other.

The Insurance Officer dreads a fire.

First catch your beir, then hook him.

Every plum has its pudding.

Short pipes make long smokes.

It's a long lane that has no blackberries.

Wind and weather come together.

A flower in the button-hole is worth two on the bush.

Round robin is a shy bird.

There's a shiny lining to every hat. The longest dinner will come to an end.

You must take the pips with the orange. It's a wise dentist that knows his own teeth.

No rose without a gardener.

Better to marry in May than not to marry at all.

Save sovereigns, spend guineas.

Too many followers spoil the cook. '(N.B. This is not nonsense.)

FASHIONABLE DEFORMITY.



onsiderine that the month is not November, Guys are plentiful in Paris. Else we should not see recorded such freaks of dress as this:

"The latest novelty is a puff petticoat, which sticks out in a bunch, and causes the female form divine to look rather like the Gnathodon or Dodo."

Straige are the mandates of the fashionable modistes! Here is Beauty bridered to put an the outward seeming of Deformity, and Youth and Loveliness disfigured in a manner to resemble old decrepit Mother Bunch! Beauty, unlike Charity, must be "puffed up" a little, if it follows the new mode.

To Mis. Humper, or Miss Dumper, this may matter were fitted an ugly fashion robe them of the charm of a fair shape. Women are a race moutonsière, we know, in blindly following the fashion; the who we should say that ladies who wear dresses, deforming them like Dodos, must really be great geese.

PADDY'S NEW PICTURE-BOOK.

"Twas a sight Saxon eyes to be wilder JOHN BULL saw through PAT's cabin-door, PAT, enjoying a pipe with the "childther" Round his kness clustered close on the floor. The boys, with their keen Celtic faces, The girls, with their sweet Celtic eyes, And lithe limbs, whose natural graces Defied tattered linsey and frieze.

By the hearth sat the wife at her stocking, With her needles in rythmical play, While her foot kept the rude cradle rocking, Where a rosy young Celtikin lay.

From the brown hearth the turf-reek ascended With the blue curls of Paddy's dudees, And cool light, and warm shadow were blended On the prettiest group ever seen.

Par was busy, but not upon treason—
Nor pike nor revolver was there—
With a wide-open volume his knees on,
Whose title John read, printed fair:
"Iriah history—People's edition—
Eighteen sixty-eight—volume two"—
Volume one, all of wrong and sedition,
On the hearth, burnt to ash, smouldered blue.

Round the new volume, cheap, but clear-lettered,
The children pressed close to his knee,
And the father's slow spelling was bettered
By his babes, 'cuter scholars than he.
He might trip in his moods and his tenses,
But the import they caught in the rough;
For those bright Celtic wits and keen senses
E'en half-uttered words were enough.

But the pictures! Ah, there was the glory
Of the book, to old listeners and young!
'Twas they gave a point to the story,
And a glow, in advance of it, flung,
That lit the dark cabin with splendour,
Like the outburst of sun after rain,
Till from hard the old faces wared tender,
And the young more of youth seemed to gain.

For frontispiece, England and Erin
Crowned with shamrock and oak seemed to stand:
With Justice her sheathed sword bearing,
And her scales, even-poised, in her hand.
And facing this picture of union,
The Herr of the Crown of the Isles,
While Erin, in loyal communion
Of creed and class, brought him her smiles.

A page further on, 'twas a prison
Where law-breakers sat, but the sun,
The great sun of Justice, new-risen,
Had blent "green" and "orange" in one.
By an Irish-American plotter,
A Downshire grand-master I saw—
And Ascendency's pillars a-totter
By the firmly-based columns of law!

And the same sun of Justice whose beaming
No foul party colours could smirch,
A few pages further, its gleaming
Had appread from the Cell to the Church.
And in its fair radiance were clustered,
Unhindered, the Protestant few,
While the Catholic myriads mustered,
To receive, not their dule, but their due.

No longer sly slave and hard master,
Like lions with lambkins at play,
Walked Popish and Protestant pastor,
And worshipper, each his own way.]
And there frish landlord and tenant,
By fair dealing no longer fees,
One grown honest, the other turned element,
Made the waste places bloom like the rose.

For that new light of Justice in Heaven,
Was reflected by strange light on earth,
As with new peace new plenty was given,
Where lately retirned hatred and dearth.
These things in the new Irish history
That PAT showed his children, John saw;
A morality 'twas—not a mystery—
And John shouted Erin-go-Bragh!

THE FUTURE LOUNGE. (1870.)

ADALA TO EMBELINE,

I CANNOT Write any more at present, dear, as I have only an hour and a half left for dressing for the Drive on the Thames Embankment. The trees are all out now, reminding one of the charming Champs Elysées, and the river has lately been scented with some delicious perfume. The promenaders are not allowed by the Police to bring ever such tiny bottles to be filled in the river. Tox has a beautiful Gondola, and the Life Guards' Band plays on the Westminster Pier in the afternoon.

In haste, your ever affectionate,

P.S. Papa has now taken one of the new flats, so address to—
3, Buccleugh Terrace, Embankment Avenue.

"The Crisis of England."
Vall of Isis! what is a crisis?
Double pull on Whip's devices,
Talk in vein of Kine Cambress,
Spouters shouting into phthisis,
Independents raising prices,
Ladies' gallery cooled with ices,
Caves emitting sly advices,
Bets like "juvenile Lond Dron's,"
This is what he calls a Crisis,—
Brothers—temestic risus?

All the Difference.

In the future disendowment of the Irish Church, among other difficulties, there will be the case of Mr. Guiness, who did so much for St. Patrick's Cathedral. So, at the outset, the question is in this instance less of pounds than of guineas.

A PISCICULTURAL PENIAN.

THE Limerick Chronicle describes a "torpedo" found a short time since in an upper room which had been the lodging of a gentleman named MURPHY. MR. MURPHY is a reputed "Head Centre." His torpedo appears to have been a Fenian fish out of water.

A MUMBLE.
"AZELIA." Query, As Ella?

CAUTION TO CLUBS.—You had better get the Select Committee to smother Smith's Sunday Liquor Bill. Those who live in glass-houses should not throw stones.

P. Calderon, R.A.

GUESSES AT THE CATALOGUE.

Guess at the Motto. "Look here, upon this picture, and on this." et, a play by Shakspeare.

473. Dressing for Church . . . J. E. Millais, R.A. "I chose not Arr, my heart's elect,
From those who seek their Makee's shrine,
In gems and garlands proudly decked,
As if themselves were thinge divine." . T. Faed, R.A. 474. The Wooing o't .

"Maggle coost her head fu' high, Looked askient and unoo skeigh, Gart poor Duncan stand abeigh. Ha, ha, the wooing o't."

475. Tanered and Argantes . Sir E. Landseer, R.A.

Each steed to earth, where each in anguish gnashed
Its teeth, and shrisked its nobel life away,
Scarce bowed their haughty heads. They unabashed,
Sprang lightly up, war's perfect mesters they,
Drew the gold-hilted swords, and stood at desperate bay."

476. The Collar of Malachi . D. Maclise, R A.

"Let Erin remember the days of old, Ere her faithless sons betrayed her, When Malachi wore the collar of gold That he won from her proud invader."

477. Procession at the Consecration of the First Temple. S. Hart, R.A.

"Then rose the chard hymn of praise, And trump and timbrel answered keen, And Zion's daughters poured their lays With priests' and warriors' voice between."

478. The Witches' Warp and Woof . . . Gustave Doré.

"See, the grisly texture grow,
Tis of human entrails made,
And the weights that play below
Each a gasping warrior's head."

. . A. Elmore, R.A. 479. Life upon a Cast

"When maidens listen
To burning words, with eyes that glisten,
And lips that saying, mean not 'Nay."

. T. Creswick, R.A. 480. The River's End .

"As a bright river that from fall to fall, In many a maze descending, bright through all, Finds some fair region where, each labyrinth past, In one full lake of light it rests at last."

. J. R. Herbert, R.A. 481. Jaques departs to visit the Duke "To him will I. Out of these convertites
There is much matter to be heard and learned."

482. Serena as Ariel at the Earl's Moorish Ball . W. P. Frith, R.A.

"If sweet Screna, on this signal night,
Shine the first idel of the public sight,
If gallantry's fix eyes pronounce her fair,
By the sure sign of one unceasing stare,
The ide is cast—he weds—the point is cle
She cannot slight the yows of such a Peer nt is clear ;

483. The Murder of Prince Edward, son of Henry VI. and Margaret of Anjou .

Prince. I am your better, traitors as ye are.

King Edw. Take that, thou likeness of this railer here.

Gloucester. Sprawl'st thou, take that to end thy agony.

Claresca. And there's for twitting me with perjury.

Q. Marpart. O. kill me too!

J. C. Hook, R.A.

"The bridegroom sea
Is toying with the shore, his wedded bride,
And in the fulness of his marriage joy,
He desorates her tawny brow with shells,
Betirns a space, to see how fair she looks,
Then proud, runs up to kits her."

485. Bishop Burnet ordering the raising the sides of the galleries in St. James's, Piccadilly J. C. Horsley, R.A.

"When Burnet perceived that the beautiful dames,
Who worship (they think) in the Church of St. James,
Were content on their lovers kind looks to bestow,
And smiled not on him as he bellowed below."

486, Psyche F. Leighton, A.

"Though ne'er to mortals bliss was given Like Psyche's with that radiant boy, Here is the only face in Heaven That wears a cloud amid its joy."

487. Royal Obsequies

"When a prince to the fate of a peasant hath yielded,
The tapestry waves dark round the dim lighted hall,
With scutcheons of silver the cofin is shielded,
And pages stand muter round the canopied pall.
Through the courts at deep midnight the torelass are gleaming,
Through the proudly arched chapel the banners are beaming,
And down the long siles sacred music is streaming,
Lamenting a chief of the people should fall."

. . R. Anadell, A. 488. The Vision of the Seal

Is the ship? On the verge of the wave where it lay One tiger is mingled in ghastly afray with a see-anake. The foam and the smoke of the battle Stain the clear air with sunhows. And near this commotion A blue shark is hanging within the blue ocean. The fin-winged tomb of the victor."

489. Conjugal Love in the Middle Ages H. S. Marks.

"Then wold I say, 'Now good lefe, take kepe How meekly looketh Wilkin oure shepe. Come now, my spouse, and let me be thy cheke. What slight you to gratchen thus and groan?"

400. A French Aristoctat before the Revolutionary Tribunal H. O' Neil, A.

"He dropped his mantle, tore aside his vest, A ribboned cross was on his knightly breast. It covered ears. He deigned no more reply, None, but the scorn that lightened in his eye: He kissed his cross, and turned him to the deor-an instant, and they heard his murderers rear."

491, A Knight well armed V. Prinsep.

"As a knight should gaze Count Otto gazed,
When Bertha in all her beauty blazed,
As a knight should hear Count Otto beard,
When Libs sung like a forest bird;
But he thought, I ween, about as long
Of Bertha's beauty or Libs's song
As the sun regards the clouds that play
Round his rediant path on a summer day."

492. Loyal Sir Byng G. D. Leslie, A.

"Kentish Sir Byng stood for his King,
Bidding the crop-headel Parliament swing.
And pressing a troop unable to stoop
And see the rogues flourish and honest men droop,
Marched them along, fifty score strong,
Great hearted gontlemen, singing one song."

493. Eclipse of the Reformation . W. F. Yeames, A.

"When persecuting seal made royal sport
With tortured innocence in Mary's court,
And Bonner, blithe as shepherd at a wake,
Enjoyed the show, and danced about the stake."

494. Kailyal on the Car of Jaga-Naut. E. J. Poynter.

"Now bring ye out the Charlot of the God—
The Maid of perfect form and heavenly face,
Set her aloft in triumph, like a bride,
Upon the bridel car.
The ponderous car rolls on and crushes all,
Through blood and bones it ploughs its dreadful path.
And all around, behind, before
The bridel car is the raging rout,
With frantic shout and deafening roar,
Tossing the torches' flames about."

495. Ocean Nymphs W. E. Frost, A.

"Where Down, through tress-lifting waves, the Nereids fair Wind into Thetis' bower, by many a pearly stair."

J. A. Whistler. 496, Harmonies

"Who sees not music's colour hath no ear, Who hears not colour's music hath no eye."

497. " Only Eleven to the Holidays." Statuette J. Durham, A.

"The indented stick, that loses day by day Notch after notch, till all are cleared away, Bears witness, long ere his diamission come, With what intense desire he wants his home."

498. Marble Group. The Genius of Convocation, clutching with either hand the Bishop of Natal and Mr. Mackonochie, stamps upon the Dean of Arches, and flings himself upon the bosom of the Archbishop of Canterbury, who is sustained by Faith, Hope, Charity, and Mr. Punch, and by his contempt for the entire business

484. Sea and Shore

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LITTLE BIT OF SENTIMENT.

(FOR FOXHUNTERS ONLY.)

Non-Sporting Man. "Why, Bob, old Fellow, how Wretched You Look! And what are all these Boots and Things about for?"

Bob. "Well, they're going to be Put Away to-morrow for Seven no use to a train, but a train cannot travel without it.

Months. Isn't that enough to make a Fellow look Webtohed?"

A. A Noise.

THE PRIME PREEMIEER.

'Tis thought, by them that sets their mind On lofty state and station, That fine amusement they would find In rulun of the nation. But I take it that what wi' work, worry, and fuss, No slavery's moor severe; And there's nobody I oodn't like to be wuss Than the Prime Preemieer.

Start young in Parliament 'a must In trade as politician, And all his youth fret out there, fust, His gizzard with ambition By the time that he gets to the top o' the tree, To an end his lease med be near— A poor farmer I'd sooner a precious deal be Than a Prime Preemieer.

But what to me most strange appears Is, whether Whig or Tory,
He mostly reaps but scoffs and sneers,
Instead o' praise and glory.
Purty nigh all the peapers and slasbun reviews
Pursues un wi' gibe and wi' jeer:
So I'd fur rather wear hobnailed boots than the shoes Of a Prime Preemicer.

When, arter all your pains and care, You finds yourself in clover, You don't bide hardly no time there Afore they votes you over.

To be badgered and bullied and kicked o' one aide,
Arter labourun year by year;

Why, what honest man 'ood, wi' a mossel o' pride, Be a Prime Preemieer?

The Broad Sanctuary, Westminster.

CHURCH Parsons, High and Low, What sneaking spite they show,
Against plain, honest, outspoken DRAN STANLEY!
They suggest that he's a pal
Of the BISHOF OF NATAL: How Divines are apt to hate a man that's manly!

Q. It is made with a train, it travels with a train, it is of

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AN EXPLOIT IN ABYSSINIA.

(By a Special Correspondent.)

The personal prowess of our countrymen is very remarkable. It is wonderfully exemplified in the exploits which, when occasion takes them to India and other partially civilised or uncivilised countries, they are wont to perform upon the natives. In particular, they are uncommonly good hands at kicking those who offend them. You may call this an Irishiam. Never mind. Thinking of that, reminds us to say that, amongst those countrymen of ours who are especially wont to astonish the natives by the feats of the foot abovenamed, we by no means intend not to include, but, on the contrary, do somewhat expressly class Irishmen. It would not at all surprise us to learn that the following narrative was penned by a hand, of which, in national parlance, it might be said that the natural weapon is the shillelagh:—

"Before leaving Ad Abagha we had rather an amusing episode with the natives, which might, however, have proved costly. Being averse to start at so early an hour as seven of clock, we did not strike our tents till after the troops had left, and were left alone in our glory on the top of the hill. A crowd of the Aborigines, on plundering bent, rapidly collected, and the eyes of an Argus, and the hands of a Briareus were required to protect our numerous chattels. All at once I perceived a dusky individual sloping off with a brills. I gave chase, and overtook the thic. Now, my stature is diminutive, and my physique anything but formfable, but, like Min. Jacousni's clerk, I have the greatest regard for portable property, and unlike Othello, I deny that 'he who steals my puras, steals trash.' Moreover, my blood was up at the audacious theft, so I made a furious onslaught on my stalwart but fortunately unresisting adversary, and kicked him from top to bottom of the hill with the greatest gusto."

The hero of the adventure above related is a gentleman attached to the Abyssinian Expedition, and connected with the London Press. His entire letter impinges on the mind's ear with a Hibernian resonance, especially notable in the quotation, first of Iago's words as those of Othello, and next in assigning a dissent from the valuation of a purse blushing for our partners.

expressed in them as a reason for objecting to being robbed of a bridle. As an illustration, however, of the alacrity at kicking, characteristic of our countrymen, comprehensively considered, the foregoing extract is aplendid. No matter how stalwart and gigantic the native may be who displeases one of them, nor how slight and diminutive may be that countryman of ours, English or Irish, the latter never experiences the least difficulty in kicking the former down-stairs or down-hill, and not only does it with the greatest case, but also, again to quote an example of phraseology deliciously distinctive, "with the greatest gusto." But the writer who thus racily expresses himself, his stature being diminutive, and his physique anything but formidable, states, not merely that he kicked his stalwart adversary down a hill, but that he kicked him from the top of a hill to the bottom. Can this gentleman's nationality be doubtful?

FASHIONABLE MODESTY.

CONSIDERING the follies which are put forth in Le Follet, we rarely find much pleasure in the news which comes from Paris in the matter of the fashions. Here, however, is a statement which most thoroughly delights us :-

"The dress is not worn so low as last year, either on the back or front."

It sadly lowers one's opinion of the sense of the fair sex to consider It sadly lowers one's opinion of the sense of the fair sex to consider that, with many women, modesty is nowadays a matter of mere fashion. For many a month past dresses have been worn so low as barely to be decent. Ladies who of late have been modestly attired, could lay no claim whatever to being in the fashion. Decency, however, is once more to be the swelf, and, as few ladies have the courage to disobey their dressmakers, we may hope that for a while, until the fashion changes, we may be able to dine out, and even go to dances, without blushing for our partners.

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MANNERS!

Young Mistress. "JANE, I'M SURPRISED THAT NONE OF YOU STOOD UP WHEN I WENT INTO THE KITCHEN JUST NOW!" Jane. "Indred. Mum! which we was su'prised ourselves at your a comin' into the Kitching while we was a 'avin' OUR LUNCHEONG!

SANTIAGO!

MR. PUNCH must really get a new hat; he has so many courteous salutations to make, just now, that the brim of the present one is unduly flexible. But that brim shall come off and put him to an open shame, sooner than he will refrain from saluting a lady who has just stepped into the editorial arens, gracefully and without fanfaron, as might be expected from the author of George Geith. We wish Mrs. RIDDELL all the good fortune which we know she is going to deserve, with her St. James's Magazine. Her publisher's mame is of good omen. Skret, the first Lord of the Admiralty informs us, is "a long scoop used to wet the sails of vessels." May he wet those of the good vessel, St. James, with the water of Pactolus. That's pretty. We further compliment Mrs. RIDDELL on her going in, as becomes a woman, for good old Toryism. We would not give two-pence, sans-culotte as Mr. Punch is, and thirsting to imbrue his pike in blue blood, for a lady who did not believe in Marx as against Knox, Charles as against Cromwell, the Chevalier as against Knox, Charles as against Glorey. It is the joy and right of weakness to lean on what it thinks is strength, especially if strength is handsome and pensive, so we gratulate Mrs. RIDDELL on the sturdy Tory article, with which she frights the Radicals, and a good deal more upon the new and going to be capital novel with which she freights the St. James's. But we must buy a new hat.

"Oysters, Sir !"

A GREAT reduction in the price of natives may be hourly expected. According to Land and Water there is an "Oyster Bed at—" of all places in the world—" the Pyramids," probably in the Pool generally found with them. Hopes are entertained that this now somewhat rare shell-fish will next be discovered nearer home—in the Staffordshire Potteries, or on the Mendip Hills.

MATRIMONIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

(For Particulars inquire over the Way.)

A GENTLEMAN, heir to large property, but born blind, is in WANT of a WIFE. Beauty not requisite. She must be intelligent, amiable, and accomplished; but plainness will be no objection if anything short of palpable disfigurement.

THE Friends of a Young Lady wish to procure her a SUITABLE HUSBAND. She is sensible, sweet tempered, and pretty, her only defect being that she is unable to sound the letter H. A DEAF GENTLEMAN would find this an excellent opportunity.

UGLY WOMEN! UGLY WOMEN! UGLY WOMEN!—A YOUNG MAN who has run through all his property, but now sees the Error of his Ways, and is a Reformed Character, wishes to Marky and Settle. He would wish to Settle any fortune that his wife might bring with her on herself, with Remainder in the hands of Trustees to the Survivor for Life. Any Lady of strictly moral and religious principles and an affectionate temperament, whose Inclination for Holy Matrimony has, notwithstanding pecuniary affluence (say from £30,000), been opposed by disadvantages of personal appearance, may Secure a Fond Hubrand, who is considered very Handsome, but, being himself indifferent to externals, regards only those qualities in a married partner that are truly valuable.

Roman Initials.

THERE are, it is said, in the Roman Church four "sacred congregations" of which the Pope has decided that his expected successor, Cardinal Bonaparts, shall be a member; namely, the congregations of bishops and regulars, whose functions respectively concern rites, regular discipline, indulgences, and holy relies. Of these four congregations three appear to preside over departments which, being those of rites, regular discipline, and relies, may be correctly described as the Roman Three R's.

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STUDY IN A HIGH WIND.

TO CHIEF RABBI ADLER.

MR. PUNCH reads in that excellent paper, the Jewish Chronicle and Hebrew Observer, that at Liverpool the new Hebrew congregation wants—

AN ASSISTANT SHOCHET AND PORGER.

Mr. Punch has on hand an assortment of young men of the Earl Russell type, prepared at a moment's notice to undertake anything, from taxidermy to seismography, and many of them are pteridophilists, but none of them knows what a shochet and porger is. Will the admirable Chief RABBI ADLER clear our addled wits? And while about it, will he tell us whether it is really true that many rich Jews acarcely contribute to the fund of the Board of Guardians of Hebrew Poor, an institution which enables the Jews to avoid all the scandal which we, and ERNEST HART, and LORD DEVON, and some others are trying to do away in the case of the Christians? Mr. Punch makes no apology for interfering, everything is his province, as it was Bacow's (with apology for mentioning such a name) and he is particularly anxious for answers to both questions.

American Riddle.

WHY have the United States Congress impeached President Johnson? Perhaps because they think of making him President again, and don't want to elect an

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

Monday, March 30. Mr. Punch cites, with pleasure, a charming passage from the PREMIRE's brilliant novel, the Young Duke:—

"Ah, that terrible House of Lords," said May Daors. "Scarcely forty-eight hours and all will be over, and we [Catholics] shall be just where we were. You and your friends manage very badly in your House," she said, addressing herself to the Duke.

the Duke.

"I do all I can," said his Grace, smiling; "Buattstoron has my proxy."

"That is exactly what I complain of. On such an occasion there should be no proxies. Personal attendance would imply a keener interest in the result. Ah, if I were Duke of St. James for one night!"

"Ah, if you would be Duchess of St. James!" thought the Duke, but a despairing lover has no heart for jokes.

His Grace did better than joke. He hurried off to London, got into His Grace did better than joke. He hurried off to London, got into the House of Lords in time, delivered a fresh and effective speech for Catholic Emancipation, hastened back to overhear the lovely May Dacre delightedly reading it to her father, and the next time the Duke and May—But get the book: it is full of dash, wit, and "go."

Why Mr. Punch quoted it is that dear May Ducre's reform has come about, and that early in the week the Privy Seal to the author of the Young Duke carried a standing order which practically does away with

The COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF did not see his way to opposing the Mutiny Bill as altered to prevent Flogging, but his Royal Highness hoped that consideration would be given to the question of military punishment. It was necessary, we suppose, that some such speech should be made; but Mr. Punch, who is not good at seeing red-tape difficulties, cannot perceive reason why the Duke, and GENERAL FORSTER, and the Horse-Guards should be in any fix. Surely, in peace time, there are fifty practicable punishments, exclusive of a cruel one, and in war time nobody proposes to take away any power necessary to a General:—

"For Britons rarely swerve From discipline, however stern, that serves their force to nerve." Childs Rareld.

Merely mentioning that on Wednesday the CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER has brought in the Bill enabling Government to Acquire the Telegraphs, Mr. Punch proceeds to the Great Irish Church Debate, which occupied the Four Nights.

Monday. Before the play, a farce. Certain Tories demanded the reading of part of the Act of Union with Ireland, and the Coronation Oath. The gentlemen meant that Mr. Gladstone was about to ask Parliament to violate law, and the Queen to commit perjury. The farce was not very well received by the audience.

Mr. Torrens, Rise a Ser Hervey Bruce. Ser Hervey Resolutions. He spoke very moderately, declared his own consistency, urged that the time had come, and dwelt tenderly with the rights, real or possible, of all persons in any way interested in the Church. Let us build up linked with the Church.

with the Cement of Human Concord the noble fabric of the British Empire.

untried man.

LORD STANLBY moved his Amendment, that modifications in the Temporalities might be expedient, after the pending inquiry, but any proposition for Disendowment should be left to a new House. He said all that a clear-sighted man, with a future, could say in favour of an obstructive device.

Mr. E. A. Leatham. This Parliament, being without passion, ought to deal with the question.

MR. O'NEILL. It has no right to do so. And the Church increases in efficacy.

MR. POLLARD URQUHART. Parsons have increased, not flocks. MR. BAILLIE COCHRANE. A party effort to turn out Ministers.

MR. MONCRIEFF. Nobody dares to defend the Irish Church. It is an alien ascendency that can effect no religious good.

LORD CRAMBORNE. LORD STANLEY'S speech was nothing but petty cavils and poor excuses for delay. I will have nothing to do with his Amendment. But you are going to draw down the certain and bitter enmity of a third of Ireland. Mr. DISRAELI is a weathercock. Of course, on religious grounds, I oppose the destruction of a ballowed instintic. hallowed institution

MR. LAING. I object to party moves, but cannot sacrifice Ireland to a Ministry. The Soliciton-General. There ought to be no hurry. What is

proposed is Confiscation.

THE LATE ATTORNEY-GENERAL FOR IRELAND. Government had no policy, except delay. The vigour and vitality of Protestantism would be incalculably benefited by Disendowment.

Thereday. Mr. Hardy, the Home Secretary, in a vigorous speech, personally attacked Mr. Gladstone for sudden conversion, and handed him a letter to prove it. Violation of the Union, injustice to Protestants, precedent for spoliation of other property. He ably represented his Oxford constituents, and even won Mr. Bright's praise for his manly, Yorkshire championship of a bad cause.

Mr. Goechen. Parliament had a right to deal with the rights it had

given.

MR. PREL DAWSON. The real object was to set up a Popish Church

MR. TORRENS, Rise above party, and you will find Ireland easily

SIR HERVEY BRUCE. What do the Catholic Members say about the

oath they took?

Mr. Cartar. Coventry wishes to see a Disendowment.

SERFRANT ARMSTRONG. The Church is lated as a symbol of op-

COLONEL S. KNOY, Mr. GLADSTONE was cowardly. The Crown was

natured speeches.

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CAPTAIN WHITE (a very good maiden speech). Let us do justice, whether injustice be to our advantage or not. Irish Protestantism

whether injustice be to our advantage or not. Irish Protestantism had suffered from over-pampering.

The Irish Attorner-General said what a clever, energetic lawyer could say for his client the Church, and her rights.

Mr. Bright, smiling at legal cobwebs, humorously arrayed the varying utterances of Ministers, and ridiculed the calling that a revolution which affected only a tenth of a country. The Church was a failure, and its demolition was asked by a Protestant minority in Ireland, by all the Catholics, and by general consent in England and Scotland. Remember how well other denounced measures have worked. Do not play the game of the Fenians. One of his best natured speeches.

Thursday. Mr. Roebuck would support Mr. Gladstone—hating all Establishments. Don't talk to me about sacredness; no human interest is sacred. But mind, if this is only a trick to oust Mr. Disbarli! As to other considerations, I am an Imperial Englishman, and the Catholics are hostile to our rule. No sentimental talk about oppression shall prevent my maintaining Imperial rule.

Mr. Herley, of course opposing, spoke so much in the style of the old days when an illustration was not held to be objectionable because it was a little full-flavoured, that we must only say that the gallant old Tory uttered his mind, and protested against breaking a treaty made with the weak.

General Pres scorned the Amendment, and opposed the Recolu-

with the weak.

General Prel scorned the Amendment, and opposed the Resolutions, joilily as usual. No surrender.

Mr. Lowe. Twelve per cent. of rich people have State assistance, seventy-eight per cent. of poor people have none, and the rest are bribed to hold their tongues. Cut it down, why cumbereth it the ground? [Well quoted, but read on Mr. Lowe.]

Mr. Horsfall. Stand by the Church, and dissolve.

Mr. Claye. I should like to know how the Church ministrations are to be provided for.

MR. CLADSTONE. I will tell you in my reply.

MR. GLADSTONE. I will tell you in my reply.

MR. LEFROY. No right to disendow while the Union exists.

SIR JOHN GRAY complained of Orange disloyalty.
Lord Claud John Hamilton (second son of the Lord Lieutenant), a grenadier. A bold and well-given maiden speech. He was uncomfortable about the feelings with which the spirit of LORD PALMERSTON might be inspecting the proceedings of Mr. GLADSTONE, whom he had trusted.

MR. BERNAL OSBORNE. Very smart. His best point the comparing LORD STANLEY to his hesitating namesake in the tragedy. But he had a scheme, for establishing Four Bernal Osborne bishops instead of the present lot. Will he be one?

the present lot. Will he be one?

The Indian Minister did his best, but had learned too much, as MR. GLADSTONE'S private secretary, to talk Gathorne Hardily.

Friday. Mr. DISRABLI. If we should see the unreasonable event of the Resolutions being carried, I shall not object to go into Committee with them on the 27th of April, but I shall oppose them unequivocally.

MR. GLADSTONE. All right.
MR. COLERIDGE. We have a perfect right to deal with the Irish Church, Let us.

MR. BERESFORD HOPE. Don't rip up old sores. It's only the spite of the Catholic priests because other people are better off.

MR. STANSFELD. Such defences as we have heard may ruin principles and institutions. Is Ireland to be loyal? Then destroy the

EARL OF MAYO. That is the talk of thirty-four years ago. Voluntaryism in Ireland will not do. Mr. GLADSTONE'S scheme will not do. All this is premature. Fenianism has nothing to do with the Church.

COLONEL GREVILLE. The Church is associated with oppression. SIR C. LANYON. Belfast is indignant with MR. GLADSTONE.

LORD HAMILTON. He directly attacks property rights.

MR. CARDWELL. We have done good and great things in thirty ars. We began by the Abolition of Slavery, we end by the Abolition of the Irish Church.

MR. DISRAELI (who spoke for two and a half hours). This House, as Lord Palmerston's manifesto showed, was not elected to decide the Irish Church question. We ought not to be asked, at eight days' notice, to repeal the Union. I denounce this vast and violent change proposed. It violates the rights of property. And where, if you separate religion from Government, will you stop? Are we to recognise the Pantheistic principle? Mr. GLADSTONE represented Ritualism and Papers. These combination had superhuman rouse, but while the Popery. That combination had superhuman power; but, while the QUEEN allows me to stand here, I will fight it.

MR. GLADSTONE. I fail to discern relevancy. I perceive heated imagination. It is ultra-democratic, if not anarchic, to say that Parliament cannot act without appeal to the constituencies. Each of the

MR. O'REILLY. If Ireland cannot look to England for justice, she will look to the West for Revolution.

Establishments must stand on its own merits. It is too late to endow the Catholic Church. Mr. DISRABLI wants to set up the Pantheism Mr. Shreeber. Stand by the Church, or troubles and calamities he deprecates. Let Parliament show its sincerity, and clear the ground he deprecates. Let Parliament show its sincerity, and clear the ground for its successor.

Mr. Newdecate would not consent to anything.

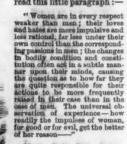
Lord Stanley's Amendment was rejected by 330 to 270: majority,

Sixty.

Mr. Gladstone's Resolutions were carried by 328 to 272: majority, At 3:15 the House adjourned till April 20. Vivat Hibernia

TO THE FEMALE SEX.

UR ADORED ONES,—Please read this little paragraph :—



Now, Fair Sex, listen.

The above propositions for the life of a female who, taking a hatred to her (bad) husband's child, sent it out of the world. We could wish to know whether you accept this kind of advocacy, and whether you are prepared to allow that when you do anything foolish or wrong (and you know, dears, that such things will happen) you are Irresponsible. Because, if so, you will save Mr. Punch such a deal of trouble. He will never argue with you any more. He will only smile, and talk to you about operas, and chasubles, and sensation novels. What do you say, Strong-Minded, what do you say Weak-Minded, what do you say Average-Minded? Will you give up the game, and, ceasing to be our Dictators, become our Dolls? Answer, pets!

THE SNOB-VANDAL.

THE venerable MARQUIS OF LANSDOWNE, at once Nestor of our party-fights, and Meccens of our arts, in the last days of his life bestowed a drinking fountain on Berkeley Square. After his usual gracious and princely fashion, the good old Lord went for his design to a sculptor, and also the first his feating to a sculptor. princely lashion, the good old Lord went for his design to a sculptor, not a stone-mason, and, also after his fashion, to a goung sculptor, one of the most graceful and tasteful of the rising generation of artists in clay and marble, Alexander Munno. In due time the sculptor modelled and carved a fair nymph, from whose uplifted urn poured a stream of clear water for the passers-by who liked to drink. The statue was at once a beautiful decoration of a place where beauty, in marble at least, is rare—a London Square, an honour to its sculptor, and a seemly memorial of the kindly and cultivated old nobleman, who marble at least, is rare—a London Square, an honour to its scuiplor, and a seemly memorial of the kindly and cultivated old nobleman, who had given it to the neighbourhood. And now some snob has defaced the poor nymph of Berkeley Square by knocking off her nose! Is there any capital of Europe in which such an outrage could have been perpetrated, except indeed for a lark, by some rowing, roving

Englishman? Englishman? These are the things that make sensitive and cultivated Britons blush for their country, and bear out what Mr. Pesch has insisted on more at length in, another article this week, that we have amongst us an element of coarse, stupid, brutal insensibility to the beautiful in art and nature, feeling and conduct, which is as rife in "upper" as in "lower" classes, and can display itself comfortably, indeed is rather at home than not, along with what is conventionally called good breeding, good society, and good manners. Whatever we may think of the Irish Establishment, English taste wants "levelling up" most decidedly.

Shaksperiana.

Standard. But it was not only for its eloquence and its wit that MB. HARDY'S speech evoked such plaudits. It had the gensine Church

and State Ring.

Benedick. Why, that's spoken like an honest drover. So they ring



Jenkins. "I AM SORRY TO SAY, MY LEDDY, I 'M OBLEEGED TO GIVE WARNING."

My Lady. " WHY, JENKINS!

Jenkins. "WHY, YOUR LEDDYSHIP INSISTS ON US WEARING POWDER-AND-AND I FIND THAT POWDER IS RUINING MY COMPLEXION."

My Lady. "IT DON'T RUIN MINE-BUT YOU CAN GO."

HOW WE DRIVE IN ABYSSINIA.

THE Pall Mall Gazette, which, among all its useful functions, exercises none more useful than that of Inspector-General of Administrative Departments, especially the Poor-Law Board, the Horse-Guards, and the Foreign Office, prints in its number for March 26, a story which ought to be repeated till it is contradicted; or, if it, cannot be contradicted, till those who are chargeable with the amazing stupidity and cruelty it discloses, are exposed, and, if possible, punished. Here is the story :-

"The Turkish and Egyptian mule-drivers, engaged for the transport service of the expedition, on joining, were placed under officers who did not know their language. In the confusion of starting an expedition like this, they were left some days without food or water. They naturally did not like it, and were flogged daily by fifties, when reality the poor creatures only expected to be properly used as first-class mule-drivers. Interpreters were then sent, and Captain Anneaux, who knows no end of language, offered to take them all in his division. This was acceded to, and they were soon made happy and contented, working like slaves; so well, indeed, that Captain Anneaux was thanked and complimented, and it was further promised that the threat of discharging them should not be carried out. Suddenly, down comes an order to pay up and discharge them all, and to take away the clothing they had received from the Government. They had all thrown away their old rags, and the Government clothing was all they now had. It was represented how unjustifiable it would be to send the men back to Egypt in that plight, but remonstrance was in vain. They were embacked under an armsed guard, and an officer of the department had to go on board and take the clothes from off their backs. In some cases they were allowed to keep their trousers, otherwise they would have been utterly naked. This was on the 18th of Petruary, when it is very cold in the northern portions of the Red Sea, and even in Egypt. . . One day about 186 of these poor dewils came up jabbering to an officer, who could not understand them, and reported it as a case of mutiny. Forthwith two companies of infantry were sent down, and sixty of the Turk were tied up to the triangles and for fifty lashes each. It then leaked out that the poor wretches had been three days without rations, and were only complaining."

Mr. Punch simply repeats the tale. He cannot improve it. Comment on its monstrous combination of stundity and brutality would only weaken the force of the facts, if facts they be. If they are not facts, the sooner they are denied the better for our reputation.

The truth is, that for all the pluck and "practical" good sense over Mr. Disrable, on the contrary, is for Diz-establishing it.

which he is so ready to hug himself, JOHN BULL is too often the most offensive of anobs,—brutal, pig-headed, and blundering,—as odious a creature, altogether, as any that lives; a being to blush over, and to repent in sackcloth and ashes for.

Here—assuming this atory to be true—the "nigger-driving" element, which is one of the odious ingredients in John Bull's character, ment, which is one of the odious ingredients in JOHN BULL's character, is in the ascendant; and the worst of the thing is, that nobody hesitates about believing such a story. It is, in fact, only a reproduction, on a large scale, of the blundering cruelty and overbearing stupidity which mark the dealing of your English snob with "niggers," whereever he has authority over them. Only of your English snob, however. Happily, there is your English gentleman to trim the scales. But then your "anob" is so frightfully frequent in this blessed country! Is there are other country under the sun so oversum with your ano is so rightfully frequent in this blessed country. Is there any other ountry under the sun so overrun with anobs—any other where the snob is to be found, rampant, in all ranks, classes, callings, and in such force that he often determines their tone and establishes their laws? We doubt it. The snob is the British Philistine, and not a corner in our island but boasts its Gollate. Punck once tried his hand at a "Book of Snobs." Alas! the subject is too big for a book! It affords matter for a library.

Scientific and Seasonable Intelligence.

On Wednesday, being the First of April, the Harveian Lecture was delivered before the College of Physicians by Professor Holloway.

The audience assembled in honour of the lecturer, and the anni-

versary, included a large number of visitors. In accordance with a saying, ascribed to ABERWETHY, that "at forty every man is either a fool or a physician," it was observed that many of them appeared to be above forty.



CRUMBS OF COMFORT.

Scotch Kirk. "HOOT, MON! DINNA FASH YERSEL'-ME AND FATHER PAT DO UNCO' WEEL WI' THE VO-LUNTARY SEEY-STEM. AIBLINS YE'LL BE A' RECHT THE NOO!"



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CRUMBS OF COMPORT.

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THE HEIGHT OF FASHION.

MORE GRIST TO THE MILL.

MEDICAL students will have read with some interest a telegram from Florence, according to which :-

"In to-day's sitting in the Chamber of Deputies the debate on the Grinding-Tax

There are many taxes that may be said to be grinding. Schedule D, by earners of precarious incomes, is felt to be a particularly grinding tax. But a Grinding Tax Bill, so called by its authors, of course does not mean a Bill by which a grinding tax is to be imposed. It must signify a tax upon grinding, the consideration whereof may occasion some of those youth who design themselves candidates for diplomas in medicine and surgery to rejoice as being better off than the Italian students are likely to be, in having no tax to pay on the only means of possibly passing their examinations.

It is curious, we may observe taking another view of the Grinding

THE ARCHES JUDGMENT.

SIR ROBERT PHILLIMORE proceeded to give his elaborate judgment in the cases of MARTIN v. MACKONOCHIE and FLAMANK v. SIMPSON.

Sir Robert Phillipone proceeded to give his elaborate judgment in the cases of Martin v. Macronochia and Flamank v. Sinpson.

The learned Judge said that, in the first instance, it would be necessary to give an historical and archaeological account of the Court in which he was sitting, and he accordingly entered at great length into a description of that Court, and of Bow Church in which it was formerly held, and from the arched roof of which, de arcubas, the Court took its name, and not, as some think, from the Anchenshor of Cantensury, to whom it belongs. He then described the origin of Christianity, the corruption of the Church of Rome, the Reformation of the Anglican branch, the Marian persecution, the stern rule of Elizabeth, and the regicide and Puritan troubles, and admitted that in the lukewarm state of the Church in the time of the first Gronges, there was much extenuation for the present excess of zeal at Saint Albans. Here he warned the Church and his heavers not to confound the religious edifice in Holborn with St. Albans in Hertfordshire, upon whose foundation in honour of the British protomarter Alban, and, into the disfranchisement of whose borough for corrupt election-tering practices, the learned Judge animadverted for several hours. He then sketched from evidence and from conjecture the early lives of Messers. Mackonochis and Sinfson, profoundly observing that an investigation into the method in which a character had been trained threw much light upon its subsequent development, a position which he learned lysupported by citations from Cicro, Apollonius Rhodius, Plotinus, Anastasius, and the Svere against Thebes. Having shown that in his youth Mr. Mackonochis had been almost reprehensibly careless in his personal appearance, the learned Judge acutely pointed out that the reaction which not unfrequently succeeds to such carelessness might have induced that gentleman to over-excess in regard to ecclemastical costume, while in the case of Mr. Sinrson, who as a young man was remarkable for neatnes felicitously indicated a persistence of nature which in other days might have produced an Icharus Loyola, of whose interesting and romantic biography he then gave a brief but comprehensive view. He then reverted to the main thread of his judgment, and proceeding to the question of candles, read an account of the Roman candle (which he carefully distinguished from the elegant but dangerous pyrotechnical device of that name) which was composed of string surrounded by wax, or dipped in pitch, described the splinters of wood fatted, which were the lights of the lower orders of England in 1300, and the incorporation of the Wax Chandlers' Company in 1484. He congratulated the Church that the question was not one of oil because congratulated the Church that the question was not one of oil, because that would have brought in HER MAJESTY'S Coronation, and the results of the introduction of gas upon the whale fishery, both which topics were providentially excluded from the present inquiry. It would be unjust to do more than to condense the remainder of his remarks, in which he proved, inter alia, that although in Chaucen, Rabelle, Huddels, and Don Juan there were many references to ecclesiastics and their habits, it would not be safe entirely to depend upon some of those youth who design themselves candidates for diplomas in medicine and surgery to rejoice as being better of than the Italian students are likely to be, in having no tax to pay on the only means of possibly passing their examinations.

It is curious, we may observe, taking another view of the Grinding Tax Bill proposed by Victora Examsures. The transmissions of the Church, it is curious, we may observe, taking another view of the Grinding Tax Bill proposed by Victora Examsures, that they have already reported in Italy, how suitable soever it may be for some Italians. The British Legislature is that wherein, one would think, the proposal would first have been made to tax Italian grinding organs.

SUBMARINE OBSTRUCTIONS.

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Determine the structure of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and channels. The processes to exist for the defence of harbours and chann



THE COMPOUND HOUSEHOLDER AGAIN!

Mrs. Waring. "Well, Mum, my 'Usban' says if they Rates 'im, he 'll TAKE IT OUT IN RELIEF!!

PICTURES IN THE RIGHT PLACE.

LET Mr. Punch pay his tribute to an act of Christian kindness and true sympathy with suffering on the part of a brother artist, Mr. Absolon, who without money-payment has given three months of well-occupied time to the painting of ten pictures in distemper, for the decoration of one of the sick wards of Guy's Hospital.

well-occupied time to the painting of ten pictures in distemper, for the decoration of one of the sick wards of Guy's Hospital.

It is sad, from a sick bed, day after day, week after week, to have no choice for the weary eye between the blank white-washed walls before it, and the sufferings all around. To provide a pleasanter resting-place for the patients' ken in one of the wards of Guy's, Mr. Absolow has painted these pictures, scenes of pleasanty, bright, outdoor life—a fisherman's wife, watching on the beach for the return of her husband's boat; young men and maids tossing the tedded hay; gleaners coming home at eventide with their gathered sheaves; harvesters eating their mid-day meal in the shadow of the cat-stocks; a pair of English rustic lovers at a stile; a Sootch lad and lassie, he taking a thorn from her round arm—the suggestion is Burns's; a congregation gathering in an English village churchyard of the olden time; a brace of Swiss modeles in their hay-boat on the lake at the glacier foot; a group of Italian contadine gathered about the fountain—and as the central subject, summing up the thought which has inspired the series, the gentle figure of Mercy from the Pilprim's The pictures are of large dimensions, some nine or ten feet by six or seven, and executed boldly and broadly in distemper, in a material and style which will give the right effect for works to be hung some twenty-five feet from the floor, and viewed from the other allows of the broad and decorative kind, full of open-air brightness and sunshine, and, in their colour and treatment, as in their recitions, the fact that the decoration of subjects, well calculated to cheer and enliven those whose and and suffering hours they are meant to beguile. Why should not remark will be:—"Behold how English legislators kiss the rod!"

DOUBLE-ACTION.

(BY THE RIGHT HONOURABLE B. D'DISRAELI.)

As in harps so in men, again and again,
I've proved to my own satisfaction.—
And as far as effront'ry could prove to the country—
There's no secret like "DOUBLE ACTION."

If you want to progress, yet keep out of a mess, And hold place in defiance of faction, Adverse notions to burke, and consistency shirk, The secret is still DOUBLE ACTION.

If a man in a ship wants to make a clean trip From port to port, say does he tack shun? No, he first works to starboard, and then works to larboard, In fact he adopts DOUBLE ACTION.

In opinions or schemes still betwixt two extremes, Truth lies, and requires a transaction,
A touch of black, here, and a touch of white, there,
That is, in two words, DOUBLE ACTION.

Thus my weight I divide, one half on a side, So to balance the other's attraction. And, in media tutus, defy to confute us The fools who eschew DOUBLE ACTION.

VINEGAR FOR A ROCK.

WE noticed, with our usual chivalry, the new "Evange-lical" paper, the *Rock*. We also smiled at its ludicrous little picture. The smile has gone round, and the Journal has discovered an obliging correspondent:

""THE ROCK.—In reply to several correspondents who have de-murred at our choice of the emblem which adorns our pages, and which is intended to represent the rocky eminences of Ararat, which the Persians call 'the happy mountain,' from its having been the resting-place of the Ark, a friend vindicates its appropriatenes. He thinks that a more fitting emblem could scarcely have been chosen for The Rock, whose principles are those upon which alone the true Ark,' &c., &c.

We omit the profanity, and merely suggest that on the Rock's own showing, Ararat was a place on which a construction which had been quite done with was abandoned by wise folks who came out of it. Is that the Rock's notion of the Church of England?

the example Mr. Absolon has set be followed? — not, however, entirely at the cost of the artist, as in this case. Why should not some of the many, who at once love Art and feel for suffering, subscribe to have similar series of decorative pictures executed for other wards of other hospitals? Think of the delight that might other wards of other hospitals? Think of the delight that might thus be diffused at comparatively little cost; for those who wrought in such a cause would, we are very sure, be as liberal with their labour as those who commissioned them with their purses.

There are the men—Duncan, George Fripp, William Beverley, Teldin, John Gilbert, and scores beside—what need to enumerate them?—Who will take up our hint, and say to them, here is the work?

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i

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XIII.*

FLOATING CAPITAL.

WE must use our privilege as novelists, and leaving PIEL DORNION in enjoyment of his ill-gotten gains, return with lightning-thought speed to the Volcano Vills, buoyed upon the broad become of the mighty ocean.

While they were thus floating, the Lieutenant was sinking fast. NUTT held him up head down-



wards, beat his hands and feet with hair-brushes, spent hours upon him (as many as he could spare away from the necessary work of navigation) in applying the red-hot poker, as, he con-

* Note.—An influential minority of the Authors protest against this being the Thirteenth Chapter, it ought to have been a continuation of the Twelfth. Coinciding however with the majority in the main idea of the story, they yield upon this point.

year upon this point.

"a" The Editor compliments the influential minority upon the good feeling, forbearance, and gentlemanly tone which he hopes will prevent the occurrence of any contretemps likely to endanger the success of the thrilling novel now so favourably procressing.

Note.—Three Authors of the Company protest against this sudden end of the Lieutenant's career. They had taken a house in a quiet spot for the last month, on purpose to produce four most effective chapters, giving a detailed account of his lingering illness, the prescriptions, the weather, the angulah of his daughter, her song

fessed a last chance of stirring his fast numb-

ing extremities, all in vain.

Early in the morning of the fifth day at sea the Lieutenant was committed to an ocean grave. They interred him decently.

Nutr said as much of the prayer for the High Court of Parliament as he could recol-

lect from memory, and GRACE's clear ringing voice intoned an "Amen" whenever his recol-lection of the precise words failed him.

Then they sat down and wondered. Sad as was the Lieutenant's fate it was a providential occurrence, as the cold tea was coming rapidly to the last drop, and even as it was Nurr was obliged to limit their allowance of food to a of an half an inch of the remaining dry toast per diem for Miss GRACE's sustenance, and of the same for himself.

The Pangofflins becoming crafty were no longer to be allured by the saccharine bait which in spite of the ingenious remedies invented by NUTF for his recovery, had proved so fatal to the Lieutenant.

Within the last two days Grace March-mont had noticed a gradual change coming over the hitherto despised Boomerang.*

"His features are softening," said GRACE to herself, as she came upon him once fast asleep. "I trust it is no indication of the asleep.

His legs and hands caused her no small anxiety. "And this man," she thought, " is under-

going so much for me."

One morning she ventured to ask him if he could tell where they were now? "Where are we now?" he repeated, gently. "I think I can ascertain the precise

graphical charts as unfortunately for us are in the possession of the Admiralty officials in various parts of the world. Have you a thimble?"

She had three still in her workbox, and gave them to him, wondering to what use

he would adapt them.
"You see, Miss Marchmont, in this hand
I hold a small pellet formed of the dry toast,
which I shall subsequently consume for my

(by the musical Author who was staying with them), and finally his death, with a last dying speech and confession. On their coming up to town they find that he's been killed. "Sir (to the Editor) this is murder—murder most foul and most unnatural, and most unfair upon us who had been at such expense and trouble." Why not make him only in a trance and re-

trouble. Why not make him only in a trance and recovered by the sea-water !

Editor to the Above.—Gentlemen, you did not leave your address, and we were obliged to get on with the story. When the work is published in three volumes your admirably written chapters will form a valuable and agreeable addition to the literature of the country. But in the meantime, now you have come back to town, the Editor does hope that you 'll ohime in with the present arrangements, and further, that the good feeling, forbearance, and gentlemanly tone of all concerned, will prevent any contretunes occurring just when the work is progressing so favourably, and hourly rising in public estimation.

P.S. If the Musical Author will kindly look in be-

P.S. If the Musical Author will kindly look in be-tween 10 and 4, and sing his composition to the Editor and the Directors they will be delighted to hear it. It is really too good for print, and far above the heads of the general public.

"," Inquiries from Shareholders in the Sensa-tional Novel Company as to the Declaration of Divi-dends, &c., must be made to the Directors or the tional Noval Company are to the Directors or the Manager. The Shares are going up rapidly, and vary few remain to be disposed of to the public. The Editor has a few which he may be prevalled upon to part with by private contract.

The Editor begs to call the attention of the Artist to the gracious manner in which the literary gentlemen engaged on this chapter have strictly executed their part in the contract made in the last number, as to the "gradual change in the Boomang" ("tide previous notes). The Editor, welcomes this sign as one of unanimity and heartiness in coperation which will go far to complete the success already achieved. The other Artists engaged by the Company are requested to send in their works according to agreement.

breakfast. I will merely call upon you to observe that I have nothing concealed in my sleeve, and I need hardly remark that, situated as we are, I am in possession of no mechanical contrivances, no sort of springs, or false bottoms."

She bowed slightly, in token of acquiescence, and he proceeded.

I place this tany pellet upon your work-table, which I see stands sadly in need of repairing, and I hide it for one minute from your view by the simple process of covering it with one of the three thimbles with which you have kindly furnished me. Moving these rapidly from left to right, and again from right to left, I pause for a moment to ask you where, in your opinion, the little pellet of toast is at this moment concealed.

She considered. At length she replied, with evident hesitation, "Under the centre

He lifted up the thimble on the right aide. Underneath it lay the pellet.

He tried the experiment several times, and invariably with the same result, varied only by the situation of the toast-pellet in relation to her

I have taken this means, MISS MARCHMONT," he said, " to show you how difficult it is to pronounce with certainty upon the position of even so small an object as a toast pellet within a narrowly limited circumference, and therefore, by parity of reasoning, how magnified becomes the difficulty, when its subject is the exact position of two human units within the almost boundless circumference of the vast ocean."

She sat gazing upon him with her large eyes open, in almost childlike reverence of a character so gradually revealed—so new to her. Then she glanced downwards towards his feet. He interpreted her glance,

and answered it.

"They are sea-lega," he said. "I will make you a pair."

Presently he came up from below with a beaming face. I he
discovered our exact position." Grace looked at him inquiringly,

"We are." he said confidently, "Here!

"We are," he said confidently, "Here!"

It never occurred to her to doubt his assertion for one moment.

A week ago she would have resented his proffered opinion as an impertinent outrage.

That day they ate the last of the toast, and drank the remainder of the cold tea.

Towards evening Grace complained of an unsatisfied graving for nutritious food. The flight of the Pangofflins was indeed a loss.

Nurr sat silent for a few minutes. Then he turned to her.

"Will you play on the piano?" he asked.

"I cannot sing the old songs," she replied, "but I will comply with your request."

While she struck the few remaining notes, he was busy fashioning a pin into a hook-shape

Then he dropped his line into the sea.

"I have no bait," he said, "and your music is now our sole chance.
Play something catching."

A tremendous splash and a heave, which, as appeared to her, nearly capsized the frail tenement, caused her to leap from her music-stool in consternation.
"Ah!" ahe exclaimed in terror. "He has fallen overboard!"

CHAPTER XIV.

"TE CREDO, MEUS PUER!"

Paulus Bed/ordus, in the " Adelphi."

What feeling at her heart was it that sent the life's blood coursing from her face, that forced her to lean against a chair for support? HE was overboard.

Drowned, perhaps!

Neither. Do not be afraid," cried the voice of NUTT, reassuring her, " it is

Do not be arrand," cried the voice of Nurr, reassuring her, "it is a terrific looking monster, but he will not hurr you."

He had hooked and landed an enormous marine creature, which writhed in grotesque twistings as it opened its jaws, and flapped its fins and tails against the sides of the drawing-room.

"Oh, take him away, he will spoil the furniture," was the feminine cry which rose to her lips; but she immediately checked herself, and holding out her hand to Nurr, said smiling, "Forgive me, I am very foolish, I know." . I know

foolish, I know."

"We are indeed fortunate in securing such a prize as this, Miss Marchaom?" said Nurr, securing the creature from committing further acts of violence, by holding one of his antenne, nipped tightly in the forceps of the tongs. "It is the developed Shrimp of the Antipodes, and is known in Southern waters as The Colleen Prawn. Its fin is equal to the most savoury turtle, its flesh just over the ribs nearly approaches in flavour the delicate Southdown, the brain has all the qualities of the most plump partridge, while the "coral" which comes away in clusters, far excels the plover's eggs, and the tail is far superior to the ordinary apple-tart, upon which so much store is set in more northern climes. When stewed it distils from itself a delicious liquor, scientifically known as Shandegaf. Its presence here shows we liquor, scientifically known as Shandegaf. Its presence here shows we are not far from land.

He looked at her: her face was pale, and in another second she would have fallen to the ground but for his support.
"I have talked too much," he said, kindly. "You are hungry.

"I have talked too much," he said, kindly. "You are hungry." So saying he at once proceeded to cut from his new acquisition a piece of rich juicy meat. The fire was burning, (he had contrived to keep it perpetually alight, as he had only a few matches, which he knew could not be easily replaced), and placing the teapot upon it, he had in a few minutes cooked sufficient to serve for their meal. Then they sat down and at heartily. It was like pork-chops.

After the dinner they drank from the thimbles a portion of the Prawn's Shandeers which indeed was hardly less strong than a liqueur.

Then they suffered from indigestion. But neither spoke of their sufferings to the other. So they sailed on for three hours. Grace was the first to arouse herself.

"If we are so near land, would it not be possible to see it? But."

If we are so near land, would it not be possible to see it? But," she immediately added, fancying that NUTT was hurt by the insinuation, we have no telescope.

NUTT, from whose face all traces of the Boomerang native were fast disappearing, a looked quickly round.

She watched his movements eagerly. He seized the drawing-hearth broomstick, which could be lengthened or shortened at will, and wrenching off the brash end, pulled it out to its full length, and applied it to his eye.

Gazes was in ecstasies. It was indeed just like a telescope. He then explained to her how a glass with water in it possessed magnifying properties, and one without water did not. The first, a tumbler half filled with sea-water, he fixed on the larger end, the bandle; the other, a wine-glass partially filled, he attached at right angles to the smaller end where the brush had formerly been.

With this instrument he reconnoitred, for some time unsuccessfully. At length a loud shout escaped him.

We cannot be far distant from the coast of Benicia," he cried. She clasped her hands in expectant agitation.

Through the large end I distinguish the shape of a buoy. On it

is some writing. They have only one of this sort to mark the ship line off the Benecia coast, and as I read it—" he began to spell "B. E.—" She waited in agony.
"It is," he cried. "It is-

THE BENICIA BUOY!

At that moment one of the fearful Atlantic waves, which had for the ast five hundred miles been collecting for one vast effort its gigantic force suddenly-

* In fulfilment of the agreement between the Authors and Artists. Most honour-

Note. - The Authors who have undertaken the PIEL DORNTON part of the present Mot.—The Authors who have undertaken the Pies Domwon part of the present tale—that is as appears to then the really interesting and sensational portion—want to know how long it is before they are to some on again. What the (usd word emitted by Editor) do the public care about voyages and travels, and all that sort of thing, what they want is the backbone of the tale, the thrilling pief. The adversard Authors further present their compliments to the Editor, and bag to state that if their Pies. Dourston, &c., Chapters in continuation do not appear in the next issue of the periodical they will at once produce it in a separate form in another magazine as The Barney Stone, the principal character being Pies. Donron.

* The Editor to the above — All right—yours shall appear in next number. I ver read it—it's excellent. I think where you make —— fall into the ? * ? * and * * * * hangs on to the ? * ? * * * the admirable. In the meantime the Editor does hope that the good feeling, forberance, and guathemanly tone of all concerned will prevent any contratens occurring just as the work is progressing so very favourably.

very favourably.

(To be continued.)

SOMETHING MORE FROM OUR ARTIST.

To the Editor of " Chikkin Hazard,"

DEAR SIR, THE drawing sent herewith requires some little explanations. I have again, as you see, chosen a subject for illustration out of the depths of my own conscionaneas. None of the incidents mentioned in the MS. are pictorial; moreover, I did not receive the MS. in time; moreover, when I did receive it I could not make it out, on account

of the numerous erasions and corrections by different hands.

On the other hand it struck me that GRACE and the Boomerang must occasionally have found the time hang rather heavily on their hands; and I have tried to show how the Boomerang, being a man of many parts and possessed of varied and delightful accomplishments, was able to divert Grace's mind from her peculiarly painful position (on the roof of the ark).

Faithfully yours. Faithfully yours,

GASTON DE MALALEIL.

P.S. I have put them in evening costume, to show that in spite of their forlors position, they still preserve their self-respect and cling to the habits of good society. The bird is intended for a tame pangofflin; the pangofflin is a variety of the spoonbill, at least so my ornithologist tells me. It feeds on lettuce, mustard and creas, bestroot, &c., with the usual dressing; the peculiar construction of its bill is, according to my ornithologist, a splendid practical illustration of Mr. Darwin's well-known theories on the origin of species.

G. Dr. M.



VERY LIKELY.

"Now, Sie, if he does Anything you don't Like, give him a jolly good Leathering."

SMALL BEER SAMMY.

AIn-" Champagne Charlie."

A LINEMDRAPER'S shopman, I go in for a fast life,
But shouldn't mind a gal with lots of tin to be my wife.
Our business 'ouse is splendid, but our people are so near,
They won't allow us nothin't to drink stronger than small beer.
So Small Beer Samm is my name,
Small Beer Samm is my name,

So Small Beer SAMMY Is my name, Small Beer SAMMY is my name; Still I'm good for getting tight, my boys, Still I'm good for getting tight, my boys, Who'll come and have a pint with me!

Oh, if I could afford to come it strong and cut it fat,
Then I'd go to the Derby with a veil around my 'at.
Champagne corks poppin' round my 'ead 'ow prime 'twould be to 'ear.
Meanwhile at this establishment our potion is small beer. Small Beer SAMMY, &c.

I know the odds, and all the 'aunts of betting men frequent, 'On Saturday 'alf.'olidays, as I 'm a sporting gent.

Although I ain't accustomed for to mix with prince and peer, I gamble in a small way as I likewise drink small beer.

Small Beer Sammy, &c.

When in luck's way and flush of cash I take a great delight In going to the Music Halls, and so I spend the night. None of your horatorios so solemn and severe! The last new comic song for me, myself who sing small beer, Small Beer Sammy, &c.

Now, gents, let's 'ave a spree, come, fill your glasses to the brims! This, this is beer brewed under swipes; some bumpkins call it "sims," Because it "seems" malt liquor; oh my eye 'ow wery queer! "Sims" is the draught for Samur, which is also called Small Beer. Small Beer Samur, &c.

"THE QUESTION OF THE HOUR."-What o'clock is it?

ARISTOCRATIC MOUTHFULS MINCED.

MR. PUNCH,

You have read divers notices of a Book entitled Charlie Villars at Cambridge. A word on the name of VILLARS.

First, let me remind you that the names of our Aristocracy are not all pronounced as they are spelt. In verse, for instance, if Mr. Close were to write:

Behold two persons of the higher ranks, CHOLMONDELEY beside MARJORIBANKS,

his lines would not scan. Of course the Laureate (to the King of Bonny) is incapable of such a mistake. His muse, however, might (for a due consideration) express herself thus, with metrical pro priety :-

Extensive as the world is Cho'n'LEY's fame; And MABJ'BANKS is a man of equal name.

A poem in heroic measure, but cockney dialect might contain such a couplet as this :-

ABERGAVENNY in the Park I sor, A ridin alongside of GROSVENOR-

-but its prosody would be incorrect. To square that with propriety of utterance, a metropolitan bard would have to make those two names read thus :-

You'll own that ABERG'ENNY'S no mean cove, nor Less of a swell will you consider GRO'VENOR.

Or, here is an epigram which I imagine to be at least euphonious-GRO'VENOR one day exclaimed, "In for a penny."
"In for a pound," responded ABERG'ENNY.

Now, Sir, with respect to the name of VILLARS I have to ask you whether that it is not an orthographical mistake? I have heard some people so pronounce a name spelt otherwise, and I want to know whether it is nobbish or snobbish to say, VILLARS for VILLIARS. As heir to a rich uncle, I expect shortly to move in high society, and am anxious to be able to clip all my words correctly and No MISTAKE.

P.S. What do you say to DANIEL, pronounced DAN'L!

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"HA! WHARE YE GAUN, YE CRAWLIN' FERLIE!



ERILY, some very harmless and well meant utterances by the DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE at the Highland Dinner have, we perceive from the London Scotsman (a capitally man-Scotman (a capitally managed paper, by the way) aroused the patriotic rage of one W. Burns, who scolds the poor Duke for talking of "Englishmen," and who declares that the Scotch are not Englishmen, and have never been conquered, and all the rest of it. As the DUKE'S genius, even with GENERAL FORSTER to apt it, may not be up to he work of scrunching a lery Scot, we beg leave to set his Royal Highness. Let him tell the Scotch that Lef him tell the Scotch that they are English, and that they have been conquered, and that they give a remarkable proof of subjugation. Their coun extraordinary dialect is good enough for their ordinary purposes, but they read the English Bible, and perform all their religious services in English. They are ashamed to use They are ashamed to use their "Dorie" in a place

of worship. Give 'em that, DUKE, and not Cambridge butter.

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XV.

THE SYREN'S VOICE.

PIEL DORNTON had calculated his chances eleverly; perhaps too cleverly, for it is so difficult for a sharp man of the Dornton stamp to avoid being just a thought too clever for himself. He stretches out avoid being just a thought too clever for nimett. He stretches out his arm to gain his object, but having griped the coveted possession, he overbalances himself and falls. The Rev. Pier Dornow had not yet fallen, but was he overbalancing himself? This was a question for the business conclave which met behind the glass doors in the Banking House of Cherk, Diss, Count & Co., the great Benicia Agents.

Their decision was that the papers in their hands were correct, and they could find no reason for disputing the legality of the several instruments.

So Prat Dornton was cringed to, and bowed to, and fawned upon by the Benicians, and visiting cards from the wife of the Lord High Admiral, and the Bishop's Lady, down to the last importation into Benician salons, were showered in at the doors and windows of Phlebosco Palace, now the residence of the fortunate clergyman. On the tenth day after the disappearance of Volcano Villa with its

living freight, it became painfully evident that the Lieutenant and GRACE had ceased to exist.

The RRV. PIEL DORWTON invited the inhabitants to a Masqued Ball, and he himself, as Cupid, was the gayest, and apparently the most light-hearted of all that merry, chattering, brilliant crowd.

"You are so satirical," said LADY ANNA DOMINO, removing her mask in order the more easily and gracefully to apply her lace-embroidered mouchoir to her aristocratically-chiselled nose, a custom which the highly refined though somewhat artificial Benicians invalinhed that the accessions such as we are describing.

riably adopt on occasions such as we are describing.

"Not to you," murmured Pret, looking into her full hazel eyes, whose lids were gradually lowered under his steady gaze.

"But you love some one else," she whispered, turning away her

head.
"No; on my soul, no," exclaimed Dornron, passionately. The sound of the waltz came fitfully through the doors.

She was a handsome woman, Liady Anna, and she knew it. Through life, ever since her early impulsive marriage with the dissolute Size Falsenows Domino, (who, cribit des dettes, had died, leaving her his entire property) her experience among men of the world had been of the soni, vidi, vici order

charmer, to be charmed at last? Had she, who had made even women's natural enemies, the serpents, dance to her piping, at length found the serpent who was to pipe to her dancing? Where was the fascination? Or was it he who was fascinated after all?

Or was it he who was fascinated after all?

He watched her lying at full length upon the snow-white ottoman beneath the overhanging fuchsias and dainty jessamines; he watched her as she arranged her pink satin dress with its drapery of society astique, trimmed with the rarest embrocation, seldom applied, except, as now, externally, and he smiled as she threw herself back, reclining upon the damask pillows. A coronet of diamonds, each separate stone far exceeding the koh-i-noor, sparkled in her dark hair; rings flashed and coruscated again and again, lighting her taper fingers; small tinkling bells, Benician fashion, sounded from her sandals as she pressed the drawing room pile, or shock her feet twinklings, over the edge of the drawing-room pile, or shook her feet twinklingly, over the edge of the fusiess. Torches of naphtha (for PIEL Doundow year the egg of the fusiess. Torches of naphtha (for PIEL Doundow years) and their soft light upon her, and upon the cream-like and rosy tints of the cold frozen ice and small thin wafer cake which she had taken for her refreshment in that pale voluptuous hand.

"I wonder," she said, after a little pause, "where Banbury Cross

"Do not talk the world's cant to me," said PIRL DORNTON, suddenly rising and violently kicking over the ormole tables, the lamps, the chairs, and the bigger ornaments in the room. "I know you—beautiful mayou are, I know you." He stood by the mantel-piece glaring upon there. Her eyes looking up, met his, and she listened intently. She had never seen him in this mood before. "Tell me," he said, calmly, yot with firm determination as he flung the velvet stool through the window, "Tell me, why am I here?"

For one nament she, the conqueror, the syren who loved so many to their destruction, feit how she had been trapped, caged, caught.

PIRL DORNTON rose from the hearth, and coming towards her, clasped her waist in his iron grasp. She was powerless in his hand, and suffered herself to be carried into the ball-room like a child.

The Bishop was bringing the festival to a close by leading the last dance, which, as is the Benician custom, has something in it of the religious element and of the action of worship; the entire movement has its own possibility music, and is dedicated to one of the Island's

has its own posuliar music, and is dedicated to one of the Island's patron saints, St. Vitus—the other patron being the guardian of Hospitality, namely St. Invite-us.

PIEL DORNTON forced LADY ANNA to kneel down, as his ecclesiastical superior removed from his face the white and red colours which had served him for a temporary diagnise during the Masque.
"My Lord," exclaimed Piel, seizing the Bishop's hand, "She will have been with the my wife."

be my wife."

"Bene oo nunquam!" said the good Bishop, piously. "Fecisti tu unquam!"

PIEL took a ring from the finger of the fainting LADY ANNA, and was preparing to repeat the usual formula after the Bishop, when a slight rustling was heard in the crowd, and a black figure, closely hooded but with two brilliant eyes piercing through the apertures of her mask, stepped forward. On one arm she supported what was apparently a large oblong shaped bundle.

The disengaged hand she stretched out, and before the bystanders could prevent her

CHAPTER XVI.

'OTE 'OTOH XATT;

"Handed to Donwron a letter.
"Who brought this?" he cried, when he had read it. No one could tell him. It was a black-hooded mask, and she had gone, silently, as she had come.

LADY ANNA fainted, and was carried insensible to a fountain, in whose sparkling basin she was tenderly deposited, in the hopes that the cold fresh water would revive her.

"Who will take a measure for year?" puttered Donney to him.

"Who will take a message for me?" muttered DORNTON to him-self, confusedly, "Is there no one I can send?"

As if in answer to his half-spoken thought, a voice from the throng around hissed shrilly, "Me vil."

"Who spoke?" asked DORNTON. A small form emerged from the crowd. It was the bundle which the Mysterious Mask had on her arm : a child.

"How old are you?" asked Dornton.
"Fourteen months and a half," was the ready answer.
"The emissary for my purpose," said Prez to himself. "A bold bad man cannot act alone; he needs an instrument, a tool; rarely do bold bad men find such an one present to their hand as did PIRL DORNTON

You know the town well?" he inquired, before handing him the note. "Vev vel," answered the infant.

"DITTHON; but they called me LITTLE BILLER."
Had not the ears of PIEL DORNTON been careless to their own good, he would have recognised in the infaut's lisping accents the name of And now, what was this had suddenly come over her? Was she, the DEXON, and he would in all probability have called to mind the mother's d

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words in the garden, uttered only a few short days ago, "Down comes the Cradle, The Baby . . . AND ALL!" But he heeded not signs and sounds which might have saved him

even then.

"Take the letter, BILLEE," he said, and gave it to the boy.

"Largethe," urged the child, extending its hand.

"He means Largesse," observed a bystander.
DORNOW regarded him curiously for a moment.

"We have met before," he said.

"We have met before," he said.

The child's clear upward gaze brought no distinct time or place to his memory, and so dismissing the matter from his thoughts, he threw the urchin a piece of money, and waving back the curious crowd, he pressed his brows over his hat, and bidding them look to the comfort of the Lady Anna, strode from the ball-room, and scattering the pampered menials right and left, touched a secret spring in the wall, which, turning on a pivot, allowed him to pass through, and instantaneously closed behind him.

"At this moment?" he muttered, abaking his clenched fist in impotent rage towards the starry firmament. "To send to me now? But no matter!"

rage towards the starry firmament. "To send to me now? But no matter!"

Here he thrust his hand into his open vest, and smiled with bitter seem as he continued, "She shall be mine. Had I risked so much to stop short of my object now? First Donardon, there is a devil luring thee. What care 1? Devil or angel to night decides her fate and mine, perhaps, for ever. So that is well," he said, as he drew a twelve-shooter from his pocket, and examined the priming. "This will enforce, when arguments and esjoleries fail." He trifled with the weapon for a few minutes, firing it off, loading and releading, aiming at a tree while running, until he appeared satisfied with his own prefesency. Then he paused. What was that? a rustle? He fixed into the bushes. With a scream like that of a child, a wild cat bounded forth and was lost to sight in the surrounding glaom.

FIRL DONARDON, who was an excellent shot, fired again, and the animal fall mortally wounded. "Bah!" exclaimed Pier Donardon, "This is folly. I have many miles to walk ero I reach her house, I thust he done to night—to night! I have aworn it, and it shall be done." He turned out of the public path, and took his way by the Black Pine Wood. Alone.

As he disappeared among the arboriferous productions of a beneficent Nature, a small form emerged from behind a bush, and atole cautionaly into the deep darkness of the night.

The diminuity watcher was searching for something. At last be atopped, and examined what appeared to be a shapeless bundle of white fur.

"In my power now," said the strange being to itself, "and be wanted."

"In my power now," said the strange being to itself, "and be wanted."

"In my power now," said the strange being to itself, "and he wanted to know it we'd met before. Yeth, Mithtel Dornton, and we'll meet again thoon. Ha! Thee!"

The clouds breaking allowed the moon to send her strong bright white light upon the ground, bringing out a tall retreating shadow.

Concealing himself from the receding pedestrian's view by crouching within the deep shade of the shadow-head, and moving on hands and feet evenly with it. LATTLE BLUEK (for he it was as our readers may

within the deep shade of the spacewhead, and moving on hands and feet evenly with it, LITILE BILLER (for he it was as our readers may have already guessed) closely followed him, dogging his footsteps.

So they descended the hill. One bent on his own cruel selfish purpose, utterly unconscious of the other; the latter with all the concentrated hate and auspicion of an infant's nature, pursuing steadily and

ore and one only the thought crossed him that a struggle was inevitable, and he clutched his coral more firmly, and hushed the jingling silver bells, which, sounding nournfully in the night wind, fell on PIEL DORNTON'S ear as a warning knell; but he heeded it not, and in his pride and false security strode onward to his fate.

The Benician Island was fulled in repose as PIEL DORNTON crossed

the Common

The sound of silent steps following him cautiously; anrely; onward. Onward. Down the Hill. Aye, Down the Hill.

To the Directors, from the Authors forming the Senzational Novel Company Limited.

Gentlemen,—It is with sincere regret that we feel ourselves compelled by the strictest sense of duty towards each other, of our mutual interdependency. (*, * This word admitted by a majority, and this bracket interted in justice to the minority) to address you upon a subject which effects in the highest degree the well-being of the Company, the literary status of the gentlemen contributors, both Authors and Artists, the health of the Editor [inserted by me—Ed.] and the taste of the general public. Gentlemen, according to the published articles of this Company [Vide No. 1891 of this Journal for Masch 7, 1862, page 105.—Ed.] the Directors, the Authors, and the Editor, only and solely, individually, and collectively, separately and each for himself or for others associated with him, reserve to himself, to herself (*, * An thinself or for others associated with him, reserve to himself, to herself (*, * An to note as "they," the aforesaid, "may deem necessary for the clear explanation of the novel, the benefit of the public at large, and their mutual protection." Now, Gentlemen, we, the undersigned and aforesaid, do beg to call your attention to the constant breaches of this stipulated agreement from time to time on the part of the EDITOR, in conjunction with one of the gentleman recently coming out of his smbush, and signing himself Gaston de Malsicell, which we believe is not his name, [*, * Yes it in.—Ed.], which aforesaid breach of agreement consists in the Artist being allowed to issue his own notes—not, the 2000er a stop is put to her the better.

with even then questionable taste, through the Editor and under his plume,—but as one of the notes to the tale of Chikkin Heared, in which he disparages our combinations, disputes our conclusions, and finally with a transparent apology, ventures to draw upon his own resources for an illustration to his own puerile invention. Gentlemen, we demand the immediate dismissal of the Editor, and that a severe reprimand be conveyed to the Artist. If our demand is not instantly compiled with, we resign. (Signed by the insjority of the Authors, and for the rest.)

The Directors to the Artibers.—Gentlemen, we can only repeat that we have the greatest confidence in the Editor's discretion, we leave the matter entirely in his bands, feeling sure that we can carry on the Company with the present novel to a mest successful issue, aided only by the minority who did not sign the recent manifests.

Bivestors to Editor.—Can't you make capital out of this alight fracas, and puff the novel? Thus: have a bill out headed "Dismissal or the Editor (Phis nat. Frankful Scene between An ARTIST and An AUTHOR engaged on the Great Novel of CHIKKIN HAZARD." Fuff it, sir, puff it.

Editor to Directors.—It's your business to puff it. Do it: only don't play tricks with sayname, as I am advised that an action for libel will lie.

with sepasmo, as I am salvined that an action for libel will lie.

Editar to the Authors.—In allusion to the above difference which has unfortunately arisen between the liberary and artistic gentlemen connected with the publication of this anistracity written and tensity distributed novel, the Editor feels assured that the misuanderstanding isoff the most trivial and temporary nature, and that, as far as he is personally concerned, he is certain that with the courteous snewer of the Directors the affair will be brought at ones to a happy termination.—he, as Editor, explaining to them, that as he helds as meany paid-up shares, and also his present position, by distinct written and samped agreement with the Directors, in return for having promoted the Company, it will be impossible for him to yield to their demand for bis disminant without gross injustice to himself, and therefore he is willing to go so far as to promise that no noise from the Artists shall be admitted henceforth as genuine unless counterigued by him, the Editor; and finally, he does nost six except loop that he may trust to the good feeling, forbearance, and gentlemanly tens of all concerned to prevent any contributes progressing so favourably.

From Serm of the Authors.—The explanation is satisfactory. But in allusion to the

progressing so favourably.

From Some of the Authors.—The explanation is satisfactory. But in allusion to the letter signed Gaston de Malainsil, we wish to know who seet the telegrams to the Artist about the picture? The telegraph bey who was sent backwards and forwards has not received a single sixpane. His mother, a most respectable person, has called to day to prefer a charge against nine gentlemen for cruelty in overworking the last. Justice, Site, to the agad mother.

Editor's Note.—The Directons will see to this. The other Artists are now preparing their blocks, so Gentlemen, pany age to myth, your thrilling story, as I am dying to know whether the Boomerang does turn out to be ——, ske if Prin Donryow ultimately —— as I supposed, and so can to the end. Once again, the above difficulties being perfectly smouthed and everything sattled, let me press upon you most strongly that the Editor dees hope that the continuation of the good feeling, for-beaunce, and gentlemanly time of all concerned will prevent any controllems consuring just as the work is progressing so favourably.

ANOTHER SMASH FOR SPIRITUALISTS.

THANKS in a great measure to the jokes of Mr. Panch, the spirits have left off their concert-giving lately. But how easy it would be to copy their performances will be seen from what PROFESSOR TYNDAL has disclosed, in one of his late interesting Lectures upon Sound :-

"There is practically no limit to the distance through which sound may be transmitted through tubes or rods of wood. The music of instruments in a lower room may be made to pass to a higher floor, where it is excited by a proper sounding-beard, being all the while inaudible in the intermediate floors through which it masses "

The spirits, we repeat, have not been musical of late, or at any rate their concerts have not been widely advertised. Still, as their performances may ere long be resumed, for gulls as well as geese are very plentiful in England, it may be worth our while to notice that without the aid of spirits, sounds may be conveyed from one room to another, as easily as a waiter could convey that of a codflab. If a guitar or an accordion were played upon down-stairs the sounds might be transmitted by the help of wooden tubes to the apartment where the spirits were holding their stance, and thus might wondrously astonish the weak minds of the andience. weak minds of the audience.

FANCY BY FRIAR TUCK.

YE merle that ys soe black of winge, Hard by ye garden bowre, A ryght good song in sooth dothe singe After ye April showre.

Now, wherefore ys hys songe soe swete, Hys grace hee singeth after meate For slugge and fat lobbe-worme.

A Groundless Alarm.

As it is probable that in the course of future Irish Church debates, extending over a long reries of years, the question of doing away with "Ministers' Money" will arise, to quiet the fears of aspiring Viceroys, Secretaries, &c., it should be explained that there is no intention of abolishing the salaries of Her Majesty's Government, in Ireland, or

IMMEDIATE .- If "The Girl of the Period" is as she is represented,



"QUALIFICATIONS."

Painter (who has always been ambitious of "writing himself down an R.A."). "Think they might have Elected me, having Exhibited and had my Name down all these Years! I might have—"

Priend (Man o' the World). "My dear Fellow, I've always told you, you don't go the Right Way to Work. You see they could only Elect you for your Painting, for — why do you wear such Thick Boots ?!!"

ALEXANDRA'S OFFERING TO ERIN.

AIR-" The Four-leaved Shawrock

"I've found this four-leaved shamrock, beside a fairy well,
Take, Erin, take the charmed growth, and let it work its spell."
To giver and receiver it brings blessing from above;
The letters on its leaflets make the legend, TRUTH and LOVE.
And that 's a spell diffuses a magic all around,
And clothes with bud and blossom the hardest hungriest ground.

To the fairy-well it grew by two streams run side by side, One from TRUTH'S bitter fountain, one from LOVE'S sweet spring

supplied,
But round about the margin sharp shards and flints were piled,
And thistles thorns and nettles grew stinging rank and wild.
And if any water struggled through those stones and weeds to day
'Twas now the bitter, now the sweet, that forced its separate way.

And ever and anon came they who filled their pipkins full From the bitter stream for Erin, who thereat wry mouths would pull,

And turn away to them that drew of Love's stream warm and sweet, Though if quaffed by truth untempered it un-nerved head, hands, and feet.

While if one stooped to clear the stones and pluck the weeds away Thousands of eager hands opposed, of clamorous tongues shrieked "Nay!"

Until at last there came the hour, and with the hour, the man Who set at naught opposing bands, nor heeded shriek nor ban. But thrust the hard and heaped-up stones and stinging growths saide, And made way for those parted rills henceforth in one to glide: So letting warm attemper cold, and bitter season sweet, That the waters mixed were cordial, whereof each was poison, neat.

And where these streams first mingle for blessing and for boon, And ripple golden to the sun, and silver to the moon

This four-leaved shamrock hange its head the sister founts above—
And proclaims upon its leaflets its nurses TRUTH and LOVE.
And who should bind on Erin's brow and in Erin's pathway strew
Those leaves, but ALEXANDRA, the Loving and the True?

WHINE AND WATER.

Rum parties—we beg pardon for naming rum—we mean queer persons are these Temperance Apostles. "Drinking ought to be made difficult instead of easy," writes SIR Edward Sullivan, "every legal hindrance should be put in the way of procuring drink." What a pity that we can't go to the fountain head, and indict Nature for hanging her wealth of grapes where they can most easily be picked. Had Nature been a Sullivan, she would have hung these wine fruits on the top of the Wellingtonia piyantea, instead of putting them close to the hand, as if to contradict SIR Edward's creed. No, Irish baronet darling, punish the man who makes another drunk, punish the man who sells bad liquor, punish the man who gots drunk, but free Vintaers and a Free Vintage for a jovial yet rational Englishman. Your ancestor was Clerk of Cork, and his descendant should not break Bottles.

Over Indulgence.

MR. GLADSTONE is almost too liberal to the Irish Church. Not only would he respect vested interests, but in his anxiety to give compensation to those young gentlemen who have been brought up in the expectation of good livings, he is willing also to provide for vestmented interests.

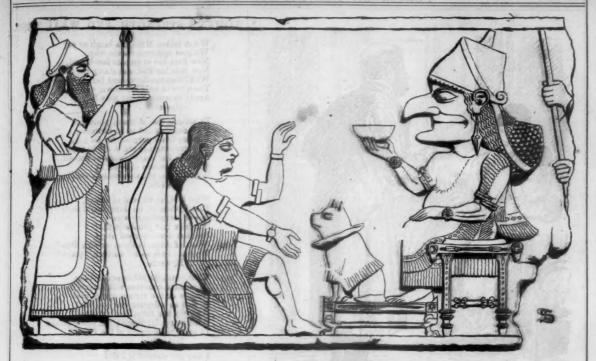
THE SPIRIT OF THE AGE.-Gin.



ALEXANDRA'S OFFERING TO ERIN.

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FAC-SIMILE OF A CURIOUS BAS-RELIEF

RECENTLY DISCOVERED IN THE SHED AT THE BESTISH MUSEUM.

A PLEA FOR THE POLICE.

WHEN Mr. Punch next takes the chair at any public dinner, he probably will startle some old fogies in the company by making an addition to the usual list of toasts. After doing honour to the Army and the Navy and "Our Gallant Volunteers," Mr. Punch will fill a special bumper to the health of the Police. They may fitly now be classed among our national defenders; and, indeed, the many dangers they encounter in our service entitle them most thoroughly to have their health proposed whenever public toasts are drunk. Knocked down, and kicked and stamped upon with heavy hobnailed boots, and bonneted and bludgeoned, and beaten black and blue—to all this our Policemen are well nigh as well used as the cels were said to be to skinning; and, in addition to all this, they have of late been shot at, and have served under fire as bravely as any of our troops.

For encountering these perils, and for the weary work of ten hours, daily watching in the streets, the wage is nineteen shillings weekly, with a hope by slow degrees to earn six shillings more. The man who rises to be sergeant, as not one in ten can do, will get eight-and-twenty shillings weekly for his work; and, what his qualities must be, the following will show:—

"To enter the police as constable a man must tring a long and unimposechable."

"To enter the police as constable a man must bring a long and unimpeachable character for honesty, industry, sobriety, intelligence, and good temper. . An able constable who is offered a Bergeant's vacancy has to go through an educational examination which, ten years ago, would have broken half the Civil Service candidates. The arithmetic and writing he has to do are, perhaps, in these days not thought so dreadful as they used to be, but he has to draw out hypothetical cases of police charges, and to give answers in writing to such cases, stating whether he would detain or liberate prisoners under such and such chroumstances, and his reasons in writing for or against."

Plenty to do and little to get is evidently now the rule in the Police Force, and one is not surprised to learn that "the matter is becoming one of chronic discontent." Skindints may contend that while the ranks continue full, there surely is no need to proffer higher pay. But men who are not skindints will not let their eyes be, blinded by a short-sighted economy, and will have the wisdom

"To look at three things—1st, that the police service now requires a much higher class of men than was thought necessary when they started as watchmen in 1830; and, that the growth of the force has by no means kept pace with the growth of the metropolis they have to guard; 3rd, that 19s. a week now is not much more than equal to 14s. a week forty years ago. The deduction is obvious. Not only must the force be increased, but the pay must be such as to induce good men to enter, and, above all, when entered, to remain in the service. Entering the police force should,

in its pay and future rewards, be held out as an object of ambition to able and re-spectable men, and not regarded, as it is now by the most intelligent constables, as a mere resource against want, to be retained only till something better presents theel?"

With ruffianism rampant, and Fenianism scarce squelched, and robberies with violence still frequent in our streets, it will hardly be denied that we have urgent need of a strong army of Police. There is little to be gained by being stingy in the matter, except the chance of a picked pocket or a broken head; and skinflints who object to increasing the Police rates, if they find themselves garotted, may be told it serves them right.

A TERRIBLE STREET IMPROVEMENT.

MY DEAR MR. PUNCH,

MY DEAR MR. PUNCH,

I WATTE with mingled horror, surprise and indignation to inform you that the other day, as I was walking down Park Lane, I saw a large steam-roller at work upon the roadway! There was a crowd of starers round it, as though it were a Dodo or a Plesiosaurus, or some other prædiluvian and now sone-extant monster. Viewing it myself as a proof of the levelling spirit of the age, I own the sight of it excited in me pangs of grief and terror. "Stare super, astiquas vias" is the maxim I admire, and I hate new fangled notions of what some call "street improvements." Especially I hate to see true Britons condescending to take lessons from the French, as in this matter of street-rolling. Far better let our carriages be knocked about and splintered in the good old-fashioned way, and our bones be bumped, and bruised, and battered as they used to be, than degrade ourselves by copying those confounded foreigners, and by driving on smooth roads which may lead us to destruction. Steam-rollers, to my thinking, must end in revolutions, and if we Frenchify our streets we shall soon see barricades in them. soon see barricades in them.

I remain, Sir, yours in some alarm, ONE OF THE OLD SCHOOL.

P.S. Nothing is safe nowadays. The Irish Church is threatened—Saint Paul's will go ere long, and Windsor Castle follow it—while the regalia at the Tower, being useless in a Commonwealth, will be pawned or put to auction to reduce the national debt.

FREIS AGERTAND.—OUR Landlord, who is miserly, is envious of the Metropolitan Board of Works, because they heard up so much property.



A SUBTERFUGE!

Papa. "A LETTER FROM YOUR BROTHER, LOUISA-DECLINES TO STAND GOD-FATHER TO THAT DEAR CHILD; SAYS HE ISN'T A RITUALIST! NOW, DID YOU

WOMAN'S STRENGTH AND WEAKNESS.

WHAT makes MIRANDA laugh or cry Without apparent reason why, Now fixes her in spasms fast bound, Now bids her kick and stamp the ground, While standers-by around her close.
These try to hold her down, and those
Apply ammonia to her nose?
Hysteria.

By what is she, at times, possessed With cunning not to be expressed, Whence to no purpose, for no gain, All sorts of things she's apt to feign? What, in her, feigns, without her will, Almost all modes of being ill, Which baffle, oft, the doctor's skill? Hysteria.

What is it, as we read at school, That Pythoness, on three-legg'd stool, Out of her ordinary wits Did drive into prophetic fits?
She that is measurised obeys
What influence, in these modern days?
What in the female "medium" plays? Hysteria.

What cause the softer sex inclines To maudin converse with divines? Whence do the various clergy bear So vast an influence o'er the fair? Whereby has Ritualism increased? What works for Rome; has never ceased To serve the purpose of the Priest? Hysteria.

I may get married if I find A maiden suited to my mind, One that would be, with ornament That pleased her husband's eye, content. Should such an one my fancy seize, Heaven I shall beg, upon my knees, To avert from her that dire disease, Hysteria.

A PAGE ALWAYS GROWING.—The Page of History.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY LORD JOHN MANNERS.

To the Editor of Punch.

SIR, I Takes in Pract reglar—upon my word—so beg you'll lend the assistance of yer powerful pen to turn out the present obnoctious Government. Pil give you a specimen of ow they're bin interferin with a most promisin commercial enterprise. If you won't believe me, veil then read the Pall Mall Gasette vere the facts is related—only in an unvorthy and ostile spirit to the aggrieved Party.

an unvorthy and ostile spirit to the aggrieved Party.

A gent in this vicinnity—a very intimate friend of mine—come into possession of them two lanes leading to the Roehampton Gate, or Paget's Gate, as 'tis sometimes called, of Richmond Park, along with other property earabouts vich he vanted to improve. The lanes ad bin, up to then, open to the public on sufferance; to all foot passengers and to aitch carriage people as ad the right of ongtray. They was considered pretty sequestered lanes, green and flowery and all that, with daisy and buttercup medders about 'em, oss chesnuts in bloom at the proper season, and sich. Along a bank at the side of one of 'em growd flowers vich I'm told was vild strawberries, but is now done away with by the improvement of the Main Drainage.

Now ven this ere cove, this partickler friend of mine, set old of this

way with by the improvement of the Main Drainage.

Now ven this ere cove, this partickler friend of mine, got old of this ere property, thinks he, "It would be a capital spec to set up toll gates at the hentrances of them two lanes, and obarge so much an ead for everybody vantin to go them ways into Richmond Park."

Accordinly vat does he do but starts a joint-stock concern, under the name of "The Clarence Roads Company (Limited)," and puts up, at the openins into the lanes from Rochampton and Sheen, notices statin that for the future the Public (except them as vas duly privileged) vould be altogether excluded from them there ways to the Park.

Vereupon vat d'ye think that LORD JOHN MANNERS goes and does?

"As Safe as a He writes my friend vord as the Paget Gate of the Park was open notion, of insecurionly on condition that the public vas allowed free way to it by them the Irish Church.

lanes, and, if that was in any vay restricted, he'd shut up the gate. Vy, it's only 100 yards from my friend's ouse, and the nearest other gate at Sheen is 3 miles off by an ard dusty road!

A crueller trick vas never played at a cove's expense. me ow my feelins was urt vunce in my early days by an artless impos-ter vat sold me an old goodfornothin vescat for two shilling by avin put, to seem as if it had bin left, in the pocket a farthin vitch I thought vas arf a sovrin.

Sir, if yer doesn't turn out Dizzy and his ole lot, anyow, I opes yer'll insist upon his dischargin that Chief Commissioner of Vorks of his'n, that LORD JOHN MANNARS, by vich, with the despotic power vat he vields with sich an eye and, a cove—I von't name no names—as bin regularly FLUMMUXED.

Clarence Villa, April 1, 1818.

"The Parcel of a Reckoning."

For a reason which it might be uncivil to assign, we have no great distaste for seeing commercial folks at logger-heads. Just now the Great Small Parcels question is up. A tradesman desires to pay the railway for carrying one big parcel, which is made up of lots of small parcels, to be delivered by his agent. The railway says that every parcel is a parcel, and ought to be paid for. If Mr. Punch were a great London grocer he would support the former, if a Railway Shareholder, the latter; but as it is he is like the American lady who, beholding her husband fighting with a bear, remarked that it was the first time she had ever seen a fight without caring which licked.

A MENDED SAW.

"As Safe as a Church." If you wish to convey the very opposite notion, of insecurity, alter this proverbial expression into-as safe as 38

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TWO CHARACTERS ON THE TURF.



IR,-A pleasing sense of satisfaction was doubtless derived by many persons in common with myself from the following passage in the "Sporting Intelligence" imparted on Monday last week to the world by Argus :-

"It would be unjust

"A couple of cads very rightly served, especially the jockey's employer, the lower cad of the two." Such, Sir, was the reflection the foregoing statement very naturally suggested to my mind. But judge, you and your right-minded readers, who venerate the aristocracy of your country, what a change my feelings presently underwant, when I came to read, in the Times leader on the Universities Boat Race, the astounding information, with reference to the Grand National Steeple-chase at Bedford, that:—

"Another horse, which is reported to have 'had the quality of all there,' was at the last moment withdrawn by his owner, the DUER OF HAMILTON, simply because the odds laid against him were not heavy enough, of course to the loss of his other backers."

It nearly took away my breath. I assure you, Sir, I almost fainted. What! Whom had I unwittingly been setting down for a cad, and a cad beneath a knavish jockey? Was it possible that the "person" of whom, according to Angus, the Steeplechase Committee "made an example" for an act which he designated by a word that I cannot repeat, the "prisoner," on whom they "sat in petty sessions," who "admitted his guilt," and was sentenced to five years' exclusion from the fellowship of sporting men, was it, I say, possible that this person should be identical with a personage in the first rank of the Peerage? I shuddered as I asked myself the question. As I repeat it I shudder again. No, no, it was impossible. Argus must mean one person, the Times another. Times another.

Times another.

Hamilton, Brandon, and Chatelherault! Three great names. Think of the possibility of having, for a moment, associated them with that epprobrious monosyllable of three letters—C.A.D., cad. Fearful confusion of ideas! However, Mr. Punch, how careful we ought to be in our reflections on the conduct of any one connected with the Turf. Let us ever bear in mind the peculiar influence exerted more or less on the nature of every body, and affecting even gentlemen otherwise of the nicest honour, engaged in money transactions within the sphere of the nicest honour, engaged in money transactions within the sphere of the nicest honour, engaged in money transactions within the sphere of the noble, but moral sense impairing animal, the horse. Forgetting this, what a misapplication one might make of the word cad! Happy, however, in the thought that it would be unintentional, and reserving that expression exclusively for the order to which alone it is appropriate, believe me, Mr. Punch,

Yours truly, Yours truly.

Legge Lane, April, 1868.

FITZ-GARTER.

Exserit Rabidos Ignes.

A MEETING of "determined Conservatives" has been held in the Music Hall, Canterbury. Had it been in the Canterbury Music Hall we might have attended, for we should like to have heard SIR BROOK Mother but of spooneyism exposed Bridges on the abandonment of principles which have been for centuries our Polar Star. The peer in embryo meant to refer to the pending act of justice to Ireland. But for the weather, we should think that another star, elegantly named Sirius, but familiarly known as the Dog-star, had been raging over Kent, and inclining the gallant squires of Kent to alightly lunatic views of matters. But when their The old hospital-box had its usual £100, leader tells them that the Crisis of England has come, who shall blame that the Crisis of England has come, who shall blame that the Crisis of England has come, who shall blame to risk their charity in their own box.

HOW TO QUASH THE QUACKS.

MY DEAR MR. HARDY,

speech. I like to hear a man speak plainly and not beat about the bush, even though, as in your case, I may not at all agree with him.

As you have now a character for pluck as well as firmness, I hope that you will shortly exercise those qualities in dealing with a matter which undoubtedly demands them. A man must have some courage to stamp upon a skunk, and that is what a medical journal now requires of you. requires of you :-

"We venture to hope that the Home Secretary will be induced to press forward the Medical Acts Amendment Bill, which will rob the quacks of their power to assume medical titles. It has been lying in the Home Office for three years; and Six George Grey, Mr. Walpole, and Mr. Hardy have, in turn, expressed a general approval of its main provisions, but pressure of 'public business' has hitherto pre-ad the measure from being introduced."

There can hardly be much public business which should be deemed more pressing than that of taking care of the health of the public. Salus populi suprema lex, as your classical constituents could easily explain to you. Now, the people's health is constantly endangered by quack ductors, and in dealing with these miscreants the law should be supreme. Take away the titles which they falsely assume, and you deprive them in great measure of their power to offend. The boobies who consult the quacks are of all people the likeliest to be duped by a fine name, and when a quack bedubs himself "licentiate," or "doctor," the boobies think his title has been legally acquired, and flock to fill the swindler's pockets with their fees. Distinguo is a word unknown in their vocabulary, and any advertising scoundrel who calls himself a doctor to their mind ranks as highly as a qualified M.D. doctor to their mind ranks as highly as a qualified M.D.

Help the boobies, therefore, and help to quash the quacks, and be

mudatus à laudato, even by your, BUSCN.

PUNCH AT THE PALACE.

"Now," said Mr. Punch, with what remained of his fine voice, after cheering all the way from Putney up to Mortlake, "Now is the time to visit the Crystal Palace!" visit the Crystal Palace!

This remarkable remark was made at half-past noon on Saturday the Fourth, and few of those who heard it were aware of its significance. But it occurred to Mr. Punch that, having shaken hands with Oxford,

But it occurred to Mr. Punch that, having shaken hands with Oxford, the proper thing to do was to get away to Sydenham. For after hearing the young oarsmen give their details of their race, it seemed a pleasant contrast to hear the "Ancient Mariner."

Besides the flowers and the air, and the Bath buns, and the beer, there is always something fresh at the charming Crystal Palace. Fresh music especially is certain to be found there, thanks to Mr. MANNS, that most electric of conductors. A new symphony by MENDELSSOHM, a new symphony by SCHUBERT, these the Crystal Concerts have this winter introduced, and, by way of further novelty, they add the "Ancient Mariner." Ancient Mariner.

"Ancient Mariner."

Mr. Punch goes to a concert to enjoy, and not to criticise; so he will not perplex his readers with a critical description and account of this cantata, however strongly he be tempted to show off such fine phrases as "melodic progression" and "contrapuntal eleverness," which every critic nowadays has at his pen's tip. Mr. Punch will only say that good music invariably gives him a good appetite, and that on Saturday the Fourth his hunger was so great after listening to the concert that he was forced to get a dinner imprompts at the Palace: and this imprompts dinner proved to be so good a one, that Mr. Punch in making it took all the time he could, and then pronounced it as imprompts fait à loisir.

Academy Catalogue. 1867. No. 1106.

So the Johanna men have lied Like Southcore, the Johanna woman, And bold Sir Roderick tells with pride, That LIVINGSTONE is safe, and comin' Last year the sculptor wrote "the late," When our brave DAVID's bust was shown: Who'll care for that dead marble's fate, When we have got a LIVING STONE?

Horsepital Contributions.

ANOTHER bit of spooneyism exposed. Soft people actually believed that the betting fellows at Tattersall's had gentle moments, and were in the habit of stealing aside to deposit small money in the box of St. George's hospital. To make this easier for the kind creatures, a box was put up for them in their own haunt, and at the end of the year there were found a had fournessly piece and many hits of tobaccounter. there were found a bad fourpenny piece and many bits of tobacco-pipe. The old hospital box had its usual £100, or more. However, the spooney can continue to believe as before, and that the betting men did not like

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DOMESTIC ECONOMY .- (A FACT.)

Plorence. "Gus, drar, wake up, I 've a Brilliant Idea! We save Five per Cert., you know, by belonging to a Co-Operative Society; but suppose we belong to Two Societies, we shall Save Ten per Cert.!"

[You would hardly believe that Gus called her "a little donkey," and went to sleep again.

CANINE.

TOBY prays that Mr. Punch will find room for the following, which, he fancies, will be read with considerable alarm by those who are Old-Bogyfied by fears of Centralisation:—

"The Inland Revenue Collectors, to the affairs of which department has been delegated the duty of collecting the new dog tax, have received payment on no less than 40,000 dogs more than the old parochial collectors. This success is a fresh step in the direction of committing the general collection of taxation to the officers of the Caven, instead of the nominees of the parish."

of the Civen, instead of the nominees of the parish."

Toby is an honest dog, and, having yearly paid his tax as such, may be allowed to blush for his defaulting brethren. Many of them no doubt have for many years evaded the parochial collector, and are debtors to the State for considerable arrears. Toby has no sympathy with such dishonest dogs, and he is glad to see that honesty is being thrust upon them by the aid of the Excise. In the interests of caninity, Toby wishes that a black list of the men who are convicted of having shirked the dog-tax should from time to time be issued, so that would-be honest dogs may all refuse to live with them. Moreover, Toby would suggest, if his master, Mr. Punch, will kindly suffer him to do so, that stamped collars should be issued for dogs that pay the tax, in order that all honest dogs may recognise defaulters, and cease to wag a tail at them when meeting in the street.

Garlanded Virtue.

"O! By you bright sun, tell it not in France, Publish it not where 'Vanity' is dear," Virtue—MONTHYON virtue—looks askance, And cynic Saxons grin from ear to ear.

That prize, each Gallic breast to morals kindling

Its latest winner is in gool for swindling.

VERNON, CUR NON?

WE fail to see the force of certain complaints that the award has been published by which ME. VERNON HARCOURT condemns ALBERIC DRUMMOND WILLOUGHEY, LORD WILLOUGHEY DE ERESHY, Joint Hereditary Grand Chamberlain of England, and patron of fifteen livings, to pay the plaintiff in a recent action £1,900 a year, and fines him £100 a month for any delay which, after a given date, may occur in the purchase of the annuity. The plaintiff is surely entitled to have it known that the case was a good and just one, and the public is interested in knowing that justice has been done upon the Joint Hereditary Grand Chamberlain. We detest vulgar curiosity, but the publicity of a legal sentence, which an award under the order of a Court is, must be desirable for the monition of those who have not yet imitated Lord Willougher de Ereshy. For which reason Mr. Punch makes record of an otherwise unedifying matter. makes record of an otherwise unedifying matter.

TO THE RODERICK THAT'S NAE DOO.

HAIL to the Chief that in Science advances, First in the high geographical line,
Chosen in FARADAY's place who by France is;
Famed for his work in Geology's mine!
Who with a second sight
Born of reflection, tight Stuck to the hope which proofs well-grounded show; Letters from Livingstone:
Shout, every mother's son,
Roderick I. Murchison, ho, ieroe!

Taking it in Snuff.

Its tatest winner is in good for swindling.

THE FAITH OF THE FEW.

It would seem that the expression, "One in a thousand," may fairly on be applied to the Protestant population of some Irish parishes, where the Established Church is maintained.

Mn. Grimston, for a Telegraph Company, protests against the scheme for taking the wires into the hands of Government. The reason he gives is that the Companies, for doing the work badly, get enough or of the public to pay a good dividend, and therefore we have no right to wish to be served well and cheaply. Grimston's Eye Snuff may be very good, but Grimston must not throw dust into our eyes.



THE CELESTIAL HAT.

THE ANGLICAN LIBERTIES.

PREACHING about the disestablishment of the Irish Church, the Rev. Mr. Bellew, who approves of that impending measure, and further thinks that, as its consequence, the Church of England must and should be disestablished too, on the evening of last week's Sunday bespoke his audience thus:—

"Were there not hundreds of churches in England supported entirely on the voluntary principle—his own for instance? What benefit was the Establishment to them? Reither he nor his church received a farthing in the way of endowment."

There is something in that; and perhaps, if the time for settling the British Constitution could come over again, many friends of the Established Church would wish it re-established on the voluntary principle. But Mr. Bellew desires that it should not be established at all. He went on to say:

"The Church of England, as an Establishment, had found itself utterly unable to deal with a heretical bishop, and therefore might as well cease to be an Estab-

Fair and softly, Mr. Bellew. Wo ho, Sir! Whom do you call heretical? The Bishor of Natal? If so, Dr. Colenso might tell you that you're another. He could say, with justice, that he holds the Thirty-nine Articles as much as you do. His biblical criticism may, like the successful Easter-piece at the Olympic, be "all my eye and Betty Martin," and it may be as remote from sound doctrine as that diverting extravaganza is from tragedy, but, whether sound or unsound, is out of the question. It is not heretical in the eye of the law, has never been decided to be by any competent tribunal, and could only be made so by an ex post facto Fortieth Article. Well, Mr. Bellew, you could perhaps get that, if the Church ceased to be an Establishment. But, if you could have a Fortieth Article, you could also have a Forty First; and Article Forty Two, decreed by ecclesiastical disciplinarians, might interdict clergymen from earning an honest penny by reading Shatspeare, and other profane authors, or by lecturing upon any secular persons or things for the entertainment of the public. As it is, the Church of England cannot make new Articles without the consent of the Legislature, which no doubt is fortunate for Colenso, but may be also lucky for you.

Neat

"Your young friend Wigsby should be a good lawyer," said Smith to Robinson, " at least he has a large collection of law books, nobly bound." "Sir," said Robinson, "you appear to think that law is binding." Smith has offered a reward for the meaning.

IMPORTANT RAILWAY NEWS.

THE past Easter has been marked by the opening of two railways into wild and savage Northern districts. One is an extension of the Highland line, and is called the Sutherland Railway; the other is an extension of the Metropolitan line, and is called the St. John's Wood Railway. Of the former, Mr. Punch means to say nothing until he shall have Inspected it, but the speeches at the inaugural banquet were very jolly, especially the DUKE OF SUTHERLAND'S and LORD RONALD GOWER'S (the latter told how a Scotch magistrate, to whom an old woman called, "O man, stop my coo!" very properly responded that he was not a man, but a magistrate), and Mr. Punch is rejoiced in any improvement which may spare even a few Highland horses the barbarities practised upon them in the tourist season—barbarities which destroy the pleasure of all travellers except the coarser Cockneys and the British provincials.

The line which is now open from Baker Street runs through the stern and frowning wood of Saint John, then takes a district which reminds one of the glories of Marlborough's Arms, and finally conducts us into scenery which, surrounding a famous cottage, may as well be called Swiss as anything else. Here the rail halts, but it is to be pushed on to the swarthy moor consecrated by the memory of the patriot, JOHN STRAW. Mr. Punch performed the return journey with much ease and safety, and was not greatly longer in doing it, for sixpence, than he would have been in an Atlas omnibus, for threepence. The carriages are new and luxurious, the stations well built and cheerful, and the clerks and porters are, at present, all affable, and indeed encouraging. The stern "Now, jump in!" of the Southern district is here exchanged for the gentle "As quickly as you please, for our time is up:" and the snapping "What class?" is here translated "For which class do you wish a ticket?" These holiday amenities are agreeable, but will disappear as business increases upon a much wanted line.

Mr. Punck, whose hopes, like those of his friend Sergeant Ballan-

appear as business increases upon a much wanted line.

Mr. Princh, whose hopes, like those of his friend Serjeant Ballanterne, which which has now been brought within the say, with blood-shot eyes—thanks to the Easter wind) to the development of the interesting region which has now been brought within the range of civiliation. The inhabitants are not ill-conditioned, and some of them are said to be humane and hospitable, while the spires of more than one church show that missionary effort has been ruccessfully directed. Their language has affinity with that of the Pembridge districts, and Bayswater, but, probably owing to insufficient drainage, is less guttural. The amusements of the inhabitants are of the dreary kind usual among savage tribes; they frequently meet at each other's houses, and voluntarily undergo slow torture, four or more performing on instruments, and they will often decoy a lecturer or other mountebank from a neighbouring tribe, and reward his imbecile exertions. They have no history worth naming, but there linger traditions of a Great Spirit called the Pine-Apple Ghost, who revealed to one of their ancestors that a murder had been committed somewhere, but who, with the usual unpractical habit of apparitions, vanished without leaving his own address or that of the victim. The Government imposts are collected without material difficulty in this wild district, though at times it is necessary to resort to the extreme measure of cutting off the water, and the Fiery Cross has long ceased to be carried save in the form of the Hot Cross of the Good Friday bun. There is no reason against settling in the region, except that the chiefs to whom the habitations belong are somewhat exacting, and any neglect of their dues involves a demand, not exactly of black mail, but by a very black looking male, who is severe about settlers who are unable to settle. But much will now be done for their advantage. Mr. Punch adds, however, that the new railway does not take you from the North to the Baker Street Station,

Potage à la Coster.

GOURMANDS have been talking horse a good deal lately, but they have not yet begun to talk donkey—though much of a certain kind of table-talk may be considered as analogous to the utterance of the braying animal. No; but when ass-flesh becomes an article of food—and why shouldn't the pony of Hierosolyma be as good as any other?—then it will also become a subject of conversation. Let us, then, observe beforehand that an ass's head, in brains and everything else, is equal to a calf's, and is peculiarly suitable for making moke-turtle.

QUESTION FOR DR. MARY WALKER.

Why ought a Medical Quack to be a Woman? Because he's always a Charlotte Anne.



LOOKING FORWARD.

"PRAY, DON'T PUT TOO MANY COALS ON, MARY! IT MAKES ME SHIVER WHEN I THINK THAT IN THREE HUNDRED YEARS WE SHALL HAVE NONE LEFT!

SONG OF THE DYING SWAN.

No surrender! No surrender!
No Reform! I used to bawl.
Then, of weak points blind defender,
I insured the loss of all. Irish Church Expropriation,
In a measure due and just, Would have been her preservation; 'Twas refused; and go she must!

Had we Tories but cons Long ago to prune the tree, GLADSTONE'S axe, in time prevented, At its root we should not so At its root we should not see.
Then it might have stood, to shelter
All its own—perchance to grow,
Ireland having justice dealt her:
Now it will be all laid low.

Wisdom's lessons clean forgotten, We persisted, o'er and o'er, In defending what was rotten; Lose both that and something more. All our use has been, poor baffers, Easing shocks to still keep on. Ah, we put our trust in duffers! Now our occupation's gone.

THIS FLYING MAN.

SIB,—There is a man who professes to fly from one end of the Orystal Palses to the other. What of that, Sir? Nothing; my wife and I for the last twelve years have, once in six months, taken a fly up to town from Peckham, to make calls. Yours,

PIPPITYWIX.

N.B. Now, Sir, is the time of year for seeing the bloom on Peckham Rye. Come and dwell with me and be my love, and sing, Rye fol de riddle, &c., as of yore.

THE FORTUNE OF WAR.-Prize Money.

A PARLIAMENT OF LADIES' MEN.

THE great event of last week, next to the PRINCE and PRINCESS OF WALES'S visit to Dublin, was the meeting on the Women's Suffrage Question at Salford, in the Free Trade Hall, on Wednesday. If it

Question at Saiford, in the Free Trade Hall, on Wednesday. If it was not a perfect success, that was partly owing to the absence, occasioned unfortunately by a bad cold, of the eldest Miss Batcht, daughter of Friend Johns, M.P. Train up a child in the way she, as well as he, should go. Also, to have been completely successful, the meeting should have been honoured with the presence of One who is, not excepting Mis. Mill, the greatest philogynist in the world, and as such would have offered it the suggestion which follows.

The capability of women to choose between political good and evil being questioned, let it be tried. Ladies, try it yourselves. On the basis of universal suffrage, or any other that you may prefer, choose a Parliament of your own. Though unrecognised as a legislative body, it will be quite legal—just like Convocation. Indeed, it will exactly answer the very purpose which Convocation serves. Convocation enables us to see what laws the clergy would make if they could, and how fit or unfit they are to be intrusted with legislative power. Your Parliament of unacknowledged legislators will also, by their debates and conclusions on the various proposals brought under their consideration, show us what sort of addition you, in your representatives, might be expected to contribute to the Collective Wisdom. And in the meantime it will perhaps do something more than Convocation area does that it it meaners and then former constructions are about the trief the proposal that it is transcent the trief transcent the convention. the meantime it will perhaps do something more than Convocation ever does; that is, it may now and then frame some measure so sensible as to get adopted by the real Parliament, and passed into a law.

The Great Prize Conundrum for 1868.

Who will win the Derby this year?

. A correct answer in plenty of time before the race, and an undertaking by the sender to bear all loss, will meet with prompt attention.

LOCAL COLOURING.—Paint on Cheeks.

ORANGE-ISM IN EXCELSIS.

IF MR. DISRABLI anticipates any difficulty with the Orange lot, Mr. Procedure of the Management of the Holborn Circus, but whom the patriotism of that Establishment would doubtless induce it to surrender at the prayer of the Minister. M. Agoustz disposes of the Orange Question in the most miraculous way. In fact, he declines to concede that there is any question. The Oranges in his hands, or on his heels, or in his plates, or wherever else he may choose rather to wish than to put them, obey him with a promptness which suggests valities as well to surrender the contract of obey him with a promptness which suggests volition as well as volitaobey him with a promptness which suggests volition as well as volitation. Whether they eddy idly aloft, move gracefully in mid air with the regularity of the planets, or rotate before him in an endless little chain, they seem to be moved by machinery rather than by a man's caprice. The sight is so remarkable, that Mr. DISRAELI had better go and see it for political reasons, and the rest of the public for the sake of beholding a feat which Mr. Punch hesitates not to declare unique. He will add, while about it, that the Holborn Circus has nearly supplied the loss of Astley's; and, if the former were dirty instead of clean, and the boxes were disagreeable instead of comfortable, the charm would be complete. As it is we must put up with luxury for the sake of a capital plete. As it is, we must put up with luxury for the sake of a capital evening. There is a clown, too, who speaks out, and has some new jokes, and whose impudent persistence in mischief sends the children into ecstacy. When Punch smiles, and the children laugh, all is right.

The Royal Smoker.

THE PRINCE OF WALES is known to be a great smoker. The QUEEN it is said does not approve of this taste, or Her Majesty would have given H.R.H. the magnificent Regalia now kept in a dry place in the Tower.

Strange that the beefeaters who show visitors over the Tower are the only people allowed to "puff" the regalia.

FETCH THE ENGINES.—"A heated imagination" may be defined to be-dreaming the house is on fire.

NONSENSE EPIGRAMS.

BY FIELD MARSHALL.

Porus is tight, tight as a drum, But still no sounds of music come.

SMITH takes the school, and weds the master's daughter—A better half who 'll give poor SMITH no quarter.

My suit hard-hearted Susan will not hear, Because I 've but three hundred pounds a year; And so, until my income's more, 'tis plain That III Susan sue, I sue in vain.

"Wanders never cease" don't you be taken in,

"I know I'm clover, and I paint,
But men I cannot draw"—Dr said;
"Beause," so answered I her plaint—
You're ar too blue, and deeply re(a)d."

They say that Jones has lost his mind : Page Jones, he won't have much to find,

Brown boasts he's out me dead, But I survive instead.

The salmon to the sea, The eagle to the sky, The itmouse to the tree, The pigeon to the pie: All things in order run Boneath the solar sun.

He's spoons on her—so runs the horrid slaug about— But it's no go,—the Governor's close, and won't fork out.

" Soft as velvet are her eyes,"

The enraptured draper cries:
"Why don't you say at once," jeers GREEN,
"That they are velvet een."

"Your book's in everybody's mouth—"
Men rushed to tell the poet Bland:
"I'd rather hear from North and South, That it's in everybody's hand."

When STEAD was introduced to SHAW, Supplanted I should be, I saw; And so it happens as I said, Shaw has another friend in STEAD.

Naso takes snuff and gives great sums to Firms and Co.'s: Naso will soon find out he's paying through the nose.

The little bird sat on the rolling stone, And commenced a recital to me : But the wolf came down and fractured his crown, So the tale is a mystery.

MUSICIANS' LATIN

Mr. Ella, in his "Record of the Musical Union" (cited in the new announcement of the Handel Festival), has a remarkable quotation.

" Of Costa, therefore, it may truly be said, Quisque sum fortune faber est."

Punch has a profound respect for Latin, no matter how introduced Psych has a profound respect for Latin, no matter now introduced for with what variation from the received text, as when, in Mr. Ella's next quotation, he says of Æolus, et temperat ira'; but, as matter of mere curiosity, he would like to know what Mr. Ella thinks the above saying means, and especially, whether he supposes Quieque to be Latin for Costa'? Faber, perhaps, in that case stands for faba, and no doubt Mr. Costa is both a bean and a brick. Would somehold weak Ella's hower and give him this measure? somebody seek Ella's bower, and give him this message?

IS IT CORBAN?

THE Pall Mall Gazette, in a very able article on Establishments, says The Patt Matt Gazette, in a very and article on estembnicants, says "Every Englishman has a right to spiritual services from some given clergyman." There is no such thing as a given clergyman, we always have to pay for him—to say nothing of those collections. Else, we would not look a gift clergyman in the mouth,—unless he were a Chrysostom.

PUNCH'S POLITICAL STEREOSCOPE.

LORD RUSSELL

(Photographs executed on the same day, April 16th, by artists of the " Telegraph" and "Standard.")

"Though the veteran Reformer has withdrawn from his old place of command, his services in the cause of evil man, not of our days merely, but of the and religious fraedom are such that his absence from the fore-front of the battle against the Irish Establishment would all many minds with deep disquiet. All me store important is it, therefore, that their herefulary leader should step forward, and say that he heartly goes with the younger and bolder men. Coming from the chief of the aristocratic Whise, such a declaration will have a powerful coffect on the weakkneed Liberals. Nor can Loss Russell's worst enemies probability that he has taken up the question have been his bitterest revillers, his hastily, or state the appears with him probability in the capital and the probability of the distribution of the man who stated the terminal ways and an allow the compassion for the small that he has taken up the question have been his bitterest revillers, his heating of his life has a seasonment of his political causer him made we mentant assets to work the man who washed up to him we amount of his political causer him made we mentant assets the there way, and an alliance with the transferity might perhaps give him weaking of his life he assists to work have been his bittered principal, because we may a find an alliance with the transferity might perhaps give him washing of his life he assists to work have been him the comments of olice."

A POOR BOOK OUT FOR COUNTRY PAUPERS.

ATTENTION has been lately directed to the fact that many of our poorhouses are far filther than pigstres, and that many of our paupers are far worse housed, and fed, and nursed, and cared for than our pigs. Respectability, of course, is shocked by the disclosure, and affects to be astonished that the workhouse inspectors have not disclosed the evils which the press has dragged to light. But this surprise will not be shared by those who read the following, from the Pall Mail Gazette:—

4" Inspectorships have long been the chosen reward of political friends and adventers; and the Poor Law Board, in the view of the President, may still with safety remain the favourite saylum for outdoor pensioners of parties, provided there be a due amount of codification and regulation, and that everything is properly bound up in red tape."

An overseer has been defined as "one who overlooks;" and an inspector is a person who does not inspect. When sent to look into a workhouse, he goes with his eyes blindfolded by routine and red-tape. Find fault as little as you can, or you will only bother Us, is the hint that he receives from the Poor Law Commissioners. Now, however, that the matter can no longer be smoothed over, they propose to make poor union doctors, who are already overworked, responsible for seeing that the poorhouses are looked to:—

"It is proposed to shift the responsibility of seeing that the new order of things to be constituted in the future is maintained, and that the houses are made perfect, from the Foor Law Board to the overworked and ill-paid medical officers. They are to inspect themselves, their workhouses, and their guardians, and to make weekly reports, monthly reports, quarterly reports, to the Board. Already loaded with work and paid less than postmen or day labouers, exposed to the indignation of their guardians, and yet making a living almost entirely out of their private practice amongst these guardians, they are to remonstrate, they are to initiate reforms, they are to do the work, and inspect the mode of doing the work."

Who physics poor people should himself be poor, this has long been the rule in workhouse medical appointments. Guardians like to hire some poor devil of a doctor, who is fearful to offent them, and whom they may bully and browbeat as they please. They often get him to attend their families at half price, and their servants for nothing, on attend their families at half price, and their servants for nothing, on the threat of cutting down his pittance of a salary, or else of bringing in a rival to the parish, whose exclusion is the sole cause of the poor fellow's submission to their terms. How can such a slave speak the truth about his masters, and, when they neglect their duty, call atten-tion to the fact? Nevertheless, to make a scapegoat of their surgeon, and consider him responsible for their own shortcomings, is what the Poor Law Board would suffer country guardians to do. Punch pro-Poor Law Board would suffer country guardians to do. Punch protests with all his might against such vile humbuggery, and adds his weight of influence to what is here proposed :-

"The necessity for an auxiliary corps of medical and technical inspectors is urgent and plain. It has been granted in London, and with the best effect. There is no pretence for withholding the same benefit and asfegurad from the sick poor in the country. It is, too, a most cheering fact that the immediate result in London of the improved management and inspection of workhouses has been an immense and unexpected saving. The Chairman of the new St. Pancras Board of Guardians, in his first annual report, just issued, announces that in that workhouse alone, while profifgacy, mismanagement, cruelty, and vice have been placed in check, while the clothing is better and the dictary improved, the saving has amounted to no less than \$11,000 a-year. What has been done for London must be done for the country, and by the same means."

A Picture.

THE well-known caterers for the refreshment of the travelling public will be glad to hear that they have been selected as a subject for a Landscape Picture in next year's Academy Exhibition. Churches in the distance, water in the foreground; the title, "Spires and Pond."



FLICKERS WAS AT WORK TILL THE LAST MOMENT ON HIS PICTURE!

For further details, see all the Penny Papers.

WOMAN, PAINTED BY HER MASTER.

SCENE-The Street.

Brown. Woman's Right to Vote. That's up again. There has been a meeting at Manchester.

Jones. They're always having meetings at Manchester.

Brows. A profound remark. Well, this one was attended by an Archdeacon, a Member of Parliament, and Mr. CHISHOLM ANSTEY. It was to have heard a speech from Miss Bright, the eldest daughter of the Member for Birmingham, but she was unfortunately ill. However, the MAYORESS OF SALFORD spoke, and MISS BECKER.

Jones. I hope she kept up her pecker.

Brown. Now I call that true wit. Mr. Anstrey has discovered that by the old law women have the vote already.

Jones. I am opposed to the whole humbugging botheration.

Brown. Stated with grace and precision. Might one ask why?

Jones. Women, I take it, are divided into three lots, maids, wives, and widows. There's the divorced ones, but they needn't count, as a woman who han't the sense to keep a husband when she's got him ear't he fit to make laws.

can't be fit to make laws.

Brown. A specimen of the generalisation dear to sundry. But let

us take the three classes. Go on.

Jones. There's Maids. Now I ask you, would you go giving a vote to a girl who don't know the Chancellor from the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and who would vote that green was blue to go to a ball, or cut out a rival flirt?

Brown. Your estimate of the young ladies of England does you credit.

Well, as to Wives?

Jones. That's a hundred times worse. If the wife's to vote as her husband tells her, that's only giving him two votes; and if she votes against his orders, it's a case for two establishments, or two black eyes, according to his resources.

Brown. Sir, your chivalry is exemplary. It is quite impossible, of course, that a well-informed woman should exercise legitimate influence upon her husband?

Joses. What! Would you reduce Englishmen to a set of henpecked humbugs, tied to their wives' apron-strings?

Brows. The question is convincing. About Widows? Jones. Why, I wouldn't care about their having it, at least after a certain age, say sixty. Young widows are always looking out to catch a parson or a soldier, and I think the Church and the Army have influence enough. But I object to letting in the principle.

Brown. If I admire anything more than close argument, it is honourable consistency. I believe you have stated the case fully, as against the women, and I wish that you had attended the Manchester meeting, and crushed the affeir

and crushed the affair.

Jones. You flatter me, old fellow, but if I have one thing more than another about me, it's the power of grasping a whole question, and treating it in an English and practical manner. Good bye. [Exeant.

HYMEN HIMSELF AGAIN.

" MARRIAGES" throughout Lent's season, Few are in the papers found;
"Births" and "Deaths," as if no reason
Could check either, still abound.

As the rushing out of waters
That were long by floodgates pent, Lo the sons of men, and daughters, Getting married after Lent!

DEAR SIR,-Here you are at last :-

On the bank of what Canal would be the best place for felo-de-se? The Suez Canal; because the act would be evidently one of Suez-side.

(All well at home, Thank you.)

Yours. TOMMY. Yours, Tommy.

OVERHEARD.—It was not such a very bad pun of JOCASTA's, when, on BERTRAM showing her a portrait by SAY in the National Portrait Exhibition, she remarked that it must be "a speaking likeness."



NEW GUY FAWKES, OR DIZZY'S CHEF-D'ŒUVRE.

"Under the guise of Liberalism—under the pretence of legislating in the spirit of the age—they are, as they think, about to seize upon the supreme estate of the realm."—See Ms. DISBAELI'S Speech, April 3rd 1868.

NEW GUY LAVINES, OR DIZZYS CHEFFOREVIEL

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PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES IN DUBLIN.

(By Our Special Irish Correspondent.)



O comply, Sir, with your stipulations, I take up the pen of Mercury, plucked from the wings of the pretty little God of Love, to dip it in the blackest ink—absit omen, as we used to say at ould Trinity—in order to give you a correct, luminous, and mighty particular account of the present visit of their Royal Highnesses to the Emerald Isle. On Thursday night, Sir, or as some of the very early Christians call it Wednesday morning, at five o'clock (five o'clock! divil a less, if ye'll excuse the observation), when my eally de shaw reashed into the chamber where your own Special lays his weary caput, and says he, in a sort of ecstasy, and waving a shaving towel like a manic, says he—

"Och, glory be!" says he. "'Tis the flate intirely all stayming, like hot praties, in Doblin Bay."

"Git out wid ye, CORNELIUS," says I, addressing him in his own vernacular, not having forgotten my native tongue during my protracted residence at Boulogne-sur-Mer, but speaking it with the least taste in life of a foreign accentuation. "Git out wid ye, CORNELIUS then," says I, "and don't distorb yer masther in his first beauty slape," wherewith I rolled myself round, with my face to the wall, as the most delicate him to the menial to retire, and be blessed to him.

"Sure," continues the baste, yelling with excitement. "What are yez sent here for, at all at all? An't it to chronicekle the ivints of the Ryle Vist to Doblin, and is it meself that's to do the wurk for yer kind implyer, Misther Ponch, and you a snorting in the shates and blankits there?"

blankits there?"
"Connection," said I, sitting up majestically in bed, "You leave me this day month: I warn you."
"Maybe, thin, ye'll settle that thrifie o' wages——"
The conversation at this point will scarcely interest the generality of your readers. The upshot was that I came to an arrangement with my faithful cally de show which will be highly satisfactory to you, inasmuch as you will obtain all the information you require on the subject, and more than it would be in my power to furnish you with. All you will have to do is to settle with me.

(From the Observations of CORNELIUS DELANY.)

left the present account in his hands. He will send you his account himself by the first post.]

In the present account in his hands. He will send you his account himself by the first post.]

The Ryle skooner staymed into the arbour, and all the ships at say run up flags, and foired sloots. The Ryle party, including some of the quarries in waitin', didn't same mighty well afther the say parage; bot His Ryle Hoighniss the Princes and Har Ryle Hoighniss Princess Arlegonderer was a chairful and brimmin wid good spirts as a keg o' Krewan's best. Bedad, Sorr, it made yer hart hop on to all our tongs, it did, to say the pair of Ryle Hoighnisses, so swate and sorreptishious an' smoilin' this way an' that as the Lond Littin' wish the Mashyniss of Have-a-Corn (in such toight boots that it's meself that don't wander at the toitle), wid, as somebody said, "his Staff;" but I sor nothin' of the sart—not avin a walkin-stick in the Littin's hand, nor a bomboo cane. Thin there was the Lond Challemere, a purty soight intirely, in his robes and wigs, an' the Granddear Gyards wid fixed bagness, to resave the Ryle Copple on the landin'.

"Long life to yer!" sez I, chairing wid my caubeen this away.

"Be alsy now," sez the Mashynins Have-a-corn, pushing me back continuations. Bot Her Ryle Hoighniss had cot me of.

"The heavens be your bed, Arlegonderers!" sez I. "Tis yerself that's the Rose o' Denmuk!" With that Her Ryle Hoighniss nedged the Prince, an sez she blushing, in a whispar, "Sure Birry dear, "is Mitather Good Gravabar Parky, was mess of from the ground.

Wid that the Good Grayahus PRINCE rases meself from the ground where I was ginnyflicting on wan knay, and sez he, "MISTERE DE LANY," sez he, "Tis meself that's de-loighted to wilcome yez to these

With that I pulled out o' my pocket the pome I'd composed, whin the LORD LITER'S steps forward with an ard-dries.

"Markkis," see the Prince, "Forst come forst sarved."

"Tis manners," see I, backin op me fushur Sorvein.

"MISTHER DE LIANY will oblige," see Arlesconderer, with swate

lasence.

kumplasence.

"Ai!" sez I, boshfully, "'tis a thrifte, bot if Minture Dan'l Gudfree, the Lader of the Granddear Archestrar, likewise the foifes and dress, if he'd jist play the ac-compainent, it moight be som-thin' grotifyin' to a thriffin' potion of your Ryle Hoighnias's schicks."

With that I song my Ode, which the PRINGE went homming all the day out, so plased was he with me purr-formance. Afther this, which left me exharsted on the aile, the PRINGE and PRINGES OF WALES partock of loneh, an' were driven through the Phaynix Parruk, accompanied by the Lond Little "The ships on the Saxe-horn.

I heard that "The ships on the river were decked with coloured lights." Decked, Sorr! bedad, it must have been pleasant walking intirely.

There was great chairing and cries of daylight as we passed through the strates, meself disgeyuised as a liveryman, up behoind the car, and clearly among all the chairs of the poplace I heard with proide, "More power to your elbow, Corny Delany. Shure 'tis himself's the boy to wroite for Misther Ponch."

I bloshed, Sorr, but recovered, and bowed with the utmost poloite-More in nextht. The races wor at Ponchestown in honour of your own Special.

SINGULAR INCIDENT.

We really didn't mean it, and if we ever begged pardon we'd do it now, but a Roysterer (who subsequently and at our expense showed himself an Oysterer) rushed in and defied us to give him a Shaksperian quotation applicable to Sir Brook Bridges having been made Lord Fitzwater. How could we help saying with Dox Pedro:—

"What need the bridge much broader than the flood?

But the Roysterer, who is noisy but not clever, did not see it. "Why," says we, in a rage at his stupidity and his voraciousness with the bivalves, "if the bridge is the right size it fits the water, don't it, hass?" He swallowed eleven oysters before he could speak again.

"An Excellent Piece of Principality."

IRELAND, whose sons are born poets, prettily presented the PRINCESS OF WALES with an Irish Dove. Wales, not to be behind-hand, had prepared as a gift, a Welsh Rabbit, but it was clandestinely devoured by one of the "Bards," who was unfortunately born too late to come under the police arrangement of Edward the First.

5 o'clock, A.M. The Charnel Flate staymed in. Thar wor the Mine-Otter, the War-ere, the O'Killes, and the Differest. An' if they hadn't bin jist nine hars in crassin the charn't they 'd ha' bin here befur this. By a skilful maneuvre I managed to get Convaluus engaged as a waiter in one place at the Royal repasts, and as an attendant he was admitted when a man with your own Special's reputation would have been feared, and the doors closed against him. Being myself busy treprehensible diversion the game can, of course, have no possible upon this visit as part of my future History of Great Britain, I have

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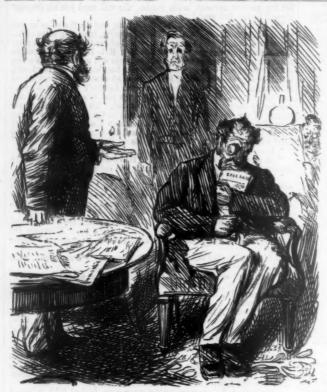
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CLUB LAW.

Waiter. "DID YOU RING, SIR ?"

Member (trying to be calm). "YES. WILL YOU WARE THIS GENTLEMAN, AND SAY I SHOULD BE OBLIGED IF HE'D LET ME HAVE THE SPECTATOR, IF HE'S NOT READING IT.

[Old Wacklethorps has been asleep, with the Paper firmly clutched, for the last tano house.

THE PÆANS OF FOREIGN PRIESTS.

THE Ultramontane Osservatore Romano is absurdly cocka-whoop on the subject of Mr. Gladstone's Disestablishment of the Irish State Church Resolution. Similar journals in Spain express the same ridiculous exultation. A Correspondent of the Post, writing from Seville, says:—

"All the Spanish papers are exulting over Gladstones's victory, and I was gravely assured by a priest yesterday that all the aristocracy of England were Catholics at beart, but that it was only their fear of the Queen that prevented their openly acknowledging the Catholic

religion."

But what will our ultramontane neighbours say when we tell them that Mr. Whalley voted on the side of GLADSTONE, and has had to apologise, therefore, to Irish Orangemen? Perhaps, that Whalley has at last revealed himself; that he really was, as he was said to be, a Jesuit in disguise, and has now thrown off the mask which he has no need to wear any longer.

Suppose, however, that Dizzy had gained the day. Then Parliament would have pledged itself to endow Popery in Ireland. Would not this, indeed, have been a triumph for the Roman and Spanish Priest-party? Our Whalley has not played false. He took the more Protestant side of the two. There was a pin between two sides to choose. "Twas not quite "heads I win, and tails you lose."

DANGER OF UPSIDE DOWN.

Wно are the Lower Orders? The uneducated masses, The unintellectual classes, They are the Lower Orders.

Who'll be the Higher Orders? The newly enfranchised masses, Preponderating classes; They'll be the Higher Orders.

Who'll be the Lower Orders? Educate the masses, Or, educated classes, You'll be the Lower Orders!

Ermine without Silk.

A CONTEMPORARY, in a leader relative to the new Judge, Mr. Justice Hannen, observes, "He never took aik." We should think not. There is no occasion for anybody to say, "Set a Judge to try shoplifters."

MUSICAL AND MELANCHOLY.

OLD fogies, who like music, have been set talking of late by a rumour that the Ancient Concerts were to be revived in the course of this next summer. Whether this be so or not we neither know nor care, but from the bottom of our heart we hope no music hall will put forth such a programme as the following, should the manager aspire to

ANCIENT CONCERT.

" The Cork Leg." By Mr. Tooralooral. Ancient Comic Song. . . .

" Poor Dog Tray." By MIBS SELINA SQUAWL. Chorus, by the Company, " Bow, wee, weer." Ancient Sentimental Song .

("Coal Black Ross." Played upon the Ophicleide by
Ms. BELLOWS. Ancient Negro Melody

Ancient Costermonger's Ditty. " Sam Hall," By Mr. Gallows. (Sung in character.) Ancient Serio-Comic Song . " All Round my Hat." By Jolly Smass, the Great Comic Creature.

" O Jerusalem ! " By Signorina Schreecha. Ancient Children's Hymn

Ancient Air with Variations . { "Sich a getting Up-stairs." Performed upon the Cat-call by Mr. Squeezs, "The Whistling Waggoner." Ancient Dance & Breakdown | "Jim Cross." By Mn. Nimble, the Great Crural Comic.

" The Rateatcher's Daughter." By MDLLE, SMITH. Ancient Popular Song . . .

Ancient Clown's Song (not from SHARSPEARE) 4" Het Codline." By Miss Cheeky.

"Jim along Josey" and "Bufalo Gals." Performed upon the Bones by Mr. Sambo Rattler. Ancient Nigger Melodies . .

O Susannah, don't you Cry for me!" By MADAME Ucolino Brown, "The West End Warbling Wonder."

"SWEET GIRL GRADUATES!"

DEAR MR. Punch, Isn't this delicious! I take it from a paper by a lady in Macmillan's Magazine :-

"Of course it would be exceptionally easy for those ladies to keep residence, whose fathers are Masters of Arts living at Cambridge; but there would be no concedvable danger or impropriety in allowing a respectable married M.A. to license his house as a hostel for girls not so favourably situated."

Fanoy going to Cambridge! O, I should so love it! Ever so much jollier than a stupid Ladies' College! Every girl, you know, goes nowadays to College, and there could be no danger in our being sent to Cambridge. Pa says he is afraid that we should learn to smoke, and to play billiards, and drink beer; but lots of girls do that without going to Cambridge.

Instead of "wines" we should give teas, and O what fun it would be toasting our own muffias! I rather doubt if Pa would like me to play cricket, but he would not object, I'm sure, to my joining a good croquet club, and I'm already such a dab that I should win no end of matches. Instead of racquets, I dare say we should play battledore and shuttlecock, which you know is really a good strong athletic exercise.

matches. Instead of racquets, I dare say we should play batteleoric and shuttlecock, which you know is really a good strong athletic exercise. I don't much care for rowing, for it blisters one's hands terribly, but lots of girls are fond of it, and would die to go in training for a match with Oxford. Fancy the excitement at a race of "sweet girl graduates with long golden hair!" What cheering there would be if light blue showed in front, and retrieved its long lost laurels!

Believe me, yours excitedly,

GEORGIANA GUSH.

P.S. As for "little go's" and things, I'm sure we should come out at least as well as many of you mes do. At any rate you surely would not have the heart to plack us.

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GOLDEN GOOSE KILLING AT CHESTER.

"Tisn'r every day," say the agriculturists of Hampshire, proverbially speaking, "that we kill a pig." So, perhaps, the Portsmouth lodging-house and hotel-keepers, in the language of their county, thought to themselves when they stuck it into the people who came to see the Volunteer Review. It is not everyday that they get such a pig as the sight-seeing British Public to kill. Therefore, when they do get hold of that sort of pig, if they kill it, and eat it up, from snout to tail, petitioes and all, they do not act otherwise than with that enlightened selfishness which is said to be the basis of all goodness. They are wise in their generation—but some other persons are otherwise. Let Argus, sporting correspondent of the Morning Post, amuse you with an illustration of the unwisdom of those other persons:—

"Ms. W. E. Jones, one of the most respected members of the Ring, has done such good service to the Turf that it is fit it should be recognised. I have often in these letters called attention to the extrawagant charges to which racing men are subject, and showed how Demonster, Northampton, Chester, and other places, had killed the golden goose by driving people away on account of the way they skinned

The goose that regularly lays golden eggs, you will observe, is a very different creature from the occasional and fortuitous pig. To kill the pig is all very well, but killing the goose is most injudicious, and indeed suicidal. A goose appears to have been thus effectually killed the other day at Chester:—

"Mr. JONES, it seems, having made up his mind to go to Chester for the races, and wishing to enjoy the comforts of an inn, wrote to a well-known hotel to know their terms for a sitting-room and bed-room for the four days during which the meeting lasted. To his communication he received a reply, stating that he could have the accommodation he wanted, but that each person who came into his sitting-room must pay one guines per diem for that room, as well as that sum for his bedroom, and eighteenpence a-day for servants."

The goose of an impolitic publican, killed as above, was cooked as

"Mn. Johns, of course, declined these terms, as he conjectured the meals would be handleapped on the same terms, so he forwarded the letter to the Sportsman, in which newspaper it was published, and as other sporting papers have copied the communication, the establishment in question has got an advertisement for which they would rather not have bargained, although it was a gratuitous one."

In sending the letter which he had received from the chrysochenophonous innkeeper to the Sportsman, Mr. Jones proved himself a very valuable contributor to a sporting paper, a There is no better sport, in the opinion of Mr. Punch, than to see an attempt at over-reaching result in a tumble heels overhead. This sort of moral capsize is as diverting to a rational creature as the spectacle of anyone accidentally losing his physical balance, falling down and rolling over, is to a fool.

"My Vocal Reed."

MR. E. J. REED, who makes ships, is habitually wigged in the Standard, and has loftily responded that he makes very good ships, better than any of his critics could do, and that he does not care for any attack. He then likens himself to Narcissus, and says that his foes "are free to pine away into a sound with hating him." Good; we like pluck. But does NARCISSUS REED recollect how Echo was avenged? The cruel FITZCEPHISSUS was condemned to see his own face in a fountain—some MSS. read a wet dock—and to admire his own perfections until he collapsed. What says NARCISSUS REED to that?

THE DONERY'S DELIGHT.

The field of literature is at present yielding abundant crops of sensation novels. They are a species of food for the mind which you may call thistles.

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XVII.

THE TRICK ACT.

Leaving the pinewood forest on his right, PIEL DORNTON sprang upon his dark horse, which was waiting for him, and dashed rapidly across the broad uneven common.

across the broad uneven common.

Unconscious of observation, he muttered to himself, "So, PIEL! richer, feared, aye, and loved! What have I to desire? What remains?" Onward he sped dashing, crashing, through a plantation as the night wind sighed and the stately trunks bent to the ground in the soft southern breeze, as though owning in the man their Lord and Master.

"Aye! ye green things," he exclaimed, standing upon his saddle, as he urged his panting mare into a gallop, "bow to me, to me, who am—ha! ha!" He laughed excitedly, and pressed his hand to his fevered head.

It was a sudden thought, but a good one, for his purpose. The horse was cantering on at an even pace, making the circuit of the common several times before proceeding, and giving his rider time for the execution of his rapidly conceived design.

He tore off his coat, waistcoat, and hat, while the horse was still in motion, and throwing them away appeared in the disguise of a marine.

motion, and throwing teem away appeared in the disguise of a marine. Continuing thus for a few minutes, he aimed right and left, as with a gun, and seemed to be defying an enemy.

"No," he said to himself, "this disguise will not do," whereupon lightly humming a tune, which appeared to exhilarate the noble steed that bounded beneath him, he recklessly divested himself of the military uniform, and in less time than it takes to describe, he exposed to view the dress of a sailor, which he had evidently been wearing

beneath the other two.

"I can reserve the Apollo for another time," he thought, slightly opening the front of his sailor's shirt, through which it was possible to see the glittering spangles of the Sungod's costume. "It is enough if I escape detection in this, "I was as a sailor I have always woode her."

"Hi! hi! "Shouting to his mare, and hitting her sharply on the off fetlock he waved his hat aloft, and hoisting a bundle in a pocket-handkerchief tied on to the end of a stick, across his shoulder, careered conward. onward.

His delay had enabled BILLEE to come up with him; concealing himself under the shadow of the flowing tail, as he had hitherto done in that of his rider's head, the infant followed him with stern purpose, and resolve, taking firmer and surer hold of him at every step.
On the border of the forest DORNTON tied his horse up to a tree.
Far off shone a light in the window of a lonely cottage.

The Directors think that there have been several good opportunities for advertising lest. Advertisements pay very well. This is an opportunity lost, so evident, TRUNKS, portmanteaux, &c. [The Editor being bound to publish these notes, publishes the above without comment.—Ed.]

"She is there," was all he said.

"She is there," was all he said.

A gust sweeping the plain, took his light sailor's hat, and throwing it madly from branch to branch, drove it at a fierce page through the intricacies of the forest; here Pres Dornov followed swiftly, for if he ever could be attached to anything animate or inanimate, he would have been to that now brimless battered hat as it bounded gaily over the moonlit plain which reached for miles in the basin naturally formed by the perpetual landslips, and the overshading pine hills surrounding it. He would not shout he would not ever for assistance. Onward ha He would not shout, he would not cry for assistance. Onward he hurried. One moment with extended arms to seize the receding form, another prone upon the uneven soil, then with his short curly hair streaming behind him in the breeze, he flew across the open plain. Onward! onward!

A distant murmur fell upon his ear. Louder, louder, the voices of a myriad deep-tongued monsters baying for a victim.
"The Sea!" he cried in terror. "It is the sea!"

"The Sea!" he cried in terror. "It is the sea!"
Lucid, two-horned, antier-bearing, changeable, vague, wandering, nightly, continuous-by-night, silent, tacit, smiled the daughter of Latona upon the son of Saturn and Ops and brother to Jupiter and Pluto."

* Notes.—The Authors who looked over this description of the ocean erased this description of the moon shining on the sea, and described the fact simply in five words. On an early copy being sent to them for perusal, they find the fiditor has restored the passage. Why !—(Signed.)

Editor.—Gentlemen, you are only three out of the number, why did you erase the passage aforesaid? It was written by a scholar and a poet, the Author, in fact, to whom was promised that he should write a song in this on the first opportunity; failing this, that he should be allowed to induge in poetic licence. He is a scholar and gentleman, and retains his classic knowledge. He was brought up at Eton and Oxford. A touch here and there gives elegance. I beg the subject may be dropped.

be dropped.

The Authors, the three above-named with others, to the Editor.—Sir, We did not state our reasons, but will. Scholar! pool 1—no more scholar than—well, never mind.

"Retained his classic knowledge," you say: you mean, Sir, retained his classic knowledge," you say: you mean, Sir, retained his classic knowledge," you say: you mean, Sir, retained his classic knowledge," you say: you mean, Sir, retained his cultivated scholarship. He was with us, you may recollect, in the country (the humbug! he pretended he must be away in the country to get inspiration!) and we coming upon him unexpectedly found him writing his portion of this work with an old copy of the Gradus of Paranassum before him, open at the article Luxu, to which pray refer, and you will find all his epithets in the original Latin Lucida, bicornisi, cornecers, dec, dec. Then turn to article Nærusus, and in the very first line you will find this gentleman's paraphrase word for word. Now, Sir, if we dealt thus with you and the public, what would you, what would hey say! It was this impostor them who wrote those Latin and Greek headings to the Chapters, ch? Gross ignorance, Sir, gross. Again, Sir, as to be heading to Chapter XIV., any schoolboy knows that "tibi crede" is the form, or "In teredo," not "The credo." But enough of this.

of this.

Editor to the Above.—Gentlemen, the Editor has been imposed upon. The Classic Poet is no longer connected with this Company. The passages complained of were allowed (the Editor is willing to explain how) to remain at the wish of the Directors, upon whom the Musical Poet had called to sing some of his compositions for this work. The Editor always thought him a detestable humbug, but does not shrink from admitting that the epithets were admitted as a compromise, so that the Directors and Editor might not in future be obliged to listen to his singing every day, and at every hour between ten and four. However, he has received a certain amount for his shares, and has retired; and now, Gentlemen, the Editor takes the present opportunity of expressing a strong hope that the good feeling and forbearance, and gentlemany tone of all concerned will prevent any contratenps occurring, just when the work is progressing so admirably.

His pace had brought him impetuously to the very verge of the abrupt cliff, when from the door of the cottage a female form issued, and throwing herself across the object of his pursuit prevented its being carried forcibly over into the beiling waves beneath.

The first ray of morning light fell on

The woman raised her arms and screamed. She would have fallen over the cliff had not DORNTON caught her

The woman raised her arms and screamed. She would have fallen over the cliff had not DOMNTON caught her in his arms.

"BESS! look up! speak to me!" he cried in an agony.

He knew she had recognised him, but at that moment, yielding to as irresistible an impulse as that which urged the Grecian Matron Hubardé to make osteological search within the closed receas, or the wary Pimannos to entrap the yielding and simple Simonides on his road to the Athenaise of the Plumm-bearing tree,—he pressed his hot lips to her icy cold forehead, and felt such a thrill of pleasure shuddering through his frame as threatened to render his position upon that unguarded ledge every second more dangerous.

He had not noticed it, but by a coincidence he had stopped on the exact apot where some days before he had dropped the white cravat over the edge of the cliff, and it had remained there fluttering in the breeze.

"You are in my power now," he whispered, with concentrated passion in her ear. "Come! your father is dying: I know the seized her round the waist, but her voice returning, she uttered a piercing ahriek, which was suddenly answered from below.

DORWYON paused. He was a bold bad man, but even bold, bad men must pause sometimes. The time had come for him.



The Editor, in answer to numerous queries from the Authors, has great pleasure in announcing that these elegant interpolations, so happily illustrating the situation, are from the pen of the celebrated Authores who has recently joined this Novel Company (Limited). The Editor is sure that the esteemed member of the Company, the author of the White Ram, &c., will be the last person to find fault with the style of the hand which has produced Canaries of Supplication, Shalotte's Inheritance, Blabbington Black's Forgery.

In haste by the Authors to the Editor.—Why wasn't there an illustration last week From the Editor to the Authors, in haste. - Don't know. - Ed.

"It is JOSEPH," cried the poor girl. "He has heard me, and comes

"It is Joseph, cried the poor gus, to my assistance."

"Bah!" laughed DORNTON, savagely, "he is two hundred feet below the level of the sea, your chickweed-gathering lover; 'twill be duak again ere he reach us. You are mine! Nay, pretty one, do not struggle."

But he had to exert all his force, for Bass, acoustomed to row her father's amack of seventy-eight tons, could put out more than the ordinary strength of a woman. But she was hardly a match for Puri. Dornton, who lifting his now out awoman. But she was hardly a matour for Pres. Donartow, who lifting his now unresisting burthen far above his head, her his love or instant was offering her his love or instant

destruction, which two steps forward would have accomplished, when a hand apparently issuing from the earth, grasped him firmly round the ancle.

The Horse.—He can walking in the last number, but as it gives more life to the picture by introducing a horse, the Editor ventured to put him on horseback. It'll go so much better.

The Editor regrets having been unable to send a proof with this alteration in it to the Authors, but there wasn't time before publication.—Ed.]

(To be continued.)

ANOTHER LETTER FROM OUR ARTIST.

To the Editor of " Chikkin Hazard,"

DEAR SIE,

I HAVE given up all hopes of illustrating Chikkin Hazard from the MS., which is getting more and more il-legible.

Letters conveying hints of

subjects for my pencil are a

Telegrams are a nuisance Personal interviews combine both these characteristics.

I must illustrate independ-

ently, or not at all.

I beg to send you some studies of that interesting creature, the Boomerang, in various moods of thought and

I also send you some Benician birds and fishes, and I only hope you will like them.

Faithfully yours,

G. DE MALALGIL. P.S. Why the Dickins didn't you publish my last drawing?



An Omission.

WE omitted to state that among the distinguished persons placed in mourning by the elevation of LORD CRAMBORNE to the House of Lords is MR. DIBRABLI. We hasten to correct the omission.—Court Circular.



Not a Water-Colour.

"AQUASCUTUM" is informed that he is wrong in his supposition that the Portrait of MACKINTOSIK, No. 227 in the National Portrait Exhibition, represents the well-known inventor of the Waterproof Overcoat.

PORTRAIT RAMBLINGS.



N our return from show, met Sir Wil-liam Temple, with a bundle of aspa-ragus in his hand, which he gave to Tradescant, the gar-dener, who was dener, who was walking arm-in-arm with Sir Watter Raleigh down Eliabeth Throgmotton Street. The Knight kiased his hand to the Ducheas of Feria, looking out from a Dormar window on the Spania. galleons going to the Tower, and asked her whether

devented by the control of the contr

Mrs. Opic of an anecdote John Kemble told her of the "O. P." riots, the year Queen Caroline induced "Palmyra" Wood to accompany Wedgwood and Potter to Pitcairn's Island, on an expedition with Withering the botanist, who found Paley flahing for compliments (Clerk of Eldin had "broken the line") and Lord Grey of Rolleston reading Pout Play to Gifford, feeling somewhat sore at having been cat up by Sir Charles Bell, who, however, soon gave him his "Hand;" so Bloomfield went back to his shoemaking, and Jerreid's last was repeated by Sydney Smith to Melbourne, Lord Abinger laughing till he was Starlett sgain, and Coleridge and his Frend intoned "The Ancient Matines" to Nelson and Miss Brontd, which the Members of the Loung Soulsty pronounced to be all moonshine, although George Selwyn, who had been with Romilly to see Sarah Malcolm hanged by Lord Norburg on Tellord's Suspension Bridge, and from themee to Tatter-sall's for his Mackintosh, declared John Scott's lot to be a capital one, for he was then Attorney-General and sure to be Chancellor, as Lord Denman remarked, when he told Dr. Arne that the Court gratted him a Rule Britannia, an opinion in which Sheridan, who had left Home, and gole to Law, at Stoke Pogis, to escape a Dunning, difficulting together periodically about the time when Thomas Camboell was celting magazines, and despatching Holman, the Blind Traveller, on an expedition to Lyons, the Lord Keeper to Coventry, there Buckland had found the Great Seal, and Richard the Second to the Javies magazines, and despatching Holman, the Blind Traveller, and the hole of Richmond administering Dr. Gregory's powder, wilding together paper and disguised in Farren-accous food, to Divies Gilbert in such profuse quantities, that the distinguished Prass, tithed Gilddy again, and could only gasp out that his initials were Law Lu, and that he loved "Perdita" Robinson better than "Jaskitim Analysis," which Sir Charles Wale and the Prince of Wales and the Prince of the Bart had in the Abbey, conducting himself, as usual, ver

(there the Ms. breats off, never, let us hope, to be resumed. The only intelligible account that can be given of these unconnected, unfinished "Ramblings" (filly named) is that our Contributor had been at the National Portrait Exhibition the whole of the day, and falling asleep after his great exertions and dinner, still clutching the Catalogue with both hands, was the sport of a factastic and dyspeptic dream.)

SOME MISUNDERSTANDING.

Mr. Pusen has been surprised by receiving the following information from a distinguished physician:—

"Sin,-At page 186 of your current volume you describe me as a prig said a

The letter thus commencing is signed Jakes Educades, M.D. 'Argued naver applied, or ever dreamt of applying, the terms Prig and Humbug to Dr. Jakes Educades. On reference it will be found that those are merely the words of an angry smoker in a dialogue, who is inveighing against an Association which he dislikes—the Anti-Tobacco Society—in the mass. A preceding enumeration of persons advertised to attend a meeting of that body happens to include the name of a Da. Forward, who, for sught Mr. Pasca knew, hight have been a Doctor of Laws, or Divinity. He had not the least idea that Dr. Jakes Educades was a Member of the Anti-Tobacco Society, and is by no means sure that he is now. Da. Jakes Educades while especially in the character of Honorary Secretary to the Female Medical Society. That is quite another thing. Has he actually read what he complains of, or has he been misinformed?

"When he Stamped, Sir, I Stamped."

The "Great Tichbourne Case," as it is called, has been introduced at Tattersall's, and made the aubject of speculation. We hear that the last odds were ten to one in favour of the claimant's succeeding to the title and estates.—Land and Water.

Very good puff. Every little helps. But in a legal assembly, where perhaps human evidence may be as well understood as equine pedigree at Tattersall's, the betting the other night was ten to one in favour of the Baby Baronet.—Fire and sit.

2. Those ultra Ritualists are Papiets without double. B. Say rather, Papiets without the P.



"NOT TO PUT TOO FINE A POINT ON IT."

Transatlantic Party. "Look 'ere, Waiter! Change this Knife for a Pea
Change. Stranger and me are on different Platforms, and I might hurt

flash stockbrokers are too proud to carry coppers, or silver. EATER. BIM."

THE WELSH ODE.

WE have been favoured with an early copy of the Ode which was recited to the PRINCE and PRINCES OF WALES at Carnarvon. It is much better than we expected. It contains 469 lines, but we are unfortunately able to give only the beautiful conclusion. Its simplicity is perfect.

"Yes, Prince, O yes indeed,
You are a friend in need,
And now Cadwallader and all his goats
Brings you their votes,
Dear youth.
'Deed truth.

We are very glad to see you in our Wales, And though we're usually as slow as anails, To-day we frisk and sport

About your Court, Like gay Welsh rabbits with their little tails. We much like your Princess,

O yes,
Her features are as pretty as her dress,
We hope the Dane will deign To come again,

Some pleasant morning when it shall not rain: And all our mountains,

And our fountains,
And our fountains,
Sin WATKIN WILLIAMS WYNN shall then explain.
We thank you, noble couple,
That you did take the trouble
To come and feast upon our squeak and bubble,

And eat our carps,

And hear our harps,
We'll drink your joy until we all see double.
We are not very wise,

But very good,

But very good,
Welsh you must not despise,
That 's very rude,
So bless you both, Prince and Princess or Wales,
In twenty vessels of our newest ales.
Good speed,
Yes, indeed."

NOVELTY IN TICKETS-OF-LEAVE.

THERE might be a Ticket-of-Leave System which would work admirably—a system under which the Police would be empowered to present certain persons, of the class officially reported by them as "characters" who are "known to" them, with tickets of admission to see criminals, of whom some may have been their own associates, or "pals," undergoing punishment. Convicted felons no longer fare sumptuously every day; but in their prison fare, for any purpose of determent, skilligolee might be replaced by turtle-soup, unless the fellows without are kept well aware that they are dieted on the former and not on the latter. A clause should be introduced into the Capital Punishments within Prisons Bill providing a limited number of select ruffians with the accommodation requisite for enabling them to witness the execution of any one of their order whom it may be necessary to hang for murder. Due provision should likewise be made to give parties of the same class opportunities for witnessing such instructive exhibitions as the one described by the Chester Chrowicle under the head of "Flogging Garotters." Another spectacle of a different nature was going on hard by:—

"At the time when a joyous growd of people were collecting about the Chester."

"At the time when a joyous crowd of people were collecting about the Chas Railway Station for the purpose of witnessing the arrival of and showing th loyalty to the Pauces and Paucess or Wales, two fellows confined in the car were writing under the infliction of the cat-o-nine tails for robbery."

Is it too much to say that the crowd collected about the railway doubtless included some persons whose more suitable place would have been among the spectators of the scene that was then proceeding in the Castle, narrated as follows?—

"The prisoners, Harr and COOKE, were taken from their cells to one of the prison yards about half-peat six. Harr, who is only eighteen, was the first to undergo the punishment awarded to him, viz, fifteen hakes. So terrified did he become at the preparations that while he was being fasteend to the triangle he cried. At the first blow he shricked loudly, and continued to shout and clutch the post to which he was fasteend until the full number of strokes had been dealt. Cooke, who was thirty-two, and was sentenced to twenty lashes, was compelled to look on. At the first blow he, too, set up a percing cry. Soth looked pale and exhausted after the flogging."

It is of no use making a garotter howl unless he is heard, and heard by those who will be instructed by his howling. Revenge is unchristian; but Society, like individuals, may try to make enemies repent, if, indeed, it is not our duty to try as hard as ever we can. On the principle of loving kindness, let garotters be shampooed, if shampooing will tend to stop garotting; but, as flogging is found rather to do so, flog them. Don't infliet a pang upon the worst of rufflans, except to the end of deterring other rufflans from cruelty. Spare not the lash in any degree to effect that end. But then let the pauge of the scourged savage be exemplary. Let not his contortions of visage be wasted; his howlings and writhings thrown away: let them always have the proper witnesses: all the other rascals in prison, and as large a number as may be convenient of outside blackguards privileged with a number as may be convenient of outside blackguards privileged with tickets-of-leave.

A KICK AT THE CANCAN.

ENGLAND boasts its hornpipe, Scotland its reel, and Ireland its jig. But what, except the cancan, is the Frenchman's national dance? We ask, because we notice that a writer in a Paris newspaper is savagely indignant on this tender point:—

"Enfin, Males Frentz, une brune que l'on connaît, est engagée dans un ba tringue de Londres pour y danser la 'danse nationale' des Français—dit l'affiche-le canon. Pourquoi pas ' 'Partant peur la Syrie,' n'est-il pas pour le momen notre air national !"

Anglice, et aliter, facit indignatio versum :-

"The cancan! mon Dieu! 'tis an insult to France,
To call that vile orgy her national dance.
Parfidious England as well may declare
'Champagne Charley' is known as her national air!"

MAY BE HEARD EVERYWHERE.

"Sones without Words"—a remarkable performance; but perhaps a still more wonderful feat is playing upon words.

REMINISCENCES OF PORTSMOUTH,



DETERMINED NOT TO BE LATE, PRIVATE JONES BORROWS AN ALARUM, WHICH MAKES HIM RATHER NERVOUS ALL NIGHT-



BUT PALLS TO WAKE BIM AT THE RIGHT TIME,



THE POLICEMAN, HOWEVER, IS MORE SUCCEMENT A BYONE AT THE WINDOW.



DRESSING. "CONFOUND IT! WHERE'S MY OTHER LEGGING &



MUSTERING. Some pellows have to come a long way, and there is not much choice of Conveyance.



GOING DOWN. JONES'S PIR DISAPPRARS QUICKER THAN HE EXPECTED.



DELIGHTFUL FOR BROWN, WHO IS MARCHING PAST, TO SEE HIS DEARLY BELOVED PRE-OCCUPIED WITH A "REQUEAR" FROM THE GARRISON!



THIS CORPS HAS NOT YET GOME INTO ACTION, AFTER THE BATTLE.



Shirmining Captain. "FIRE AWAY, BOYS, AND PICK OFF THAT MOUNTED OFFICER!"



Private Jones has endeavoured to Reparch him-skep by filling him Cantern from a Water-Case, which, however, has been dred by the Arillery to Wash their Sponges in. Distribute Result!

A Bush for the Last Train; and the Print-Class Carriages.





DIFFICULTY IN OBTAINING PASSENGERS' TICKETS!

WHALLEY AND FOLLY.



UR contemporary the Speciator says, in re-ference to Mr. DIRRABLI's assumption of terror lest our religion should be in

"It were better to have Mn. WHALLEY for Prime Minister, for he at least would not say these things without honestly believing them. But had as it would be to have a fiel for Prime Minister of England, is it not worse to have one who, not being a fool himself, but very much the reverse, addresses himself," &c.

Mr. Punch is never so outspoken as this. When he wishes to intimate his belief in the non-wisdom of folks, he says with the Shakapearian lady—

44 I do not call them fools, but this I think, When they are thirsty, fools would fain have drink."

But he would like to know what the sapient electors of Peterborough say to the above label, so neatly gummed on their representative.

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XVIII.

THE HAND OF PATE.

THE HAND OF PATE.

The towering Atlantic wave, whose dizzy height only those who have once surmounted it to gase upon the lake-like valley beneath, can possibly imagine, essed the devoted house with the hand of a giant, and twirled it into the air, as NUTT had often done with his hat for GRAGE MARCHMONE's evening amusement. For one instant she clung to him, but in the next, relaxing her hold, she, with true feminine instinct recollecting that her watch, which played two tunes and struck the quarters, would be most useful to her on some future occasion, wound it up rapidly, securing it tightly by the chain to her waist, and then as her maiden blood rose to her cheeks, preased both hands firmly upon the skirts of her dress. So she awaited her fate.

Nutr's one thought at that moment was for her.

The huge wave gathering itself together like a concrete sea-wall careering on the face of the ocean at a rate too fearful for contempla-

careering on the face of the ocean at a rate too fearful for contempla-tion, began to quiver beneath its own immensity as though trembling

tion, began to quiver beneath its own immensity as though trembling under the consciousness of its murderous work.

Ah! how little do we, sitting by our comfortable firesides, realise such dangers as these; and, after all, how small, how little, does this mighty work of nature seem when told on paper. And what is it? A man and woman by themselves unaided, save by their own intelligence, left to battle with a vast Atlantie wave. And not an Atlantic wave only, but one which had rolled itself from one ocean to another, which had glided stealthily round the world's four corners into the broad ocean highway.—a double horror, a multiplied power, an Atlantic wave in the Facific.

The wild wind was its master, driving it onward in the dark night. It sucked in the smaller that at its base and heaved them up to the top. Some of these Nurr was causaled to eatch and place in his pockets.

"She," he said to himself, "likes fish."

What tables and chairs he could reach at the moment, he attempted, somewhat unwisely, to seize and secrete about his person, as they were

somewhat unwisely, to seize and secrete about his person, as they were forced through the house window by inner pressure. As he did so he thought to himself how the time might come when she would be glad to sit down upon something, and then he would provide the means. Would she be touched at last? Would she at length understand him and read his heart?

A sharp ery from her attracted his attention, but the night was too dark for him to be guided to her, by anything except her voice.

He stretched out his arms, and leant, as he imagined, in her direction. This action had unforceeen consequences.

This aviden weight, so slight in itself, thus brought to bear mere upon one side than the other, destroyed the equilibrium of the already tottering sea-wall, and shaking for one accord as if the course of its fall were still uncertain, it toppled headleng and fell with one great gigantic rain, and then the ass was calm and tranquil, and the mean shous out as ppon a peaceful valley.

GRACE awaking from her stuper, found herself upon dry land. She pressed her hand to her side.

"My watch! thank heaven!" was her first exclamation.

The next instant she thought of the Boomerang.

Is, where was Nuzz?

And the House?

GOOM.

She uttered a loud cry. She shouted his name, there was no response. She was on an unknown sea-shore, alone.

Then the roof of the house in which they had suffered so much together drifted in on the tide. In its wake, floated a few notes of the old piano from the lower b to the upper a, reminding her of many happy hours in her Benician home past and gone.

Then she had recourse to true femining relief: she cried. This was a relief to has. After a while she began to ask herself what be would have done had Providence willed him to he is her place then.

She came to the conclusion that her beast central was a careful search. This led her to the southern extremity of the island, for she had no doubt it was an island, from seeing water entirely surrounding it, and here she began her work in seal carnest.

A magnificent growth of trees of all sizes and descriptions covered the cliff down to the sea's edge; it had all the appearance of a carefully preserved and well timbered park, so bountiful had nature been in this respect, and so careful of her bounties.

With a faltering step she approached the confines of the park, and uttered Norr's name. There was no response; but as she neared the largest tree in the plantation a vague sense of heat well nigh overcame her.

"You are getting warm," said a well-known voice, in tones of deepest anxiety, not two yards distant from her.

"I am," she murmured faintly, "burning," and she stretched out

her hand.

In another moment Nurr's strong grasp, as he stepped from behind a large trunk, prevented her falling to the earth.

"Forgive me," he said to her, almost apologetically, "I had but just awoke from a deep sleep, and seeing you approach, my first idea was to recall to your mind the light days of innocent childhood's pleasures, and to conceal myself behind yonder broad-shouldered pine."

"It was acarcely fair," she replied feebly, but with returning strength. "You should have cried 'hoop,' or something to that effect. At first I thought you lost," and the delicate form shuddered Ah! what Heaven was this to him! He would have had her always shuddering, for that one thrill of atrong excitement had set his veins on fire, and made his hair stand out rigid in the last red light of the glorious sun.

veins on fire, and made his hand with a playfully, "no more games: it is getting late, and this is our first evening in our new quarters. We have much to do. What say you, Miss Marchhout, shall we name this group of trees, Seek Plantation?"

She answered him with an angelic smile, "Call it rather Hide Park."

She answered him with an angelic smile, "Call it rather Hide Park."
"Be it so," returned NUTZ, "and now to provide for our evening meal, for nothing is left us from the wreck of the old house."
"Except a few bon-bon crackers," said GRACE, who had by this time regained her usual composure.

time regained her usual composure.

Nurr pondered for a few seconds, then he answered.

"No," he said. "There is not enough in one at a time for a single meal, and I doubt whether in this new climate the saccharine compositions would agree with us. Let us keep them as luxuries, and perhaps I can find a better use for them hereafter."

"Why mayn't I eat them now?" she asked pettishly, "I shall, if I like."

NUTT regarded her in silent, loving, despendency. Who was this strange being who had so enthralled him? Was this the return for all his untiring patience, his unflagging seal in her behalf?

She looked up. "Forgive me," she said, smiling. Forgive her? there was nothing to forgive. So he put the bonbons in his own pocket, and told her that he had a good use in store for them which she should soon know, and satisfied with this assurance she put no further questions.

The sup had gone helew the horizon and right letter in the

The sun had gone below the horison, and night, later in these southern parts than elsewhere, was coming on slowly but surely. Gracs looked at her watch. It played a tune and struck the

quarters.
BEDTIME.

From the Authors at soork upon the Piez. Dornston portion of the Tele to the Editor.—

Bir,—Why is this favouritism? Why do you allow the Artistic Staff (which seems reduced to a Power of One) to illustrate ouly the other, and we may any secondary part of this work, upon which we are not ongaged, of which we do not in the extensive and the property of the property of the property of the stage of the stage

The server Authors engaged upon this. Signed.

Addror to the Serven Authors.—Gentlemen,—Your Prez. Doarrow part is so graphic as to need no illustration, and the reason why the Boomerang pictures were introduced was because the Editor was afraid lest in the perusal of your exciting story the public attackion should be antisoly withdrawn from the other part. At the same time, as the Editor is bound to publical all notes in connection with this work, he wishes to say that there is No Favouritim. That the Editor is equally picased with all the Authors, and also with the amisble and indefaultable Artist; and he does sincerely hope that the good feeling and forbearance, and gentlemanly tone of all concerned, will prevent any contratemps occurring just when the Work is progressing so admirably.

CHAPTER XIX.

THE IBON AGE.

NUTT, whose whole appearance," to the astonishment of Miss Marchmost, had gradually lost all its Boomerang character, divined her thoughts at once. "You shall have, before nightfall," he said, "a house worthy of Hide Park, and," he added, after surveying the island for a few seconds, apparently calculating its internal resources, "every laxury which modern improvements furnish, or the dross of unbounded wealth can purchase."

She watched him in tearful admiration; she devoured him with her

eyes. He was so strong, so good, so persevering.
"Now, make haste," she said to him, sharply, " and don't stand gaping there all day."

This inuendo cut him to the quick, but he felt it was deserved, and so he determined to be inactive no longer.

He plunged into the thicket, and almost instantly returned with an

eo he determined to be inactive no longer.

He plunged into the thicket, and almost instantly returned with an energous tree.

"What on earth are you going to do with that?" was her question.

"This," he answered, "will be your house. Miss Marchmore, we are indeed fortunate. This is the Plant of the Entire Building. The trunk is in four compartments, and nature has herself made the staircase in a rough and rugged way, only omitting banisters and staircarpets, which we can easily add. We have but to fix this firmly in the ground, and more than half our work is accomplished."

"Stay!" she exclaimed. "Have I not seen at home printed offers for selling an Entire Plant for Building or Manufacturing Purposes?"

He nodded assent. "Why," she continued, with her eyes widely opening at the vastness of the idea, "I have seen as much as £100,000 offered for such a Plant."

"You have," and Norr, "this is it; we are indeed in luck."

He laboured on for half an hour, and had then only got the first floor finished. He stopped for a few moments to gain endouragement from her smile and wipe the perspiration from his own brow. She was thoughful.

"I must help you," she said, presently. "If I can'd only twist the sand on the sea-shore into bell-ropes—or—or—oh, dear, what case I do? It will kill me to sit idle."

This was a good healthy sign, and Nurr would not discourage her.

"Well," he said at length, "you can go down to the shore and obtain some of that white and red sea-weed; whan dried it will make admirable ornaments for the fire-stoves."

She rose quickly, but as suddenly stopped, and looked downwards. She had on only the very thinnest white satin shoes, having been in full evening dress when the fierce Atlantic wave had swept them on their new career.

"Your poor feet!" he said, tenderly, but with a pussled air, for he

their new career.

"Your poor feet!" he said, tenderly, but with a puzzled air, for he himself was without boots of any sort.

She leant against a small tree, in thought. It bent with her weight and she jumped away from it, fearing that it was about to break, out on her removing the pressure the tree sprang up again into its original

She pointed this out to Nurr, who ran to examine the phenomenon. The next instant she saw him raising his hands and shouting like a

"What is it ?" she inquired.

"What is it?" she inquired.

"This, Miss Marchmort," said Nurt, as quietly as his excitement would permit, "is indeed a most opportune discovery. Without it we should have had to undergo much suffering; with it we are at once upon our road to comparative ease and luxury even here. The damp of the marsh, the finits of the beach, the unpleasant moisture of the sands we may, by the aid of this natural provision, alike defy. This is the celebrated Boot-rees."

"I have often heard my poor uncle mention it," she said, and a

"I have often heard my poor uncle mention it," she said, and a shado of melancholy passed over both their faces, as they remembered the deceased Lieutenant, and thought how fond he would have been of the Boot-tree had he been still alive. Then they came to action.

"Let me take the measure of your foot with this leaf. Thank you. 80 in the shade. Now," said NUTT, "in another moment you will be fitted."

He gained the top by means of short stunted branches, and selecting the strongest and cest small pair from the uppermost boughs, descended triumphantly with them in his hand. "It is the Spring time of year," he said, "and therefore these early boots have clastic cides."

"I'm sorry to hurt your feelings, Mr. Nurr," she said, when after trying one on it had been found to fit admirably, " but they are both rights."

""Whole appearance" was substituted by the Editor in list of "Face, form, features, hands, feet, legs," &c., which you gentlemen had seen fit to foist into this portion of the narrative. This is an answer to the Authors' query. See Illustration labeled "Omage 7 in last week's number.—Mt.

From Authors to Editor.—Sir,—Those pictures of the Scomerang only partially represent our idea of the Boomerang. Good heavens [fir] we'll want and explained our meaning to Ma. Malatont one morning. He said he understood it when we left him. He never gave us any luncheon, nor offered us anything to drink.

"The rights of woman," said Nurr, playfully; "but," he added, seeing that she looked serious, "There is one left," and he went up aloft again to fatch it, returning as before.

Armed with these she descended to the sea-shore, while Nurr cut down a few caks, and having concosted a sort of putty with some carth maistened by the early dew, he commenced soldering the walls together, so as to keep out the draught. His next difficulty was the stair-carpeta, and then the door-bell. This last nearly staggered him. While he was meditating this new difficulty, he thought he heard his name called, and looking round sharply, saw nothing. He was certain he heard it repeated feebly. He ran to the edge of the cliff as quickly as he could, for his new boots (he also had plucked a pair of a shinier and harder kind) pinched him sadly, and looking down, he saw what made his blood stagnate with horror, and recede from his thumping heart.

(The Editor is bound by agreement to publish all notes, &c.)
Thirteen duthors engaged on the Grace and Beomerang Department. To Editor—
Why didn't you publish our letter to you last week! Publish it.
This is not the way to talk to an Editor. I don't like it. Alter your tons.—Bd.
Sent to Authors aforesaid.
From Directors to Editor.—We have been appealed to by Thirteen Authors. Pray comply with their request.

From Directors to Editor.—We have been appealed to by Thirteen Authors. Pray comply with their request.

Editor to Justicor.—Gentlemen,—In accordance with your calm and temperate letter, I will, in this Number.

Editor to Justicor.—The Directors wish your letter published. It was an accident that it was not done before. Everything that your Editor cas do to forward your views for the general good shall be done; but do not let there be a feeling of bitterness springing up specially towards your Editor, who would not hurts By. And, Gentlemen, you should be above underhand reprisals. The Editor with pain alludes to the hamper sent to his Office, is abelied Gane, and which contained nothing but live frogs. The powdered sugar was fortunately given to the Office boy to put in its tes, and was set used by the Editor in whisely-end-water as existed. It blew the boy's teacup into atoms, and the spoon struck him a severe blow in the eye. This is not reveney; and if it were, would be unworthy of you. One of the Gentlemen engaged upon the PIEL Donsrow part of this Work, informs me that you've threatened him with a booby trap if he calls upon any one of you. Now, Gentlemen, under the circumstances I will publish your letter if you still desire it. But the Editor feels sure that by the time it appears you will have reconsidered its terms, and will thank the Editor, with tears in your eyes, for his gentle forethought and calm savice. The Editor knows that you are ell—Authors and Artista alike—good, kind-hearted fellows at bottom, and that these little differences do but arise from various views of Art, accidental to the enemo of Individual Genius. We shall gover evenly to work in future; equal chapters being given to each set. And now, Gentlemen, the Editor [The Editor was just winding up this address at the moments of going to press, when the following communication arrived:]

From the Thirteen Authors.—Just read proofs. Over is the part of the story.

From the Seen.—Seen the proof of next. Good gracious! Why don't y

dense their part T Stok to Pint Donaros. You know the plot was estilled on paper briefly thus:—

"BOONERANG and GRAUE should be wracked out of their House, and should be immediately—" [The Editor cannot publish the remainder of this, as it reveals the future plot)—and these fellows, the Geologist, the Naturalists, the Ornsthologists, and the Artist on your staff are just following out their own fancies, regardless of the plot at all. Stop it at once, or we'll esthairaw, and bring out a new Novel, called "The Captives of Gorgyra," and ruin you. We are only seven in number, and the others are thirteen. Literary men and Editors fight for less in Paris. We are determined, if we feel the necessity, to call them all out, and commence with you, fir, as Editor. Six of se will flight, and six will be seconds; the seventh is a Dootor. (Signed, the Seven.)

Editor to the above, suddenly reviewed.—There is no time to reply. Must publish the notes. I know I am bound to do so. But you are joking. I see you are joking. Come, come, I mas found—I mean the Editor is as fond of a bit of fun as you are, and he enjoys the joke, only don't push it may further, and lat us all dine together with the Directors at Greenwish. Whitebast just in, small and freat. There, name your day; and now, Centlemen, the Editor, in closing this correspondence, is sure that he may invariably depend upon the good feeling, the forbearmone, and the centlemantly tone of all concerned, to prevent any conference occurring just when the Novel, well written in all parts, and admirably lituationed, is progressing to generate the second of the second of the second of the progressing to generally.

GOOD NEWS FROM PARAGUAY.

The tidings from Paraguay are exceedingly interesting and important, and although, from the peculiar mode in which South Americans of opposite parties forward intelligence, we are perfectly uncertain whether Brazil has demolished Paraguay, or Paraguay has exterminated Brazil, or there has been any fight at all, the news which comes from such a distance and in so many ships must command respect. Furthermore, there is one hit of intelligence which must make the English heart beat pleasantly. Iron-clads, supplied by British Merchants, have proved to be honest, sea-worthy articles. This advance in commercial morality is to be bailed with joy and pride, and we rejoice and are proud accordingly. Whatever may be said of Marine Assurance, in aniphuliding we believe that honesty is the best Policy. THE tidings from Paraguay are exceedingly interesting and impor-

Our Fair Flesh and Blood.

Wn are indebted to the Pall Mall Gasette for making us aware that one of the Speakercases at the Manchester Suffrage Meeting spoke of being "heavily weighted by Nature." Do ladies who are a trifle too embongoist (that, we believe, is the correct word in fiction) expect that the Franchise, when they get it, amongst other marvellous charten will make them thin? If so, there will be an end to the stout resistance which they seem disposed to make to the many grievances of which they are the pitiable victims.



AS SCUMMLES'S PICTURES ARE INVARIABLY "SKYED" AT THE ROYAL ACADEMY EXHIBITION.

HE HAS GIVEN UP HIGH FINISH, AND ADAPTS HIS STYLE TO THE CIRCUMSTANCES!

AN ABYSSINIAN EXHIBITION.

The cost of the Abyssinian war is a matter of no consequence whatever to the nation at large, as it has been imposed wholly on the payers of Income-Tax. Still, these persons, made to pay for fighting their country's battles, constitute a minority of the population which is large enough to be not altogether contemptible. If Government could, without any expense to the masses, recoup the victims of confiscation, it might as well, for it would do so with perfect safety from clamour. Now the Charchlion of the kell-for it would do so with perfect convenience to the people at large if Sir Robert Nafier succeeds in capturing King Theodors. His Majesty the Nagus may possess no treasury, the contents of which would serve to indemnify the British Income-Tax payer; but is not so extraordinary a potentate as the Abyssinian tyrant a treasure in himself? First catch your Nagus, of course; but, having caught him, bring him away and constitute him an exhibition. In so doing there would

be no need to keep him in a cage or den; he might be made perfectly comfortable, only open to public inspection during certain hours daily at the Egyptian Hall, Piccadilly, or some other place equally commodious. Admission on five days out of the six (on Sundays Theodorn being a Christian would, even if instructive exhibitions were allowed to be open, of course have leave to attend to his devotions) might be one shilling, the aixth day being a half-crown day, for the accommodation of the superior classes. After having been shown in London as long as he continued to be sufficiently attractive, he might be conveyed throughout the rest of the United Kinadom, and afford a spectacle to the inhabitants of Edinburgh, Dublin, and the various provincial towns. Then, if the State had not made enough money by him to replace the amount which he has occasioned it to exact from a single class, he could be sent abroad to fetch more, travelling, not necessarily in a van, all over the Continent, and doubtless, drawing contributions in abundance towards obtaining income equivalent to what he has cost that section of the people who have had exclusively the honour of paying for the expedition against him. dition against him.

THE MODERN INQUISITION.

THE MODERN INQUISITION.

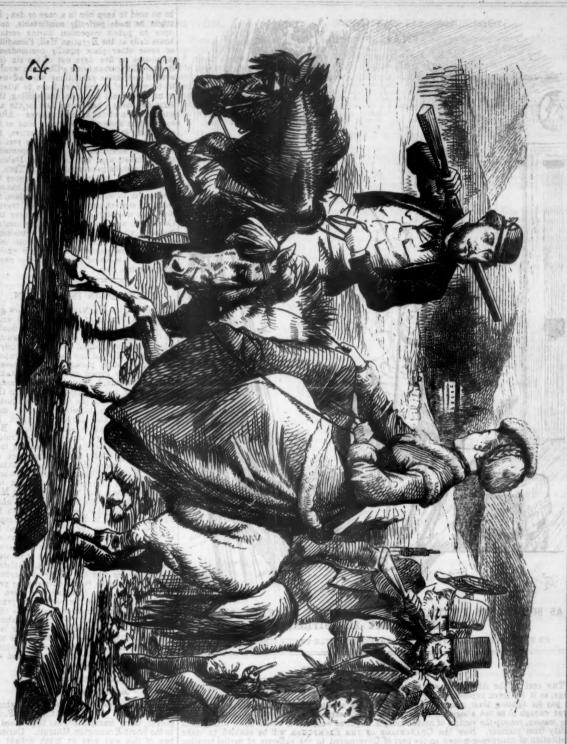
PRRHAPS, the PREMIER, who has now got to make a BISHOP OF HEREFORD, will write one more letter, and sarisfy the British Boody on the subject of "ME DISRABLI's religion," which appears to afflict divers. Scarcely a day passes but some new conjectural impertimence, or some particularly unnecessary information is tossed out. ME DISRABLI knows that Punch has not refrained from a great lot of good-natured allusions to the nationality of which the former is so justly proud; and it is possible that we may have many another cartoon of which be will be the smiling or scowing here. But we protest—and we are as good a Protestant as Mr. Hardy—against sneaking into a gentleman's study, and taking notes as to whether Prayer Book, Missal, WATTS's Hymns, Koran, or Shaster, be most thumbed, and publishing inferences. We do not see whose business it was to announce that Mr. DISRABLI had no particular religion until he was five, and that he was then taken by SAMUBL ROGERS to Hackney Church, especially as we believe the latter statement to be false, Mr. ROGERS and his father having been regular attendants at the Unitarian Chapel at Hackney, of which the celebrated Dr. PRICE was, in older days, Minister. Nor do we see why the pastor of Hughenden should gratify vulgar curiosity by proclaiming that the PREMIER has been a regular Church-goer for seventeen years, and was a Communicant at Easter. Is this England, or America? We do not habitually admire French legislation, but the late edict against ransacking Private Life is not without its merits. Somebody will be asking about our religion next, and will need all his own to bear the consequences.

A Dangerous Gift.

The last possessor of the watch, which was the cause of Barnmeron, the Pickpocket, being transported, has bequeathed it to the South Kensington Museum. Curiosities of this sort give so much delight to visitors, that, not improbably the watch in question will send some one into a transport a second time.

PATENT NIGHT-LIGHTS .- Stars.

PUNCH, OR THE LONDON CHARITARL-MAY 2, 1868.



PUNCH, OR THE LONDON CHARIVARI

THE IRISH BALMORAL, OR A VISION OF 1869.

FEMALE SELF-EMANCIPATION.



MR. PUNCH,—Woman is a tender and delicate organisation, with an intelli-gent heart in it. I speak abstractedly, and of womanhood in general, not as you find it individualised without exception in every woman—washerwoman, for in-

and of womanhood in general, not as you find it individualised without exception in every woman—washerwoman, for instance, or charwoman.

The intelligent heart of woman, Sir, is for many purposes worth all the brains in the world. Is it equal to the performance of political functions? Would it suffice for the exercise of the elective franchise, and ought it to entitle women to votes? Every man, almost, will admit that MISS MARTINEAU is naturally at least as well qualified to choose a representative as ME. BROADHEAD, or MR. CROOKES, and even that she would probably be represented by some one not inferior, morally or intellectually to the man of their choice. But then it may be said that MISS MARTINEAU is no ordinary "person." Very true; could not women, however, for political emangination, be levelled up sufficiently near to such a person's standard? "Reducate the masses" has long been the cry—attended with very little wool. Suppose we now begin to shout "Educate the Lasses."

Legislators have decided that the numerical majority, educated even as they are, is the wiser portion of mankind. They appear not to have the same confidence in the majority of womankind. Mr. MILL, probably takes the philosophical view in considering the majority of women equally fit to vote with the majority of men. But it must be owned that the mistrust existing on the other side is not wholly unfounded. An objection of some weight to absolutely universal manhood suffrage is that the multitude of men is gregarious, and apt, now and then, to follow a leader who may be a wolf in sheep's clothing, or, even a goose. Now women are much more gragarious than men with the majority of crinoline? How many women did it induce to leave their hoops off? Rather than that they died at the firegrate, martyrs to fashion. Ask any woman now to drop her monstrous chignon. You might as well request a black cat to turn white. This very general unreason may, not unreasonably, be regarded as a disqualification for the suffrage. Is it not fair to say to the fair

I may be an optimist, Mr. Punch, but I look to a bright future for female humanity. I confidently expect to see the time, if I live long enough, when, should the leader of the demi-monde, or whosoever else may be the dictatrix of the fashions at Paris, take up the vagary of wearing a ring in her nose, her example will not be followed by the women of England. And then I trust that my enfranchised country-women will, grateful for kind and good advice, rush to the pell, if they are asked to, and vote for

A Lady's Max. A LADY'S MAN.

EVENINGS FROM HOME.

The White Passes at the Holborn is, as its original, La Bicke as Bois, was at the Porte St. Martin, as successful an Extravaganza as any piece of the kind since the glories of the Viernis productions at the Lyceum. It is capitally played throughout; the music is sparkling, and has the advantage of better voices than can usually be found in an ordinary acting company, while the six legs belonging to the three Low Comedians execute terpsichorean wonders in a grand Dance-Contest, which takes the place of a fight, in such a grotesque fashion as leaves scarcely any other dancers in London a leg to stand upon. The combinations of culour evince great taste in costume, while the Ballets (for

scarcely any other dancers in London a leg to stand upon. The combinations of colour evince great taste in costume, while the Ballets (for there are two, and one of them most ingeniously lit up with electric sparks) shows the Management's great regard for its patrons in the stalls by its admirable "Natural Selection."

The mention of The White Fases reminds us of the new piece, The Black Sheep, at the Olympic, which we have not yet seen, because it is not (or was not at the time of writing) yet in sight. We may hope, however, that to the question, "Ba, Ba, Black Sheep, have you any Wool?" Mr. B. Webster may be able to reply, "Yes, Sir, I have, Sir, House Crammed Full." With which good wish we leave Theatricals for the present week.

Thanks to King Theodore.

Two period more of Income-Tax! It is enough to make one savage. As one might say, but for fear of saying something vulgar, "Two pence more of Income-Tax, and Up goes the Monkey!"

"NOT DONE YET, EDINBURGH ?"

Sour Perfervid Scots have had a riotous meeting over the affairs of the Caledonian Railway. It must have been an exciting affair, for if the London Scotsman's report be complete, the speakers were too much in earnest to quote Burns. They were vivagious enough—e. g.:

"MEA ALEXANDER ROBERTON, of Glasgow, proposed a motion which he hoped would be taken in the right spirit [With the right spirit, he perhaps meant, for things wend on in a most whinkeyfed manner."
"MEA JAMES ANDERSON, Glasgow (speaking from the gallery). The like of Robertons coming forward after all this nonsense about our shares—it is making a perfect fool of every one of us. [Loughter.]
"ME. Roberton. Who are you, Girl who are you? (brandishing his fist.) I know you of old, Str.; I know you of eld. I leave it to any shareholder. I leave it to OLOGUEL BALERIO himself, if flust is not a fair and legitumes proposed of retrenchment and conomy.

Colours. Sales no himself, if there is the said I have got to say. (Laushter.)
"Mrs. Aronssow. It a period fure; that's all I have got to say. (Laushter.)
"Mrs. Rossarsow feasin shaking his fast). Are you not done yet, Heinburgh? Do you think we are going to lose our money, and stand hearing you Miliburgh oyster boys with your Life preservant sock?

"The Chairman. I think, as the board is to a considerable extent newly constituted, Mrs. Rossarsow might have spared himself the freshile of bringing forward this.

is. " Mn. Honsarmon. I differ from you, Sir."

Why Edinburgh cyster boys, Mr. Ronsarson? Was that meant for a term of reproach? If so, allow a Baxon to say that it falls harm-less. Mr. Pesses has had such oysters in Edinburgh, (likewise at Portobello, which was taken by ADMIRAL VERNORY, are yen not done yet, Edinburgh?" is, however, a splendid outbreak, worthy to be handed down with Quousque tasters, Catifica, "of Ciceronian pleading "(Burns).

THE PLEASURES OF SHOPPING.

THE PLEASURES OF SHOPPING.

DRAW PUNCH,

I AM one of the old school, and like the old ways. Judge then, my old friend, of the shock to my equanimity the other day. I required six pennyworth of east buttons, and want into the first shop which looked like one for the tale of that article. On entering, I walked up to the counter and said to the man, "I want some buttons."

"Oh, Sir!" said he, "please to the other side, to the "Button Denartment," this is Behr I lined."

I want to the other side, and "I want some buttons," said I.

What do you want them for ?"

"For my coat."

"Oh then, Sir, if you please, to the next shop, this is the 'Ladies'

"Oh then, Sir, if you please, to the next shop, this is the 'Ladies' Button Department."

I was accordingly ushered by a perfuned ladies' button department gentleman, through several gilded corridors, then up one pair of stairs, and down another, and finally found myself roaming at large in the gentlemen's department general. I went up to the first counter, and

gentlemen's department general. I went up to the first counter, and repeated my request.

"Oh, Sir, if you please," said the attendant, "the other side; this is the 'Gentlemen's Flannel Department."

It is needless to describe the thing any further. Suffice it to say that, after applying at the Gentlemen's Hosiery Department, running a tilt at the Gentlemen's Pantaloon Department, and being nearly stranded on the Gentlemen's Fancy Shirt Department, I got what I wanted, sixpennyworth of buttons.

Ever yours, dear Punch, Јони Втвоие.

An Answer Requested.

PINESTT, who is better acquainted with painting than polities, would be glad to know to what the writer of an address in the papers signed "JOHN WAISH"—an artist he never heard of before—refers, when he speaks of "the incidents of my first canvass." P. says he remembers too well the incidents of his.

QUOTATION WANTED .- "The Lushy Eglantine."

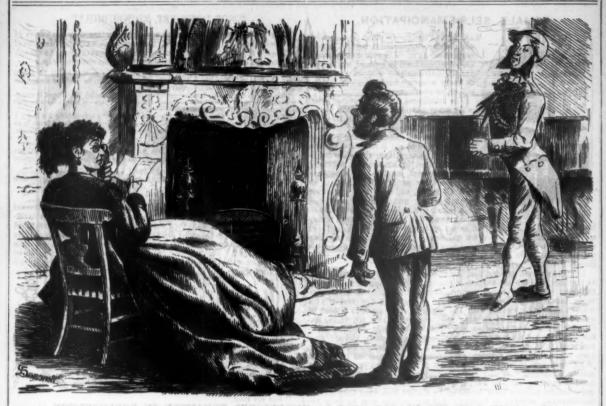
[The Editor of the Botanical Department gives publicity to this query from "Flora Magnolia," with a doubt whether she has given the second word quite correctly.]

SAYING BY A SORE AUTHOR.—MR. STIMER, the critic who reviewed my book, thinks himself a gadily, when he's only a bug.

Another Version (for a musical posius.)—Thinks himself an A sharp when he's a B flat,

To Ericuans.—The best man to consult on the "Art of Laying the Table," would be the Notorious Mr. Hows.

A VERY TRASING PRESON.-LORD TAUNTON.



NOT MEETING HIS MATCH. THE NEW FOOTMAN.

"No doubt your Capabilities and Honesty are all that could be desired, but the first Consideration is, that John Thomas should be properly Matched," &c. [James is disgusted, and quits his profession.

MR. JOHN THOMAS UPON THINGS IN GENERAL.

A Letter Addressed to MISS ANN STUBBS, a Country Cousia.

DEAR HANN,

DEAR HANN,
OF noose that's stirrin, there sint nothink I deplores
Like these ere Civil Suvvice Trade Co Hoperative Stores.
Its getting quite the fashion now for Swells as is Tiptop
To turn a onest penny by a keepink of a shop!
There U may C a Duchess with a pen behind her Ear
A tying up a parcel, the her Usbing is a Peer!
While perapa at the next counter there a Countess U may C,
A making out a Hinvoice for a duzzen b of T!
In abawt they act as shopboys, the their Aunts sisters came over
With the Conkering Norman Ero, when he landed M at Dover.
Now to me as a True Briton its most errible degrading
To see our Harry Stockracy like greers all a trading.
And it really shox a footman of well constituted mind
A pusson who's a Shopkeeper to ave to walk behind!
Which to carry ome her parcels I would certingly decline,
For muskyler exertion it isn't in my line.
And fancy ow disgustink if my friends I chanced to meet,
While carrying soap and candles down a fashonable street!
The hidea so unmans me I must quit this orrid theme,
And turn to your last letter, which to me is sweet as cream.

The hides so unmans me I must quit this orrid theme,
And turn to your last letter, which to me is sweet as cream.
I'm glad as you were Bridesmaid at the wedding of your friend,
And that you liked the Bookay which I made so bold to send.
Your dress must ave looked bootifal, but may I just explain
That Crinnyleans is out of date, U should have worn a train.
And ave U eard that chignongs is wore higher on the ead,
And dark air is more fashnable than either brown or red?
But the some may say as Carrots int pleasing to the eye,
They'd better live content than stand the Azzard of the Dye.
I'm glad as U were fortnit in obtaining of a view
Of the PRINCESS ALEXANDRA when to Dublin she went through.
Which if Hireland were more favored by the sunshine of her smile,

Things wouldnt look so gloomy in that unenlightened ile.

A Balmoral near Dublin might attract their future king,
And as Paddies say, More power to his Elbow it would bring.
So I reelly think the Guvermint they ort to make a grant
For the Prince to unt in Iroland, which without it Y he can't.
For cases is Xpensive now, and as they say in France
When the Prince he goes out riding he must do the thing on Prance.
But talking of Xpences, I may be aloud to say
Its lucky as pore phootmen have no hincome-tax to pay.
Else from each lb of our wages there 'd be took now tuppence more,
To elp to pay for thrashing of that wile King Theodora.
And the I dont deny as he deserves to get a wacking.
I think it costs us reether dear to polish off that Black king!
Which in whackswork when Xibited at Madam Tussoo's Show
To the Chamber of her Orrors he ort certingly to go.

To the Chamber of her Orrors he ort certingly to go.

But the dinner-bell is ringing and altho it may be rude
To break off thus abruptly I must sudaly conclude.
So oping as KING THEODORS will shortly cry Peccary,
Believe me, Yours affectionate JOHN TOMMUS, of JOHN TOMMUS, of Bellgravy.

Barely Civil.

THE inhabitants of India are better treated than those of London. The last mail says,-

"SIE JOHN LAWRENCE has by a notification settled the shoe question. All those who wear European shoes and stockings are not to be required to take them off at Durbers, or on entering courts of justice," &c.

Whereas all those who wear European shoes and stockings are required to take them off before entering the National Gallery, Trafalgar Square, where a stern notice orders them to WIPE THEIR FRET.

MEDICAL INTELLIGENCE.—Surely if a Medical Quack can be called a woman because he's a Charlotte Anne, a Chemist might be called a Ditto, as he is an Anne Eliza (Analyser).



MR. PUNCH PAYS HIS YEARLY VISIT TO HIS BELOVED TENANTRY IN PUNCHESTOWN.

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

Monday, April 20. Easter holidays being over, Dr. DISRABLI's young friends re-assembled, to count the weeks until Whitsuntide holidays.

the gold fish very tame and fat, and there is no attempt to bother the visitor by improving his mind when he only wants rest, and peace, and fresh air.

Monday, April 20. Easter holidays being over, Dr. Dirament's young friends re-assembled, to count the weeks until Whitsuntide holidays.

Various vacancies occur. Peers have been made, and the voices of Sirs John Waleh. Brook Beindes, and John Trollope will be heard no more in the Nether House, Lords Ormanaurity, Person Spannaurity, Person Spannaurity, Person Spannaurity, Person Spannaurity, Spannaurity, Person Spannaurity, Spannau

that Mr. Garsony sprang up and declared that the question was not one of softening hearts or saving souls, but of preventing the QUERN's subjects from being murdered. But the speech of the night was

one of softening hearts or saving souls, but of prevening the Quant's aubjects from being murdered. But the speech of the night was that of Mn. Mn.t., who approved of many of the labours of the "philanthropista," but said that they ought to know when to stop. To deprive a criminal of the life of which be had proved himself unworthy—solemnly to blot him out from the fellowship of mankind, and from the catalogue of the living—was the most appropriate and the most impressive mode in which society could deal with so great a crime as murder. Imprisonment would be far more cruel, and less efficacious. None could say that this punishment had failed, for none could say who had been deterred, and how many would not have been murderers but for the awful idea of the gallows? Do not bring about his entervation, an effeminacy in the mind of the nation; for it is that to be more shocked by taking a man's life than by taking all that makes life valuable. Is death the greatest of all earthly ills? A manly education tenches us the contrary; if an evil at all, it is one not high in the list of evils. Respect the capacity of suffering, not of merely existing. It is not human life unit, not human life as such, but human feelings, that should be held sacred. Moreover, taking life for murder no more implies want of respect for life than fining a criminal shows want of respect for life than fining a criminal shows want of respect for leadening all our punishments to nothing; and, though that disposition had stopped, our penalties for bruta crimes (for which he carnestly recommended the Scourge) were full-culously light, and ought to be strengthened.

A speech like that "a tints the atrife;" the House went to Division, and by 197 to 23—Majority 104—affirmed the principle of Capital Punishments. Discussion on the clauses followed, the only remarkable proposal being Mi. Naata's, who, because hanging was disagreeable, would administer Carbonic Acid Gas, or allow the criminal to destroy himself. The latter suggestion made the Committee la

Wednesday. Theology, of course. Battle on a Bill for allowing Roman Catholies to be buried, with their own religious service, in Irish Churchyards, without obtaining leave from the Protestant incumbent, who, it was asserted, always refused this. The measure was resisted by the Largoy and Nawdecare party for the usual anti-Catholic feeling; but Mu. Harlay, who has his prejudices, but is not a bigot, suggested that the real objection to free burial might be, that three sets of religionists might come at once, and the churchyard be a scene of unseemly strife. But

"Gin a body meet a body, Need the mourners fight?"

This is only a detail, and the London cemeteries never witness frays. The Second Reading was carried by 74 to 51.

Thursday. The Earl of Debry, walking with a vigorous step, again took his place in the House of Lords. He will accept Mr. Panch's

ongratulations.

Ms. D'Anoy M'Gen, an Irish gentleman whose antecedents were rebellions, but who became a loyal and valuable servant of the Crown, has been brutally murdered, at Ottawa, by a Fenian, who assassinated him on his way from doing his duty in the House of Communs. The Canadians are justly enraged to the utmost, and caught the murderer, and, as they believe, accomplices, for all of whom there will probably be "a short shrift and a long cord." The COLONIAL SECRETARY tonight spoke worthily of the slaughtered victim, who is assuredly a

martyr to loyalty.

MR. GLADSTONE'S Bill for the mild extinction of the Church Rate was considered by the Lords. It was introduced by Earl Russell window. was considered by the Lords. It was introduced by Earl Russill.

Mr. Panch is sorry to say that some of the Peers showed small wisdom. The Bishops of Lownor and Oxfords spoke as men of the world, who saw that the time had come for a concession, and so they made it; but Lond Debry assailed the measure with much fire, and Lond Cairns also assaulted it. These friends of the Church had better pans the Bill—or the next will be a shorter and less civil one. It was read a Second Time, but menseed with a Select Committee.

In the Commons the new Charchlor of the Exchaques brought in the Budges which it had pleased Ma. Disrably and the Departments to give him. We shall say nothing about it, except that there is a deficiency of upwards of a Million and a Half, and of course the money is taken from the Middle Class, which never defends itself. The Income-Tax is to be resised to Sispence.

There was something about India, at least NORTHCOTH made a very long speech, but we were much too sulky to listen. Improved Government, or something of the sort. Income-Tax, Sixpence. We'll save or avade it somethow, Mas. Grundy, ch?

Priday. The Lords sent the Church Rate Bill to a Committee, and

accepted size grame. The author, Mr. Gladstown, publishes a letter, denying that he is a Papins, a confederate with the Pora, an enemy of Da. Wynyran, a condemner of public aid to the Clergy, a refuser to attend the Quran to a Scotch Kirk, a receiver of Papal thanks, or a member of a Ritualist Church. He knows best what attention liars and fools deserve; but, while he was about it, we think he might have added, for the amusement of those who are neither, that he is not a Buddhist, does not speak with his mouth full, never broke into a sausage shop, takes off his hat in church, is not afraid of ansile, seldom cheate at whist, dislikes eating asparagus stalks, and has not been turned out of the gallery of the Adelphi Theatre for insisting on "Hot Codlings" in the middle of No Thoroughfure.

In the Commons, a debate on Crete, and such interest of abuse of Turks and Russin, and another on the case of a Post Office Clerk, extruded, after having been reprimanded 9 times in 180, and 11 times between February and July, 1867. Truly the Legislature has leisure.

THE BUDGET OF THE FUTURE

Lo, the Income-Tax ascending
War expenses to defray,
Inn, whose each alone by spending,
Its whole cost the State will pay!
And would you have others share it
In proportion just and due?
"Victime, you must grin and bear it,"
Parliament replies to you.

Bear it; yes, for not much longer.
That is ustice you 'll endure.
When the museus are the stronger,
Equal burdens they 'll insure.
They 'll insist that each his fraction
Of taxation shall sustain,
And no more, of gross exaction,
One sole class atand all the atrain.

Hope, from Parliaments elected By the People, justice done, And the rights of all respected, Imposition forced on none. Wrong will ne'er be done to any, When their will its way has got. Then, wars voted by the Many, Will the Few be taxed for, not-

A CAPITAL PUBLIC DINNER.

As a rule, a public dinner is a thing to be avoided and abhorred, like a bagpipe or a barrel-organ, or any other noisy nuisance. However, there is now a marked exception to this rule, and such a pleasant novelty demands a pleasant notice.

there is now a marked exception to this rule, and such a pleasant novelty demands a pleasant notice.

Ms. John Parry, having given up his Merrymaking, now makes merry with the people who attend a public dinner. In half-an-hour of droller's he personates a dozen of the bores whom public diners meet wherever they may dine, and he makes them so amusing that all who meet them with him wish to meet them all arain. By mere facial expression and a slight change of the voice, Ms. Parry fills his stage with a host of public characters, without whom no public dinner could be deemed to be complete. He is by turns a chairman, a steward, a tressurer, a toustmaster, a man who can't speak without laughing, another who can't speak without rying, a band of music, a soprano, a procession of small children, and a tenor with a cold. What most "entertainers" fail to do by aid of wigs and whishers, Ms. Parry does successfully by change of tone and look. When you see him as a lady sitting down to a piano, pulling off her gloves, arranging a stray curl, and smoothing down her dress, you believe yourself the victim of an optical delusion, when you find it is a gentleman on whom your eyes are fixed. Clever artists have the power by half-adozen touches to present a life-like face; but John Parry by an attitude can represent a person, and portray a man, a child, a lady, or a lapdog, by a gesture or a glance. By just one touch of nature he makes the whole world grin; and, if we be pardoned for a further misquotation, we may say that, as an entertaining "entertainer," none but himself can be his Parrylel.

What says Sir Bernard Burke?

The Income Tax is to be resided to Superior.

There was something about India, at least Northcorn made a very long speech, but we were much too suky to listen. Improved Government, or something of the sort. Income Tax, Sixpense. We'll save or wade it sometow, Mas. Grundy, oh?

Priday. The Lords sent the Church Rate Bill to a Committee, and it may be that it will be improved there. But the principle must be leave—a thousand pardons, admission—to the Cathedral.



A LIVELY LOOK-OUT.

- "WHY, SMITH, YOU LOOK DEPRESSED!"
- "So I AM !-UTTERLY WRETCHED !"
- "AR! YOU WANT A LITTLE CHEERFUL SOCIETY!-LOOK HERE! I'LL COME AND SPEND THE EVENING WITH YOU!"

RODERICK VICH MURCHISON!

Hall to the Chief in Johanna romances
Belief from the first who had pluck to decline!
Long may such guesses as those he advances
At Burlington House be confirmed 'neath the Line!
BAKER confess them true,
BURTON knock under, too,

GALTON and PETITINEK, GRANT, ORBORNE, & Co.,
Own them mistaken men,
Shout till they're hoarse again,
"Roderick vich Munchison—ho—ieroe!"

His was no fancy as not worth account in
Brains scientific saide to be laid:
Though Moussa's lie loomed as large as a mountain,
To declare he saw through it he wasn't afraid.
'Gainst F.G.S.'s shock
Sole he stood, like a rock,
All the louder cried "Yes," all the more they said "No."
BUBTON and BAKEE then
Echo his praise again,
"RODERICK VICH MURCHISON, he! ieroe!"

Proudly we talk over LIVINGSTONE's doings, Slave-hunters and fevers and tastse defied, Taganyika, Nyassa, and Nile's central flowings, Traced, mastered, and mapped, with the tribes at their

Traced, mastered, and mapped, with the trit
aide!
Though Afric tamed to trade,
Freed from slave-dealers' raid,
May be a dream of Utopian glow,
LIVINGSTONE'S dreams, ye ken,
Like him, turn up again!
"RODERICK VICH MURCHISON, ho! ieroe!"

Shout, fellows, shout, for the pride of the Highlands—MURCHEON's come of a high Gaelic line,
Old as Silurian slates in these islands,
That bed, on which & may be proud to recline!
But a still brighter gem,
Twill be for him and them,
LAVINGSTONE here in the autumn to show,
While swells and learned men,
Make the rooms ring again,
"RODERICK VICH MURCHISON, ho! ieroe!"

* Of the Geographical Society, of course.

THE ABYSSINIAN DIFFICULTY.

(Concerning certain "Know-nothings,")

During the present expedition to Abyssinia, I, as one of Mr. Punch's Educational Committee, have been much interested in listening to the various opinions freely expressed on all hands as to the merits and demerits of our naval and military organisation.

One young gentleman held forth on the blunders committed by our chiefs: an elderly person, connected prospectively with the Librarian's department of the New Courts of Law, gravely deplored the prevalence of red-tapeism at Head-quarters; another individual, who brought the authority of a prematurely bald head to bear on the question, asserted that all the Abyssinian travellers up to the present time had been wrong in their explorations, and that, in fact, no one knew anything at all about the country. The aunt of a cornet who had served in the Crimea (of course the cornet, not the aunt), and who, therefore (the aunt, not the cornet, this time), ough't to know, expressed much contempt for the mule arrangements; and a lady of uncertain age, who had, it was commonly whispered, been engaged, years ago, to an Austrian Colonel (who was conquered at Baden-Baden, and obliged to beat a retreat from that dissipated camp), wished that our troops were managed after the Continental fashion, when they would be always ready for action, whereupon a fierce-looking gentleman, with military whiskers joining his moustache, as if they all came off together if pulled over the ear, stretched his legs before the fire, frowned on the circle, and smacking his lips, as much as to say, "Here's something nice for you in the way of a clincher," observed, "They ought to have sent a flying column into the country."

There was a deep silence. Everyone evidently was regretting the omission, and, from the expression on their faces, individually taking the blame upon himself or herself for such an evident neglect. Suddenly inspired, I asked, submissively,

"What is a flying column?"

Everyone looked at me, then at the military man, who frowned harder than ever.

Everyone looked at me, then at the military man, who frowned harder than ever.

"A flying column?" he returned, raising his eyebrows, as much as to say, "What! don't you know that?"

A smile of pity for my ignorance was on all lips.

Rendered desperate, I repeated the question, "Yes, a flying column; what is a flying column?"

All eyes waited upon the military whiskers, who, having got himself into the hole, unassisted might now get himself out again. His reputation was at this moment as nicely poised as a rocking-stone.

"A flying column," he commenced alowly, and, upon my word, I felt for him—"a flying column is a column which—or I should say"—here he brightened up. "But, first, do you know what a column is?"

Now, here was a dilemma. If I said "Yes," then he 'd say that it was no use explaining a flying column to a man who didn't understand the meaning of an ordinary Column that didn't fly. But the ladies came to the resoue; under cover of my assumed ignorance, they ventured to inquire the nature of a column and of a flying column. Whiskers was in for it, and being in for it, it was at least a quarter of an hour before he got out of it, and then he only saved himself by flight under cover of an appointment at the Horse Guards.

When he had gone I asked the young man, who had been finding so much fault with our military and naval organisation, to describe the system and plan of our Army to me. I saked him, How many foot regiments are there? How many regiments of Guards? How many foot regiments are there? How many regiments of Guards? How many foot regiments are there? How many regiments of Guards? How many foot regiments are there? How many regiments of Guards? How many foot regiments are there? How many segments of Guards? How many foot regiments are there? How many segments of Guards? How many foot regiments are there? How many segments of Guards? How many foot regiments are there? How many segments of Guards? How many foot regiments are there? How many segments of Guards? How many foot regiments are there

expense.

sinia?" I wouldn't let him laugh it off or treat it as a joke, "Where is Abyasinia?" I repeated sternly.

It was no good for him to say, "Oh, you know," jocosely. I was not to be trifled with. Besides, I saw I was doing a good work, and awakening the others to a sense of the nonsense they'd been talking, so I pushed into the enemy's country, crying no quarter, no parley, "Where is Abyasinia?"

If the carpet pattern could have opened and swallowed him up (into the diming-room) he would have been thankful.

"Well," says he, rubbing his knees, "Abyasinia is—I can't exactly give you the latitude and longitude"—the humbug—I wouldn't hear of the latitude or longitude—where, I demanded was Abyasinia?

The wretched impostor, who had sneered at our explorers and learned travellers, hesitated, and then looking me full in the face, said boldly, "Africa." I saw that even this was information for some of them.

"North or south?" I asked, scarcely giving him time to breathe.
"About the middle," he replied, cautiously; "perhaps a little more south than north, if anything."

He was uncomfortable: but I knew he would go home and consult his maps; so I left him (he sneaked off when my back was turned), and confronted the lady who had praised the Continental armies at our expense.

"What," I asked, "did she see to profer in their systems?"
She murmured faintly, "Vivandières!" and looked so imploringly at me that I hadn't the heart to push the question further.
The rest were scattered, and at my mercy completely.
Sir, I hear a great deal of nonsense talked about many thines, but about none, at present, more than about our Abyssinian Difficulty. When, therefore, in fature, the subject is started, a few home questions will soon show who among the party are competent to talk upon it; and if, after a few geographical inquiries, you ask the object of our Expedition, you may be pretty sure that the respondent is not well posted up in the facts of the case if he replies. "Well, I suppose that Old THEODOM leaked Raman up., Planara, don't you know, the Shoho Chief, and sent a letter to the Quant, which was replied to by Lord Jone Russian,—the celebrated Durham Letter, don't you know?—and then Castanon, who was the Casal, went into the interior and interfered, as he was impressed and baheaded;—no, he's not behanded yet, and they're advancing on Malaga, or same such place, with one casuous; and Old Transnoom is very fond of music, they say, and not such a bad follow, after all."

In such a case removements of mose the conversational impostor, and do Seciety a service.

DON QUICKSET.

ACROBATS IN PETTICOATS.



N PETTICOATS.

HOUGH Mr. Punch is a Herculeshimself, he is fond of seeing the performance of feats of strength by others; and he has specially been pleased by the Japanese performers, who astonish weak minds nightly at the Lyceum Theatre. Mr. Pusch dislikes all acrobats who aim to make his flesh creep, or his hair to stand on end, by the peril they are placed in. These Japanese, however, only make him stare and clap his hands with admiration. All they do is done with such apparent ease that there never seems a chance of any accident occurring. They fan themselves so calmly in the middle of their feats, that nothing they can do seems difficult or dangerous. No accountant can be cleverer at balancing than they: and in their feats of ledger-de-main they would beat the beat of book-keepers. Climbing up a bamboo, and squatting cross-legged at the top, appears as natural to them as it would be to a monkey. To lie flat on one's back, and balance boys and tubs and ladders on one's feet, seems as easy to these men as swimming to a cod-fish. seems as easy to these men as swim-ming to a cod-fish.

ming to a coo-nan.

Acrobats in petticoats have been popular of late, and Mr. Punch by no means admires their popularity. It is bad taste in a woman to perform on the trapeze, and tumble, form on the trapeze, and tumble, and throw summersaults; and it is worse taste in the public to applaud her exhibition. These Japanese,

her exhibition. These Japanese, however, are men who wear a petticoat as Scotchmen wear a kilt, and their novelty of costume adds a charm to their performance.

charm to their performance.

Their children, too, look plump and pleasant, and not stunted and deformed, like those who move our pity in our pantomimes and circuses. One little chap climbs up a ladder, balanced by his father on the soles of his feet, and then creeps along another at right angles to the first, without a quiver in the balance. Another little fellow sits upon a tub that is hoisted in the air upon half a score of others, all of which are kicked away by the feet whereon they rest, which catch the lad as deftly as players catch a cricket-ball. Both these little fellows seem so perfectly at ease that nobody feels nervous at seeing their performance. Indeed the only fear that Mr. Punch experienced was the dread lest Master Punch, who happened to be present, might be tempted to perform some Japanese feats in his nursery, such as balancing the baby on the spike of an umbrella, or spinning a big humming-top on the edge of the best carving-knife, or breaking Mrs. Punch's most valuable fan while attempting to perform the feat of flying paper butterflies. butterflies.

QUESTION. - Can a Process Server legally be said to be a Writualist?

A GENT'S " NOT FOR JOSEPH."

In dancing-schools and mosic 'alls I'm runnin' my carear;
Object to cultivate my mind: "But study too severs.
But, mind yer, I'm well up to smull; what's what I revther know;
But nothin' 'eavy I can't stand; that 'ere won't de for Jon.

Cherne. Oh, dear! no; not for Jon, not if he knows it-not for Oh, dear ! no; nothin' slow not for JOSEPH, oh, dear ! no.

The other night I met a pal; he says to me, I say,
Old feller, come along with me: I'm goin' to the play.
I'm goin' to see 'Amlet done to-night at Drury Lane:
A play of Shakappana's—So-and-So performs the Royal Dane.

Spokes.—" No. you don't my dear feller; you may go yourself, if you like, and sit two hours listenin' to sleepy old SHAKSPRARE, but you don't get Jozeph.—

Oh. dear ! no. &c.

Not long ago another pal whose taste ain't yours nor mine, Wot likes MOZART and 'ANDRI, and their music calls divine, He offered me a ticket, which 'ad cost no end of tin, To 'ear a horatorio and let me gratis in.

Spokes.—Hexeter 'All and SIMS REEVES, Har! That's your style of entertainment. Give me the Metropolitan Music 'All and JOLLY NASH. Thanks for kind intentions, but—

Oh, dear ! no, &c.

Just now in town there's made a fuss about the pictures grand, That's open in Trafalgar Square; things I don't understand. In sportin' prints about my room my sense of Hart appears, And funny-coloured photographs, and cartes of pretty dears.

Spokes.—What a splendid painter TURNER was! What a wonderful hartist is MILLAIS! Ah, yes, 'Igh Hart may be all very well for them that likes that sort of thing; but as for this individual—

Oh, dear! no, &c.

And now, perhaps, you'll wonder 'ow I manage to get through The livelong day on Sundays; what a cove can find to do.

A must once to the Habbey recommended me to go,
And hear DEAM STABLEY preach. Says I, "Don't try that on with Jon.

Oh, dear ! no. &c.

A Dish for an Ogre.

In the meas of a Court Banquet, given in the Galerie de Diane, on the occasion of the marriage of PRINCE HUMBERT with the PRINCESS MARGARET, one of the items is that of "Riets d'innocente à la Princesse Margariete"

Marquérite."

What can filets d'innocents be? The nearest things that we can fancy, even for the banquets of people who were once believed to eat frogs, and actually do eat horse, are alices of sucking-pig.

NAY, A PEER HE SHOULD BE.

SIR ROBERT NAPIER has been gazetted a G.C.B. Is this to be all? No pension? No Barony? Is the Peerage reserved exclusively for Tory baronets who happen also to be County Members?

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

Monday, April 27. An Irishman and a Fenian, calling himself O'Farrel (the name has served as well as any other in his execution-warrant) came behind Prince Alphan, Duke of Edinburgh, at a banquet held at Port Jackson, on the 18th of March, in aid of a charitable institution, and fired a pistol at the young Prince. The bullet lodged in his back, but did no great harm, and has been extracted. The Prince was to be sent to his home, and the ruffian to his gallows. Even the favourers of Fenianism have not ventured to say anything in behalf of a miscreant who could try to murder a boy in order to wound the heart of his mother, the Queen of Ireland. Addresses of sympathy were voted by both Houses of Parliament.

Load Darnay gave notice to Earl Russell to put his hands up, and be ready to do all he knew.

The Education Bill of the Government was rather accepted handled.

The Education Bill of the Government was rather severely handled by two or three opposition Lords, but was read a Second Time. Lord Granville, who was suffering from gout, a gentlemanly disorder—Hosacz Walfolk says no disorder, but a remedy—but uncommonly disagreeable, had the pluck to stand up and make an Education speech. Perhaps the debate, which partook of the character of morphia, had assuaged his trouble; if not, he deserves the laudation due to a man of brave endurance

brave endurance.

SIR ROBERT NAPIER has stormed Magdala, the captives are free, and KIRG THEODORE is dead. Naturally, therefore, the House cheered the Indian Minister when he came in to-day. The PREMIER, in answer to MR. LAYARD, confirmed the good news, and likewed our progress to that of CORTEZ in Maxico—with the difference that CORTEZ went to plunder and massacre, NAPIER to execute justice.

"So, sink Pizarro's daring name, And, Correz, thine, in Napire's fame."

Who wrote those lines? For NAPIER read BERTHAM, and consult Rokeby. They are not particularly good, but are quoted to show Mr. Panck's readiness in the citation line.

The STEAKER left the chair, Mr. DODSON took his, and invited Mr. GLADSTONE to move the First of his Three Resolutions, namely,—
That the Established Church of Ireland should cease to exist as an

establishment.

MR. GLADSTONE moved this in a neat nod, and there was Debate all night on the Irish Church.

Therday. LORD DERBY squared up at EARL RUSSELL, and let fly right and left, chaffing very well, and charging the smaller Earl with inconsistency. He supposed LORD RUSSELL might be still of the same mind about the Irish Church as he was when he spoke at St. James's Hall, on a platform with BEALES, POTTER, and MASON JONES, though this was a fortnight ago, and therefore LORD DERBY demanded what the Opposition was going to do. The third of MR. GLADSTONE'S TESTILLIONS was a definee of law, and would bring the Houses into collision. He advised Government, whatever might be the Provocation, not to resign until the enlarged constituency should have elected a new Parliament.

not to resign until the enlarged constituency should have elected a new Parliament.

Lord Russell quoted Burke. "I vary my means to secure the consistency of my ends." He had modified his views as to the best way of securing religious equality in Ireland. Lord Dussely had no business to ask him questions, but the promoters of the Resolutions means to found a Bill on them, and, when it had passed through Parliament, to submit it to the Queen, and if the Ministers chose to give advice that might bring on a collision, they would come to grief.

Lord Granylles remarked upon the novelty introduced by Lord Derby. He was out of office, Lord Russell was out of office, and he questioned Lord Russell as to what men in office were going to do.

LORD CHANCELLOR CATERS was down upon that third Resolution. It asks the QUEEN to place her Irish patronage at the disposal of Parliament, and the cue has been given to the Conservatives to pretend to believe that by Parliament Mr. GLADSTONE meant the House of

LORD MAIMESBURY was very angry because noble Lords went away without listening to him. Mr. Punes, with regret, must follow their

In the Commons there was Debate all night on the Irish Church.

Wednesday. Six William Hutt has a Bill designed to promote something like honesty on the part of Railway and Joint Stock Companies. He wants to compel them to make out truthful accounts, in a prescribed form, half-yearly. This crael and persecuting measure was sent to a Committee which has a ministerial Bill, of similar character, before it. Where is this tyramny to cease? We shall have a Bill next for compelling railway clerks to give the right change in good money, and to appear civilly

and to answer civilly.

A Bill for making County Financial Boards was thrown out.

Whether they were to be made by sawing, or by what other means,

Punch did not care to comprehend. The Bill was probably a good one, as the Ministry of the squirearchy opposed it.

SIE COLMAN O'LOGHLEN had a Bill for preventing the Crown from making any more Irish Peers, but as the Straken seemed rather to think that if SIE COLMAN went on, it would be the unpleasant duty of the Serjeant-at-Arms to take him out into Palace Yard and cut off his head, he withdrew the Bill.

has he withdrew the Bill.

Mr. Torrens has a Bill for helping artisans to better dwelling-houses, and at a late period the Government has found divers objections to it. There are objections to everything, and we should never get anything done if we waited until perfection could be obtained.

Mr. Labouchers mentioned that some discounting fellow is secretly buying up miserable dwellings in the hope of getting large compensation when this Bill shall be passed. If Mr. Labouchers will send us the name, we will do our best to defeat the amiable purpose.

Thursday. The Church Rates Abeliation Bill was sent to a Select Committee of Lords, on the understanding that the principle is agreed to, and that the amendments are to be improvements only. LORD MALES BURY, having recovered his valuable temper, was "much obliged" to LORD RUSSELL, the Bill go up-stairs.

Then, passing with smiles from the Church and LORD RUSSELL, My Lords they attended to Oyster and Mussel.

Then, passing with smiles from the Church and Load Russell,
My Lords they attended to Cyster and Mussel.

In the Commons,
Mr. Miles, who had just come in for Bristel, after a tremendous struggle with Mr. Monley, another altra-radiual demigod of the Morrow Pero type, took his seat in time to be of no use in the struggle that was coming next.

One socundral, Michael Bankerr, has been convicted for a share in the Clerkenwell atrocity, and has been convicted for a share in the Clerkenwell atrocity, and has been seateneed to be hanged on the 19th. Mr. Joseph Rhardow, an Irish Member, asked the Home Grenzher whether he would not regrieve the wretch, seeing that he had managed to get some witnesses to sweet to melibi. Mr. Hardow was sorry that a Member of Parliament could feel it a duty to ask such a question. The cheers of the House marked its sense of this exhibition of interest in a Fenian rullan. We suppose it is perfunctory, for Mr. Joseph Rhardow appears from his messed about the Irish Clergy to be a very kind-hearted gentlema. We must really say that any exertion for the doomed beart Bankerr is Not for Joseph.

On the eve of the Private View day, Mr. Lavard appropriately asked whether the Royal Academy's new buildings at the back of Barlington House were so nearly ready that the next Exhibition might be held there, but for the Royal Society's Library stopping the way. Lord John Markens said that the work was going on as fast as possible, but that moving 100,000 books twice was a serious business. These swells, accussomed to the imbeelility of their lazy menials, think everything serious. We would back a couple of the spirited officials at the Museum to bring a staff that should move, dust, and entalogue every book in a fortnight.

Then came a row because Mr. Sunram, a valimit Protestant, wanted an old Catholic oath read. Mr. Granzerow apposed the reading as intended to annoy, and so did Mr. Dunash.

He! But not of the flat and marke kind which had marked the meeding mights. The debate we whenced by a brilliant

mand from the House of Lords.

The Parimine replied, as he said, in a condensed way, and spoke rather as one who must speak than because he had either convinced himself or thought of convincing others. Indeed, he made some fun at the expense of the Irish Church, for he said that it ought no more to be disendowed because it did not fulfil the intention of its founder, than certain Companies should be for the same reason. The Fishmongers no longer supplied good fish, and he had dined at the Merchant Taylors, but never, he believed, had met his own tailor. When a gentleman drops into pleasant banter over the Crisis of England, and the Destruction of our Holy Religion, we may be assured that he sees no more use in the nonsense he talked for the sake of the Stupid. And then, though the Conservatives have won some elections, the numbers, when division was taken, were—

Roy Ma GLADSTONE.

For Mr. GLADSTONE 265 Provocation to reaign Sixty-Five.

Last time, remember the majorities were 56, and 60.

MR. DISRABLI. "The relations between the House and the Ministers are altered. It is necessary for us to consider our position. I propose to adjourn until Monday."

ntil Monday."

"What man,
What Roman, would be dragged in triumph thus,
Not Pusch; not be who bears one name with them
Whose freedom cost the Egyptian hots and king.
LUCRECIUS—(corres).



"LETTING THE CAT OUT OF THE BAG."

Mrs. Twistlescarp (from the North, but who does not consider herself at all provincial).

"PLICEMAN, I WISH TO DRIVE TO WESTBOURNE TERRACE. AH! NOW WHICH IS THE MEAREST WAY!—DO I—"

Policiman. "Very Sorey, Mum, but I'm a Stranger here in London, Mum-only just come up from the Country, same as you, Mum!"

EXCOMMUNICATING AND EXCOMMUNICATED.

THE celebrated Bishop of Capetown, Dr. Grav, is reported to have preached a Sermon last week on Tuesday evening, at Holy Trinity Church, Colebester, when-

"After remarking on the troubles and trials of the Church in these latter days, and giving a skeech of the great work that was being carried on in Africa, his Lordship took occasion to allude to Bustor Occasion, and after recounting the heresies alleged against him, said that Churchmen in Africa and done what they could be clear themselves of responsibility in the sight of God and man; they had declared that this false teacher was no longer in their communion, that they did not recognise him as such. But it yet remained for the Mother Church to do the same; for until this had been done they would not be clear in the sight of Christendom."

The attention of BISHOF GRAY is respectfully called to the following extract from an article in THE DIVISION LIST. Divorce Court Causes.

the Osservatore Romano, on "The Malediction of Protestant barrenness":-

"The false Anglican Church, separated from it true Church of Bome, could not be better describe than the Anglican Lowe did with the above word Yeé the English Protestants cultivated with green, labour, and love the Anglican Church in Ir land, so that its sterility is finate in achiem as server, and, will only coses when hereay itself case by the return of all Anglicans to the Cathol Church."

by the return of all Anglicans to the Catholic Church."

DR. GRAY may possibly need to be informed that the Osservatore Romano is an organ which expresses the sentiments of one of the Bishops of that Christendom in whose sight he wishes the Mother Church of England to put herself clear by excommunicating Bishop Colenso. It may further be necessary to tell Dr. Gray that the Bishop represented by the Osservatore Romano is no other than one who claims to be the chief of Christendom's Bishops, and is acknowledged as such by the greater part of Christendom's Bishops, and is acknowledged as such by the greater part of Christendom's Bishops, and is acknowledged as such by the greater part of Christendom; in short, his Holiness the Popra. Now let Dr. Gray he pleased to observe that the Popra's own paper calls the Anglican Church a false Church, and its doctrine heresy; consequently Dr. Gray himself a heretic and a false Bishop. This being the opinion respecting the Anglican Church and all its Bishops, the Bishop of Caparows inclusive, in which Christendom for the most part entirely agrees, it may be as well for Dr. Gray to consider whether, by affecting to excommunicate Dr. Colenso, his Mother Church will put herself in any light clearer than that in which she stands at present in the sight of a majority which looks upon her as being herself excommunicated.

CHORUS OF MEMBERS.

WE won't divide till morning,
We won't divide till morning,
We won't divide till morning,
Till daylight doth appear,
With a hear hear hear, hooray!
With a hear hear hear, hooray!
For he's a long-winded fellow,
For he's a long-winded fellow,
And so say all of us,

" SCIENCE GOSSIP."

THE proper thing to use with gun-cotton

The proper thing to use with gun-cotton is shot ailk.

The Cuckoo has been heard on Bethnal Green, and the Nightingale has commenced singing in Short's Gardens. The Swallows have returned to the Mansion House.

A Patent has been taken out for manufacturing peas with cocoa-nibs.

I addies will be pleased to hear that a process has been discovered by which they can electro-plait their hair.

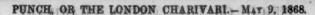
Many persons have burnt their fingers by dabbling in Petroleum.

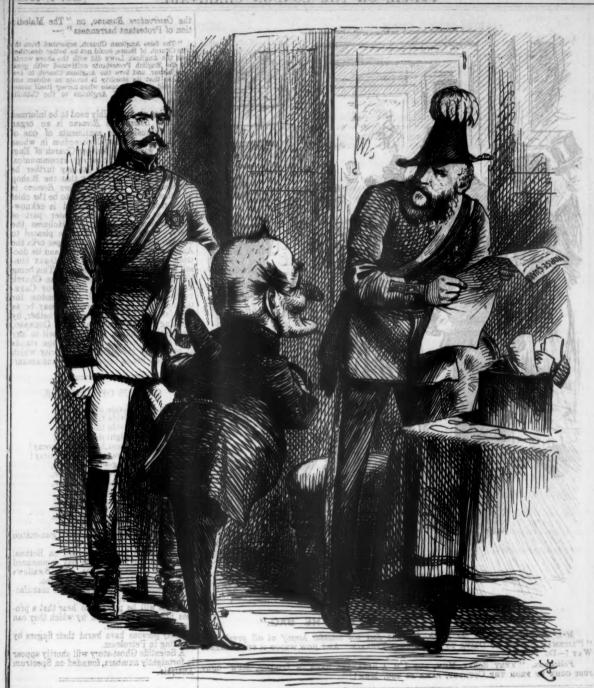
A Scientific Ghost-story will shortly appear in fortnightly numbers, founded on Spectrum Analysis.

Analysis,

Unreasonable Litigation.

Ir appears that at a recent election, in Middlesex, many persons voted because they had a right to graves in the county, a qualification which, if the freeholders had been choosing a sexton, would not have been thought at all remarkable, and, as it is, should not excite so much opposition, seeing that the election was of—Coroner.





Unreasonable Littgations

EXCOMMUNICATING PROPERTY ANOTHER NAPIER IN SPIRAL STREET STATE OF STREET STREET

GENERAL PUNCE. "SIR ROBERT NAPIER, YOUR ROYAL HIGHNESS-WHO HAS FREED THE CAPTIVES!"
SETTLED THEODORE! AND CONQUERED ABYSSINIA!"

COMMANDEE-IN-CHIEF. "NAPIER?-ROBERT NAPIER? NOTHING, TO DO WITH US. KNEW CHARLES AND WILLIAM, THOUGH-TROUBLESOME FELLOWS! AND ABYSSINIA? POOH! BOUNCE, SIR-BOUNCE! DON'T BELIEVE IN VICTORIES WE'VE HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH; BUT IF YOU SAY IT'S ALL RIGHT-"

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THE LAUREATE'S NEW POEM.

Mn. Alfren Transfrow has just published, in Macmillan's Magazine, a poem called Lucretius. It will be read by everybody, because it is written by the Laureate, and it should be read by everybody, firstly, for that good reason, and secondly, because it is a poem of singular beauty and power. Now, as Mr. Pusch is ever anxious to assist the Dimer-Out, that person is recommended to arm himself for inevitable cross-examination by young ladies, who desire or pretend to desire information upon the subject of and the allusions in this poem, now the talk of society. Dimer-Out will do well to got the poem, and with the aid of Dr. WILLIAM SMITH's classical dictionary, and some consideration, enable himself to answer the following questions.

1. Who was LUCRETUS, and in what year n.c. did that Roman

poet live?
What is the Hexameter?
Who was his Teacher, and what were the 300 scrolls left by EFECURES?
What is a love-philtre?
What is the Atomic Theory?
Who was SYLLA, who was HELEN, who was VENUS?
Who was MAYOR, and had he anything to do with a spelling-book?

8. Who was the great Sicilian poet?
9. Who was Kyrris, and why was she so called?
10. What was the theory of Lucretius about the gods?
11. Should Hyrrigon be pronounced as Hamlet pronounces it?

11. Should HYPERION be pronounced as Hamlet pronounces it?

12. Who was Plato?

13. Who were Pigus and Faunus, and were they related?

14. What is an Oread?

15. What is a Satyr?

16. Who was Lugartia?

17. What is cosmic order?

18. Explain "the Ixionian wheel," and the "Fury's ringlet snake."

19. Why does Lugartius kill himself?

20. Is Lughlia to be pardoned or condemned?

Having mastered which points, Diner-Out may go out to dinner.

HOME, SWEET HOME!

(A Song of the Day.)

THEOUGH realms Thaumaturgic the student may roam, And not light on a worker of wonders like Home! CAGLIOGERO himself might descend from his chair, And set up our DANIEL as Grand-Cophta, there—HOME, HOME, DAN HOME, NO Medium like HOME!

Confronted with Home, Lyon's terrors are vain;
Into fortunes he flies, and won't fly out again;
And with raps such as his, "worth a rap," means
For which, on rappees, up-to-anuff rappers call—
HOME, HOME, DAN HOME,
No Medium like HOME!

Spirit-legs, spirit-hands he gives table and chair;
Gravitation defying, he flies in the air;
But the fact to which henceforth his fame should be pinned.
Is his power to raise, not himself, but the wind!—
HOME, HOME, DAN HOME,
No Medium like HOME!

He is vouched for by friends, F.R.S.'s, M.P.'s;
With Emr'ROR and Czar hob-and-nobs at his case;
And to show off for shillings he cannot have grounds,
Who still has on tap draughts for thousands of pounds!—
HOME, HOME, DAN HOME,
No Medium like HOME!

Gems of Literature.

A NEW novel is advertised under the name of The Countess's Cross. It is rumoured that this is the first of a series with similar titles, such as, The Baroness's Bracelet, or The Futal Clarp; The Duchess's Diomonds, or All are not Brilliants that Glitter; The Princess's Fondant, or Thereby hauges a Tole, &c. Critics are forewarned not to condemn these works of fiction as precious rubbish.

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XX.

TIME BUNS ON.

GRACE MARCHMONT had sunk in terror upon the ground, while an enormous turtle, more than six feet high, and broad in proportion, was standing upon its hinder fins of iron muscle, and was regarding her with a fixed amatory look, which Nutr at once interpreted as in the last degree threatening and dangerous. Poor GRACE seemed utterly unable to move, fascinated by the bright twinking eye of the leering savage monster which had assumed this hostile attitude a few feet from where she was gathering sea-weed. In vain Nutra above tried to distract the attention of the amphibious reptile; then he descended quickly, and taking off one of his new boots, hurled it at the creature's head. With a yell of disappointed love it turned from Miss Marchmont to regard its new antagonist, who was standing on the defensive, hoping to draw any attack upon himself, when the turtle seemed to stagger in his purpose, and instead of attacking Nutr, commenced a slow unwieldy movement, somewhat resembling a portion of the old minuet, swinging its head Iszily from left to right, and accompanied by a low gurgling sound, like the half suppressed laughter of an idiot, terrible to hear, while its eyes rolled with vague inconstancy, dwelling apon no fixed object.

NUTT saw at once what was the matter.

"I have read of such cases," he explained to Miss Marchmont, who, pale and trembling, was now by his side.

"The Turtle is either mad, or simply an idiot. The head you can see from here is very soft. With one blow from a switch," here he cut one from a neighbouring tree by the aid of a blade of grass, which he had fitted to an agate handle, "I can despatch the fellow. He will be very good eating."

for the food of man, all in due time consumed as soon as they left their mother's care. Boats may have come anficiently near here to have effected their capture, and if once taken to England, few of the tribe have ever been able to return. But those few what tales to tell, what names to mention (for animals have their own method of communication), what horrors to recount in connection with those names. Would not the words City of London, Alderman, Lord Mayor, be a leason to the surviving mother. Undoubtedly then she swooned and died on seeing that the switch with which I had armed myself was "he hesitated." What? I long to know, what?" exclaimed Grace, anxiously.

spot

hesitated.

"What? I long to know, what?" exclaimed Grace, anxiously.

"Birou," replied Nurr.

This led to further conversation, and then Grace saked him if he thought anybody had ever been there before them. He was alkalt for a considerable time, but on her assuring him that it was not meant as a conundrum, he answered,—

"You asked me if I had any reason to believe that any one had ever

"You asked me if I had any reason to believe that any one had over been here before. I have: here it is." And he showed her certain indications of a building of some sort having once stood on this very

what was remarkable and most puzzling about it was the indentations of apparently two wings, one on either side of what seemed to have been a hut.

"It has evidently sunk here," observed Nurr, "in some strong convulsion of Nature, probably dating back as far as the Diluvian period."

Grant was sident. Then she said slowly. "I know what it was

Grace was silent. Then she said slowly, "I know what it was.
Trace its form. These which you think were wings, were wheels."
"A carriage!" exclaimed Nurr, in utter astonishment at the deduction.
"No," answered Grace, gravely; "has nothing wheels except a carriage?"
He looked at he was a superior of the looked at he was a looked at he was a looked at he was a looke

he had fitted to an agate handle, "I can despatch the fellow. He will be very good eating."

But at the sight of the switch the Turtle suddenly recled and fell, dead. It was so sudden and strange, that NUTT could scarcely credit the evidence of his senses.

"The Turtle saw the stick and expired from fright," said GBACE; "So much is evident."

"Nature, Miss Marchmont," answered NUTT, "never acts without a reason, however distant the motive power may be from our present vision, however distant the motive power may be from our present vision, however obscure the cause of the visible result may be. In this case I think I have traced the effect to its proper cause. This huge Turtle has been doubtless the parent of a vast family, all destined

Here the earliest ancestors of the human race may have buried one another in the shingle, or filling their little pails with wet sand, have trotted to and fro with wooden spades upon its yellow surface."

At last GRACE broke the silence which followed these observations. "Dinner!" she exclaimed.



A voice within him responded to the call, and he put forth all his energies to secure the best repast the Island could afford.

His bill of fare was turtle fins, turtle soup, whitebait, soupe à la Rain, boiled mutton and caper sauce, posses de terre frites, omelet of turtle's eggs, salad, cheese of the island, and

To the first part of this banquet the deceased turtle contributed its share. The whitebait NUTT found in the creek near at hand, also the sardines; but these last were more difficult to secure, as upon the approach of man, with an instinctive cunning, they packed themselves away in their natural tin cases, and, but for their lying too closely to allow of action, would have in this manner cluded his grap. The soup was of a light, thin, clear nature, of which a little drop went a considerable way. The mutton was cauly obtained, for NUTT ascending the cliff found a fine fat long-haired sheep quietly browsing on the pasture land, which he immediately slaughtered, and gave to GRACE to boil in the turtle-shell which he had ingeniously fashioned into a saucepan; then he went outside the house, cut some capers, and returned.

There was some difficulty about the fire at first, but NUTT soon showed Miss MARCH-MORT how by compressing sea-water between the hands until all the noxious gases have evaporated, the reaidue of carbonic can be at once applied to sticks for the purpose of ignition. On the first opportunity he explained to her further how the same process on a larger scale could be with equal success applied to river water. applied to river water.

applied to river water.

"Then," said Grace, "It is not impossible to set a river on fire?"

"By no means," answered Nutz, "provided the water will burn. But there are many contingencies which might prevent an inexperienced hand from attaining its object. However, our present task is with our din-

He had luckily caught one of the numerous corkscrew fish, with which the creeks abounded, and having fixed his proboscis firmly into a corked bottle. Nurr showed Miss Marchmonr how the fish by the leverage of his tail could speedily open their modest bottle of St. Æmilion. Gracs, who appeared to have unknown resources at her command—

Fæmina multa facere scit,

offered before and during the meal to give NUTF pepper; but he declined it on account of the trouble it would have caused her. The turtle's eggs were delicious. The salad NUTT pepper; but he declined it on account of the trouble it would have caused her. The tritle's eggs were delicious. The salad made from the rare grasses of the island excellent, and a whale happening to swim within stone's throw of the island exreed them (for he was soon dispatched by NUTT) with oil enough, when gently strained through a cullender of dried grass, interwoven with twigs, for six weeks' salad and a month's lamps; but this latter was not required, as they found gas on the island in large quantities, the pipes being naturally formed by hollow bamboo canes from tree to tree and rock to rock, which gave on a dark night the effect of a thousand additional lamps lit in the well-wooded inclosure.

During the meal Gracz started up, and exclaimed that the last bottle of St. Æmilion had been lost in the week of the house.

"Let us look about us," said NUTT, "perhaps we may find a substitute." After a few minutes' search he came back, radiant with smiles, and bearing in his hand a flowering shrub of a most peculiar description. Its roots grew out above ground, deriving apparently its life from the various suckers which shot themselves out into the air while its leaves and branches had spread and flourished underneath the earth, afording shelter to a variety of insects of a genus between avis and searabœus.

"This will serve us, Miss Marchmont."

avis and scarabeus.

"This will serve us, Miss Marchmont,"
Nutr said, "for at all events one sort of beverage for this evening. From it I shall distil a sweet and potent spirit, dear to

sailors on board ship. It is at once invigorating, supporting, and refreshing."

"Do sailors grow it in Benicia or England?" inquired GRACE.

"I am not aware," he answered, "that the plant itself has been much cultivated in either place, though the taste for the liquor obtains in most of our northern civilised countries. The beverage so decocted is entitled Rum."

"How strange!" evaluations in the sail of the liquor obtains in most of our northern civilised countries. The beverage so decocted is entitled Rum."

How strange!" exclaimed Miss MARCH-MONT, as she examined the stem and leaves of Nurr's prize, "how little do we know of nature's provisions! What an extraordinary sample of regetation!"

"Yes," answered Nurr, "you have now seen the—
"Rus Saven"

RUM SHRUB." After this NUTT made a decoction, and, when they had finished dinner, they sat down

(To be continued.)

Asther to Billor.—Look here, no pictures again in the last number. We harvained for pictures, and ought to have 'em. We can understand how difficult the Prat. Beauvair portion of this tale (done by the other Authors) is to flustrate, but not our, beside an illustration excites carically. We have done something for ourselves this week in the vignette representing the imprint of something feet text) on the sand. It's good; not, perhaps, high art, but still if we don't have pictures as per agreement we sell draw these ourselves.

Billor to the Above.—Don't do anything in a hurry. The Artist likes you all verymuch, he has said so, only you do—you mean it well—but you de flusse him. He is necrous, and cannot stand your going down to his house with firstworks, and masks. And then your telegrams frighten him. Let your Editor, your kind well-wahing Editor, do it all for you. He'll arrange it, and you'll have such picture. Authors.—We've made use of the Oorkscrew Fish this week. Draw Mr. Malastant's attention to the fact.

The Billor.—Quite so. You'll get on capitally, and now, Gentlemen, the Editor does hope (&e., as in previous numbers).

ANOTHER LETTER FROM OUR ARTIST.

To the Editor of " Chikkin Hazard,"

Dran Srs.

I reuse the illustration will suit you this time. In the first place I have stuck to the text. In the second I have shown how love has wrought a wondrous change in the Boomerang's features. In the third I have depicted a marked improvement in Miss Marchmont, the result of animal food in large quantities, upon an originally delicate constitution. Lastly the forest tree has sof been evolved entirely from the depths of my consciousness or the teachings of my dendrologist; it is from a study I myself made from nature last Christmas. I do hope you will like it.

Faithfully yours. DEAR SIE,

Faithfully yours, GASTON DE MALAZORES.

P.S. Tell the gentlemen of the letterpress that if they pester me with any more pea-and-ink sketches of subjects for illustration, I'll be hanged if I don't publish them just as they are, with the Authors'

SNOBS AT THE OPERA.



HERE are some people who apparently do not care much for other people; else, being at the Opera, they would not behave in this way :-

"It is sinsity disgrate-ful to see the unmanarity conduct of holders of boxes in the grand and pittlers. During the sales, and duets it is no unfre-quent thing to hear a loud quiffer of laughter assi chattering, so loud in tone as to entirely dis-ture those of the audience who go to hear the music. One night leads work this was so marked as to clicit loud hisses from all parts of the boxes, which, after all, only partly obsected the nuisence."

One hardly would believe this in a civilised community; but the Court Circular is certainly a trustworthy authority. Indeed, were further evidence demanded, Mr. Pusch might add his own, for he repeatedly has suffered from the nuisance here described. Certain snobbeses and anobe think it fine to be heard talking in the middle of an Opera, when the house is hushed and listening to the singers on the stage. They like to make believe they know the music so by heart that it is hardly worth their while to pay the least attention to it. They fancy that by making noises, when their neighbours all are silent, they perhaps may gain the credit of being old habitude; and so they laugh and chatter, being selfishly regardless of the nuisance they create.

There is small use in appealing to the good taste of a snob; but it is to be regretted that, when he has the bad taste to make himself offensive at places like the Opera, the Nuisances Removal Act cannot be enforced. People, snobs and fools excepted, when they pay a visit and a guinea at the Opera, pay to hear the singing of PATT, or of MARIO, of TITLEMS, or TREBBLU, and not to hear the prattle of MISS JONES OF ME. SMITH. If chatterers can't hold their tengues until the Act-drop falls, they

happily with a bottle of the new-made liquor between them. Ah! ought to keep away, and not rob other people of the pleasure they have what a paradise to one of them!

As he was raising his glass to his mouth for the fourth time, Grace started up, and seizing his arm—

ought to keep away, and not rob other people of the pleasure they have paid for. A anob who makes a noise when Mario is singing should be taken into custody and charged with picking pockets, for every started up, and seizing his arm—

SHE YOUR HOUSE IN ORDER.

In is well known that Mr. Brions, for instance, in the How Commons, is not called Mr. Brions, for instance, in the How Commons, is not called Mr. Brions, for instance, in the How Commons, is not called Mr. Brions, it is the Honourable Member of the Huber House, in Fr. Grangers owners. Prime Minister, very likely be called the Right Honourable Gentities observance, in the Lower House, is perfectly easy. In the Hof Lords, however, as the Pall Mail Gentis has pointed out, "o aion is, no doubt, amerimes accessioned by a reference to the Lord on the other sate of the House, who followed the robbie Rather or the House is replying to the remarks of my noble fit the cross handless is replying to the remarks of my noble fit behind me." This confusion might be prevented by adopting method of personal reference which would involve nothing mass a sight ascribes of dignity.

A very great humories case, speaking in a convival assembly included some who were strangers to him, indicated one of their the sentiemen with the foreign waistcoat and dementic counternar. Their Lordships the Peers might, in mentioning one mother, a similar methods of description. They might nexticularies the mount of the property of the sentiement of the Peers might, in mentioning one mother, a similar methods of description. They might nexticularies the mount of the property of the particularies the mount of the property of the particularies of the particularies of the property of the particularies of the particularies of the property of the particularies the mount of the particularies the mount of the particularies the mount of the particularies of the particularies the mount of the particularies the mount of the particularies of the particularies the mount of the particularies of the particularies the mount of the particularies of the particu

againts.

If any of these descriptions were found to give officer to Peers unable to take a jake, poculiarities of attire or ornament might be adverted to instead of distinctions of form and feature. There could be nothing unpleasant in calling a Pear the nuble Marquis in the white tie, or the noble Lord with the creates. Mistakes would thus be effectually precluded, and noble Lords would be enabled to observe a maxim which all how either born to or destined for seats in the High Court of Parliament, should be sought to write in their copy books.

"Avoid circumicaution."

JUST THE NAME FOR HIM.

ATTIQUARIANS and artists had better go at once and take a last fond look at Paris. Thanks to Baron Hausman's organ of destructiveness, there soon will hardly be a single old house left there. He goes about, like Assoders, taking all the roofs off, and does not put them on again, until the atreets have been remodelled. Says a Paris Correspondent—

"What with expropriation and moving, all the world is unhoused."

Unhoused; precisely so: and may we not suggest that HAUSHANN ought to change his name now to Unhausmann.

"I do not Ask to Press that Cheek."

(Copyright, mind.)

As thou, perohance, mights smeek mine own,
And mild young men, ashamed and meek,
Should let young ladies' cheeks alone.
But if at breakfast, near thee placed
A pig's cheek, nicely cooked, should be,
And thou shouldst hesitate to taste,
O! then I'll press that cheek on thee.

A "Bird's Eye" Thought.

"The district of St. Paul's, Redminster, Bristol, has, as churchwardens for the ensuing year, a *Droke* and a *Duck*, the name of the gentlemen appointed being, Ma. John Drake and Ma. George Duck."—Liverpool Mercury.

For the sake of the parishioners, let us hope that these gentlemen will not make ducks and drakes of the money entrusted to their charge.

> Turning a Type Inside Out. THE type of faith or Spiritual reliance, Used to be "Danier in the den of Lious." But since a certain case in Chancerie, "Lyons in Danier's den," it ought to be.

"Marniagus are made in heaven"—we once were taught: But now they 'ro Ma'd on earth, young Causus thinks, just caught.

HIGH WALK OF ART.—BLOWDIN across Niagara.



L'ENFANT CHARMANT.

Little Emily (who has just received her usual salute from Fred). "OH, DO KIBS COUSIN GRACE, TOO, ME. LOVELL!"

[Fred would only be too happy: but, as it is, he and Grace have to explain the subject thoroughly.

THE GREAT UNTAXED IN THEIR GLORY.

NAPIBE came, saw, and conquered; the battle was o'er; There's an end of the war and of Kino Theodors. The preatige is recovered that England had lost, And the popular voice cries "A fig for the cost!"

Lo, the tyrant's aboliahed, the captives are free! And there isn't a fraction to pay on our tea, Or our sugar: how sweet so cheap glory to win! No additional tax on tobacco or gin!

Let us drink, then, success to DISRABLI and HUNT, Who exempted the many from finding the blunt; And laid all the expense of the War on the Few— For the Income-Tax payer will pay all that's due.

Ah, tremble, ye tyrants, whom England can crush, At a price which her millions won't care for one rush; In the scale as a feather the money will weigh, For a national war when a part has to pay.

Self-Contemptuous Expressions.

A GENTLEMAN has put an advertisement in the Times, announcing that, in accordance with a wish expressed in a will, he has assumed the name of Pugh in addition to his surname, one of his Christian names being Pugh already. By thus adding Pugh to Pugh, he may almost be said to have pugh-pughed himself.

IN THE PAMILY CIRCLE.

UXBOROUGH, who cloped with his wife, always speaks of the golden symbol which he then placed on her left hand as a runaway ring.

A QUICK SAND .- The Sand of Time.

A CARD.

BENDIZZY & Co. beg to offer their sincere and grateful thanks to the Nobility and Gentry, and their customers in general, for the patronage with which they have been liberally entrusted, since they started their political co-operative store. No exertion shall be wanting to render their business a most popular concern, and, while their chief aim is to make it advantageous to themselves, they will do their best to render it attractive to the public. The principle of co-operation upon which their trade is based demands that all shall work together that they may keep their places, and put their shoulders cheerfully to their own common weal.

BENDIESE & Co. can wrist with wide to their adical Reference.

common weal.

BREDIET & Co. can point with pride to their radical Reform Bill, as a specimen of Tory workmanship which has never been surpassed. Such an article as this could only be produced by the co-operative system, which obliges men to sink their individual opinions, and work together heartily to gain one common end. BENDIETS & Co. will never hesitate to stoop to any sacrifice of interest or of principle, prejudicial to their scheme of sticking to their business and preventing it from alipping to some opposition firm.

Country orders promptly and carefully attended to. A liberal discount offered upon any Tory bill. No connection (just at present) with GLABSTONE, BRIGHT & Co.

N.B. A large number of Unredeemed Pledges to Constituents for sale.

True to their Principles.

IN the National Portrait Exhibition, SIR ARCHIBALO ALISON (498) and LORD GRORGE BRITINCK (540) are conspicuous by the splendour of their waistcoats. It has been suggested that the reason for their being so painted is, that they were both Tories; and Tories are particularly attached to vested interests.

Q. Why is the Cam at once the dirtiest and the cleanest river in the world? A. Because it is always going to the Wash.



VOX ET PRÆTEREA NIHIL.

Sergeant (to Captain Tiffany, of the Volunteers, who has been drilling with the Guards). "You should give the Word of Command a little Louder, Sir; the Men can't Hear you."

Captain Tiffany. "OH, BUT I'M NOT GOING TO DAMAGE MY TRUOR VOICE, YOU KNOW, SERGEANT!!"

A CABMAN'S COMPLAINT

Touching the late rise in fares, and the working of it; namely, that the higher the tariff of fares, the higher the charge for cabe by preprietors.

In 'a 'ard lines with us poor dear cabbies—
Ill-used and hinnocent as babbles!
Ill-used and hinnocent as babbles!
Now tiszy fares to bobs is risen.
Poor Cabby finds the bobs aint his'n.
We made ourselves so precious busy
Till 'Amby rose that hextra tizzy!
The party as we wished might get it
Was him as dray the cab, not let it.
We shought, acos we made the fuss,
In course, the tizzy 'd be for as;
But—it 's enough to wex a saint—
We finds that now it 's come, it aist.
All on't—if we'd known, we'd been quieter—
Goes to the blessed proper-ietor.
They 'we clapped it on four-wheel and shoful,
Till what we pays is something woful!
We can't 'arn money, nor yet love:
Drivers? Blest if we are !—we're draw!

DIZZY AMONG THE PICTURES.

(No offence to the PREMIER.)

Mr. Punch,—Did you observe, Sir, that at the Royal Academy Exhibition, there are a few pictures beneath each of which is inscribed the name of its painter, together with a statement of its subject, if needing explanation! Bless every artist who has done this most needful thing! If all exhibitors will in future do the same, they will save your humble servant, if he lives to see it, and will no doubt also save a great many other people, a pestilent vertigo, brought on by constant and long-continued reference to the catalogue. Visitors want catalogues to make notes in, and, even although the pictures be labelled and ticketed, will buy them nearly all the same. The works of Mn. Hook deserve attention, but how can you study them if, when you would like to, giddiness in the head obliges you to hook it? This is no joke, but a question propounded in all seriousness, if, as you may say, by a giddy Gooss.

CHURCH AND STATE.—Beadle in Full Fig.

COSTUMES AT THE ROYAL ACADEMY.

The Opening of the Royal Academy Exhibition this year has, as a matter of business, been interesting to artists of another class than the brotherhood of the brush and the chisel. It must have proved very beneficial to those whose art consists in the confection, as the technical phrase is, of female costumes, namely, milliners and dreasmakers; and moreover, the lineadrapers and silk-mercers must have derived a considerable haul from it. The length of many of the trains worn by the ladies who visit the picture-show of the Royal Academy might suggest the supposition that their wearers regarded the Royalty of that Institution as being of a nature so absolute as to necessitate the display of those flowing robes which citquette demands at Court.

There are trains and trains—excursion trains and ladies' trains. By the former you go tripping; by the latter you got tripped up. An excursion train taking the British Public to see a Volunteer Review is long, but the trains worn by some of the fair visitors to the above-named Exhibition may be said to have been longer; for the excursion train is usually not more than long enough, whereas the ladies' trains are all too long, at least for any purpose other than the purposes of business aforesaid. For no fellow, wedged in a crowd, and contemplating the works of our best artists, can be expected to look and see where he is treading. Hence ensue damage and destruction of skirts, to the loss of husbands and fathers, if to the good of trade. Now, not only from a rational point of view, but with regard to estentation, the worst place in the world for long akirts is a crowded room, where their presence is remarked in so far as it is sensible to feeling only, and not to sight, being upperceived by the yee, and felt by the soles. In a picture gallery crammed with people there is at any rate not that objection to short dresses that may be felt by some of the softer sex whom they might elsewhere expose to criticism such as the following, reported by the Paris Correspondent of the Post,

queen of fashion," LADY POURTALES, at which all the ladies had to appear in "robes courtes:"—

"O triste, très triste, vue pénible et affligeante! Que de vilains pieds pour deux ou trois joils! Que d'extrémités vulgaires et bourgooises! Que de pieds plats portant un grand nom, et que de mésalliances lourdement affichées!"

Is it possible that splay feet, gout, corns, bunions, and thick ankles have come to abound among fashionable Frenchwomen? Then, doubtless, a prevalent deformity has prevailed in dictating the fashion of long dresses. If "beetle-crushers" are endemic, no wonder that trains are

CABINET CEMENT.

This useful composition illustrates a remarkable property of political substances—the attraction of cohesion. A house may be diasolved by immersion in hot water, but, fortified with Cabinet cement, one indispensable piece of furniture will remain to create astonishment for its marvellous tenacity. Benches on which Ministers rely for support, are prevented from coming to grief, in common with their occupants, by aid of this consolidating agent. It is warranted not to soil the most delicate hands, and will retain its efficacy for any length of time if kept in the dark. Parties requiring it for packing, can be supplied with it in sticks. Inquire for "PREMIRE'S Patent Cabinet Cement." The genuine article is distinguished by the Government stamp, to imitate which is felony.—[ADVERTISEMENT.]

Ecclesiastical Lights.

The Report of the Commissioners on Ritualism contains the suggestion that any difficulties should be referred to the decision of the Bishop in Camera. Surely, this sounds uncommonly like a Camera

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

So the PREMIER went to see the QUEEN, and to mention to Her Majesty the Provocation (as LORD DERBY calls it) which had been given to the Ministry to resign. He came back, and on

Monday, May 4th, he expounded his doings and his intentions unto the Provokers and his own men. The exposition occupies two columns and a half, and though in no sense what Bottom calls an exposition of sleep, it shall, as Hamlet says, to the barber's.

We, the Derby Ministry, did not dissolve, though we might have so treated a Palmerston Parliament.

We have governed the country beautifully.

We have made England influential everywhere, but not by Bustling

We decided on liberating the Abyssinian Captives, we chose the victorious General, whom we supplied with all means of war. Therefore We are not afraid to appeal to the Nation.

Suddenly there uprose the Irish Church Question. We have four reasons against Destroying the Irish Church:

1. It is a retrograde policy.

It endangers property.
 It disunites Religion from Authority.
 It menaces the Church of England.

We have three reasons for Dissolution:

 This Parliament cannot legislate conclusively.
 The Irish Church question had never been hinted at when this Parliament was elected.

The opinion of the Nation on this question is opposed to the opinion of this Parliament.

I do not care for the taunts about wanting to retain office. I have

We rule by a Minority, do we? Then that is an Imputation, not on us, but on the House. But it is false. We govern by general consent. John Russell governed by a minority, if you like.

I saw the QUEEN, who acted with all her accustomed frankness, kindness, and wisdom.

I said that I should advise a dissolution. But that there were times when the Sovereign should not be embarrassed by personal claims, and if the QUEEN thought we had better retire, out we would instantly go, with every grateful feeling towards Her Majesty, for her warm support, and for the aid which the QUEEN gives to any Minister by her now vast acquaintance with foreign affairs. In fact
I tendered my resignation. The QUEEN took a day to consider, and then Refused to accept my resignation, and Declared her readiness to Dissolve as soon as public business would permit.

I then advised that the appeal should be to the New Constituency to elect under my Reform Act.

I stated that I was advised that this might be managed in the when the Sovereign should not be embarrassed by personal claims, and

I stated that I was advised that this might be managed in the

I shall oppose the two remaining Resolutions, but without debate. We must pass the Scotch and Irish Reform Bills, and the Boundary Bill, and a short Act, hastening the operation of the English Reform

Such was the PREMIER'S explanation. He was at once followed by

MR. GLADSTONE. Never did a Minister dissolve when he had had 60 and 65 against him. There is no reason for a dissolution, and no hope of reversing the decision of the Commons. I do not altogether object to your compliments to some of your colleagues, but the conduct of the Spending Departments I do greatly condemn. You gave the QUEEN bad advice

[For, brethren, in spite of the exceeding care with which MR. DISRABLI spoke, he left a muddle in the minds of some of his hearers, who thought he meant that he had advised an appeal to the present electors. This was cleared up in his reply.]

And I am glad She did not take it.

The only question was of your own Ministerial existence. Autumn be hanged—you will make it the Winter, and meantime you are to govern, and carry important measures!

However, your fate is your own business. I mean to carry my Resolutions and a Bill for suspending Irish Church Appointments, and I make no Covenant with you.

MR. Lows. So we are to keep in office a Ministry that neither trusts the House, nor is trusted by it.

MR. NEWDEGATE. Nice talk. You treat us as a Warming Pan, do you? [He was too polite to add, "We'll warm you."]

MR. CHILDERS. Autumn ends on the 21st December. Tell me the

time at which you mean to dissolve.

MR. BRIGHT. You got into office by unworthy arts, you have held office (I mean you, the PARMIER) by adopting a policy opposed to all you had professed, and why are we to depart from Parliamentary and constitutional usage to keep in place Ministers who have hooted all their own principles out of the House? I am not convinced by a certain

newspaper, which has a constant small liaison with you. Are you to ait there like the gods in Lord Derry's Homer, eating Ambrosial Provender? If we keep you in, the question can't be settled till 1370, and the Irish will distruct us. Are Governments a set of Cricketers who think that they must have Innings, because others have had theirs? I advise the House to watch you, for you will stick to office until turned out by an Offensive vote. [It may be remarked that the future Chancellar of Exchequer, or Indian Minister, or Trade Secretary, or whatever it is to be, was not tormented to-night with any return of the affability with which he has lately been afficted.]

The PREMIER. The QUEEN gave her assent to a dissolution without any reference to old or new constituencies. There! I believe we can dissalve in November, but I will let you know. Newspaper, bother! Mr. Bright is always thinking of newspapers, but they are not public opinion, nor is the country governed by them [of course, with the exception of Panch], and I wish at least he would not charge us with heart of the companion of the country governed by them. being in communication with opposition journals. Mr. Lowe is full of the amenity and suavity which make him such a favourite, but if you want a wote of No Confidence, pass one, but let it be a straightforward vote. (Loud cheers.) There is no candour or justice in transferring recent votes into those of Want of Confidence.

There the Ministerial Crisis question dropped for the time, and we went into Ways and Means and voted

The increase of Two Pence on the Income-Tax. MR. GLADSTONE pitched into Government extravagance, and Sir John Pakingrow denied that there was any, as, of course did Chancellor Ward Hurt. "There is a form in these things, Madam, there is a form," as Lady Blabney or Miss Carolina says.

Therefore, as IASY BLARKET OF MISS CARDINA Says.

Therefore, Jolly row in the House to-night, based on the way the DUKE of RECOMMOND had spoken of the interview with the QUEEK. The Duke, in fact, not having the fear of the fiery Provokers before his eyes, frankly let out that the appeal would be to the old or new constituencies, as might please the Minister. Mr. DISRAELI showed very good fence, but at last said that the permission to dissolve at present referred only to the Irish Church question. It were not profitable or amusing to reproduce the Westminster Assembly's Catechism for the PREMIRE, but he managed to provoke the Provokers beyond bearing.

Mr. Mill brought in two Bills, for making Municipal Corporations, and for making a Corporation of Lundon. They are not to be proceeded with, but are to set folks a thinking.

ceeded with, but are to set folks a-thinking.

Wednesday. Do you know that Mines (except Coal-Mines) are not taxed ?—that is, the Lord of the Mine is rated, but the property, some six millions and a half, escapes. Mr. Windham's Bill for making this rateable, was read a Second Time. Thus far into the bowels of the land he hath marched on without impediment.

Thursday. The Lords approved and read a Second Time the Bill for Private Executions. A coroner's inquest is to be held on the body of the criminal, so that there may be no room for insensate stories of the escape of rich felons.

In the Commons there was simply the most appalling Shine that has marked the debates for years.

MR. GLADSTONE'S Resolutions were put, and MR. DISBABLI did not divide against them. So, brethren, the Palmerston Parliament has DECREED THE DOOM OF THE CHURCH OF ST. PATRICK AND THE

Then did two Scotch Members (Mr. AYTOUN and Mr. LAMONT) go in for mischief like men. They proposed that the grant to Maynooth (Catholic) and the Regium Donum (Presbyterian) should be discon-Catalone; and that no secularised money should be given in any way to the Papists of Ireland. Then began the fray, and it waxed furious. Divisions were taken, and all the Ministers went out of the House into "a little room," sarcastically referred to by Mr. Gladburgh, though it was not the room's fault that it was little. Two forms of the Scotch Resolution were rejected, but at last it was agreed to; and so, brethren, the Palmerston Parliament HAS DECREED THE DOOM OF THE MAYNOOTH GRANT AND THE ROYAL GIFT.

THE MAYNOOTH GRANT AND THE ROTAL CIFF.

But of what bitter things were said by everybody who could think
of any, Mr. Punch can give but a slight notion. Acribus excivit stimulis furialis ERINSYS. MR. DISRAELI scoffed at the Provokers, who
were Quarrelling over the Plunder: MR. Baight accused the PRETIPE of Pompousness and Servillity: and, according to the Star, "in a were Quarrelling over the Flunder: MR. Bright accused the Francisch of Pompousness and Servility: and, according to the Star, "in a magnificent burst of eloquence, denounced him as a Traitor to his Sovereign and his country;" Lord John Manners derided Ms. Bright for constantly praising his own virtue; MR. Gladstone charged MR. Disrabli with language such as had never been heard from a Prime Minister; and MR. DISRABLI declared that his language was appropriate; and, in spite of MR. Bright's Stale Invective, defied him to make a specific shares and was willing to be indeed by defied him to make a specific charge, and was willing to be judged by the "Gentlemen" (marked emphasis on the word) who sat on the

Opposition side.

Then the Irish Reform Bill was quietly read a Second Time.

Friday. In Australia is a colony called Victoria. It is the most southern colony of the Australian Continent. It is just above Tasmania, which is an island, now named after ABEL TASMAN, its discoverer, in 1642, but former spirits after t South jolly Gully, ington the da carryi Victor loss of

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formerly called Van Demons' Land, from being haunted by evil Dutch spirits. Victoria has a capital, which is called Melbourne, named after the jovial Prime Minister. The colony used to be united to New South Wales, but now keeps Separation Day as a jubilee, when the Colonial Minister does not golly colonists go to Mordialloc, Yan Yean Reservoir, Fern Tree Gully, and even Schnapper Point (or let's be genteel, and say Mornington), and have roysterings. A Governor, called Darling, became the darling of the mass of colonists for favouring protective views, and carrying his patronage of these views two far, he was recalled. The Victorian House of Commons voted him 20,000%, to make up for the loss of his place, and it is against rule for Governors to take provincial

rewards. So the vote was changed to one for LADY DARLING. This is held equally objectionable. The Lords debated the subject, and the Colonial Minister does not seem to know what to tell the present Governor to do. New LORD SALISBURY was for enforcing the autho-

Reaction and calm in the Commons. A very able speech by Mr. O'Brinne, on our abourd Fortifications, produced an interesting debate, and Mr. Tommuss had the satisfaction of passing his Bill for Improving the Dwellings of Artisans. We compliment both Irish gentlemen on having benefacted England. There was no such word



TOO BAD!

Emily. "What do I Think of the Flower, Mr. Robinson ! Why, More THAN I DO OF THE POT, BY FAR!"

PICKED UP IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE.

LOOKING at No. 10, PENWIGGIN, critic and reformer, expressed his pleasure at finding the Leys element at last introduced into the Academy.

"Mrs. Gordon, of Clump" (No. 375) wearing a lace shawl. The lace, on fair authority, taken to be Cluny.

GRACE in a dwarf bonnet with forget-me-nots, and the newest disposition of back hair, standing before "Acme and Septimine" (No. 449) with LIGHEL thoroughly up in CATULLUS-GRACE, rather neatly, pronounced the picture to be the acme of

The coloured moonlight on MADELINE's bed (No. 585) voted "very pretty" by an immense majority.

Farming without Land.

PUBLIC attention has lately been directed to the somewhat prevalent practice of baby-farming. The persons called baby-farmers may, in these euphemistic days, perhaps prefer to call themselves infanticulturists. Certainly, they are not without reason to be ashamed of their name. There is one remarkable difference between baby-farmers and other farmers. The British Farmer is often a Protectivity. tionist at heart; but the baby-farmers are utterly heartless, and by no means desirous of any legislative enactment for the protection of the live stock which they live by disposing of.

We perceive a musical advertisement, "Benedict's Erin." All right, no doubt, but we should prefer 'earin' Benedict.

SLEEP OFF THY BEER.

A Song of Sunshing Weather.

Ha sleeps below The hawthorn's shade. Where daisies grow His head is laid. There let it rest, Until 'tis clear Ay, that were best: Sleep off thy beer!

On bed of green With cat's-eyes sprent, Of sapphire sheen With silver blent, Where stitchworts white, Red cranebills peer, Unconscious quite, Sleep off thy beer !

The blackbird sings; The sun shines warm : On tiny wings The hovering swarm Around thy nose, Thou dost not hear. What blest repose! Sleep off thy beer !

O sweet perfume, Exhaled in air From much May bloom ! Thou dost not care. To thy dull sense That toadstool, near, Gives no offence. Sleep off thy beer !

Athwart thy brow A snail doth creep Unfelt, for thou Art fast asleep: And ants explore Thy features queer. Snore on, oh, snore! Sleep off thy beer!

'Tis Sunday morn. The bells ring out, Not thee to warn: A tempest's shout Would have no strength To pierce thine ear. Stretched out at length, Sleep off thy beer !

Thou art a sight That tells a tale. Thou didst, last night, Have too much ale. On moss for down. Soft pillow, here, Thou drunken clown, Sleep off thy beer !

IT is said that should MR. Home be allowed to retain MRS. Lyon's money, he means to bestow it in charity. The charity that begins at Home?



MODEST APPEAL.

Lady (to big drum). " Pray, my good Man, don't make that horeed Noise! I can't hear myself Sprak!"

THE ROD, AND HOW TO USE IT.

THAT DIZZY is a schoolmaster—
The proof you have before you:
The rod, the rod, you naughty boys—
The rod he keeps hung o'er you!

Venture to vote as you think right, On BRIGHT'S OF GLADSTONE'S grounds, And good or bad, he'll fine you round, Each, say, a thousand pounds.

For that's the ticket for a seat, Taking the lot together; Though some may manage for a song Election atorms to weather—

And dissolution is the rod,
Your Master keeps in pickle,
The tobies of rebellious boys
At Westminster to tickle.

Then shut up your abusive throats, And moderate your cholers, And sing small, as becomes a lot Of Dizzy's and Queen's scholars.

A Warning.

As soon as Sie Robert Nafies arrives in England, he will, of course, he served with a summons, at the instance of Mr. Peter Taylor & Co., to attend at Bow Street, and answer for having killed King Theodore. We advise Sie Robert to go back to India, unless he wishes to suffer for having vindicated the honour of the Queen of England, and preserved the lives of her white subjects.

DISSOLVING VIEWS .- MR. DISBAELI'S.

PROGRESS AS TO PERSONS.

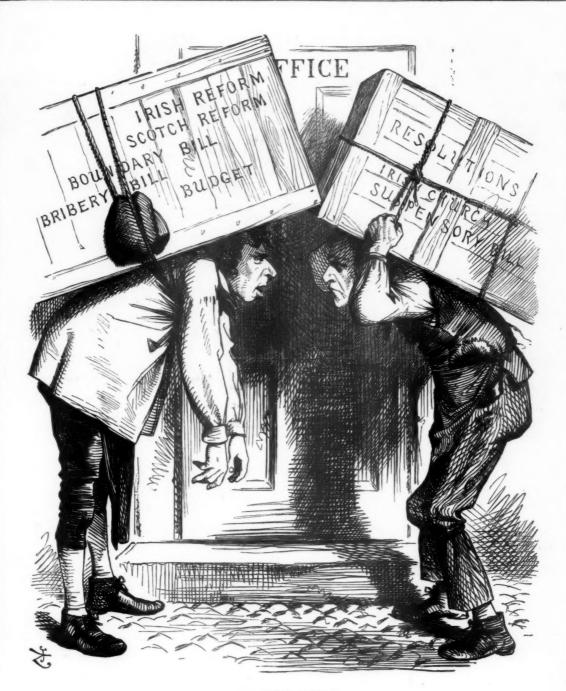
Here, picked out of a paper, are nuts for Mr. John Stuars Mill, M.P. :—

"FERRALE PARISH OFFICERS.—On Saturday the Aylesbury Bench of Magistrates, at their Annual Seasion for the appointment of Parish Officers for the several parishes in their division, appointed Mrs. Sarah Wooster to the offices of overseer of the poor and surveyor of highways for the parish of Illmire, there being no other 'person' resident there so well qualified to perform the duties. Last year the same magistrates appointed not fewer than four females to similar posts, in parishes within the Aylesbury petty sessional division."

It is no disparagement to the honourable Member for Westminster, at any rate, to say that he is a respector of persons. The same remark, with as little offence, may be made of Magistrates who evince the kind of respect for persons that has been shown by the Aylesbury Bench in electing persons of the feminine gender to the office of surveyor of highways, and overseer of the poor. Experience very likely will justify their worships in extending woman's parochial sphere of usefulness. The person who is fit to be overseer is fit to be churchwarden, and also, if physically strong enough for the place, and not unfitted by station in life, fit also to be beadle. The panpers and the parish-boys would rejoice under the rule of a beadle of the softer sex, and perhaps, if persons thereof were eligible for the post of relieving officer, and could be Poor Law guardians as well as overseers of the poor, the poor would be less hardly treated. Mr. Mill will of course not fail to argue, with the conclusiveness of Mill's Logic, that the person who is competent to act as overseer, is competent to exercise the elective franchise.

Nothing Like Leather.

THE success of the Abyssinian Expedition will probably suggest a happy thought to some ingenious disciple of St. Crispin. Completely to render to the Conqueror of THEODORUS all the honours which by precedent are the due of a victorious Generalissimo, we may expect that the name of NAPIER will shortly be given to a new sort of boots.



A CRISIS!

First Porter. "NOW, THEN, BILL GLADSTONE, WHERE ARE YOU A-SHOVIN' TO?"
SECOND PORTER. "WELL, THEN, STAND O' ONE SIDE, CAN'T YER?"

FIRST PORTER. "OH, AH, MR. STAND-O'-ONE-SIDE! AND MAKE WAY FOR YOU, I SUPPOSE? THANKEE—NOT IF I KNOW IT!"

[And there they are at this moment.



CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XX.

(Continued from the previous number.)

—Same in a gentle but firm tone, "You have exceeded the allowance you made me by three. Let us be upon an equality," so saying she took the bottle from him, and poured the remainder of the liquid into her own glass. Then he made a fresh decoction of the Rum Shrub. This they drank gratefully, gazing meantime out upon the distant sea. They discoursed at intervals upon all their hairbreadth escapes, but neither hinted at the possibility of their return to the escapes, but neither his shores they had quitted.

At last GRACE said, thoughtfully, more as if considering a problem

At last GRACE said, thoughtfully, more as it considering a problem within herself than addressing an observation to her companion, "Can't intelligence be diffused?"

He stared at her. She repeated her question. Then he made another quart of the beverage they had been drinking, and while she sat there communing with herself, drank it.

Then he began to talk.

"The Lectry Trelgrar wufful 'vention," he began in a voice so little resembling his own, that it was now her turn to stare at him in mute supprise.

He continued.

He continued. "If we'd lectry Trelgrar here we send say where were, bus and Leckstrelgrar, thingspossil."

"Thing is what?" she inquired, with a look of angelic reproach.
He slowly closed his right eye, which was turned towards her, and shook his head as he repeated, "I shay things spossil."

"The thing is impossible," do you mean that, Mn. Nurr?" She

asked.

He laughed, and then became suddenly grave. He attempted to rise from his chair, which seemed to slip away from under him, and in another moment he was prostrate beneath the table.

He told her afterwards that he then experienced a sweet delirium, which seemed to him like the poetry of motion going the wrong way. She knelt by his side, being nigh heartbroken. What, after all their toils and danger was it to come to this?

What was abe to do?

Had he been in her place, she thought, what would he have done? Certainly not have sat there idle, uselessly bemoaning the past, regardless slike of present and future.

He slept for three hours, and she sat by him, keeping watch. 'Twas all she could do.

At last he woke confused, giddy, with a splitting headache and a dry distasteful tongue.
"Why am I not walking about?" he inquired.
With her ready woman's wit, she replied, "Because you are lying

"I will take that for an answer," he said, sadly.
"You are under my orders, now," she said, playfully, "and as your doctor, I forbid you to rise."

To are under my orders, now, sale sait, playitally, and as your doctor, I forbid you to rise."

He wished to hear what prescription this young physician would recommend, and finding that she had mone to suggest, he asked her with some curiosity what was that leaf with which she was playing at that moment. She did not know, but was able to tall him that she had gathered it from a tall tree on the Island.

"We are indeed fortunate, Miss Marchmont," said Nutt. "This tree is one of the rare productions of the tropics, and is Nature's own provision for the parched and weary traveller. It was doubtless overhanging a clear running stream of no great depth."

"It was," she answered, unable to restrain her evident admiration of his apparently unlimited resources.
"I thought so," he returned. "It is the Soda-water tree; squeeze one of those lemons, which you will find growing in large quantities close at hand, into a tumbler, with a spoonful of this powdered sugar, which I have luckily preserved in my pocket-book, and it will, I know from experience, produced the desired effect.

She complied with his request, but she saw, though he whistled and hooray'd whenever she approached, that the pain in his head was not yet overcome.

He drank the soda-water and took the lemons, and though still

reverish he was enabled by these stimulants to give his mind to the great problem which he had been engaged upon when he fell ill.

In the afternoon she left him for awhile, and returned joyfully with two large dressed crabs which she had found apparently just about to undress themselves (as is their wont, Nurr explained, to her in these hot climates, and therefore she was to esteem herself fortunate in

not climates, and therefore she was to esteem nerself fortunate in arriving so opportunely) in cool cave upon the sea-shore.

The sun shone upon them brightly and burningly hot. With a portion of Nurr's ingenuity she had plucked up one of the large tropical mushrooms to serve her as a sunshade, while the next size to it she planted carefully over her patient's aching head.

"Do you think," he saked, presently, "that your friends will ever come in search of you?"

"They may," she replied. "But if they do not, it would be pleasant to get somebody to call here, even if only to have a little music in the

She felt, immediately the words were out of her mouth, that the speech was an unkind one. She placed her hand in his, and said simply, "I did not mean that—I am very happy here."

Then he saw his duty plainly, and set himself to do it.

Then he saw his duty plainly, and set himself to do it.

His duty was to let anyone and everyone know that he was with a young lady alone on an island.

He was puzzled, and looked at her inquiringly.

"No cards," she marmured sadly, and she thought to herself "are not these words in the marriage service?"

"Friends at a distance will please accept this notice," he said, as if in reply to her thinking aloud.

A show going note from a hird struck on their care.

in reply to her thinking aloud.

A sharp crisp note from a bird struck on their ears.

Nutr turned, and looking upwards saw a bright red breasted puffy little bird, not unlike a bull-finch perched on a branch.

He rose excitedly. "The problem is solved" he cried. "This is the bird for ms. The salt! Miss Marchmont, for pity's sake, the salt!."

She brought it to him, and they both approached the bird cautiously. His object was to climb the tree without disturbing the pretty little warbler. It was a difficult matter, but he succeeded to admiration.

Grace Marchmont stood transfixed to the apot in breathless suspense. Another second, and the saline grains were aprinkled sharply upon his tail, and he felt as she had seen the Pancellins fail under the same influence at sea.

upon his tail, and he fell as she had seen the Pangellins fall under the same influence at sea.

"The bird is stunned, not dead," explained Nurr, "when he wakes up he will be our messenger. He has served numbers of people before this time, and, even in the most civilised countries, where the anxention of the Electric Telegraph has in a measure superseded that of writing, the bird is still the vehicle of communication between various parties who find this means most suitable for their purpose."

"And yet," Grace said, "it is not a pigeon."

"It is not, Miss Marchmont, and herein lies its peculiarity. It is—not, Miss Marchmont, and herein lies its peculiarity.

It is What ?" "A ROUND ROBIN!"

Assistence of the Boomerang Portion of this Nowi to Editor.—We do hereby solemnly protest against the Artist's new conception of Miss Marchmorr in the last number. We intended her, and he knew it, to be young and lovely: he has made her Repulsive. We seek change our plot for him: he must change his, we mean key, face. No one could marry such a Grace Marchmorr as he has depicted in the last number. Let him do it sgain and we—well, you's see.

By the way, we do think it's far from good taste on the Editor's part to admit such a representation of our Heroine. Why doen't the Editor do it with the other, the Piel Donarron part of the story? He daren't. Britte do it with the other, the Piel Donarron part of the story? He daren't. Britter do it with the other, the Piel Donarron part of the story? He daren't. Britter do it with the other, the Piel Donarron part of the story? He daren't. Britter do it with the other, the Piel Donarron part of the story? He daren't. Britter do it with the other, the Piel Donarron part of the story? He daren't.

Editor's Note to the Above.—The Editor did inspect the illustration alluded to above, but anfortunately had mislaid his spectacles, without which all objects present to his vision much the same appearance. The gentlemen engaged on this Novel are far too generous and noble to be hard upon an Editor simply on account of an affliction, on account of which he is rather an object of deep commiseration than of scorn, temper and represent. Lest their kind hearts ponder over this, and not again will be heard the petulant complaints of gentlemen who up to this time have shown themselves in every way worthy of the high literary reputation with which they are accredited. In the meantime, to Authors and Artists alike the Editor appeals, and, holding out the right hand of fellowship to all, he does hope that the good feeling and forbearance and gentlemanly toue of all concerned will prevent any contributes occurring just when the work is progressing so admirably.

CHAPTER XXI.

THE BEGINNING OF THE END;

THE Boomerang (whom we indeed need no longer distinguish by this name) next proceeded to dry some leaves in the Sun, and having in the course of his rambles found a cedar tree and a vein of lead, he at once constructed a couple of pencils, marked respectively H and B, with which, however, he was not satisfied, and so waited patiently until the evening, when he observed to Grace, she would see what she should then and there behold.

As she implored him to let her be of some use, he asked her to gather for bim a number of white ferns resembling feathers, while he was engaged in fashioning a kind of awkward boot out of the turtle-fins. When she returned laden she saw to her surprise that he had fitted these fins on to his feet, and was practising a sort of step which he had often seen the soldiers at home doing in the barrack-yard or on the common at drill.

common at drill.

common at drill.

Without a question, for she had implicit trust in his wisdom, she gave him the ferns, and assisted him to tie them, and otherwise fasten them all about his body until he was completely covered. Then he stooped his body, and elevated his neck, and in this guise, and this attitude, repeated the step she had already seen him practising.

"Oh you old goose!" she exclaimed, with an amused air.

Nurr was delighted. "I have deceived you," he said, "with this disguise, and if I can deceive the birds who have no reason to guide them to a conclusion, my object will be gained. The step I was practising when you saw me was

practising when you saw me was "THE GOOSE STEP."

Then he departed and hid himself like a goose by the side of the seizing three of them by their necks dragged them from the pond. small pond where all such fowl used to come down on an evening to These supplied him with quills.

At first the birds were somewhat shy of him, and hissed at him as if not liking his performance, but after awhile they made friends with him, when indeed he took an unfair advantage of their amiability, and with a rich, clear, indelible ink.

Ink was wanting, and, strange to say, once again he returned to the



Then they sat down to a delicious supper of stewed cels, fried cels, attention to a duaky speck upon the horizon. He gazed anxiously, at cels in pies, and cels in every form, which the care and forethought of Grace had provided. After this he wrote these words on the white paper, which he had made of leaves:—

(To be continued.)

Mn. Nutt and Miss Marchmont present their compliments to Mr. and Mrs. World and his Wife, and will be happy to see them at No. 42 Longitude and No. 20 Latitude, first turning to the right in the Pacific Ocean, any day during this or the next year. Dinners always ready: Supper at 11. Ships to set down at Turtle Point, and take up at Corkscrew-fish Corner

This they tied to the Round Robin, with which, and his own notes,

Then a great notion occurred to Nutt.

He cut down a tree, and out of its trunk he made a strong post. This he set up in the middle of the island. He then told Miss Marchmont to write letters to her various friends, which she did, and he took them to this Post. As he always passed it, letters in hand, he could (as indeed he did) on his return tell her that "her letters had gone by"

this post. It gave her occupation while Nurr was engaged in his grander effort. The cels for supper had suggested to him a grand, a colossal idea—if it could be only carried out. He procured four black boards and a piece of chalk. These boards he erected in various corners of the island, visible from the ocean. On each of them was written in legible characters,

EEL PIE ISLAND. EEL PIES ALWAYS READY. REAL TURTLE IN EVERY FORM.

GREEN FAT. ICED PUNCH AND CHOICE OLD MADEIRA.

*. Parties attended. Turtle sent to any quarter of the Globe. Apply here, on the premises to Miss Marchmont or Mr. Nutt.

Upon the third day after these had been up GRACE drew NUTT's

ANOTHER LETTER FROM OUR ARTIST.

To the Editor of " Chikkin Hazard,"

DEAR SIR, INSTEAD of an illustration of my own, I send you this time a design by one of the gentlemen of the letter-press, and to which I have made but very few additions. I am told it represents NUTT and GRACE rushing into each other's arms after dinner, while PIEL

DORNTON is riding towards them from afar, on a dapple grey horse.

My small share in the execution of this picture is hardly worth
mention. I have merely added a slight structure (AAA) to the distant horse, in order to give more solidity—the brushwood in the foreground and the sherubbery just behind the principal figures are also mine. The figures, steamboat, river, sea, table, chairs, &c., are from the hand of Mn. ——; and I sincerely trust that he will get all the credit for them. Ever yours,

GASTON DE MALALŒIL.

Dean Stanley in the Wrong Box.

"DEAN STABLET rose to move a resolution. He said, 'That what he valued in Establishment was the check it imposed on clerical tyranny, by giving laymen a large share in the Government of the Church.' He was received with hisses, inarticulate shouts, and crise of 'sit down.'"—Report of the Church and State Meeting, at St. James's Hall, on Wednesday, May 6th.

WHEN STANLEY ventured truth's hard ground upon, And to plain fact his shovel-hat dared doff, Church and State champions, for "On, STANLEY, on!", Shrieked unmistakeably, "Off, STANLEY, off!"

LITERARY FUND TOASTS

AND PUNCH'S SENTIMENTS.



HAT MR. DISRABLI was the right man in the right place in the Chair at the Literary Fund Dinner, all will admit Whatever men's estimate of whatever men's estimate of the political Denant, they can hardly contest the claims of the author of Fivians Grey, Contarins Fleming, and Coningsby, to ait as the official representative of let-Where shall we find ters. another author who has worked out in life, at sixtythree, the very conception of a political leader, - as the unscrupulous brains, tongue, and sword of a stupid, dumb, and dispirited party,—which he had put forward in his first novel at twenty? The worst that can be said of him—that he habitually confuses the limits of romance and reality in his speeches, and leaves us uncertain whether what we are listening to is fact or

certain whether what we are listening to is fact or fiction—involves a compliment to his powers of invention and imagination. But, while we feel that the Committee of the Literary Fund had got hold of the right Chairman for the last dinner, we find it difficult to explain their choice of proposers and acknowledgers of Toasts? That Earl Stanhoff, by virtue of his literary performances, rank, and character, should respond for the Literary Fund was quite proper. A popular nobleman, and a creditable writer, benevolent and wealthy, with the means to relieve the wants of needy authorcraft, and the will to help the lame dogs of literature over the stile, it would be hard to find a better representative than Lobd Stanhoff of the good work the Literary Fund is established to do, and the spirit in which it does it. But when we read that the Toast of "Poetry and Imaginative Literature" was proposed by Sir Stanhoff of Poetry and Imaginative Literature "was proposed by Sir Stanhoff on Northcotf, and ecknowledged by Mr. Venables, Q.C., Mr. Punch must really ask the Why and Wherefore of the selection. What is the connection between one of the dryest of Ex-Chancellors of the Exchequer and Poetry? What has the most matter-of-fact Indian Secretaries to do with "Imaginative Literature?" Is it a piece of sly fun poked at Northcotean Budgets, Home or Indian?—or a slap at the flights of Indian Estimates, and the fanors shown in building up the income of India a year in sdvance, out of such shaky and questionable sources of gain as Opium Duties? Has Mr. Disraell's influence so spread, that Revenue Returns are henceforth to be raised to the dignity of Epic, and India to be governed, like the Carabas party, in the fine imaginative spirit of Vivian Grey? And why should Mr. Venables, one of the exactest and most hard-headed of leading Parliamentary Counsel, be charged to respond on such a theme?—unless on the ground that, having found the most unsuitable man in the world to propose the toast, the Committee was bound to find one still mor the Committee was bound to find one still more unsuitable to return thanks for it. And why Lorn Houenton, who might, with some congruity, have been asked either to propose or respond to Sir Stafford Northcote's toast, was set to propose "the Judges, and Legal Literature," except that he once sat as Judge of the Burns-Centenary Prize Contest, and pronounced sentence on the most prominent offender in that outrage, we are as much at a loss to imagine, as we are to understand why Chief Justice Bovill, who never, as far as we know, was guilty of anything more literary than a Charge or a Judgment, and never found his way into print except in the Law Journal and the Authorised Reports, was chosen to respond to the toast.

It is not as if Literature had been quite unrepresented at the Dinner.

There were at least two authors present—Ms. Theodore Markin

and MR. E. DICEY.

Altogether, we have seen few queerer things in its way than the list of names attached to the toast-and-butter business of the Literary Fund Dinner.

In one sense only Literature may be said to have been toasted; in such hands she was, certainly, cut and done brown.

Kissing v. Scratching.

THEY say MR. Home, the Spiritualist, is an excellent actor. has lately been within an ace of appearing in the character of Claused in the drama of the Lady of Lyons.

THE LAST NEW BALLAD.

MR. PUNCH.

I OBSERVE by your last Number that there is a Song just published with the title "I will not Ask to Press that Check." I know no more of it than the title, and therefore trust I am infringing no copyright, interfering with no right of translation reserved, in offering you say notion of what a Ballad with such a title should be.

Yours harmoniously, ARNE BISHOP PURCELL.

P.S. The Song is a tenor. The statement of this fact will also serve to indicate to you the sum I shall be contented to receive as an acknowledgment, however inadequate, of the time and labour I have bestowed on the composition.

> " I will not ask to press that cheek," Without a guarantee That Nature spread the pearl and red Which there I always see; Those lustrous lips I will not touch, Unless you promptly say
> That their bright hue is fast and true, And will not wash away.

Those brilliant eyes may owe their charm To belladonna's use, Complexion tints, I've heard dark hints, Are changed by walnut juice; And if I ask the dearest girl, For whom alone I live, For one long tress to kiss and bless, It mayn't be hers to give.

The pencilled brow, the raven lash, Are open to a doubt, And some mistrust, but they 're unjust, The shape I rave about : So in this dubious state of things, And as the weather's warm, I will not seek to press that cheek, Or ask to clasp that form.

"IGNORAMUS" ON "THE ONE HUNDREDTH."

I WISHED to have sent you my impressions of the Centenary Exhibition of the Royal Academy of Arts, but it is a hundred to one whether I shall be able to do so before it closes in August, as a somewhat disheartening examination of the Catalogue convinces me that, before I can wisit Trafalogue convenement of the hundred or that before I can visit Trafalgar Square, possessed of the knowledge without which an intelligent examination of the collection is impossible, I must which an intelligent examination of the collection is impossible, I must perfect myself (inter aits) in the History of England; the French, Italian, Spanish, and Latin languages; the geography and topography of the British Isles, France, Italy, Spain, Holland, Belgium, the States of the Church, Switzerland, Egypt, Prussia, Mexico. Algeria, Borneo, and Palestine; the works of Scott, Shakspeare, Homer, Dickens, Boswell, Bunyan, Grax, Moore, Sterne, Chaucer, Byron, Hood, Cervantes, James, Goldsmith, Canning, Pope, Kingsley, Kears, Apuleius, Virgell, Browning, Spreca, Bulwer-Lytton, Wordsworth, Catullus, Milton, Tennyson, Thomson, and the Ballad Minstrelsy of Scotland; Greek, Roman, and Jewish customs; Heathen Mythology: the Snorts and Armments of the Middle Ages: and anche Mythology; the Sports and Armaments of the Middle Ages; and such miscellaneous subjects as Fleet Marriages, KING ARTHUR, the Crimean campaign, Ornithology, the Apodyterium, the Peerage, Paul and Virginia, Mammoth tusks, Records of Quarter Sessions, and, as a matter of course, Columbus, the Commonwealth, the Girondina, Lady Jane Grey, and the unfortunate Mary Quern of Scots.

As I also wish to give you a terse epitome of the history of the Royal Academy, from Somerset House to Burlington House, I have noyal Academy, from Somerset induse to Burnington House, I have made arrangements for perusing Leslie and Taylon's Life of Repnolds, Rederays' Century of Painters, the Blue-books issued by countless Commissions and Committees, the Pamphlets in the British Museum, and a mass of other works which will, I hope, leave me master of the subject.

master of the subject.

I have also carefully to examine my annotated Catalogues for the last quarter of a Century, that I may determine whether this Exhibition is above the average, or below the average, or about the average,—a word which I once only associated with Corn, and Statistics, and the Weekly State of the Public Health, but which I have now for many years past heard used at this particular season, with reference to the Academy, in all places, under all circumstances, and by all sorts of reasoning heapers.

sorts of reasoning beings.

Thus occupied, full particulars of the 1206 Items in the Catalogue cannot for months to come be looked for from

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IN JEOPARDY.

THE NEW BOY WAS ENJOINED TO BE VERY CAREFUL HOW HE CARRIED THE FIDDLE-CASE—"BY THE HANDLE, AND TO MIND NOT TO KNOCK IT AGAINST ANYTHING!" IMAGINE THE HORROR OF ME. PITSEY CARTER, HIS MASTER, WHO WAS FOLLOWING, TO COME UPON THE RASCAL, WITH THE INVALUABLE "JOSEPH" ON HIS HEAD, EXECUTING A PAS-SEUL OVER A SKIPPING-ROPE!!

UGLY FOR EVER!

An enameller and painter of women's faces, and cosmetic vender, who advertises herself as "the great Beautifier to the Royal Courts of Europe," and whom we may call MADAME JEZEBEL, winds up one of her horrid puffs by declaring that—

"All other persons endeavouring to copy the beautiful art of which abe is the sole professor, and who are vending dangerous and destructive compounds under the name of enamels, powders, and liquids, in imitation of her Royal Arabian Preparations, commit a gross fraud upon ladies."

And ladies, when they employ MADAME JEZEBEL'S Royal Arabian Preparations to colour their skin and falsify their faces, commit a gross fraud upon gentlemen. That is to say they commit a gross fraud upon gentlemen. That is to say they commit a gross fraud upon gentlemen in so far as they can deceive any, but there are very few men so dull of eye as to be unable at a glance to detect a fraudulent complexion. The ladies who attempt to practise this imposition must all be purblind, or colour-blind. Otherwise they would need only a moment's view in their looking-glasses to see what an unnatural repulsive appearance their visages present. All mankind, possessing ordinary acuteness of vision, can tell paint, when they see it, from skin; and, if they could see through it, they would see the skin under it in a most unwholesome and disgusting state, produced by the operation of irritating substances and the obstruction of the pores. The continued application of any sort of plaster to a lady's face for the purpose of beautifying it can only result in rendering the poor simpleton ugly for ever.

Tricksy Spirits.

SPIRITUAL communications, we are told, are sometimes grotesque, and take the form of practical jokes. If this is so, spirits are more conversant with scances than with the bienscances. Their tricks, it may be argued, rather tend to prove the trath of spiritualism, as for instance, suppose a spirit pulls your nose. The spirit is probably a familiar spirit and familiarity doth breed contempt.

A GOOD CUT WITH A WHARNCLIFFE KNIFE.

To LORD WHARNCLIFFS who, in a speech at the Cutlers' Hall, Sheffield, very justly described William Broadhead, the Trades' unionist and murderer, as a cowardly scoundrel, the fellow has written an insolent, yet whining letter. This LORD WHARNCLIFFE notices thus, addressing the editor of a Sheffield paper:—

"Sir,—I enclose for publication a letter from the man whom I designated in my speech last Tuesday as a cowardly secundrel—viz. BROADHEAD. It appears to be seen impossible to mention pitch without being defiled—for the receipt of a communication from a meaking assassin is abborred by any honest man. I trust, therefore, to your kindness for the insertion of that man's letter and this one in your next impression. Your obedient Servant, Wharschippe."

We are glad to republish this outbreak of manly indignation. And whereas BROADHEAD complains that he is attacked now that he is "down," we assure him that all honest men sincerely regret his position, and would gladly see him up—say from 8 to 9 A.M., any morning

A Song for Mr. Whalley.

You won't rouse, Ben, Out of his den, The British Lion. Blow it! How could you cry "No Popery!" Proposing to endow it?

Ireland's Debt to Oxford.

What would the country parsons who ousted Mr. Gladstone from his seat for Oxford give if they could recall an act which will cost them the introduction of the voluntary principle in Ireland? Doubtless, their ears; of which they must now be painfully aware that it would not take very many in a line to reach to the moon.



A HALF TRUTH.

Guard (of the Fatuous Railway Company, that still forbids tobacco). "STRONG SMELL OF SMOKE, SIR!

Passenger (his cigar covered by his newspaper). "YA-AS; THE PARTY WHO HAS JUST GOT OUT HAS BEEN SMOKING FURIOUSLY!!"

"COME INTO THE GARDENS, MAUD."

Come into the Gardens, MAUD, Now the bleak east wind has flown, Come into the Gardens, MAUD, I shall wait at the gate alone For my uncle and aunt are going abroad, And the day will all be my own.

Four !—a crowd of muslin moves,
And the glasses are stuck in the eye;
Beginning I am to fear that my love's
Afraid of a showery sky,
To fear for the feast of the monkey she loves
On the bun I've just been to buy.

There's a sound of a Hansom near-It has stopped at the entrance gate;
She is coming, my duck, my dear,
She is coming, though rather late;
The brown bear dances like mad, like mad, And the kangaroo lengthens his jump,
The parrots scream out "so glad, so glad,"
And the camel distinctly says "Hump(h)!"

She is coming (from Harley Street), With her juvenile brother, FRED, A belle who is hard to beat, As the men in the Gardens said; A girl who is hard to beat, From the little excuse on her head To the little bottines on her feet— And I know that I'm turning red.

A Mighty Lively Concern.

THE Irish bishops and archbishops, in the address which they presented the other day to the QUEEN, say "we have the strongest confidence that nothing which affects the well-being of the Irish branch of our United Church can be other than of liveliest concern to your MAJESTY." Now, on the contrary, is it not likely that the QUEEN regards the Irish Church question as a matter of the gravest concern? With the exception of the personalities interchanged between Mr. DISRAEL and Mr. BRIGHT, which were extremely diverting, the debate on that subject at least has been anything but lively.

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

Monday, May 11th. We forget how many times we have had to write the following record, but here it is again, and we hope the Commercial World is happy. "The Bankruptcy Bill was abandoned for the Session." There was no hope of passing it, said LORD CHANGELLOR CAIRNS. What are the interests of ten thousand traders and Eve hundred thousand creditors compared to the question whether DISRABLI OF GLADSTONE shall lead the House of Commons P. No more Public Executions. The Bill has passed both Houses. LOBD RAYENSWORTH—what reminds us of LOED BYEON P.

"To and fro, as the nightwinds blow, The carcase of the assassin swings, And there alone, on the Raven Stone, The Raven flaps his dusky wings.

Because it has nothing to do with the matter—there is no hanging in chains, no raven, and LORD RAVENSWORTH is a very amiable gentlechains, no raven, and LORD KAYERSWORTH is a very amande genueman—this inveterate habit of quotation will get us into a scrape some
day. LORD RAYERSWORTH proposed that all prisoners in a gaol where
execution is done should be obliged to see it. The DUKE OF RICHMOND thought that it would be unfair, as there were prisoners of
various degrees of guilt. We suspect that nine-tenths of them will not
thank him for depriving them of a sight, but he was logically right.
And there is an end of the Execution Mob, and the arrangements will
infuture has a codynical beauting compatition a private view, and present in future be Academic-a hanging committee, a private view, and press

LORD SALISBURY protested against the severity of the Bill for sending Railway authorities to prison, if the accounts should be fraudulent, and LORD CAIRNS, smiling, softened the clause, and made a guilty knowledge essential. Moreover, it was enacted that a railway running twenty miles without stopping should be compelled to have communication between Passengers and Guards. This relieves all the short London trains from any such necessity, but we hope that those

already fitted with such things will not, therefore, be dismantled. The larger the population using a line, the more chance of meeting ruffians

MR. CORRY and Navy Estimates in the Nether House. Estimates a good bit over Eleven Millions of golden sovereigns. Criticism by MR. CHILDERS, but not a halfpenny taken off, beloved Mrs. GRUNDY.

Tuesday. The Guardians of Guildford have imbibed an idea in the interest of virtue. They think that no one is entitled to poor-law relief, if he or she happens to be an unvirtuous character. Of course, if we could carry out this Arcadian view, and obliterate all folks who are at once poor and evil, it would be very charming; but as the law ordains that, virtuous or not, a pauper shall not be starved to death, we fear that the sun of Guildford charity will have to shine on the evil and on the good. The question was raised in the Lords, and the Guardian were pronquested wrong but Lords Rangenia. Guardians were pronounced wrong, but LORDS REDESDALE and OVERSTONE warn us against the increase of vagrous men.

Architecture gives our magnates a deal of trouble. The selection of a Law Courts architect has got into a dreadful muddle, and the Attorney-General has been called in as umpire—his decision is awaited. As regards the new National Gallery, things are worse, for Lobd John Manners cannot make up his mind what architect to employ. Considering that Mr. Punch has already furnished about a dozen designs, and that the architect has only to carry out one of them. Low John has a better any which and take the first name that them, LORD JOHN had better say which, and take the first name that comes out of a hat.

In the Lords this day and in the Commons on the next, there was discussion on the Metric System of Weights and Measures, which is adopted by nearly all other civilised nations, but which it is good clap-trap to resist, call un-English, and otherwise abuse, and those who seek the admiration of the stupid bid for it highly in this case. But the Commons voted in Mr. Ewarn's Bill, by 217 to 65, which has rather raised the Commons in Mr. Punch's eateem.

HEE MAJESTY, addressed on the Irish Church, has been advised to make the very gracious and very wise reply, that The QUEEN desires

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that her interest in the temporalities shall not stand in the way of the con-sideration by Parliament of any measure that may be introduced in the

Land groaned that it was taxed too much, and Mr. Mill admitted that for some of the groaning, but not all, there might be reason, but then the value of land had increased hugely.

Wednesday. Mr. Coleridge, in an eloquent speech, moved the second reading of his Bill for doing away with religious tests at the Universities. Mr. Walfolk made the regular plea on behalf of what he, honestly enough, considers religion, and a new Member, Mr. Winterburdham, for Stroud, made an able speech, and, as a dissenter, begged that the exclusive rules might be done away, for though dissenting clergymen were very pious and all that, they really were not learned, and they wanted academic advantages. The hours of adjournment came while some champion of the Church was talking.

Thursday. The weather was so splendidly hot that the Lords steeped their senses in cool Sea fisheries, and spake of splashing waves and deep waters. Happy for them that legislation and luxury could be so pleasantly combined. Lord Pusch pulled his coronet over his eyes, and thought of Mr. Hook's pictures until he smelt the refreshing spray. Then he fell asleep, and dreamed that he had got into a refrigerator and was utterly retuaing to come out to dinner. When he woke, he heard the words "Irish Education," and the double idea was too much for him-so he made tracks.

Mr. Mill presented to the Commons a petition signed by 21,757 women, who asked for the Franchise. The first signature was that of Mrs. Somenville, Mechanist of the Heavens, the second that of Mrs. Florence Nightingale, Healer on Earth. Right or wrong, the request ought to have been granted to such petitioners.

Complaint was made against the 200 to 300 Iron Gates which close divers streets in London. We actually pay for repairing these contrivances for hindering our drives. There are too many vested interests to be got through without the aid of Rebecca and her Daughters, whom we shall be happy to hear of in town. After the Hyde Park railings, there can be no railings against those ladies. The block in Park Lane, a thoroughfare judiciously selected to be shut up during the time that it is most wanted, was also declaimed against, and early redress was promised. All is for the best, there is nothing like showing the influential classes the brainlessness of those to whom at present we

confide our local government.

The Honourable Major Stuart Knox began to be bumptious about the Suspensory Bill, and gave sweet promise of the fun he was

to cause later. e were then asked to go into Committee on the Boundaries Bill, and Mr. GLADSTONE pointed out a good many reasons for dissatisfaction with divers recommendations of the Commissioners, but would not hinder the Bill if the Government would be reasonably elastic.

The PREMIER thought that with patience and temper the Bill might be made satisfactory, as no question of party policy was involved. Mr. Punch apologises for having winked at this moment—his wink only meant that sundry of the proposed arrangements might not be found to be exactly hostile to the supposed interests of the Conservative party.

MR. BRIGHT was for referring the principal objections to a Committee of Seven.

MB. RUSSELL GURNEY, one of the Commissioners, said that they had looked on the Bill as an Enfranchising measure, and therefore had looked outside boroughs for voters to be brought into them.

The Parmier consented to a Committee of Five, who should consider petitions against the proposals, and should take documentary evidence only.

Ms. Bernal Osborne wanted to know a little more about what was to be done, but he asked it humbly, recognising the terrible power which Mr. DISRABLI had to deal with a refractory House.

Finally the suggested arrangement was accepted, and the House resumed and got upon the Estimates. A great quantity of miscellaneous wisdom was poured forth about the new law courts, Aberdeen theology, the Regent's Park lake, the statues in Westminster Hall, the ladies' gallery, the Members' grotto under Westminster Bridge, the unjust way in which Daniel Maclies has been treated (whereof more another time), OLIVER CROMWELL, and other interesting topics, and Mrs. OBBERNE was beaten by 234 to 76 on the question of refusing the vote for the reduction of the above received statues. for the pedestals of the above-mentioned statues.

Mu. GLADSTONE moved for leave to bring in a Bill for Suspending Appointments in the Irish Church.

The HONOURABLE MAJOR STUART KNOX in opposition began to read a quotation from a speech which asserted that the Irish Church could never be overthrown but by a recreant Senate and an apostate nation.

MR. GLADSTONE. Whom are you quoting ! The HONOURABLE MAJOR STUART KNOX. YOU.

MR. GLADSTONE. Where ? The HONOURABLE MAJOR STUART KNOX moved that the debate be

adjourned for six months.

MR. GLADSTONE. But what are you quoting from?

The HONOURABLE MAJOR STUART KNOX. Partly from your speech

in 1845, no, 1835, and partly from your work published in 1841. You

were not a boy then, you know.

MR. GLADSTONE. No, but I want a reference. I don't believe I ever said anything of the kind. That's right, Lond CLAUDE HAMILTON,

do help him to find out the passages.

After some discussion, a friend of Mr. Gladstone's helped him to the passage lastly quoted, and he read it and the context with mis-chievous emphasis, the Conservatives loudly cheering the sentiments.

Then Mr. Gladstone said,
"The speech was made by Mr. Whiteside."
The Homourable Major Stuart Kwox, amid the roars of the House, thanked Mr. Gladstone for "corroborating" him, and having made several efforts to speak, and having been put down by the Spraker,

promised to have it out another time.

This latter scene put the House into extreme good humour, and the

This latter scene put the House into extreme good humour, and the Bill was read a First Time, and set down for the 22nd.

Ab. Procedure and Princess or Wales at the Royal Italian Opera, and to enjoy Madranoisellas Lucca's adorable personation of the heroine in Five Diagolo, a work which rever seemed fresher or more sparkling than in this year's edition at Cuvent Garden. He took the opportunity of complimenting the Prince on his capital speeches at the St. Bartholomew diamer, and of saying to the Princess that which the punishment of St. Bartholomew abould not induce the devoted Punch to reveal.

Priday. "Renowned SALIBBURY" has not been long in making his presence felt in the Lords. He has stood up to the terrible SHAPTESaway, and rebuked that eminent and pious person for not being more cautious and serious in his manner of dealing with the Ritualistic question. He told the Earl that he talked as if there were a Barebones' Parliament at his back. Exeter Hall has, we believe, been shored up.

MR. SEBJEAUT ARRESTRONG gave notice that he should on the 25th vote that he had No Confidence in Ministers. This Armstrong will probably be spiked.

Among the miscellanea of the Friday Conversazione was a debate on a Motion by STR C. O'LOGHLEN for an Address, requesting the QUERN occasionally to reside in Ireland. The Leaders of the House and of the Opposition were exceedingly gracious in their replies, and all sorts of proper things were said, after which the Motion was withdrawn. The Times points out that SIR WALTER SCOTT invented Scotland, and induced PRINCE ALBERT, and through him, the QUEEN, to go thither, and suggests that Ireland should get some genius to invent that country. But let it be noted that, whereas Scott lauded his country, and nearly all the dwellers therein, Irish writers tell us of nothing but gloomy scenery, murdered gaugers, profligate landlords, cunning and savage peasants, haughty parsons, and vulgar pricats. That's not the way to bring people into Oireland.

FREEDOM IN THE FREE KIRK.

ACCORDING to the Scotsman, one Mr. PETER CLARK, of North Knapdale, in Argyle, has incurred the censure of the local Free Kirk Session for "the ain of dancing." The REV. MR. FERGUSON, MR. CLARK'S pastor, is going to bring his case before the general assembly of the Free Kirk, with a view to obtain a decision on the question whether dancing is sinful. The meaning of the word "Free," in connection with "Kirk," is peculiar. The Free Kirk does not mean a Kirk or Church of which the members are in any sense free, but one whereof the clerical body is free to impose decrees on all the rest. In this respect the Free Kirk of Scotland resembles the Church of Rome as closely as an anthropoid ape does a human being. Only, according to the Darwinian theory of development, the ape was the original animal, whereas the Free Kirk is not the prior institution. Should it decide that dancing is a sin, it will play a sort of monkey's trick, imitating the papal declaration of a new dogma.

The Free Kirk is notoriously ultra-Sabbatarian. Its Sabbatarianism is based wholly on its own authority, which if any of those who belong to it wish to dispute, they will have a capital opportunity of doing so should it condemn dancing. Instead of sitting and stupefying themselves with whiskey in-doors on a Sunday, they could come out, lads and lasses, and have a dance on the green, or any other open space they may find suitable, and thus assert their Christian liberty against the dictation of the Free Kirk in two particulars at once.

The Right Position.

A SCIENTIFIC friend, visiting the National Portrait Exhibition, was disappointed at finding JAMES GREGORY (704) high up on the wall. His companion consoled him by remarking, that as GREGORY invented the reflecting telescope, it was only proper to place him as near the aky as possible.

THE SUSPENSORY ACT.—Hanging the Academy Exhibition.

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SIR JOSHUA'S GHOST IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE,



mone the pictures! Hushed the atrife Of tongues, and feet that fall: All silent, as the painted life That hangs upon the wall. Midnight's last stroke had ceased

to thrill
And in each empty room,
Wall, roof and floor were vibrant still
With Big Ben's hellew boom,
When into farm from space

When into form from space began
To gather and to grow,
The misty likeness of a man,
A man of stature low—

Of blunt, round face, yet bright and bland, Dark, aquare-out velvet clothes, With an ear-trumpet in his hand,

A anuff-stain 'neath his nose.

From darkness into moonlight

From moenlight into dark,
He moved; his footfall made no sound
Had care been there to mark.

"Twas just a hundred years ago,
In Dalrow's rooms, Pall Mall,"—
Such were the words that, soft and slow,
Upon the silence fell;
And then a pinch, and then a sigh,
And trumpet clapped to ear,
As there had been more ghosts hard by
That he was fain to hear.
Face, gesture, form—all eyes had known,
Had eyes been there to see,
Sir Joshua's spirit all alone
In the Academie—
A century of its life has flown,

He comes its state to see!

Dian obliged him with a light,
Her brightest, best, May-moon,
And canvasses stood clear to sight,
That well had spared the boon—
Now a huge pinch of snuff he took,
Then "pshawed" with right good-will,
And with impatient fillip shook
The Hardham from his frill—
Now waged his head in dubious style;
Now dropped a loud "won't do,"
Anon, with an approving smile,
His spectacles beamed through.
But when he had gone round one room,
And found more rooms to see,
His eyes for wonder seemed to loom,
Each eye as big as three—

"If quality with quantity,"
He sighed, "had only grown!
Set what I've seen 'gainst what I see,
Which of them holds its own?
Where's the Grand Style, which my advice
On students used to charge?
The general truth, the sacrifice
Of little things to large?
Where's the heroic, which I hoped
In abstract to express?
The history, after which I groped,
Without historic dress?
Was I in error, or are those
That have so outward grown,
They seem to paint less men than clothes,
Of old times or their own?
Was Gainsbordough's broadly rendered life
Of earth and sky and sea,
Or this, with square-inch study rife,
What landscape-art should be?
Should history seek the largest traits
Of man and of event,
Or in the alleys and bye-ways
Of aneedote be spent?

"All this I doubt, but—" here he stayed, And in complacent style
Stroked his round chin, while o'er him played
The moonbeam of a smile.

"But in my own domain of Art
Masters like these—ahem!—
Can soarcely ask the world to start
Question 'twixt me and them.
If this is what for Portraiture
A hundred years have done,
Heaven help the men who must endure
Next century's risks to run!
From me to West must be confest
What few advance can call,
But thence to Lawrence and to Sheu,
Sin Charling, Sin Frank, to fall!
Has Portrait risen, to life again
Since my hand hade it start,
Till now the Art does for the men
What I did for the Art?
Not always truth my canvas graced,
I own it now with ruth;
But what's hung here, or down-stairs stacked
To wait the framer's cart,
Most of it's neither true to fact
Nor beautiful in Art.

Lin all besides I own a growth,
If other than I dream'd:
New smiles of Nature, nothing loath,
Have on the painter beam'd:
Fired by Invontion's noble rage,
Art is creative still;
Historians' and poets' page
Vields new themes for her skill.
The Academy I loved and reared
All ways but one has thriven;
Many great names, beloved, revered,
Our annals it has given.
A hundred painters thrive, for one
A century ago;
Into their pockets thousands run,
Where pounds were used to flow.
Painting finds place on every wall,
If not in every heart:
And Mammon that is Lord of All,
Is also Lord of Art.
His priests to connoisseurs have grown;
At R.A.'s annual board,
The Millionnaire as buyer known
Rubs shoulders with my Lord.
Yes—I may look all ways but one,
And Progress greets my ken;
But—bitter blank—the art that's gone,
Is that of painting men."

SPIRIT FACE PAINTING.

In a column of advertisements, addressed to fashionable idiots, occurs, with a nominal variation only, the announcement following:—

MADAME JEZEBEL begs leave to inform her lady patronesses that her Phances of Youth and Beauty will be held at her private residence—Three Times a Week during the Season. Tickets one guinea each, to be had at ——"

What, has Spiritualism got to the length of procuring cosmetics from the invisible world? Can ladies get themselves enamelled by disembodied impostors at a séance, and made beautiful for ever? The only effect heretofore supposed to be usually produced by spirits on the human 'countenance was one of an eruptive kind, vulgarly called grog-blossoms. Nobody but a simpleton could expect any better from séances at Madame Jezebel's.

"Hung, Drawn, and Quartered."

(Mr. Punch's sentence on three-fourths of the Academicians' work "on the line.")

VERY well "hung;" very ill "drawn"; a great deal better "quartered" than it deserves.

A LADY IN THE CHAIR.

WHEN, in the good time coming, the ladies are admitted to our Universities, there will be one post, their right to which no one will dispute—that of Margaret Professor of Divinity.



A NATURAL QUERY.

Conductor. "WILL ANY GENTLEMAN RIDE OUTSIDE TO OBLIGE A LADY?" Obliging Gentleman. "WITH PLEASURE! BUT-A-WHICH LADY IS IT THAT I'M GOING TO OBLIGE!"

BAD FOOD FOR THE MIND.

AT Bow Street, one day last week, Mr. Punch, two boys, cousins, JOHN BARRETT, aged 14, and EDWARD BARRETT, aged 13, were committed for trial by Sir Thomas Henry on a charge of burglary. The father of the former of these young thieves "said the prisoners had been led astray in consequence of their minds being perverted by reading novels, published in penny numbers, in which the heroes are highwaymen, burglars, and other thieves and criminals." Every now and then, Sir, you read in the Police Reports of so much putrid or diseased meat, fish, or other provision, seized and ordered to be destroyed, as unfit for human food, the person guilty of exposing it for sale being sometimes also fined and sent to prison. Could not a law in like manner prevent or punish the publication and sale of pernicious literature as unfit to be food for the mind?

literature as unfit to be food for the mind?

Look into almost any news-shop window in the poorer neighbourhoods, and there you will see the romance of ruffianism inviting purchase in profusion. Its nature is indicated by illustrations; ten or a dozen, perhaps, adorning so many tales of villanous fiction or actual crime. In each of these some one, evidently meant for a hero, or interesting personage, is represented committing some sort of depredation or outrage—piracy, burglary, highway robbery, garotting, assault with intent to murder, or murder, in fact. Somebody in almost every print you see, striking an attitude, is discharging a pistol at, or plunging a dagger into, somebody else, or cutting somebody else's throat, or hewing down, jumping and stamping upon somebody else's throat, or hewing down, jumping and stamping upon somebody else, or battering his or her brains out. Was it not a Saint who said that pictures were the books of idiots?—meaning merely the illiterate. The pictures in low news-shop windows are books that even a born idiot may understand; he who runs may read them: and they constitute the education of our street Arabs.

Lord Campbell's Act prohibits the exposure for sale of literature

Lond Campbell's Act prohibits the exposure for sale of literature and art specifically poisonous. Could not its provisions be extended to the market of publications and prints as poisonous in another way? Suppose, Mr. Punch, you invite Government to offer a prize for the posed. His friends say his condition is—critical.

device of a statute whose operation shall repress the romance of crime without invading the liberty of the Press, by checking the issue of the sensation novels which circulate amongst the superior classes. Get our literary PREMIER to try and solve this PROBLEM.

THE POLITICAL AND THE DAVENPORT BROTHERS.

OF MR. DISRABLI'S political opponents the Times remarks in a

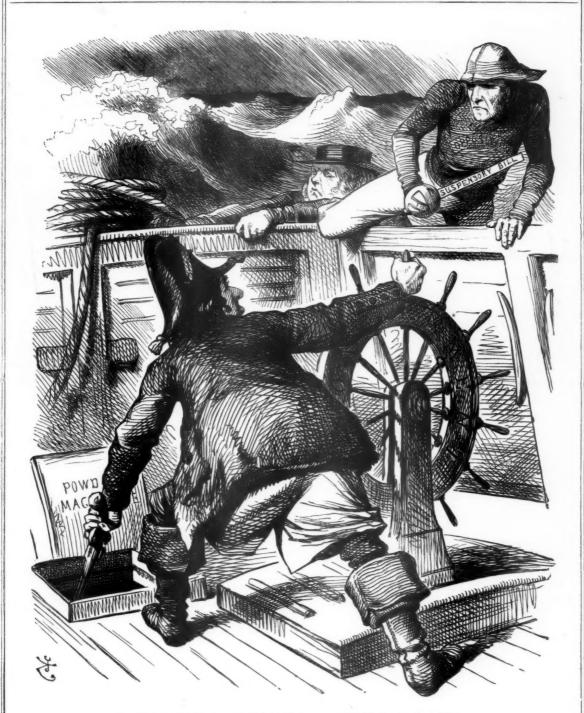
"They have allowed themselves to be tied, and cannot extricate themselves from the knots so easily as some performers are known to do.

If MESSES. BRIGHT and GLADSTONE were equal to the political DAVENDORT Brothers, what gentleman of their party might be regarded as corresponding to Mr. Far? Between the DAVENDORT Brothers and the leaders of Her Majesty's Opposition there is this difference, that the former perform within a Cabinet and the latter without. The Brothers DAVENDORT are said to exhibit a show of hands at their Cabinet door, but the Brothers GLADSTONE and BRIGHT will doubtless command a larger show of hands on the hustings.

A Great Disappointment.

CARE should be taken by newspaper editors not to mislead the public by the employment of equivocal titles. A paragraph, headed "Spirit Movements," lately appeared in the Times, and attracted a great number of readers, who expected to find in it some information about the doings of Mr. Home and his followers. They came upon nothing more exciting than dry statistics of gin, rum and brandy.

A SENSITIVE PLANT.—PINGOE has so taken to heart the unfavour-able remarks of the papers on his picture, that he is seriously indis-



STEERING UNDER DIFFICULTIES.

SHIP'S CAPTAIN. "GIVE, UP THE HELM?—RESIGN THE COMMAND?—NEVER! COME ONE, COME ALL, I STICK TO MY CRAPT. BACK, I SAY!—ONE STEP IN-BOARD, AND I BLOW UP THE SHIP. HA, HA!!"

A of foo it. Pothshith which was as a state of the which whic

TERRIVE TABLE DIFFICURIES

THE PARAGRAPH-PUFF NUISANCE.

[N.B. Advertisers may be supplied with any amount of the most splendid Puffs, in the following style, on application, with cheque, at 85, Fleet Street.]

Poetry and philosophy were never married with a finer result. But there are other than love-poisons, and other than love-philtres, and if the public knew how poisonous is the water they drink, and how wholesome it can be rendered by Mesars. Crystal's filters, they would at once apply at No. 50, Fountain Street, Pond Road, E.C.

GALLANT DR. LIVINGSTONE'S return to his native country is now expected with the utmost impatience, and in the words of his faithful friend, Sir Roderick Vich Murchison, ho, ieroe, "we count the minutes" until we hall the presence of the noble adventurer. Those who desire to count the minutes accurately, should procure the new patent watch manufactured by Messrs. Clicker & Spring, Ticker's Lane, Turnip Square.

THAT DISTINGUISHED MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL, the Rev. C. H. Spurgeon, at the meeting of the Liberation Society, bore testimony to the temper of the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, a temper which, considering his provocations, is regarded by Mr. Spurgeon as quite as good as can be expected. The realous and indefatigable Baptist pastor would have borne a still warmer tribute to the temper of Grinder & Pivott's knives and scissors, had he paid a visit to their world-famous manufactory, Steel Yard, Cutler's Street.

SHE IS MARRIED.—Who? Why, La Diva Patti, who made her first appearance this season as Rosina, in Rossini's delightful Barbiers. That is, the secular marriage has taken place, but the vows at the altar will not be exchanged until the charming songstress shall have delivered her last lyric vow over the orchestra. Happy Marqais de Caux! Let him buy his wedding-ring at Touchstone & Glitterby's, Silver Street, Golden Square.

MR. CHARLES DICKENS has returned from America, but not M. CHARLES DICKENS has returned from America, but not before making generous acknowledgment of the cordial treatment which the great novelist has received from the warm-hearted Transatlanticans. May the excellent feeling which has been created long endure, and never may the apple of discord be thrown between cousins. We take this opportunity of adding that we have received a fine assortment of American Apples, in admirable condition. Pippin & Ribston, Pudding Laue, R.C.

S HALL CANDLES AND INCENSE be permitted in Church? Such is the question now agitating the Anglican communion. While it is to be deplored that such a cause of quarrel should inflame religious minds to worldly ire, it must be allowed that in many cases the second article ought to be permitted where the first is sanctioned, for the smell of most modern candles requires to be neutralised by a more agreeable odour. Not so with the patent Planet Candles of Messrs. Splutter & Hogsflesh, which can be obtained only at 15, Tallow Terrace, Snufferton Wick.

A NALFABETI.—This mellifluous word is probably unknown to the majority of the public, yet those whom it describes are unfortunately to be counted by the million among us. It indicates the Italians who are without rudimentary education. To those who for political, theological, or philanthropic reasons are desirous to extinguish the race of the British Unalphabetted, no better work can be recommended for distribution than the Primer for the Poor, edited by the Society of St. Cadmus, and sold at all the offices of the A.B.C. Railway Guide.

M. Buckstone As IAGO, for the farewell benefit of Mr. Paul Bedford, on Saturday, the 16th May, is a very suggestive personation. We wonder whether that estimable manager's practical mind will lead him to the conclusion that if he has stolen a lady's handkerchief, no great harm is done if he present her with another and a better. If so the article he requires may be purchased ready hemmed, washed, and perfumed with jasmine, at Wipe & Fogle's, Bandanna House, Rag Fair. N.B. Patronised by H.R.H. the Duke of Cambrick.

A LFRED TENNYSON, ESQ., Poet Laureate, in his new and beautiful poem, Lacretius, describes, with subtle art, the working of a poisonous philtre administered to the Roman poet by a lady who foolishly believed his affection withdrawn from her, and wished to regain it. Exquisitely the English poet says—

"The wholed broth Confused the chemic labour of the blood, And toking the brute brain within the man's Made have among those tender cells."

Poetry and philosophy were never married with a finer result. But

WAR WITH PRUSSIA is apparently the intention of the Emperor of the French, for though, as Emile de Girardin has observed, words say No, facts say Yes. Fearful will be the responsibility of a potentate who without any just cause or impediment plunges two vast nations into the vortex of combat, and while increasing the financial burdens of his country diminishes the number of persons who bear them. But it is the duty of all to be prepared for the vicinsitudes of foreign affairs, and at this moment Berlin wool is at a price which encourages investment. Apply to Mesars. Kettle, Holder, & Slippers, 15, Woolpack Lane.

WHO SHALL DECIDE when doctors disagree? Great Punch's answer is, refer to Me, and the advice is marked by his usual boldness and wisdom. But there are times when even the supreme skill of the philosopher of Fleet Street fails to relieve the patient who repiningly beholds himself made the corpus vile for the experiments of quacks, basely fumbling in the dark, and inserting drugs of which they know little, into a body of which they know little, into a body of which they know little, into a body of which they know obling. At such a moment the Balsam of Timbuctoo, prepared only by the lawful wives of the Emperor of that region, is the true remedy, and it may be procured in large or small bottles at Fur & Mundax's, Swindleton Road, Knayaenire. Knavesmire.

WHAT THE QUEEN SAID to Mr. Disraeli, when he asked her leave to dissolve, is the subject of speculation, but will probably never be known until that versatile author publishes his Curiosities of Politics. While all are equally in the dark, it is lawful to all to ventilate suggestion, and it is quite possible that Her Majesty may have recommended the Premier to call at No. 2, Liquorpond Row, Yorkshire Stingo, and take a ham or beef sandwich and a glass of prime old stunning ale, for fourpence. But if the hint was not given by the Sovereign, it is now given by her loyal servants, the proprietors, to the Premier, and also to the People.

SHOULD THE WORD implying excess of joy be spelt Ecstasy or Ecstacy? There has been much debate on this subject, and a very heavy bet has been laid at one of the leading clubs. Some persons rely upon classic argument, and stand up for the s, while others are content stare super view antigness, to stare at the old streets, and use the old and masculine spelling, good enough for him who never saw any other spelling of his noble line than

"Or waked to ecstacy the living liar."

But the spelling is of little consequence, provided the sentiment be felt, and those who would cause either ecstasy, extasy, or ecstacy in the hearts of their little ones, will buy them the Goodigoodi Bonbon, warranted harmless, pleasant, and medicinal. Sold only at Rock & Toffey's, Sweetman's Alley, Syrup Road.

THE RITE FAL LARAL WHACK, or, in other words, the rightful heir? Il win in the great Tichborne case. But who is the rightful heir? Mr. C. L. Kenney, inventor of the above mot, will hardly take on himself to decide. Nor will we. But what we will venture to say, and to say in the most decisive manner too, is that even should Old Father Antic the Law enact his old part, and devour the oyster, giving each party a shell, that bivalve will not equal the oysters to be had every day in the season at the low price of three-and-sixpence a dozen, at Spatt's Oyster Room, Vinegar Yard.

"BINO, BEEO, BOBBLETY BUMPS." This exquisite song, in the sparkling burleaque of Tuke a 'Poon, pig, now performing at the Earlswood Theatre, is nightly encored seventeen times by intellectual audiences. Without presuming to speculate upon the meaning of the words, we will observe that bumps, as also bruises, sprains, consumption, corns, and hams may be instantaneously cured by the use of Blarney's Patent Alleviator, to be had of all low druggists.

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CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XXII.

AN OLD FRIEND.

THE hand which had griped PIEL DORKTON round the ancle was not to be shaken off easily.

BESS failed to take advantage of his helpless position, and was only too glad to welcome JOSEPH, as the young man sprang up, through the hole in the earth, from the cavern where he had been secreted. He had been climbing the cliffs, in the pursuit of his usual occupation, when his attention had been arrested by the girl's cry for assistance, and he had at once dashed into the recess and so gained the entrance. "PIEL DORSTON," said the young sailor, "this is my betrothed. You have riches, no matter how you came by them, you have houses and lands, but dare to injure so much as a hair of the head of this trembling girl, and your sacred calling shall prove no protection to you.

trembling girl, and your sacred calling shall prove no protection to you,

for as sure as the Eyric's eggs are nothing other than the eggs of the Eyric, so surely will that moment be your last, and by my hand, PIEL DOBNTON!

The young man's eyes dilated, and his cheek flushed as he gave utterance to his pent-up feelings.

The Clergyman was foiled. He did not at once see his plan of action.

"The old boy," he said, coarsely, "will soon pop off."

BESS was bardened to most things, but this allusion to her father

came so sharply and rudely upon her ear, that for a moment she could

only attempt to gather his meaning.

"Do you wish to see him?" asked Joseph.

"I do," replied Piral Dornton, savagely. "You shall have his last word, ay, if it be the last he should speak on this earth, for the solemn promise he made me. Your triumph will be short, young man. Come, come!"

They descended the hill.

Still following in his track came the Child of Destiny.

"He is mine! mine!" he whispered to himself.

A light shone from the cottage window, as they tapped at the door.



PIEL DORNTON grasped his pistol. In another moment a gaunt spectral form partly appeared from the inner chamber, and rising from the low pallet—

The Authors engaged on this part of the Novel to the Bilion.—So at last we're going to have an innings. Time for our turn, after all the Shipwrocked House business, which is read by a few perhaps, though we admit the interest of the tale is not diminished by the intervening Boomerang & Co., simply because the public is waiting for our contribution. But we would ask (on seeing the proofs) why don't you put a good heading to this chapter, referring to the one before with which this is connected?

Editor to Above.—It shall be done. (Subsequently it was found to be impracticable.)
The Editor must confess that he is by no means satisfied with the style of the above letter. However, he is sure no harm is meant, and he does hope, &c. &c., as before.

CHAPTER XXIII.

BROKEN TIES.

THE old man cried feebly,
"The papers! the papers!"
PREL DORNTON held JOSEPH by the arm for a moment.
"What papers?" he inquired.
JOSEPH answered him with a low laugh and an extension motion of peculiar import which he had learnt when in the Benician militia.
PREL DORNTON was a bold bad man, but even bold bad men must sometimes shudder. He shuddered.

Taking the advantage thus offered him, JOSEPH shook him off and descended the staircase.

On his way out he passed a crouching form in a dark corner. form was his good genius; it was DORNTON'S evil genius. The It was a rugged and perilous descent down the steepest part of the cliff to where the papers were hidden in a hole in the rock.

He looked over the edge, and saw a white strip fluttering in the breeze. In an instant he had decided.

breeze. In an instant he had decided.

While Joseph was thus engaged Piel Dornton was alone with old Martin, for Bess, seeing that her father was unable any longer to go out fishing for a livelihood (he had always caught one previously in the neighbourhood) had taken his boat, and nets, and bait carefully preserved in moss, and had gone out to win the support which was needed for their evening meal and the next day's dinner.

Piel Dornton was alone with old Martin.

"The papers!" shouted Piel Dornton in the dying man's ear.

"Don't! Don't!" said old Martin, who was sinking fast, getting under the bed clothes and kicking feebly.

Seeing this muscular demonstration, Piel Dornton, who, as has already been shown, was something of a physician, at once saw that he was near his last. A bucket was in the room, used probably for the preservation of the fish after they'd been caught: this he carefully removed from within reach of the old man's feet.

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"Now then!" he exclaimed, lugging him from underneath the blanket by the hair of his head.
"Don't hurt a poor old man," urged Martin, cowering again from

the expected blow.
"I won't!" returned PIRL, "but tell me what was in those papers,

or I'll choke you."

In vain poor Martin tried to turn it off as a jest; in vain he tried to eke out the few hours intervening before his child's return. Piel Dornton knew his own game too well: he was inexorable.

"The papers," whimpered the venerable invalid, "were left here by my brother's family solicitor, who ran away and was never heard of more. They attest the right of my daughter to a baronetcy of fifty millious per annum. That is what is the matter."

"You lie!" roared Dornton.
"I don't! indeed I don't," cried the unfortunate old man, disappearing beneath the counterpane just in time to avoid the blow with the fire-shovel which Piel Dornton aimed at his head. Then he fired his pistols about the room and strode from the cottage.

his pistols about the room and strode from the cottage.

Dogged by his evil genius: at a distance. He came to the edge and looked over. Joseph was below, with his head in the hole, getting something. In another moment the watcher above saw what it was.

The papers! in his hand!

"Give them up!" he shouted.

"Never!" returned JOSEPH, clinging to the white strip which hung between him and destruction.

The sea beneath roared for its prey.
"One more chance I give you," said Piel, quietly opening a clasp

knife. "I will accept no chances at your hands," replied the brave youth.
PIRL DORNTON severed the tie.
The sea roared and bounded against the yellow rocks with joy. It

CHAPTER XXIV.

NETT PROFIT.

Tan miles out at sea sat BESS MARTIN laboriously toiling. No fish, except a few of those hybrids between bird of the night and flying-fish, intitled Tittlebats, had come to her net. She thought of her father, she thought of everything, and everybody.*

Then she felt a jerk at her floats. The net bobbed, it was as much as she could do to hold it. At last, after much struggling, t she hauled it is the struggling.

it into the boat. At first, by the light of the crescent moon, it was diffi-

cult to see what monstrous creature this was twirling among the hooks. At last as the clouds cleared off, and the moon again shone forth, the night was as clear as a summer's day.

Then she clasped her hands above her head. In the Net was a man

writhing.

JOSEPH !!" she exclaimed.

He tore through the cords which held him, and telling her of PIBL

DORNICO'S dastardly attempt, pressed her to his arms.

"Saved! Saved!" she exclaimed.

He would have returned to shore at once with the papers, which they then examined carefully, but unfortunately to very little purpose, neither of them having had those extra advantages of education which include a towel, spoon, and fork, and the alphabet, in at all events its ordinary form, exclusive of capital letters.

They wept; tears of joy.
Then said she, "You must not return; he will kill you."
"If he will do that, I will not return," he said, boldly.
"But where is a place of safety?" he asked.
She shook her head.

"Ha!" she exclaimed. "I see it."
"So do I," said Joseph.
In a second it struck them both.
To the Lighthouse!

THE LIGHTHOUSE.

(To be continued.)

* The Editor apologies for cutting out five pages of mental diagnosis and psychological analysis as to what she was thinking about, how she thought in a taky she thought is, as he really does want to get to the action. They won't be angry, as he does everything for the best, and therefore he is sure that they will not allow any paltry such cities in the refere and cause a breach of that harmony which has been throughout the distinguishing mark of the co-workers on this delightful

BOOMERANG. NUTT'S inexhaustible intelligence has provided for GRACE a costume embroidered with pearls and wings of birds, and for himself a lounging suit of forest leaf and fern: she, in her gratitude, presents him with a waistcoat she has made out of a warm and costly material, impervious to wet, and promises him a pair of trowsers of the same.

The scene is the bay; at their feet are starfish and crosstaces of various orders (of merit); they have only got to stoop and pick

I have effected a radical change in Grace's form and features, to please the gentlemen connected with the Boomerang portion of the Letter-press; you will find the original of this new type in those Books of Beauty and Fashion published a few years ago, and illustrated with steel engravings of the portraits of our female aristocracy.

Ever yours, GASTON DE MALALEIL.

SCIENCE APPLIED TO THE POLITICAL ARTS.

I. TO DISSOLVE PARLIAMENT.

THERE are two descriptions of Parliament, one perfectly transparent and insipid, the other dark and full of impurities. According to the qualitative analysis of some eminent chemists, common Patliament, that is the Parliament of commerce, is composed of

Ministerial Varnish. Soft Soap, Gam Benjamin, and Colouring Matter.

From gum Benjamin Parliament is supposed to derive its adhesive properties. This substance, though not possessing any peculiar consistency, is wonderfully plastic, and may be moulded into any form by patient manipulation. It is, however, capable of resisting considerable pressure, and while it is itself with difficulty displaced, is said to have the somewhat anomalous power, in combination with Queen's metal, of dissolving all bodies to which it is opposed.

Who has not observed with admiring interest how the sensitive atoms of Parliament are held in suspense, sometimes for weeks, by an occult influence which when in motion resembles fine dust, producing violent irritation and intolerable dizziness?

II. ELECTORAL AFFINITIES.

Gold is an universal political solvent, specially remarkable for its electoral affinities. Administered by an expert hand, tumid independence is speedily reduced, and if largely employed, decomposition of all the electoral tissues supervenes. When the auriferous wires of a powerful club battery are brought in contact with the Poll, which, for this purpose, may be considered as an inexhaustible receiver, the Poll becomes positively electrified with venal avidity, the whole body surrounding the Poll, being charged with a subtle fluid technically called craft.

Decomposed electoral tissue is always very offensive, and causes faintness among young practitioners if exhibited in the House.

A New Song to an Old Tune.

Some want a Swell Commander, Exclusive son of Mars, A CONON OF LYSANDER Of Guardsmen or Hussars. But, of all efficient Generals, There's none for to compare, 'Tis without doubt a verity found out, To the British Engineer.

A CLERICAL TONE.

The Editor apologises for cutting out five pages of mental diagnosis and psychology it, as he really does want to get to the section. They won't be angry, as he thought it, as he really does want to get to the section. They won't be angry, as he called problems of the best, and therefore he is sure that they will not allow any patry esthetical feeling to interfere and cause a breach of that harmony which has been throughout the distinguishing mark of the co-workers on this delightful story.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM OUR ARTIST.

To the Editor of "Chikkin Hazard."

Dear Sie,

The drawing I send requires some explanation.

It struck me that a long sojourn on a tropical island would make a regular new fit-out of clothes desirable both for Grace and the THE ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY, the other day, told the deputa-

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BAD ORTHOEPY.

Swell. "A-UGH! A-DM'RABLE! BA-Y JOVE, 'PERFECT M'RILLAH, I DECLARE!" Pert Model. "GORILLA YOURSELF!!" Artist. "MURILLO! HE MEANS MURILLO!" Pert Model, "THEN WHY DON'T HE SAY SO !"

POLITICAL PARLANCE.

DEAR MR. PUNCH,

How delightful it is to be able to converse with Politicians!

I often wish I were, not a butterfly nor a bird—nothing so ridiculous—but an Electress! That's a new word, Mr. Punch; but it will be required soon, you'll see, if things go on merrily with our dear little MILL. "When the wind blows, then—"you know the rest; and every little puff is of service in keeping it in motion. But, dear Mr. Punch, sometimes I tremble at the very thought of my impending responsibility, for I am so dreadfully ignorant of Parliamentary chat. Of course, I know perfectly well what is going on in the "Deliberative Assembly" (as it is sometimes pleasantly designated) near Westminster Assembly" (as it is sometimes pleasantly designated) near Westminster Hall. How can it be otherwise, when every week you so kindly set before your grateful guests that "Essence of Parliament" which is so nicely adapted to please every lady's taste, however exigeant it may be f

But what I cannot comprehend are the technical terms with which

But what I cannot comprehend are the technical terms with which you, Mr. Punck, are so charmingly conversant. For instance, how funny it seems for people to resolve to read something "this day six months." If it be worth reading at all, why not read it at once, and have done with it? I doubt whether a novel would be allowed to "lie on the table" so long uncut.

Then, again, some honourable Member, at his wit's end to bother a pertinacious opponent, moves a curious obstacle in his way, which he calls "the previous question," but never dreams of telling any one what the question is. Before Edward on the Confessor, but my Engury nonned the momentum question to me, the previous question EDMUND) popped the momentous question to me, the previous question he put to my little brother PETER was—a most ridiculous one, to be ne put to my little brother Feren was—a most fideulous one, to be sure, but it shows what importance men attach to anything that gratifies their senses—"Did Cicely ever make a custard pudding?" That was his "previous question;" but Edmund is a little bit of an artist, and I have heard if you wish to impress a painter's heart, you must show a lively interest in his palate.

I half suspect the "previous question" is, "Would Mr. Speaker like to recline on the sofa?" an inquiry which would naturally precede like to recline on the sofa?" an inquiry which would naturally precede like to recline on the sofa?" an inquiry which would naturally precede like to recline on the sofa? "The put is a little bit of an artist, and I have heard if you wish to impress a painter's heart, you must show a lively interest in his palate.

Objection has been taken to Chief Justice Boyill converting his son, who was a Lieutenant of Lancers, into a Clerk of Assize. Has it occurred to the cavillers that the Chief Justice wishes to give his son the opportunity of seeing what a real action is?

the ordinary proposal that "MR. SPEAKER do leave the Chair;" a position which however uncomfortable, I suppose he can only occupy during the suspension of the "Standing Orders."

As the essence of female curiosity is a laudable desire for mental improvement, perhaps, Mr. Pumch, you will some day introduce into your celebrated Parliamentary Essence a little explanation of political parlance, which will so much oblige,

The Priory. Yours, very sincerely, CICELY CHATSWORTH.

NEW BOOKS.

Some writers seem to fancy there is something in a name, at any rate as far as regards a work of fiction. Perhaps they think that readers are attracted by a title, like plebeian millionnaires. We shall not be surprised if, before the year be over, the following new works are announced as being "nearly ready" for the public:—

Corks or Bladders. By the Author of Sink or Swim.
The Harvest of a Busy B. By the Author of The Harvest of a Quiet I.
Big Bores. By the Authoress of Little Foxes.
Crack it Up. A Sequel to Live it Doem.
Sweets to the Suite. A Tale of the Court; being a Companion work

to Tonic Bitters.

As Much Again as Half. By the Author of One Too Many.
Cap and Scissors. By the Author of Sword and Gown.
Winks through a Window. A Sensation Sequel to Lights through a

Goodtempered Greengages. A Romantic Novel, written by the Author of Cross Currents.

HINTS FOR DERBY TALKERS.



ou inform me, my dear GERALD, in a letter which you omitted to prepay, that you are going to for-sake the study of the law on Wednesday, the 27th, to accompany your fel-low-student, MARKHAM CLINTON, his sister and cousin, and hamper, in the family barouche, to Epsom Downs; and you ask me to supply you with some materials for conversation on the way, telling me, as one of your trustees, that you are desirous to secure the good opinion of your friend's sister (photograph enclosed), who is two-andtwenty, of prepossessing exterior - your expres-sion, not mine-and the favourite niece of an aunt

with funded property, in delicate health and Dorsetshire. Having known you from your perambulator, and being anxious to see you settled in life, and a roomy house, I am ready to comply with your wishes, and be your "Guide to the Turf," and will do for you your wisies, and be your Guide to the Tur, and will do for you what I have done for millions in previous years in these pages—a testimonial, I am told, is in contemplation, the minimum subscription five guineas, and the substantial acknowledgment an *opergne* and an oil portrait-run through the names of the principal competitors for the portrait—run through the names of the principal competitors for the great stakes, and prime you with some stable talk, avoiding technicalities, imparting useful information, and abstaining from any attempt to varieinate the Winner of the Derby of 1868, which the newspapers are sure to say was more numerously attended than on any previous occasion, although I have it on the tip of my tongue to put you up to something which my man told me he heard from his cousin, who is engaged

to the sister of the brother of one of the belpers in the — stable.

Place awx Dames! Lody Elizabets. (No indirect opinion is meant to be conveyed that the filly is sure to get a place.) A safe Bet, her backers say—a good Bet. all will say who have money on the mare from a florin to a rent-roll, happy as the Day is long, when the Battle of Hastings is over, and the Elizabethan style has thousands of hoarse admirers, provided she passes the Judge's chair first, if only by an avalous. eyebrow. I halt a moment to express my conviction that of all duties, a Government Whip's alone excepted, those of a racing Judge must be the most delicate and difficult.

Resicuscian. Blanche and her cousin Isabel will be sure to ply

Rosicrucias. BLANCHE and her cousin Isabel will be sure to ply you with searching questions, which your University education may fail to enable you to answer. Who was Rosicrucian? What was Rosicrucian? Why is a horse called Rosicrucian? I will therefore deal you out a little of my encyclogedic information, that you may pass your examination creditably. The Rosicrucians, then, were a sect of philosophers (according to their admirers), of impostors (according to their enemies) who filled the daily papers, and got involved in lawsuits about five-and-a-half hundred years ago, pretending, amongst other things (see bills of the day in the British Museum), that they possessed the secret of the philosopher's stone, a contrivance for changing the inferior metals—tin, copper, electro-plate, &c.—into gold. If you, my dear Gerald, have money on the horse, and he wins, you will be a sincere believer in the power of a Rosicrucian to produce sovereigns such as the Master of the Mint cannot beat; but if he loses, you will, with the satiric literature of the time in which the sect loses, you will, with the satiric literature of the time in which the sect

flourished, show him up as an impostor.

Blue Gown. You will find your fair travelling companions (by the way, I cannot be certain, from the photograph, whether she is light or dark: if the former, I shall use the freedom of calling her likeness a carte Blancke) very much interested in this steed, its name suggesting millinery and dress-making observations, which, if you wish to have rational conversation, you must instantly suppress. May SIR JOSEPH

millinery and dress-making observations, which, if you wish to have rational conversation, you must instantly suppress. May Sir Joseph Hawley's lot in life and Surrey be happy! Yet there are sceptics who insist that the Derby is "not for Joseph"—a quotation from a classical author (see Macmillan for May—Article, "Lucretius") irresistible, but indefensible.

Paul Jones. Who is he? Is he in society? Blanche the blonde, and Isanel the brunette, will test your academical knowledge with a co-operative cariosity which you may find embarrassing. Narrate, therefore, when the lobster blushes and the Moselle sparkles with delight, and the glove husiness is uncommonly brisk, as follows: delight, and the glove business is uncommonly brisk, as follows:— Distinguished political economist; founder of the Utilitarian school in the Black Forest; in favour of marriage with a deceased wife's sister; cipal, and let me go."

invented the corkscrew and the Shoeblack Brigade; Knight of the

Invented the corkscrew and the Shoeblack Brigade; Anight of the Hare and Tortoise; died at sea; monument in Westminster Abbey.

Speculawa. Have you backed this horse? Then, if he lands his ducal owner's colours first—you will observe by my phraseology that I have been reading sporting papers lately, night and day—he will prove a good Spec.; if he is in the ruck, wherever that may be, you will denounce him as a bad Specul(um)ation. Another glass of Moselle, if you please, after that,

Tom Bowline Cott. How can a horse expect to run away with stakes of the value of £5,678, or something of the sort, when he has not even taken the trouble to provide himself with a name of his own? If you are pecuniarily interested, retain some spiritualist to cross-examine the late Mr. Charles Dibdin as to his estimate of T. B. Junior's chance, and get Mr. Sims Reves to sing his praises, and tell you whether "Bowline" ought not to be "Bowling."

tell you whether "Bowline" ought not to be "Bowling."

Green Sleene. See observations on Blue Gown.

Orion. Read up astronomy, mythology, and quote from Mr.

HORNE'S poem; also compose a parody on "Beautiful Star." and recite it in the barouche coming home, if this constellation, or Sign of

recite it in the barouche coming home, if this constellation, or Sign of the Zodiac, or galaxy, or whatever the Astronomer Royal would call it, is in the ascendant, and shoots a-head of all terrestrial competitors, carrying off the prize to the skies where he will be received with a "perfect ovation," and have addresses presented to him.

Pacs. I think I understood that you had drawn him in a sweep-stakes: if so, let us hope he will go the pace.

St. Ronan. The title of one of Scorr's novels (you have heard of Sir Walter Scorr, I believe?) will rise to the lips of the backers of this the last horse I shall embalm for posterity, if he wins—St. Ronan's well! Ronan's well!

I shall find the barouche out. Don't forget the truffles in the pie. You will know me by the roffles on my shirt. If any one of the horses puts money into your pocket, show your gratitude to the noble animal by vowing never to eat him, or any other courser.

Yours, Emily Faithfully,

Drinking Fountain Court.

TEMPLE CHAMBERS.

MEMORANDUM ON MILITARY ECONOMY.

THE only serious argument against the abolition of purchase in the Army, proposed in Parliament by Mr. TREVELYAN, is that the country will have to pay handsomely for that reform. In connection with the increase of payment which will be thereby entailed, your economists may consider another department of warlike expenditure. They have been informed by the Times that :-

"A charge of powder and shot rarely cost above 15s.; now every shot from a 9-inch gun costs at least £4 5s., and from the 12-inch gun about £7 12s. Many varieties of projectiles cost a great deal more. The ammunition alone required to test a 9-inch gun cost £1,300. In 1860 it cost only £150. We are now making 12-inch guns, and if it costs £1,300 to test a 9-inch guns, it will cost £2,000 to test

From the same authority economical legislators may learn that shells cost £7 12s. each; from £7 12s. perhaps we should rather say. Now only fancy firing our modern artillery on these terms—blazing away at this rate in vain! The expense of military projectiles and ordanace may be less than that of naval, but is more than heavy enough to make its prevention, or diminution to the smallest possible amount, very desirable. Howbeit no such expense, if necessary, can be spared. The object, therefore, to be accomplished in warfare is that of baving the greatest possible number of enemies, or amount of mischief, to show for the money which goes in every shot, and still more in every shell. To this end the shooting must be got over by victory as so in That requires the most efficient officers we can procur-Let promotion, then, go not by purchase, but by merit, which will cost you much less than you will otherwise throw away in powder and

Women's Rights with a Vengeance!

A BILL laid before Parliament by a number of gentlemen, including As ILL laid before Parliament by a number of gentlemen, including Mr. Mills, the Philosopher, for legalising female rights, provides, amongst other things, that wives shall be capable "of contracting, suing, and being sued, as if they were unmarried women." Suing and being sued! Wives to have suitors as though they were spinsters atil!

Oh, MR. MILL!

SIXES AND SEVENS.

The present state of affairs in the House of Commons is one of manifest derangement. Is it the delirium which precedes dissolution?

AS SHYLOCK SAID.

Railway Shareholder, with Shares at a Discount,-" Give me my prin-



LAST NEW THING IN SKIRTS.

Aunt (slightly shocked). "WHY, CHILD, ALL YOUR CLOTHES ARE FALLING OFF!"
Laura. "OH, DEAR, NO, AUNTY; IT'S THE FASHION!"

THE POWER OF STREET-MUSIC.

O INCENSE-BREATHING Spring! What lord of Music's art
Of thee shall heip me sing,
BERTHOVEN, OF MOZART?
As nightingales in May,
As blackbirds sing in June,
Ah! so would I, but all astray
Am led by that street-tune—

Sing, in June,
Not that tune,
Not that music, not that music;
Not that tune,
Not in June,
Not that music, not that tune!

CECILIA. sainted maid,
Do thou my song inspire;
Oblige me with the aid
Of thy celestial quire.
Impart a hallowed strain
Suggesting hope and joy—
O horror, there he goes again,
That grinding-organ boy!

And Chompagne Charlie is his air, Low, vile execrable air! Tune unsuitable for song of flowers, Cuckoo crying in the woodland bowers. Airy carol of the lark.

The golden sunlight glows
With love, whose season's this;
The west wind woos the rose:
My soul is faint with bliss.
To power of sweetest sound
I fain would wed my verse.
Once more that organ-boy confound!
I copy, while I curse,

The sing-song that is fit to drive one crazy, And can't help warbling. Oh! Of all thy flowers that blow, Thou lovely Spring, I wish I were a daisy.

DENSITY AND DIRTY WATER.

At the approaching Handel Festival, some that have ears will hear that wonderful Chorus in Israel in Egypt, "They Ioathed to Drink of the River." So, the hearers may think, might the British public. In a summary of the Registrar-General's report for 1866, thus says the

⁴⁴ Dz. Fara has to state that there is no apparent evidence of decline in the rate of death from fever. He considers it exceedingly probable that typhoid fever is sustained by increasing contamination of the waters, and typhus by the increased density of the population."

No doubt the increased density of the population is what chiefly sustains both typhus and typhoid fever. The increasing contamination of the waters is caused by the increased density of the population whose towns are drained into them. That density is double; not only physical but moral; and it is moral density that pollutes the streams of England, making them flow with slops, and sewage, and the alush of chemical works. Owing to this density the fish are perishing in the rivers and the flowers on their banks. It is a density worse than Pepers Bell's in effect; for the primrose on the river's brim had at least an existence for Pepers, and he saw that it was yellow, whereas, from our population of increased density, that primrose has mostly disappeared; and, where it does here and there occur, it looks whity-brown. But if the increasing density of the population causes destructive fevers, the moral density must in a considerable measure operate in diminishing the physical. That is to say, it must thin the population. Were this density rarefied by needful culture, would not its rarefaction bring the death-rate down?

This is a question that may be deemed worthy of attention by prace.

This is a question that may be deemed worthy of attention by practical gentlemen accustomed to stigmatise solicitude for the conservation of pure streams, pretty flowers, and the beauties of nature at large, in any degree of contrariety to material progress as "sentiment" Call it sentiment, Gentlemen, if you will; this sentiment is a difference between you and some of our humble servants: it also distinguishes them from the lower animals. It is a weakness which you are exempt from, eh? So is the ass.

THE DEAR CREATURES.

LADIES, look at this description of how one of you was dressed at a late ball in Paris, a ball which probably did not begin till midnight, and may therefore very fitly be referred to as a late one:—

"Instead of a necklase of precious stones, she were a garland of flowers à la Parabère. Her blund hair was relieved behind, straight from the roots: with neither chignon nor nattes; the hair attached at the summit of the head, and termination in bows. Suveral rosse were fastened in the hair in a very graceful manuscript.

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A punster might protest that a lady without staties hardly could look natty; but wiser persons will reflect upon the wisdom of a woman who wears neither staties nor chignon which in any way may hide the beauty of her neck. They will rejoice, moreover, to learn that in these days of over-dressing and extravagance, there is still living a lady who, "instead of a necklace," has the taste to wear a simple garland of flowers. Surely, they will say, a jewel of a woman needs no jewellery for ornament. Good looks require no diamonds, as good wine needs no bush. A bright eye far outshines the sparkle of a ruby; a white skin has a beauty far more brilliant than a pearl.

Pearls however are still worn by the swellesses of Paris, and worn in great profusion, as the following will prove:

"Another lady had a very peculiar kind of headdress; she was literally covered with pearls."

A lady covered with pearls must be really a dear creature, in respect of the enormous lot of money she must cost. We pity the poor man, unless he be as rich as Crossus, whose wife goes out to dances with her head covered with pearls. We wonder how many she loses on an average each evening, and whether she drops more in a gallop or a waltz. To dance with such a woman must really, to our thinking, be a dangerous adventure; for if a handful of her pearls were to fall into one's pocket, her husband might suspect one of intending to pearl-oin them.

AXIOM FOR THE ADMIRALTY .- A Rolling Ship plants no Shot.



KNOCKING OVER AN OLD BUCK.

"What, YOU HERE, MY DEAR MR. BRUMMLE! IF WE HAD ONLY KNOWN! WHY, YOU MIGHT HAVE CHAPERONED ME, AND POOR PAPA MIGHT HAVE STAYED AT HOME!"

MAGNETISM OF THE HORSE.

Whatever, Mr. Punch, may be your opinion about Mesmerism, you will doubtless admit that, in a certain sense, there is some reality in a species of animal magnetism; a magnetic force which attracts some people to some animals. Not to mention mere pets, dogs and horses may, for example, be said to be animal magnets, or magnetic animals. The magnetic properties of the horse, especially, are wonderful in the extreme. What attraction the creature has for the multitude, what fascination for most, and how it possesses some people with downright infatuation! Permit me, this racing week, to quote a few lines from your friend "Argus":—

"Still, faulty and rulnous as the conduct of the Marquis of Harrings must be admitted to have been, and for which, as I have said before, I am no apologist, it is only right the public should know, before they condemn him so severely as they have done, the sacrifices he has made for the maintenance of his credit. In the first place he has disposed of his Racchorese, his Hunters, his Hounds, his Hasks, the Reversion to Donnington, and his London estate. In addition, he was absolutely forcing into the market the other securities he had to offer to meet his difficulties when they had come to a crisis, as he felt them at the time very keenly."

The liabilities which have necessitated these sacrifices on the part of the Marquis which have necessitated these sacrifices on the part of the Marquis or Hastines are estimated by "Argus" at about £50,000, to meet which the Marquis was prepared to raise £20,000—a sum whereof one-half would make a philosopher (without wife and childrea) happy. That noble lord the Marquis or Hastines, you see, Sir, has lost all his property, apparently, if not more besides, in bets made upon that noble animal, the horse. A noble animal it is, truly; chivalry and the equestrian order derive their very names from it; yet in these days, anyhow, it is one thing to be chivalrous and another to be horsey. Regarded as an animal magnet, the horse does not appear to emit exactly a noble animal magnetism—does it? On the contrary, it attracts blackguards about it in far greater numbers than gentlemen, and it is apt to exert a very demoralising influence even on gentlemen; stultiying most of those whom it does not demoralise. Under the influence of that noble animal men win money like rogues, or lose it like fools. But what I want to call your attention to is the evidently magnetic nature of this influence.

In the first place, Sir, consider the polarity of the horsey influence. The roguery on the one hand, and the folly on the other, in which it becomes visible, curiously correspond to the north and south poles of terrestrial or ferro-magnetism, or to positive and negative electricity. In the next, think of the property which horses thus apparently possess, of imparting the aptitude to cheat or to be cheated. Is there not something in this similar, at least, to magnetic and electric induction? The horse appears to affect the majority of those about it either with positive dishonesty, or with a negation of intellect. In the latter case, that is to say, when its magnetic induction is an inducement to lose money, may not that noble animal the horse be said to induce upon a man the condition and quality of that ignoble animal the donkey? Strange that the horse should make asses of men; but so it does.

In the particular case to which this communication refers, let us rejoice, Mr. Punch, that the negative effect of horsey animal magnetism was the only one induced. Let us hope that it was transient, and no longer exists.

Allow me to conclude with a remark on a few peculiar words in the foregoing quotation. I wonder how many sporting gents would like to bet that they could correctly recite the statement of "Argo" that the Marquis of Hastings had disposed of his Hunters, his Hounds, and his Hacks. Horsey magnetic influence does not seem always to confer the ability to pronounce the word "horse" aright, or to talk horse with any utterance of that word's initial letter, unless where it ought not to be sounded. Of the betting men congregated at Epsom, for instance, a no small proportion, perhaps, would tell you that they don't believe in 'Ossy Hanimal Magnetism. They demonstrate, however, what they mean to deny to

P.S. Horse-shoes are still nailed to doors by bumpkins for a defence against witchcraft. The most usual form of magnetised iron or steel is that of the horse-shoe magnet. These are facts—valeant quantum.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE. — STUART KNOX'S Comprehension of the meaning of "Corroboration."

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

Monday, May 18th. The Education Bill was scratched. No great loss, for it was a three-legged brute, and very weak. "All Mr. Gladstone's fault that the scratching had to be done," said the DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH, plaintively. Which, in a sense it is, no doubt, as if he had not brought out the Irish horse, the Government screws might have had a chance. Excuse racing slang on the Derby Day.

Next came the Regulation of Railways Bill. One good thing was stuck into it. The nuisance of a smoky chimney, recking before you for hours, and filling the carriages with sulphureous odours, ought to be abated. The Companies lay the fault on the engine-drivers, and the engine-drivers on the Companies. The Bill imposes a heavyish penalty on both. Something should have been said of the check of a Company that inflicts huge volumes of foul smoke on a passenger, and fines him for lighting a ten-penny eigar. for lighting a ten-penny eigar

for lighting a ten-penny cigar.

About three years ago a fellow called O'LEARY was sent to gaol in Ireland, and to the usual question, "What's your religion?" impudently replied, "that he had none, and that he called himself 'Pagan' O'LEARY." Whereat the Governor, a military man, ordered him to have a religion immediately. He refused, and was put on penal diet, and this process was repeated until he declared himself a Roman Catholic. This being precisely the plan which Roman Catholics, where they have power, adopt for the purpose of making conversions, they can say nothing against it, but Mr. Peter Taylon, the Leicester grievance-monger, brought the matter before the House, which roared a good deal during Loran Mayo's explanation. Of course, a conscientious atheist is entitled to all consideration and commiscration, but as this O'LEARY merely meant to be insolent and defaut, we do not know that any particular harm was done. When Colenides, at school, avowed himself a republican, his master flogged him, "wisely, as I think, soundly, as I know."

We referred the Boundaries Bill to a Committee of Five, chosen by

We referred the Boundaries Bill to a Committee of Five, chosen by Ma. Dishable, who selected a majority of Liberals. Actually, none of the Opposition attacked him for this, or accused him of hypocrisy or trickery.

Then we prepared to go into Committee on the Scottish Reform Bill. It was proposed to give seven additional Members to Caledonia (stern and wild), and thereby to raise the numbers of the House of Commone. Mr. Baxters asked, instead, that all English boroughs with fewer than 5000 inbabitants should be disfranchised, and the Scotch Members obtained in that way. Sir Rainald Knightlay, an old Tory, preferred that places having two Members, and lewer than 12,000 people, should here one seat. The Paranters found that he must give way, so he and that places having two atembers, and lewer than 12,000 people, so he supported the second proposition, but the House carried the first, and Government was again defeated; numbers 217 to 196, majority 21. The Scotchmen thus pulled a piece out of the English Reform Act, and obtained their demands at English expense. We suppose it is revenge for Flodden, but they must not carry their vengeance too far, or English indignation will carry an Act forbidding a Scotchman to quote Bunns more than six times in any one speech or article.

We went into Committee, and the irrepressible Scotch, led by Ma.
BOUVERIE, an Euglishman, wopped the Government again, by 118 to
96. The clause enacting a Rate-paying qualification was knocked out.
MR. DISBAELI then cried "halt," as this was an important

alteration. There was remonstrance, when out spoke SIR CHARLES RUSSELL, of the Victoria Cross, and advised the PREMIER to appeal to the country against his antagonists. The nation understood the situation, added Sin Charles, and that the business was merely a atruggle for power

between two men of eloquence and ability.

MR. DISRABLI took until Thursday to consider. MR. DISKALI took until Thursday to consider.
It is convenient to add here, that having considered, he announced that
this Amendment had been arrived at precipitately, and that he should
give the House an opportunity for reconsideration. He should on the
following Monday move that no one should vote in Scotland who had
not been Rated, and paid his Rates.
Another scene of abuse was added to the Cabinet Drama. A few of
the epigrams may amuse theatrical readers.

How. Percy Wyndkam (a Conservative). Government pull out what they call their principles, as a showman draws his puppets from a bag, to be dangled awhile, and put away when they have served their turn. Some of us refuse to be dragged through the mud.

John Bright (a Quaker). The Minister ought not to menace us. crisis twice a week is rather too much for my nerves. If he picks a

quarrel now, it is for love of the quarrel.

Mr. Bouverie (a Whig). The Minister is like Ancient Pistol, also
Mr. Toots. I could wish my enemy nothing more humiliating than his position.

Mr. J. Hardy (brother of Mr. G. Hardy). If Mr. Bouverie likes to go into the country, nobody will regret it. Why give the narrow-minded Scotch more Members? I won't say with Charles the baccard that Presbyterianism is not a religion for a gentleman; but it is not conservative, and bands with Papista.

Sir R. Knightley (the old Tory). I only want the two other Reform Bills passed; then turn the Ministry out next day, if you like.

Sir George Bouser (Catholic). The language used is the true humiliation. If Ministers desire to keep office, their opponents are hungry for place. He had heard no Ministerial measse, which would, indeed,

Col. Loyd Lindsay (Conservative Son-in-Law of Lord Occratone). Mean and pality motives ought not to be attributed to the Ministerialists; and, as for Ma. WYNDHAM, let him remember Addison on Sin ROGER DE COVERLEY'S hounds. An old one is listened to, but a raw dog may yelp his heart out.

[Of course, they met at Chalk Form in the moratag, when Mr. WYNDHAM's ball took effect in Primrose Hill, and Mr. Lawshav's somewhere in the Adelaide Road, after which they shook hands]

Mr. G. Hardy (Home Secretary). I say nothing in the way of retaliation for offensive remarks, but why don't the Opposition try to put an end to an exhibition which they say is a disgrace? For that proceeding I long. I defy you. Make a distinct motion.

Mr. Bernal Orborns ("a sousdescript country gentlemen"). Baiting a Minister is delightful, but it may be carried too far. Let us pass the Bills. Representative institutions are getting rather to a discount.

Mr. Moscrieff (Lat Liberal Adsocate). It is not right to throw Government crises into Scotch faces.

Then that matter was left until the Monday.

Tweeday. The important Friendly Societies Bill was scratched in the Lords.

MR. GLADSTOWN demanded the intentions of MR. DISRABLE as to the Suspensory Act.

Mn. Dishaull. As it is the first step towards the disestablishment

Mn. Disrable As it is the first step towards the discatablishment of the Church, I intend to give it all possible opposition.

The whole sitting was given to a debate on the Purchase System in the Army. It was originated by Mu. TREVELYAN, who would abolish the system and buy up the vested interests, a process which GENERAL PREL estimated would cost between ten and twelve millions. The discussion was too technical to be interesting, but the subject itself demands attention. The middle classes complain that they are nothing in the Army, which is composed only of the highest and lowest.

Wednesday. The day sitting was given to BIR COLMAN O'LOGHLEN'S Libel Bill, the object of which is to make the speakers of libels responsible for them instead of the newspaper which merely records them. It is a small and reasonable relief, yet it was opposed; but when we say that among the opponents was Mr. Whalley, we need scarcely add that the measure commends itself to every sensible man. It made

Thursday. In addition to the Reform epigrams above, we made some progress with the Bribery Bill, which Ms. MILL declared to be, though incomplete, very creditable to the Government, as a bold attempt to grapple with a great evil. A Bill for the "comprehending all vagrom men" went through Committee, and a Member feared that it would men" went through Committee, and a Member feared that it would punish two of the Commons who might toos for a cab, and also would be a cab, and also would be commons who might too for a cab, and also would be common to the common the cab beautiful to the cab. interfere with games at marbles and buttons. Was not the elephantine trunk illustrated ?

Friday. MR. DERIS JOSEPH REARDON signalised himself in the House of Commons by asking, or rather by trying to ask, whether, as the Queen has gone to Scotland, Ministers did not intend, for her own comfort, and the good of the Nation, to advise Her MAJESTY to Abdicate! From all sides of the House descended a storm of indignation, which the SPEAKER crystallised into an intimation that such a question must not be put. The case is not one for the use of hard language about poor Ms. Reardos, whose own Abdication is desirable. Captain Archival

week, that Negromania might induce a prosecution of SIE ROBERT NAPIER, for the same reason that it has induced a prosecution of ME. ETME. Two military gentlemen also adverted to the subject; but on the whole, we think their advocacy of Mr. Evre had better be confined to an imitation, according to their means, of Lord Overson, the typical dispassionate man, who has come forward with a subscription of 2200 to the Eyre Defence Fund, and a dignified intimation that the pecuniary ruin of that brave and good officer "can never be permitted."

Now, does anybody, this Derby week, want to know more about the Irish Church campaign than that Mr. Gladstone to-night carried the Second Reading of the Suspensory Bill by 313 to 258, majority against Government, 54, after a long debate, in which Mr. Hardy was "mighty valiant in speech," and Mr. DISRAELI ingenious and orthodox. If snybody does, he may go to the Exchange, in Catherine Street, and make the heat heaving he can with down of the control of Street, and make the best bargain he can with a news-boy for a copy of a Saturday morning's paper. Now, then, is that champagne packed, and where is the Wenham Lake ice put?

THE LATEST SPIRITUALIST STYLE OF GLOAR -A Wrap-rescal

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Benry Brougham.

BOAN AT EDINBURGH, SEPTEMBER 19, 1778. DIED AT CANNES, MAY 7, 1868.

A GRAND old tree has fallen! Can it be, That with so little stir it has come down? That in the forest scarce a gap we see For loss of that great trunk and reverend crown?

Gaunt, grey, with vice-like roots and gnarled knees, A green leaf here and there on some tough limb, That once had growth and girth for many trees, He stood: no passer-by but noted him,

Word'ring to gauge his wreck, and learn his age, And hear how broad was once the shade he cast; With what defiant port he faced the rage Of storms, when weaker growths gave to the blast.

He lived and lived . . . from hot youth to hoar eld,
From flush of leaf to bareness of green bough :
A giant in decay, that still up-held
A shrunken strength, and weight of furrowed brow.

Until at last we heard he was laid low;
Not by the stroke of storm or levin sped,
In still Provençal night, and May moon's glow,
When none was by, he bowed his ancient head.

The peaceful death to close the restless life, The quiet eve to crown the stormy day!
Such should be the surcease from noble strife,
So should a well-spent being ebb away.

As he lies thus, . . . ere earth to earth is given, We trace back his long life, and find it knit With all wherein our century has striven, Stirred, spoken, reared, o'erthrown, fought, wrought, or writ.

The ninety-year-old man was part of all,
Great part of most that's worthiest and best:
Through that long race the oar he scarce let fall,
Scarce through that long day's work paused once to rest.

It was a time of tempest and of toil,
An age of battle with all forms of ill,
Ill that brought strength to crush, and fraud to foil,
Delay to sicken, and contempt to chill.

Bias of honour, place, wealth, worldly good,
Drew all away; he would not so be drawn.
Truth and Right's soldier from the first he stood, And in the thickest darkness looked for dawn.

Count all the triumphs in these fifty years
By Right and Truth o'er Wrong and Falsehood won;
Of the Good Cause's Paladins and Peers, A faithfuller than HENRY BROUGHAM is none,

He lived through all those fights, and seemed to grow Tenser and tougher with their wear and tear; And when the strife was done, and the sun low, And "age brought honour and the silver hair,"

He could look o'er his life, and say, at last,—
"No cause for which I fought now counts a foe:
No goal I made for but is reached and past; No ill I aimed a blow at but lies low.

A fighter born, with fighter's work in hand, He had the fighter's weak points with the strong; Hot, vehement to rashness, never bland, In hates, as loves, too sudden oft and wrong;

Vain, quick of temper, proud of all he knew,
As who, that knew so much, but might be proud,
By all he had done, and all he hoped to do—
Lifted, his great head's height, above the crowd?

Why note what flaws may be in such a fame? Freer of flaws than his the fames are few; Sum up the gains to which he linked his name;— What nobler work did ever statesman do?

The senate purged; charity's stream strained pure; Slaves freed; chicane and bigotry put down; Knowledge on ignorance gaining, slow but sure; This was his life's work, is his memory's crown!

COMFORT FOR CAMPAIGNERS.

Mr. Punch,

I Am an old Soldier, Sir, and I must protest against the milk and water tenderness which, in my belief, is ruining the Army. Only look at this, Sir. I quote it from the Lancet, which is pleased to make some comments on our infantry equipment :-

"The equipment, as now perfected, is extremely simple; so much so, indeed, that it seems wonderful it was not sooner adopted. The old framed knapsack is entirely discarded, and a soft valies is substituted. The weights are distributed round the body, and are brought low down, with a view of gaining the great mechanical advantage of keeping the centre of gravity of the body as near as can be in the position in which it is in the unweighted person, and of allowing free action of the cheet and of the great muscles of the shoulders. The sacrum and the tops of the scapules, which are the two strongest parts of the body, bear the chief weights; and advantage is taken of the principle of balance. The equipment is most easily adjusted, and is put on and off in a moment."

These "improvements," as some call them, are all owing to the hints of a War Office Committee, appointed to investigate the health of the Army, and ascertain how far the ancient knapsack was affecting it. I suppose that pipeclay will shortly be discarded, lest soldiers get sore throats from wearing a damp crossbelt. Perhaps ere long the troops will all be stethescoped before they are allowed to undertake a march, and if they get their feet wet they will not be allowed to go to bed without warm bottles. "Tallow your noses" will be the final bugle call at night, and, for fear of the raw atmosphere, no soldier will be suffered to appear upon parade before ten in the morning.

Sir, in my belief the service is going to the dogs, and our abolishing the Cat is but a further proof of it. It sickens me to think that there should be such care to keep our Army in good health, and I am horrified to find that it is actually thought proper now to make our soldiers comfortable. Clumsy knapsacks, Sir, were worn when Waterloo was won, and it is my belief, Sir, men only grow effeminate by being molly-coddled.

Yours, in indignation,

molly-coddled. Yours, in indignation,

ONE OF THE OLD SCHOOL.

POISONOUS PLANTS.

MESSES. BAYLEY and RAWSTHORME, of the Patent Wheel Works, 42, Newington Causeway, in a letter to the Times, headed "The Lambeth Smoke Nuisance," attest the praiseworthy activity of Mr. Sandison, the Government inspector. They state that on the previous day they were fined at the Southwark Police Court for "unlawfully". using a furnace not constructed so as to consume its own smoke." this mulct they say :-

"We do not complain. We have a burning desire to consume our own smoke."

Very well said. They have no right to complain. Their burning desire to consume their own smoke is commendable as far as it goes; but a burning desire, how hot soever, has not the heat that will consume smoke. What they want is a furnace which will burn the smoke up. This, indeed, they go on to urge, sensibly enough. But they

"We submit that, if the Government insist on all manufacturers using a smoke-consuming apparatus to their satisfaction, they should be prepared to adopt what they consider the best invention, and fine all manufacturers who do not use it."

Nay, gentlemen manufacturers all and sundry, the Government does its part, and has enough to do, in taking care that you shall not defile your neighbourhood with soot, and poison the atmosphere. It is for you to discover how not to establish nuisances, whether works which, in towns, offend the eyes and the nose, or, in the country, plants that sear and blacken all surrounding vegetation. You must live by your plants and works, must you? There is no necessity for that; and your right to live must be conditional on your managing to let live, and so not killing herbage and trees, nor stifling people to death.

Common Cause in the County Court.

Subjoined is the conclusion, according to the Globe, of a County Court case, wherein Traines was sued by a perruquier to recover £15 17s. for a wig which she had ordered to wear as Marguerite in

"Mile. Thanks Titlers, defendant, said the wig produced was not of the colour she had selected; it did not fit her, and was not the natural hair she had stipulated for, and therefore she declined to pay for it. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff."

Of course. At this time for betting it would be as safe as seasonable to lay any wager that the jury was composed of small shopkeepers.

AN OLD QUOTATION WITH A NEW APPLICATION.

Those who think that the proceedings against President Johnson are not over wise, will be glad to see that so far the American Senate is not disposed to "own the soft impeachment."



THE DERBY DAY, 1868.



OUR ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

MR. PONCH. "AH, DEAR BOYS! THIS IS BETTER FUN THAN ABUSING ONE ANOTHER AT WESTMINSTER."

DR. JOHNSON AT THE DERBY.

(Hitherto unpublished in Boswell.)

1780. Ags 71.1

Tan next day I carried my revered friend to the Epsom Races, at which a new Prize was to be contended for, the struggle being called the Derby. I took care to drive thither early, ao that Da. Jourson might escape the ribaldries of the lower sort; and I also took pains to obtain a good place for our vehicle, which was drawn up between two carriages of persons of quality, as appeared by the heraldic insignia. Pointing this out to him, he was not pleased, and said, "Sir, you are a fool. That my carriage should be in juxtaposition with dukes, confers upon me neither personal dignity nor the right to address them. We came hither for pleasure, and I had rather have been brought mearer to those agreeable ladies." I proposed to move. "Nay, Sir," he said, "that were greater folly than t tother." Perceiving me dashed, he added, with his accustomed kindness, "Never mind, Sir, we do not expect wisdom or knowledge of the world from a Scotchman." The usual fry of gipsies, mendicants, and miserable instrumentalists gathered round us, and I ordered them away with more severity in my voice than was needful; but I was anxious that he should not be disgathered round us, and I ordered them away with more severity in my voice than was needful; but I was anxious that he should not be disturbed. "Tut, let the creatures alone," he said; "they exist, and therefore it is for us to tolerate them. They were created for some purpose or other." I ventured to urge that it was not his ordinary custom to favour the worthless. He replied, rolling his head, and laughing loudly. "I favour rou, Sir." It was impossible to be offended, so prompt was my revered friend's wit. But he would allow me to be accounted by a creative force or or force recovery. laughing loudly. "I favour You, Sir." It was impossible to be offended, so prompt was my revered friend's wit. But he would allow me to be assaulted by no one else, for on one of our companions, a gentleman of merit, saying, "You have handicapped Bozzy, Sir," he replied, "Sir, although in the open air I stickle not for the rule of the saloon, I admire neither the cant of the jockey, nor the familiarity of the clown." So jealously he watched over the interests of those whom he loved. I ordered the servants to produce refreshments, of which I had provided a good store, and he was pleased to say that I had catered well; yet his humorous nature and vast power of illustration immediately hurried him into satire. "What would one of your hungry Scotch ancestors say, Sir, could he see you devouring a pie of France, and washing it down with a wine of Germany?" I said that I hoped my ancestors say better food in Elyaium, but he instantly rebuked my levity, and bade me not talk like a heathen. Then, his goodnature prompted him to add, "But you are a small poet in your small way, Sir, and we must permit licence to such folk." I represented that Dayden had written of Elyaium. "Nay," he said; "if you liken yourself to Dayden, I have done with you." I thought he did me injustice, but I would not say so, and turned the conversation with a harmless but natural remark upon the greatness of the crowd, and the thought that, in a hundred years, all those persons would be dead. "I thunk, Sir," said my venerable friend, "that you are one of the greatest asses in the world. Whether these persons are on Essom Downs, or scattered at their ordinary avocations, they will equally be dead in a hundred years. Why these trite moralities?" He then did me the honour to bid me fill his glass, and hummed aloud gaily his own immortal line own immortal line

"Come, my lad, and drink some beer."

A kind of lottery being proposed by one of my companions, Dr. Johnson said, "With all my heart, you gambling dogs, I'll have a frisk with you;" and he allowed me to pay his half-crown for him, and seemed pleased when told that a favourite animal had been allotted to him by fortune, quoting from I know not what Greek writer, to the effect that "fate had thrown for him the Treble Six." I did not at first see the entire felicitousness of this; but when I discovered that my revered friend's horse was Number 18, which I need scarcely remark is the treble of six, tears of admiration came; into my eyes. "You are so dreadfully ignorant and alow," he said, when I explained the cause of my emotion, "that a small thing produces an undue effect on you." Thus did the great Dr. Johnson undervalue his vast merits. The bell then resounded for clearing the course, and he was pleased at seeing the case with which a few constables divided that mob, and ranged it in order. "Were this Scottand, Sir," he said, "we should have had every Sawney wrangling and arguing with the mob, and ranged it in order. "Were this Scotland, Sir," he said, "we should have had every Sawney wranging and arguing with the constables, and thus defeating his own pleasure; but we are a civilised nation." I said, "that perhaps we Scots carried our pertinacity too far, but that it had helped us to civil and religious freedom." "There is neither a civil nor a religious man in Scotland," roared my venerable friend," adding playfully, "now that you are in England." But I refused to accept this compliment at the expense of my nation, and told him so, when he instantly answered, "Don't be alraid of your positive will have the kindness to say what sort of type this is; and that I had better hold my tongue or also get out of the carriage—"Manst sorts tersia, card," he added, holding up his large first in merriment. The first Derby race then took place, which was gained by a horse named Diomed, and it will cause no surprise that Da. Jourson's

wonderful memory instantly served him with a happy quotation from Vincin.—

" Vidimus, O cives, Diomede Argivaque es

which is peculiarly applicable, when we reflect that the dishonest persons who attend races are called Greeks. He pronounced the words with his accustomed sonorous voice, which attracted the attention of some young ladies in a neighbouring carriage, and one of them, if with scarcely excussible familiarity, asked him whether he was talking Dutch. "No, you pretty little idiot," he replied, with perfect goodhumour, "as you might know, evidently coming from the Low Countries." Then, thinking that he might have hurt her feelings, he desired me to get out of the carriage, and convey to her a glass of wine to drink his health, which she did with much gratification when I informed her, in a whisper, of the name of the great man who had thus honoured her. Returning to my place in the carriage, I ventured to joke, and to say that I had played the part of Cupid, at which my revered friend was good enough to laugh heartily. He had luckily drawn the second horse, and thus saved his stake, but when I elaimed the coin, as having paid for him, he pocketed it defiantly, saying, "No, no, Sir, he who leads his friend into gambling deserves to incur a penalty." Thus did my venerable acquaintance omit no opportunity of fixing a moral in my memory. The wine, and the excitement of the day, and the honour of being abroad with Da. Johnson, combined to liberate my fanay, and I said that I whated our group could be painted for posterity. "No, Sir," he said, almost sternly, "I desire not to be remembered by my acts of recreation, ner," he added, alily, "by my companionship with you. Let's have no more of that." It flatter myself with the hope that somen crit indebile sostrum, and that in virtue of my firiendship with my revered companion. I may find a place on Academical canvas in years to come. The thought enabled me to bear his raillery, but it made me pensive, which Da. Johnson observing, cheered me up by kindly asking why I hang down my head like a man should be either sober or drunk. Acting upon this hint, I proposed a series of toas

THE REVOLT LEAGUE AGAINST EYRE.

Yn savages thirsting for bloodshed and plunder, Ye miscreants burning for rapine and prey, By the fear of the lash and the gallows kept under, Henceforth who shall venture to stand in your way? Run riot, destroy, ravage, kill without pity, Let any man how he molests you beware, Beholding how hard the Jamaica Committee To ruin are trying to hunt gallant Evan.

Our mob-leaders suffered, in fancy, with others.
Of atamped-out rebellion who felt the strong heel.
They are touched by the homp that chastised their black brothers,
And their feelings are hurt by the lead and the steel.
A set ever ranged on the side of sedition, To mutinous negroes, now, hands they extend, And, now, with their names back a Fenian petition The foe of the Ruler is always their Friend.

They are doing their worst to make certain that, never Again, shall rebellion encounter a check;
That the chief who to crush a revolt may endeavour,
Shall his duty perform with a rope round his neck.
Conspiring against one, from maddened brutes' fary
Who saved Englishwomen, and Englishmen's lives,
Their fangs may they gnash while they curse a Grand Jary
Of Britons who value their daughters and wives.



GOING CHEAP.

Charley (to his Country Cousin). "Going up to the Derby this Year, Tom?"

Tom (evidently the victim of some absurd hour). "Oh, yes! Robinsom has

Fromised to get me a Seat in one of the Humane Society's Drags!"

" COMMITTED."

AT length, Mr. Peter Taylor (with the aid of a Black or two, and a sailor, who was so overpowered by remorse or rum, that he was as hard to bind over as the tipsy priest found the child was to baptise) has obtained the Committal of Mr. Eyrs. A man whose name was dear to the Australians for his gallantry as an Explorer, and for his humanity to the natives,—an officer who saved Jamaican society, White and Black, by his promptness and resolution, is to stand in the dock, and answer for that crime against some of the most brutal savages in creation. At last, Mr. Eyrs himself expressed his feelings, and his words deserve all publicity:—

"Not upon me, but upon those who have brought me here, will fall the disgrace, that a man who has served his country faithfully for twenty-six years, and for twenty years in positions of high responsibility, is now, after two years and a half of uncessing and most responsive persecution, about to be committed to a felon's dock for having discharged his duty faithfully to the best of his ability, and irrespective of personal considerations, saving indubitably a great British colony from ruin, and the people from measure, or worse than massacre. I do not envy the feelings of those who, conspiring to ruin a public officer, now at last succeed in bringing this additional stigma upon him, but I do rejoice in believing that they form a very small section of the community. I have the confident belief that neither these visws nor the magistrate's decision will influence or be accepted by the higher tribunal to which the case will now be preferred, or by the large majority of my fellow-countrymen, to whose commen sense and sense of justice I confidently entrust my honour as a gentleman and my character as a public officer."

The Court rang with plaudits, which could with difficulty be checked; and, that the Echo may be prolonged, we republish the speech. It reminds us of the story of WARREN HASTINGS, the victim of the hate of far greater men than those who persecute EYRE. He, too, underwent a long martyrdom at the hands of his enemies, and was ruined. But he lived to be received with acclamations by the House of Commons, who rose and uncovered to receive him, and to be thanked by the representative of the Crown for having saved British dominion. Englishmen listen too much to noisy and gushing men,

THE OCCASION IMPROVED.

ANOTHER Derby Day comes round;
And you, my friends, how has it found?
What have you won or lost this year
Since you were last assembled here?
What wrinkles have you gained since then,
More than by growing older men?
What dodges added to your store
Craftier than you knew before?
Are you more downy than you were
On this day twelvemonth, to compare?
More fly, less easy to be done,
More, each of you, a knowing one?
Think you in gumption you have grown,
Or must you still some softness own?
Is there, among you all, to spy,
A speck of green in no one's eye?
Come, now, speak, let the truth be told,
And say, have none of you been sold?
Have all your books been made secure.
And is your calculation sure?
O come, whilst threepence yet remains,
And purchase all this print contains!
Buy this, and you are sure to win,
As Punch is to be taken in.

A HOMEOPATHIC HOME.

THE following advertisement, extracted from a daily paper, speaks for itself, and sufficiently well bespeaks its author:

H OMCOPATHY.—Paris.—A Physician can RECEIVE an Indiana, with or without medical care. Being graduate of Oxford and Paris, and late gouverneur of a prince, could efficiently direct the studies of a pupil. Terms from £500, or per month. Address, Dr. ——, &c.

This "Physician," who "can receive an inmate with or without medical care," and "being graduate of Oxford and late gouverneur of a prince, could efficiently direct the studies of a pupil," is evidently a man of education, and thereby particularly qualified to be a tutor. He writes remarkable English. The heading of his announcement, "Homocopathy" is by no means to be taken to mean Humbug. His proposal of "Terms from £200, or per month," cannot but be regarded as a very moderate offer to take anyone in.

SPIRIT HANDS WANTED.

but recover themselves in time, and make ample amends. But in Mr.

ETRE'S case, Society has long given its verdict, and a Grand Jury will, we hope, speedily confirm it.

For those who like strange puzzles, here is one we find in a dramatic newspaper. For absolute inexplicability (a nice word that for an after-dinner speaker) it beats all to nothing what Prime Ministers will say when they mean to be mysterious:—

WANTED, to join immediately, a GOOD LEADING CORNET PLAYER: also to play First Violin Inside.

It may seem a little strange that somebody should want to hire a player on the cornet to play the violin; but how very much more curious is the demand that he will play the latter instrument "inside"! How on earth can anybody play a violin inside? A spirit hand might do it, but where are we just now to find a spirit hand? Mr. Homs has left off playing "Home, Sweet Home!" on the accordion. Since he got into Chancery his spirits have quite left him: most men find their spirits leave them when they get into that court. Since they were nearly smashed at Liverpool, the DAVENFORTS disclaim connection with the spirits. So we really quite despair of learning how to play a tune inside a fiddle; although we feel convinced that nobody without a spirit hand to help him could possibly perform so curious a feat.

Special from Abyssinia.

WHEN SIR ROBERT NAPIER found that COLOREL PHAYRE'S enterprise in approaching Magdala had a brilliant result, although not exactly in obedience to orders, he is reported to have said that he might go farther and *Phayre* worse.

A BISHOP " in Camerd." - In the act of being Photographed.



ALARMING!

George (late Comic Bachelor), "What do you think the Man wanted, my Dear? (A visitor had called during breakfast.) He came to Take my Life!!" Affectionate Wife (rushing at him). "George!"

George. "I MEAN, MY LOVE, IN THE IMPERIAL ADAMANTINE ASSURANCE OFFICE, THAT YOUR MA'S BEEN BOTHERING ABOUT EVER SINCE WE WERE MARRIED! [Didn't he "catch it !

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XXV. PENDENTE LIFE.

Saz shut her lover into the Lighthouse and returned.

This proceeding had been watched by PIEL DORNTON by the aid of

In sproceeding had been watened by FIEL Dokumon by the aid of his powerful telescope.

"She must be mine," he exclaimed. The prospect of the baronetcy and the millions had entirely absorbed him.

But the papers. How to obtain them?

Joseph would not part with them, and without them—stay! The girl's claim existed—that was a fact, at all events. One set of papers

attesting the fact was as good as another.

Old Marrin was dead, at least so he believed, and for the first time he regretted an act which had deprived him of the only person capable

be regretted an act which had deprived that of the only person capacito of giving him any information.

"Just like me," he said to himself, remorsefully. "Always choking, or shooting somebody. I must give it up."

Ah, Piel Dorarton, would you could even then have acted upon this call of conscience. But he stifled it.

"The Girl!" he said, suddenly. "Bess can tell me."

He ran to the cottage.

She was gone.

He searched the house. Old Martin was gone: not a trace of him.
"I must have shot him, thoroughly," he muttered to himself,
Blown him quite away!"

He was silent for one second: then he fired off a pistol.

Roused by this, he saw but one course before him.

"She has gone to the lighthouse," he thought, "to join him. I can produce papers as good as theirs, ha! ha!" and he laughed fiendishly at the recollection of the documents to which CHEKK, DISS, COUNT & Co. had given their respectable attestation.

'Twas all clear now.

I can succeed without them," he said, and waved his hat in triumph.

From the shelf he took a box of matches, which would only ignite when you didn't want them, or on other solemn occasions, and he proceeded by the secret pass among the rocks to where his small canoe was always kept, ready, if need were, for instantaneous escape.

Seizing the paddle, which in this boat, being his own property, he always worked himself, he glided noiselessly towards the lighthouse.

A voice from an upper window asked, "Is that you Bess?"

It was JOSEPH's, and came as a revelation to him. She was not

there.
"Will you give me those papers?" he asked, pitching his voice as high as it could go. 'Twas not like ELIZABETH'S; Love knew the

difference.
"Go away!" exclaimed Joseph, with real averaion. "I have nothing for you."
"The problem of the property of the pro

nothing for you."
"Then perish," exclaimed DORNTON, savagely, and applied a lighted match to the base of the Lighthouse.

Creeping, curling, alowly, certainly, upward the flame took its way.

In and out of the brickwork, round the stones, through the wainscot crept the cruel unerring fire.

JOSEPH instinctively dreaded something, but he only felt a sudden warmth, for which he was unable to account.

PIEL DORNTON returned to the shore, and landing opposite Phlebosco Palace, summoned his confidential servant.

"Is your mistress within?" he asked.

"Is your mistress within?" he asked.

"LADY ANNA is asleep, your Reverence," was the reply.
"Tis well," he returned. "Loose the bloodhound."
The confidential servant did so.
"Unmuzzle him," said PIEL DORNTON.
"My Lord," exclaimed the wretched man, "I cannot."
"Obey my behest," thundered his master, "Or by heaven."
The wan staggested back. The hall had entered his head The man staggered back. The ball had entered his head.

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It was a thoughtless act, and one of which even he, in his calmer title, aye, and a house in the Vast Metropolis far from here, within moments would not have been guilty.

Aroused by the noise, the LADY ANNA stood behind him.

"PIEL!" she said, tenderly.

Aroused by the noise, said, tenderly.

"PIEL!" she said, tenderly.

"I cannot stop now," was his rough answer. "I am going out
"I cannot stop now," don't mone go to—bed."

hunting. Don't whine—don't mope—go to—bed."

She looked at him searchingly. So changed! He who owed so much to her, which only they two knew.

But she feared to rupture the one silken cord still between them, and turning on her heel waltzed into the house.

Once within, she opened a secret door, and out stepped the Infant-

watcher.

watcher.

"You say you are devoted to me," she said to the Infant, who bowed.
"I believe you; follow him, and let me know the result." The Infant stole out upon the track.

"She is treacherous!" said Pirk. Dornvoy, as he stood alone in the court-yard. "She cannot decrive me with these gay steps! I must be free of her." So saying, he unmuzzled the hound, and mounting upon his spotted steed, followed in the track.

Till be came up with Brass for the Hound was sure and safe, and held her till he arrived, when he enticed him away and secured the girl. "I am thy lover," he hissed in her ear. "I love you, madly." The word made her tremble, She felt the force of this description of his wild and lawless passion.

"I will give thee gems, and jewels, and riches, diamonds, and a

the shades of square-graced Hanover.

"But Joseph—" she exclaimed, "
"Of him!" cried Donnton, "See!" she exclaimed, "What of him?"

The sky was illumined with a fearful glow. He gave her his glass, and through it ahe saw the Lighthouse in flames: in flames which were chasing a running frightened figure with papers in its hands up the iron stairs.

iron stairs.

The entire lower part of the Lighthouse was consumed, not one brick or stons or stick left to tell its fearful tale. Only the upper part remained, which was fast becoming enveloped in the arms of the raging devouring element. The glass was the old powerful one of Pural's, and brought the object so near that she stopped her ears, lest the perishing creature's cries should pierce them. Then as the flames reached the last point, the very top of the Lighthouse, all beneath having fallen and crambeled entirely away, they saw the form of a man tying some papers to his belt, and as the trembling support gave beneath his feet, they saw him, distinctly, with one tremendous leap, plance, headforement, into the dark and angry see below. plunge, headforemost, into the dark and angry sea below.

Then she fainted. In his power now, placed across his horse to escape detection, he galloped with her to their new destination.

In the meantime strange events were happening in Old MARTIN'S cottage.

(To be continued.)

PUNCH'S DERBY PROPHECY.



understand a fellow's least hint and wink as well as if he expatiated like ten DISPABLIS rolled into fifteen GLADSTONES. Talking of that, Do you know what an expatiator is? Well, in Lancashire he's a fellow who stands on a bank and sees a man sinking, and says, "That poor chap 'll be drownded; what a pity there s nobody here to take hold of this here rope and pitch it to him." There's a let of that sort in other places than Lancashire, my esteemed swells; mind that, when you might belp a cove, but modestly content yourselves with pitying of him. you mignt out a core, but including content younget to be Hardy, but mind where was I? This Derby makes me Dizzy, when I ought to be Hardy, but mind my Manners notwithstanding, Hunt up defaulters, and pay whatever I May Owe. Twig them Ministerial puns? Bless you, I could make twice as many in half the time, and think no more about it than if I'd swollered an Irish Church. But touching and concerning these horses. The horse is a noble beast, that must be allowed, and perhaps it is the very excess of his nobility that makes most bipeds who aspire to be intimate with him so uncommon ignoble; but that's neither here nor there. He is a distinguished member of the family of Equide, is a berbivorous party, but will devour Christians, wide the case of DIOMEDES, also will eat up gold and estates very rapidly, wide a variety of handsome young noblemen and gentlemen, on whom you may look around from the height of your drag. New I have sembled here to see this 89th Derby run, and you demand of me which horse will win the same. I reply to you, with the same frankness, that I don't know. But you little know your prophet if you think that he is to be deterred by "a trifle like that" (for we all love a pretty girl under the rese) from stating in the most positive, Macau COMING DOWN TO BREAKFAST IN A COUNTRY BOUSE.

leian, and dogmatic manner, what you had better do. Anyhody can tell you what he knows, and I may remark that what most people know can be told in a very short time, but give me the man with cheek to tell what he nose not, and here that man is. I see a word in my own journal last week as I never see before, and it was Analfabeti. I take it to mean coves which don't knew their Alphabet. I despise them. I hate the ignorant. I'll take the horses alphabettigammadeltically and doubleyouexwiseheadically, and to the temperate young man who shall spell these words one hour after the race, I advise the young lady as he's spoons on to stick, for he'll be a model of the domestic virtues. Here is Athera. She reminds me of my Lord Byron's lines, "Frown not on England, Rogiand owns him not, Athens, no, the plunderer was a Scot. Athena means Minerva, whose status is before the Atheneum Club. If she wins, and the owner is a member, he will take off his hat to the goddess whenever he goes in-1000 to 2 against the triple event. Betrayal, the most difficult word which a young lady can give you to make out of separate letters, gave me the headache so herribly while I was finding the riddle out, that I decline saying more on the subject. This is Blue Gown. Edie Ochiltree was a blue gown and a beggar. This animal is a beggar to run, but when called on to mend his pace, may reply mend-I can't. The Barl comes from Celia's arbour, or rather stable, but a wetive wreath will not be hung there by the winner of the Derby. I hope that we shall have no thunder, except a thundering good lunch, but if we have, I don't think that it will, as Falstaff says, thunder to the tune of Green Sleeves. Now here's a consternation, at least a constellation, and it is called Orion. That beathen, as you may all forget, came to grief at the hands of Diana, to whom he proffered attentions of an unacceptable character; and though he ran like mad when the lady fitted her arrow to her bow, she brought him down whack. Let him run to-day as he ran then, and I will ask MR. Horne to write another Farthing Epic about him, and if he won't, I'll do it myself. Next cometh Pace. He was not called so from his rate, nor is it Irish for peace, nor a Latin gabblative, but he was named from the respected Jockey Club steward at Newmarket, and his sire was Caterer. I think it's a case of monops inter excos. Here is Paul Jones, so a word in your private-ear. There is, I am given to understand, a continental coin called a paul, and after putting that limited amount upon this horse, you can invest the rest of your assets in Jones's locker. And now place for the lady, the Lady Elisabeth. I take off my hat to that darling, and if wishes were horses, and beggars sould ride, I'm the beggar that would ride her into glory, and win the Bat le of Hastings, though I the money that would thereby accrue to a lot of greedy ring men. For Le Serasin, being a foreigner, I can only say politely, Commong see, parley voe, was, an revwere. The next is the Knight of the Rosy Cross, better know as Resicrucian. The mystics, of whom he is one, had secrets, and wrote in hieroglyphics, but when the wheat was sifted from the chaff there was uncommon little of the former. Still, I won't think small beer of a horse that has been trained by Porten. He was a great pot, but is now rather pot-etomached, like his betters. You can put your money on Sec-Saw, child of Margery Dass, if you like, but don't blame me if you have to sell your bed and lie on straw. Speculus is the Latin for a mirror, and I should like to hold a true mirror up to the nature of this creature. King Richard the Third's two wants would be met in him, "Till I can buy a glass," and "My kingdom for a horse." If, as there should be with a mirror, quicksilver on his back, this looking-glass will cause pleasant reflections (Ha | ha | ha | ha | ha | b those who back it. His offspring should be called Amalgam, duke. St. Running, as the accomplished turf men call St. Ronan, may do something if he runs, and if St. Ronan's Well. In regard to Suffolk, if he were a Suffolk Punch, he should not want my good word and wish, but may I be suffocated if I put more money on him than I can afford. Tom Bowline may be for bowling into the arms of victory, but the ear of prophecy seems to listen to a voice singing of a sheer hulk. Tymponum means a drum, which is a thing to May I never be so drunk as To put much tin on Mr. Uwess. We come next to Viscount, and it were false heraldry to be more civil to him than I was to the Earl, and whatever faults are attributed to my British aristocracy, they were never famous for running when people wanted 'em to. And having thus investigated the pretunsions of the candidates for the Blue Ribbon, I proceed, in the undaunted spirit of a Cumment, to vaticinate. THE WINNER WILL BE A WOMAN OF PARHION



A CHOICE OF EVILS.

Nephew (who knows his relative's peculiarities). "This WON'T DO FOR YOU, UNCLE: IT'S A SMOKING CARRIAGE!

Uncle (horrid crabbed old bachelor). " UGH! 'T ANY RATE IT'LL BE SAFE FROM WOMEN AND CHILDREN!!

SPEECHES BY MACHINERY.

A PUBLIC dinner this hot weather! What a horrible idea! And still more dreadful is the thought that one might have to make a speech there! What a blessing it might have to make a speech there! What a blessing it would be if after-dinner speeches could be made by some machinery! Can not some inventive genius hit upon a plan by which to get a speech made, without the bore of making it? Everyone knows everything that anyone can say, when called on for a speech; and if nobody were to make one, surely nobody would suffer. By the side, say, of the chairman, a wax figure might be placed, modelled to resemble him in features and in figure. This dummy might, by clockwork, get upon its legs, when wound up by the toast-master, and might be made to mumble what might pass for a good sample of after-dinner oratory. To carry out this notion with suitable effect, each famous dinner talker should go about provided with a model of himself, supplied with tubes and tones to imitate his own peculiar voice. Perhaps after awhile the presence of a speaker might entirely be dispensed with, and his effigy alone be invited to attend. When this is happily the fashion, what rejoicing there will be among our martyred public diners, and what a spoiling of digestion and of public diners, and what a spoiling of digestion and of temper will be spared them! We recommend our notion to the Humane Society, whose duty clearly is to rescue public orators from floundering about in a perfect flood of verbiage, and often well nigh sinking in the middle of a speech.

SOMEWHAT SUPERFLUOUS.

ADVERTISEMENTS are usually paid for by their length, and advertisers commonly aim at using as few words as they can to give their meaning. Still, even in the shortest notice words are sometimes introduced which seem entirely needless. Look at this, for instance, from a dramatic journal:—

WANTED, a SINGING WALKING LADY (young). . . . Always an opening for Good Niggers.

Surely, it is superfluous to mention that the lady must be young. To sing while one is walking is not an easy task, and certainly no old lady would be able to accomplish it. Clearly too it is superfluous to make a stipulation that the niggers must be "good." As if any one would open his doors to a bad nigger, if he anyhow could help it!

A CAUTION TO GOVERNORS.

SCENE-A Waiting Room,

THE REVEREND SHARON SNUFFLES.

MR. JOHN COOPER.

Sauffles (to Cooper, folding up a newspaper). Does your paper, Sir, contain any report of the great Missionary meeting at Exeter Hall?

Cooper. No; but a very full account of the Derby. At your service. (Offers paper.)
Sauffles. Thank you; n-n-no. I have no interest in sporting intel-

Cooper. Not even in the Eyre Hunt?
Snuffles. The what hunt, Sir?
Cooper. The Jamaica Committee hunting Governor Eyre—trying to hunt him to death. Snuffles. Oh! Sir, pray do not speak in that manner of conscientious

and Christian men.

Cooper. Well, there's MILL at the head of them.
Snuffles. Those worthy men, Sir, are endeavouring to bring a great
public criminal to justice.
Cooper. A criminal! Why they do not pretend that he acted from

any guilty motive.

Snuffles. Mr. Evre was guilty of inflicting punishments which were illegal. He fearfully exceeded his duty.

Cooper. Suppose he did. I don't admit it. But say that he did. Grant, for argument's sake, that, in stamping out a rebellion, he stamped too hard, too wide, and too long. It was question of degree in a time of danger. Even if he over-estimated the necessity of striking terms is that an arrow of indoment for which he deserves anything but

respectful sympathy—instead of persecution?

Snuffles. It is a precedent, my dear Sir, which must not be permitted.
Cooper. A precedent! Hadn't the Indian mutiny been quelled before?
Recollect how that was crushed, and the mutineers put down. By "hanging them like fun," we were told; by blowing them from guns, it is a thors will one day be gratefully remembered by their white countrymen whose relatives will have been murdered or mutilated, and so on, by the irrepressible Nigger.

Souffles. Why irrepressible, my dear Sir?

Cooper. Recause, henceforth, when he breaks out, nobody, thanks to the Jamaica Committee, will dare to repress him. [Belt rings. Execut.]

and flogging, no end. Where was then the outery now raised on behalf of the Jamaica Blacks?

Snuffles. There is a difference between the cases.

Cooper. More than that. There are two striking differences. The first is, that the East Indian rebels were either Hindoos or Mahometans, and their cry was "Dees!" whereas the West Indian revolters were Baptists and Methodists, who sat under Missionaries, and sang psalms. The Sepoys were heathen; the Jamaica Black was a man and a brother.

Snuffles. Surely. Sir. vou would not condemn Christian aumnathe?

The Sepoys were heathen; the Jamaica Black was a man and a brother. Swiftles. Surely, Sir, you would not condemn Christian sympathy? Cooper. Quite the contrary. Sympathy with savage miscreants. Swiftles. The poor creatures, Sir, were sadly misguided. Cooper. Yes, they were; and by whom? There's the other difference. There were no mob-orators at work among the Sepoys and their associates. The Jamaica outbreak was owing to the eloquence of gentlemen like Mr. Gordon. No wonder our Tribunes of the People, who are sometimes apt themselves to use strong language, object to making such gentlemen responsible, in a time of anarchy, for insurrection and massacre caused by their harangues.

Sneffles. Ah, well, Sir, it was an awful business! Let us trust the like will never occur again.

like will never occur again.

Cooper. You may. It is unlikely ever to occur again—exactly. Half of it only will occur in future. Insurrection and massacre will occur; suppression won't—at least, in Jamaica, or anywhere else in which demagogues preach to natives who are addicted to psalmody. It may possibly be different in the case of the mild Hindoo, and, as some of the Missionaries' African friends might pronounce him, the fullflavoured Mussulman.

Snuffles. Oh, Sir, do not say such things!
Cooper. The treatment of Exre is enough to make one say anything.



THE PRESENT FASHION.

POLITICAL ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES .- A CARD.

THE MISSES MAND and HESTER HAZY respectfully beg to announce that they propose at Midsummer to extend the sphere of mental cultivation to which they have hitherto confined their assiduity, in compliance with the urgent wishes of many esteemed friends of feminine enlightenment and progress.

many esteemed riends of reminine enlightenment and progress.

The Misses Mauro and Hester Hazy humbly venture to hope that the gratifying success which has so long attended their labours in a less elevated path will be deemed a satisfactory assurance of their ability to confer on the young persons under their tuition the crowning triumphs of a refined political education. Gentlemen of acknowledged parliamentary talent have kindly volunteered their valuable services, and will conduct the various classes as will be seen on reference

valuable services, and will conduct the various classes as will be seen on reference to the subjoined synopsis.

LORD CLAUDE FLEUR-DE-LIS, M.P., will attend on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, from three to five, to lecture on Parliamentary Amenities.

Much attention will be given to fisesse, and the nice art of misquoting Hansard with perfect safety, and advantage taken of the brilliant light afforded by recent achievements.

A class for instructing novices in political physiognomy and the mode of preserving the countenance when "found out," will be conducted by a most honourable Member of celebrity in this very difficult department.

Pale blue principles will be superintended by a liberal Professor, Cantab.

Wields differ her Conservation BA Occord

Violet ditto by a Conservative B.A., Oxon.

Violet ditto by a Conservative B.A., Oxon.

The mode of preparing Estimates and regulating Ways and Means will be taught by an ex-official perfectly an fait with the pulse of the House, and conversant with its peculiar prejudices in reference to economy.

Paintings, of the most attractive arrangement of colours for "catching the Speaker's eye," will be furnished to pupils at a trifling expense.

The most approved system of settling small Bills with Government checks, will be explained by a young gentleman of great Parliamentary promise.

The secret of keeping the Seals will be communicated by a voice from the Cabinet.

Cabinet.

The softer sentiments will be tenderly cherished, and the sweetness of resignation illustrated by examples drawn from *encient* history.

The "Standing Orders" will be recited daily by a provincial Member, whose normal impetuousity has been tempered, if not entirely subdued, by the salutary discipline of being repeatedly coughed down.

P.S. Ladies of a certain experience whose political education has been neglected, qualified for Office in a few lessons.

". "JMinisterial explanations extra.

ALL UP WITH F. O.

ONE office still was left us One service, 'twas left us— One service, 'twas the last, Where Swells could stoop to places, And yet not forfeit caste.

Where blue-blood still was sacred,
And manners made the man,
And Snobs without connection Lay under blight and ban.

Though the House its meddling finger Had thrust in every pie, O'er the coals hauled each department, To each sinecure said "die," One service still was guarded
'Gainst their intrusion low;
One office held its head up,
Nor the Commons deigned to know.

That service was DIPLOMACY, F. O. that office high: Where the right set had the entrée, Which the wrong were fools to try. Where same account or estimate, We stooped to take Bull's tin : Twas ours, as Swells, but to pay out, What he, as Snob, paid in.

"Twas "The Office" brought men forward,
"The Office" put them out:
Ruled who should have a pension,
And who should go without.
Found snug berths for its fav'rites,
Left its black sheep in the cold;
Held none too young for favour, For anubbing, none too old.

In that Official Concert, From highest note to base If twas not the right man always,
If twas always the right place.
Where o'er Swell-Head Parliamentary
Swell-Head permanent held sway,
And for Swell clerks Swell messengers Ran Swell errands all the day.

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If we took the public money, To spend it we were free; Other offices might render Accounts; so would not we.

There were our Special Missions,
Our Secret Service, too,
Our Agencies,—what had the House
With our métier to do?

So once it was, and long we hoped
That state of things would last:
But now, confound that LABOUCHERR!
Those haleyon days are past.
The House of Commons, cager Departments to devour, F. O., at last, has sucked into The Maelström of its power!

With Customs, Inland-Revenue, Woods, Works, and Cads like those, We're ordered to keep items Of how the money goes!
To send in, what's called "estimates,"
Render, what's called "account,"
As if a Swell could ever get
Beyond a "gross amount!"

For your SEELY and TREVELYAN Your Orway and your WHITE, Our sacred Office myst'ries We're to put in black and white, Brook irrev'rent overhauling Of the House and penny press— In fact, do our diplomacy, 'Neath Democrat duresse!

Society is reeling For cataclysm huge: Now I understand the saying "Après nous le déluge!" Tests-Pocket-boroughs-Corn-laws-Unmoved I saw them go,
Nor dreamed how soon their fall would draw
The down-come of F. O!

Last bulwark of Society,
Last life-buoy of the Swell,
The wild wave of Democracy Howls o'er thee, like a knell.

"La carrière ouverte aux talens,"

Thear the hideous cry! I fling up my appointment, Renounce F. O. and die!

NOVELS WITHOUT NONSENSE.



Y man Miss Brown,—Occupied as you are daily, like most other young ladies, with dressing, driving, dining, dancing, flirting, morning-calling, lunching, riding, kettle-drumming, and the hundred other labours of a fashionable life, you can have but little leisure to devote either to reading, or to writing, or to thinking, or to any work which really may exercise your mind. If you are sentimental, perhaps you keep a diary, and doubtless write long guahing letters to your dearest bosom friends. But your reading, I suspect, is confined to the Church Service, and the last sensation novel, and you seldom take the pains to look into a newspaper, unless to see what fêles and flower-shows are in prospect, or what toilettes ravissantes were worn or what folicites running were worn at the last drawing-room, or the Emperses's last ball. So I have small hope that you ever read the Quarterly Review, or have been questioned by your partners as to what you think of the late article therein upon Sir Walter Scott, and whether you consider there is much truth in the following:—

"Doubtless there will be found at most railway stations cheap copies of Scorr's Poems, and of the Waverley Novels, which travellers purchase one by one that they may read them on the journey as they read any other worthless trash, and then throw them away. But the instances are rare, we suspect, in which, even among clucated persons, young men or young women under five-and-twenty know anything at all, either of what Scorr wrote or of what he did."

Judging by your conversation when I have had the happiness to hand you down to dinner, I fear that you are not one of these rares ares (ask your brother what that means when you next write to him at Eton: and give him my condolence in his poignant grief at having to leave school without a "leaving book"). I doubt if you can name half-a-dozen of Scort's movels, or faithfully describe the plot of any one of them. Your aister, I believe, is a devourer of French romans, and may possibly have stumbled on Les Puritains (which is French for Old Mortality), or scrambled through Evanöus (to use the foreign accent), or skimmed over the cream of Les Aventures de Nigel, or sighed over La Prison du Comté d'Edimbourg, as our lively neighbours call it, although Le Cœur de Midlothian would surely sound as well. But translations are poor substitutes, even at the best, and I should no more care to read old Rabelais in English, than Sir Walter Scort in French. I fear, however, you are not so learned as your sister, and could neither make a list of all, the Taies of my Landlord, nor give the title of the novel in which Amy Robsart dies. And I thoroughly agree with the reviewer in the Quarterly, that ignorance of Scort's works is with the reviewer in the Quarterly, that ignorance of Scorr's works is a thing to be deplored:—

"We look upon this fact... as a great public misfortune. You cannot find a surer test of the habits of thought in a people than by taking note of the light literature which is most in favour with the young of its educated classes. When we find such great works as Waverley, Guy Mensering, and the Antiquary cast saide, in order that young ladies and young gentlemen may break their hearts over the sorrows of bigunists and adulterers, we confess that the impression made upon our minds is not very flattering—we do not say to the tastes, but to the moral sense of the age."

Girls nowadays, I fancy, but seldom go to school: in fact, there are no girls' schools in these euphemistic days, for they either are called "seminaries," or, more grandly, "ladies' colleges." Still, I dare say you have had some sort of mental culture, and you would doubtless be indignant if I questioned your belonging to the "educated classes." Yet how little has your mind been cultured in reality, if it finds pleasure in the sorrows of the interesting bigamists who figure in so many flashy novels of the day! Such "light literature" as this to me is very heavy reading, and I am astonished that a girl of any sense of what is delicate and feminine, can find the slightest pleasure in it. I should as soon expect to see her read the Newgate Calendar, or devour the latest dirt which is dug up in the Divorce Court. To say nothing

of propriety, there is far more life and interest in one of Scorr's fine of propriety, there is far more life and interest in one of Scott's nice novels than in a score of Frenchy fast sensation stories, which are as false to nature as they are false to art. Yet Guy Mannering and Waverley are left upon the shelf while ladies sigh over the sorrows of Dora the Deserted, or wonder what will be the end of Miriam and her

The bordery are left upon the snell while ladies sigh over the sorrows of Dora the Deserted, or wonder what will be the end of Miriam and her Mysteries, or breathlessly await the coming magazines, which will continue the sad story of Lawra the Lone One, or the Wife of Seven Husbands, or will reveal the thrilling fate of the Mormonite Unmasked.

Love: Marriage: Murder: Mystery: there is plenty of all these in the tales which Scorr has written, and there is plenty of all these in the tales which Scorr has written, and there is plenty of a hundred other interesting themes. Where is such pleasant history as Scorr puts in his novels? Where are kings and queens and court-scenes brought so vividly to life again? Where are ancient rites and customs so truthfully described? Where else is such poetic word-painting of scenery: such close insight into character: such humour and such pathos: such naturalness of dialogue: such variety of incident: such vigour of invention: and, as in the Bride of Lammermoor, for instance, such poetry of passion, and such poetry of prose? Yet far too commonly will a young lady leave unnoticed and untouched this "well of English undefiled," and will drink in with delight the tales of trashy writers, who draw their inspiration from the cesspool and the sink.

Yes, I know these are strong words; but when I happen to feel strongly I must use words to match. You may call me an Old Grumpy, or a Great Big Silly, and may pout your pretty lips at the lecture I am

strongly I must use words to match. You may call me an Old Grumpy, or a Great Big Silly, and may pout your pretty lips at the lecture I am giving you: but you will owe me many a kiss for many a happy hour, if I persuade you to follow the advice of the Quarterly, and read Waverley and the Antiquary, and the like other "great works." To use a sporting phrase, which I dare say you will not want your brother to translate for you, I will back "Scorr's lot" against the field of our light literature, for as many dozen pairs of gloves as you may like

With this offer-not the first I doubt that you have yet receivedbelieve me yours in all sincerity. SOLON SMITH.

A DOCILE CREATURE.

(Interesting Incident in the Experience of MR. HOMEGREEN.)

WHEN I was up in London, as it happened t'other day, From Richmond back droo Hammersmith to town upon my way, When I 'd got zummut past the Bridge, a new sight there I see, A Pig a foller'n of a man, as willun as could be.

A ragamuffin kind o' chap the feller was to view His four-legged follerer by fur the clanest o' the two. However, that there man had got command o' that ere Hog, As trotted along arter un like any spannel dog.

A whity-brownish coloured Pig, looked nigh about five score; But, big or little, sitch a Pig I never see'd afore. I'd heerd about a sportsman as for pointer had a sow, Which story you may doubt on, but I quite believes it now.

Sometimes Pig lagged behind a bit, then on again a'd run, Soon as his master whistled to 'n, and cut to heel like fun. I wonder, now, if ever they 'll put up that Pig to fat. I thinks I shouldn't have the heart to kill a Pig like that.

That there Pig and the Larned Pig's relations, I should say. His teachun 'oodn't, anyhow, be all on 't throw'd away. Was other Pigs all sitch as that, we mightn't gridge the State To saddle we poor farmers wi' a eddication rate.

BEN DIZZY, don't you wish your pigs as close 'ood foller you, And let you eddicate 'um in the way you 'd have 'um goo? But your pigs be pig-headed Pigs, that must be drove wi' blows-They wun't be led, onless 'tis when you leads 'um by the nose.

THE REWARD OF VALOUR.

The subjoined announcement will perhaps evoke a remark from more than one young officer in a "crack" corps :—

"Batta to the Abvashilan Expeditionary Force.—According to the custom in the Indian army at the close of a war, the Indian troops in Abyasinia, with their officers of all ranks, will in all probability be granted batta, or extra pay, as a reward for their suffering and toil on active service. The batta usually means one

The remark will perhaps be that batta pudding is better than par-liamentary praise. A member of the Rag and Famish may be ex-pected at least to know that there is such a thing as batter pudding.

BOOK BY HOOK.—Lives of the Archbishops of Canterbury, by Dr. Hook, might be correctly called History of the Ecclesiastical Crook,



TWIN SISTERS OF CONSOLATION.

Helen (to Bob, whose picture has been "skyed"). "But fancy, if it had been put close to the Ground, where all the Skirts WOULD HAVE RUBBED AGAINST IT!"

Clytemnestra (to Bill, whose picture is ever so much under the line). "But fanot, if it had been Hung so high that nobody could HAVE SEEN IT!

Tom (whose picture has been rejected altogether. Aside). "Now, I wonder what those Girls will manage to Say to me?"

MURPHY AND WHALLEY.

It may have appeared to reasonable people that certain genteel persons with ritualistic proclivities make two mistakes when they call everybody, who, in any respect, tries to oppose or controver? Romanism and Roman Priests, a WHALLEY; the first mistake being that no such controversy and opposition can possibly be based on liberal principle, and the second that the name of Whalley is as synonymous as it is symphonious with folly. The second mistake, in rational estimation, may seem as great as the first certainly is.

A letter, however, in the Times, signed JOHN PAGE HOPPS, dated at "The Parsonage, Dunkinfield," on "The MURPHY Riots," informs the

civilised world that :

"ME. WHALLEY told the House of Commons on Monday night that 'a more hosts, truthful, and he might almost say, a more careful man in his statements had nover appeared as a public locturer than M. MURPEY.'

MR. Hopps, in illustration of the extent to which this declaration is true, tells us that, in January last, MURRHY began a lecture at Staley-bridge by producing, without any provocation, a ten-chambered re-volver, and saying, "I'm a queer lad, as you'll find out yet," that he next threatened to smash something or somebody, and then offered up a prayer. Here follows a passage from MURPHY's lecture:—

"The way to get rid of Fenianism is to hang the priests. Every priest is a Fenian head-centre. I am going to Ashton to lecture in a cotton mill, and within 300 or 400 yards of the Catholic chapel, and it will not take as long to drive the Popish lambs to Paddy's land. If the people once break out in Lancashire, they will first setze the Catholic priests, then the Sisters of Mercy, and afterwards the lambs, and send them all affeat, neck and crop."

If Mr. Hopps has not been misinformed respecting the demeanour If MR. Horrs has not been misinformed respecting the demeander and language above reported, there are only two suppositions whereon those peculiarities can be conceivably accounted for. Rither Mr. MURPHY was lecturing under the influence of excess in whiskey, or else in a state of excitement and absurd persuasion arising from mere have been as appropriate,

disorder or lesion of the brain. On the former hypothesis he ought to have been put, if possible, in the stocks: on the latter he should be immediately taken care of before he does himself or others some mischief beyond that of provoking Irishmen to attempt to refute imputations on their religion by rioting. His friends should look after him in the interest of Protestantism as well as for his own sake; and those of MR. WHALLEY, if WHALLEY knows how MURPHY has been raving, ought also to take care of him. Hanwell or Colney Hatch might receive MURPHY and WHALLEY could be provided with an asylum as receive MURPHY, and WHALLEY could be provided with an asylum at Earlawood.

THE COLOUR OF THE WINNER.

Scene-Club. TIME-The Time for Sherry and Seltzer.

"WHAT colour was the winner of the Derby?" asked GRIGG of a sporting friend.

The sporting friend replied that he did not know.
GRIGG answered, that his colour was "Spotted."
"Spotted." exclaimed TURFUS, his friend, his thoughts reverting to the Circus, "Impossible!"
"Not at all," returned GRIGG, "I am certain of it; for, before the race commenced, I spotted him!"

[Exit GRIGG, R. TURFUS left to pay for the Sherry and Seltzer.

Extremely Happy.

THE SECRETARY FOR INDIA publishes his congratulations to SIR ROBERT NAPIER. We cordially join in them. But when SIR STAFFORD adds, "I must ask for a motto, and suggests Qualis ab incepto," we must venture to regret that he did not suggest Resurgam, or In colo quies, or Disaculo surgere saluberrimum est, either of which would



"FOR THE DEFENCE."

SHADE OF PALMERSTON. "BENJAMIN! BENJAMIN! I WOULDN'T HAVE LEFT HIM IN THE LURCH."

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PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

Monday, May 25. This Derby week was so horribly and indescribably dull, Parliamentarilly (spell that after dinner, Vinoso) speaking, that Mr. Pusca's felt inclined to dispose of the proceedings in a single line, in which the two words Scotland and Boredom should be the nouns. But he soorns to yield to his inclinations, being lord of himself and all that. Don't blame him, however, because your legislators were not amusing. There were one or two episodes that may be worth notice—to the hot weather, and it may be to the means resorted to in compensation, is chiefly due the state of affairs.

MR. DISHABLI was asked whether Government would not defend Mr. Eyer against the Negromaniacs. He replied that it would not, but that he reserved the right, after the trial, to appeal to the Houses in favour of Mr. Eyrr. Such would not have been the answer of Lond Palmerston. We can hear the fine old English gentleman. "Sir, Her Majesty's Government may not give unqualified approbation to all that was done for the purpose of making an example that should deter conspirators and savages, but believing that Mr. Eyrr rendered signal service to the Crown, and that he acted to the best of his judgment in a terrible emergency, the Government would feel that it shrank from its duty to a public servant, were not my learned friend the Attorney. General to undertake Mr. Eyrr's defence against invetarate persecution by an irresponsible Junta." And we hear the cheera that Mr. Disearly twice convicted of murdering and mutilating men.

MR. DISEARLI has missed.

MR. BRIGHT made a solemn appeal to the Home Secretary to give MICHAEL BARRETT, twice convicted of murdering and mutilating men, women, and children by the Clerkenwell explosion, a third chance of escaping the gallows. Mr. HARDY replied that the only ground for reprieving BARRETT was the desire to investigate the evidence of an atibi, which had utterly broken down. About fifteen hours later the Fenian assassin was hanged, and he will be remembered by his atrocious crime, and by his being the last felon publicly executed in this country. Apropos whereof, a curious piece of hiography has been issued. Some of the Gushers who write articles in the provincial papers have improved the occasion, and have abused CALCRAFT, the executioner, on general grounds. A clergyman addresses the Telegraph as followeth :-

"As the minister of the church in which he worships, I happen to know the man, and a more worthy creature does not exist. * * * He is a good and tender-hearted man, an habitual frequenter of a Church of England place of worship, where his white head and venerable appearance is pleasingly conspicuous, though his identity is not generally known among the congregation. * * He is by trade a shoemaker, and you might deal with him all your life, and have no more idea that he was the common hangman than that he was the Grant Lama of Thibet. He is a very devout attendant upon public worship, and a man of very simple and straightforward mind, fulfilling all the relistions of domestic and social life in a kindly and affectionate manner."

Something of the same sort (deducting the religion, of course) was written about the Frenchman Sanson. It may be all true, but if a living could be got by shoe-making, it would scarcely occur to shoe-makers of average amiability to improve their income by killing people. In America the engine of death is nearly self-acting, and no regular executioner is needed, a fact which may be commended to the attention of Mr. Jonas, the admirable Governor of Newgate.

Then, and also on Thursday, the House went into Committee, and discussed the details of the Scotch Reform Bill. Of course Mr. Punch is not going to bother you with such things, but when the Bill is complete, he will tell you as much about it as you care to know. Mrs. DISRABLI got the Committee to reverse, practically, the decision which enacted Household Suffrage pure and simple, and the Scotch are to have but seven of the condemned little boroughs, three of the ten being reprieved. Mrs. MILL made a stand for fair play and the triangular vote, and Mrs. BRIGHT opposed both.

Therefore. The Lords debated Mrs. Tornews's Bill for improving the

vote, and Mr. Bright opposed both.

Therday. The Lords debated Mr. Tornems's Bill for improving the dwellings of artizans, and Lord Chelmsford made out so strong a case for it, that it might well have been passed at once, but it goes to a Select Committee, and may be lost altogether.

The Roman Catholic bishops, having signified that they will accept the proposed College only on such terms as no Protestant Government can accord, the negotiation falls to the ground, and the Cabinet is free to cry. "No Popery!"

Mr. Labouchers gained a little victory over the Government, carrying by 76 to 72 a resolution that the sums granted for diplomatic services should be submitted to Parliament in detail. Lord Stanley said that this would transfer responsibility from the Foreign Office to the House. But that is in accordance with what the present Cabinet calls its principles. Then, this being the Eve of the Derby, Members could not be bored with a discussion on the best means of preventing Colliery accidents—how could you expect it?—and were Counted.

Wednesday. The Derby. A splendid day. All the world at Enson.

Wednesday. The Derby. A splendid day. All the world at Epsom. Our contemporary above cited describes the business of the day thus:—

"A scramble to the Downs, ample eating and drinking, a minute's mad excitement, more eating and drinking, and then home from 'the Isthmian games,' with much foolish horseplay, and British efforts to be joyous, which means but too often being noisy, stupid, brutal, and drunk."

Mr. Punch speaks of himself as he finds himself, and respectfully asserts that he did not scramble, was never madly excited, acted no horseplay except a game at sweep-stake, and does not exactly remember having been either noisy, stupid, or brutal. Lady Elizabeth, LORD HASTINGS's mare and the favourite, displayed unladylike temper, and was nearly last, and the winner was SIR JOSEPH HAWLEY'S Blue-Going, as predicted by Mr. Punch, who explains his vaticination elsewhere.

Thursday. Scotch debate as above, and the only amusing incident was this. Mr. Liddell had remarked on Mr. Bright's devotion to American principles. Mr. Bright politely rejoined, "There is not a syllable of truth in what the honourable gentleman has said."

The CHAIRMAN apprised MR. BRIGHT that his language was in

excess of Parliamentary usage.

Mr. Bright had no doubt that Mr. Liddell had spoken in mistake.

Mr. Liddell said that at all events Mr. Bright was evidently an admirer of American manners

Friday. A great thunderstorm came to-day, and with it woe to the dies who went in brilliant garments to the Oaks.

"Desinat in Piscem Mulier Formosa supernd;"

"Desinat in Piscem Mulier Formona superab;"
which, being interpreted, means that the Woman who went to see
Formons win ended as wet as a Fish.
But the Storm did not get rid of the Electricity in either House,
and the night was tempestuous. After Royal Assent to piles of laws,
including the Private Execution Bill,
LOER RUSSELL made a ferce onslaught upon Ministers, declared
them not to have the confidence of the Commons, and hoped that, in
the new Parliament, they would not unconstitutionally seek to keep
place if that House voted against the Irish Church. LOER MALKES
BURY replied that the Government had the confidence of the House in
regard to many important measures, and, when the new House met,
COER RUSSELL'S friends might move an adverse vote. Then my Lords
adjourned till the 8th June.
We were miscellaneous in the Commons. Condemnation of the
MURPHY riots was general, but Ma. WHALLEY justified MURPHY, on
the ground that his father had been stoned to death at the bidding of
an Irish pricest. Filial vengeance has been respectable since the days of
Orestes, but it has usually been expended on the right people, not on
folks who had nothing to do with the offence, and it is time that Mr.
MURPHY's tender affection should command itself.
Fight on the site of the Law Courts, which most people think
should be placed on the Embankment. Lond John Manners says
that the question is Decided; but surely a Parliament, like a Disraeli
Minister, may change its mind.

that the question is Decided; but surely a Parliament, like a Disraeli Minister, may change its mind.

Then a question by Mr. W. E. FORSTER as to Dissolution, brought on some hot firing. Lond Elicho hoped that the Ministers would not be in a hurry, as he wanted to make holiday in August and September, and not be bothered with Electioneering. Mr. Gladstone, who probably does not want to make holiday in August and September, was very severe upon stress being laid on such a triffe. Mr. Pusch, who not only does want, but intends to make holiday in August, and September, and October, too, doesn't care a farthing which way the office-holders and office-wanters settle it—he goes off, weather or no. There was no definite information to be got out of the Cabinet, and so the House rose until the following Thursday.

HAYTI-TIGHTY!

THE Jamaica Committee will have been pained to learn, by telegram received at Liverpool on Thursday, that:—

44 Anarchy reigned at Port-au-Prince, and the stores had been pillaged and many citians shot. The British Consul was endeavouring to stop the outrages when the steamer salind.

As Hayti is not a British possession, the Jamaica Committee, if the British Consul shall be found to have taken the law into his own hands when Anarchy was reigning at Port-au-Prince, and to have stopped the outrages by what they may consider too strong measures, will be unable to prosecute him.

NOTE FOR JUNE.

First great Billiard Festival at Kew. Miss Pools has kindly con-

ented to sing.

Second will be held in Balk'em Station, Sussex.

For the third another spot will be desirable.

The celebrated Irish Dancers, the Little Jiggers, will attend, and

muse the company with a Thingummyjig.
A Gipsy will be present, to consult the bright particular Star.
After which, the Performing Cats, with Nine Lives each.
The Coach containing the above merry party, will be drawn by four

wonderful Screws.

For further particulars, see Small Bill, if you know him.



A DESPERATE CASE!

First Driver. "How's POOR BOB?"

Second Driver. "OH, HE'S A GOOD DEAL BRITER-TAKES HIS LOTIONS MORE

First Driver (reassured). "An!"

HOW WE BREED OUR BURGLARS.

THE other day a couple of mere boys were indicted for a Burglary, and the following is a bit of the evidence ad-

"They had hitherto borne a good character, but lately they had had their minds poisoned by the reading of infamous publications, such as the 'Juvenite Highwaymen,' and other things of that stamp, and he believed that they had been the cause of their present

We justly pride ourselves in England on our having a Free Press; but the question may be asked if a Press which lures to thievery be not more free than welcome? Due precautions have been taken to regulate the sale of drugs which are noxious to the body, and surely some-thing might be done to stop the sale of novels which are hurtful to the mind.

To begin with, works such as the Boy Burglar, or the Infantile Assassin, should not be suffered to go forth, without having the word "Poison!" stamped upon the cover; and it might further somewhat tend to the suppression of the evil, if, after being branded, every such book should be burnt.

FAREWELL TO PIPECLAY.

DEILL SERGEANT of the old school, go thy way, Where alone thou should'at be a master now; Young Ladies' Boarding-School—chassez-croisez-Word of command to caper, or to bow, The British soldier give as well might'at thou. Breech-loading rifle management's his need; The art at quickest rate his foes to alay.

The goose-step for the geese! What a recruit
Should have is exercise in masket drill,
That he may learn to blaze away with speed;
Instruction which in battle will bear fruit, In wonders. wonders. Sergeant, cultivate that skill, And teach the young Militia how to shoot.

Levitation by Law.

WHETHER or no Mr. Home, the Medium, was ever lifted into the air by spirits, people may question, but nobody can doubt that, at the suit of Mrs. Lyon, when he was arrested he was taken up.

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CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XXVI. THE RROTHERS.

STRUGGLING, battling manfully with the waves beating upon the lower rocks beneath Old MARTIN's cottage, came ashore, upon the eventful evening which has occupied the last few chapters, the body of a man, old before his time, grasping in his right hand a bottle and a lump of sugar.

He lay for some seconds extended upon the beach, until another wave more furious than that which had stranded him, turned him and tossed him over, like a giant at play with an empty butter-cask, and giving him as it were a last kick, retired again into his ocean cave, drawing in his breath with a chuckling roar over the broken state of

drawing in his breath with a chucking roar over the broken state or his old toy.

"Twas the sea's last effort, a grand one, and then it began retreating, like a cowardly giant as it was, to go and play with huge ships for shuttlecocks and wast rocks for marbles on the other side of the world. The form on the beach moved, stretched, and finally sat upright: a bottle in one hand, a lump of sugar in the other.

"Confound them for a couple of idiots! Commit me to the sea when

they hadn't given themselves or me, for the matter of that, time to know whether I was dead or not!" muttered the figure in a grambling tone. Then he poured three drops of "stuff" as it was labelled, upon a lump of sugar, and placing the latter in his mouth, soon appeared much invigorated.
"A murrain on the inde!" he continued

"A murrain on the jade!" he exclaimed, trying to rise, "an she hath not given me cramps and agues, and a tertian, it may hap enough to last me till next Martinmas, may I never crush cup or demolish pasty more." *

Rising with some difficulty, the Lieutenant, for, as our readers have probably already divined, it was indeed he, commenced the ascent of the crag overhead.

"Come Martinmas!" he said to himself, "odd that the name of MARTIN should occur to me now. My poor brother! But for a quarrel about some wretched property and a title (may all ill light upon such causes of disagreement!) we should have been living together now, and he would perhaps have been an Admiral."

and he would perhaps have been an Admiral."

The past seemed like a dream to him: NUTT, GRACE, the Pangoffins, the fatal sugar, the Castor oil, 'all had passed away like the fashions of a kaleidoscope. It was evident to him that while in a trance they had, as we, being trathful historians, have stated in another place, committed him early on the fifth morning of their floating-house voyage to an ocean grave, which is as much as to say they pitched him over. And we added, "interred him decently;" that is, as it were, turned him out well, as became a faithful nice and attached servant. So as he strode up the crag the thought | recurred to him, and he questioned in his heart the treatment he had received at their hands. "Pitched over! Turned out!" he went on, harping upon these grievances until the balmy air of morn, 'stealing from the far west, crept in among his grey hairs and whispered peace.

A harmony as from another world seemed round about his head.

in among his grey hairs and whispered peace.

A harmony as from another world seemed round about his head.

He clasped his hands, and with a smiling self-devotion looked upwards as he muraured softly, so softly, to himself,

"A singing! in my ears! Ah! happy childhood!"

Then in reverent spirit he doffed that weather-beaten hat, and moved in a gay and stately manner, reminding the looker-on of the expressive joyous occasion of an old Castilian, whose blue blood would have been starred by the sight of some wild deeds of chivalry, or some Moorish dogs biting the dust before the sainted banner of Compostello.

A looker-on did see him.

A looker-on did see him. demolian pasty more."

to a large extent in the Novel Company, has expressed himself sufficiently satisfied

* Note. The Gentleman among the literary staff who wished the entire tale to be
by this speech being put into the Lieutenant's mouth as a protest against more
called a Medieval Romance, and who, under this impression, became a shareholder

modern English and ordinary phrases.—Ed. An old man above, from a window where he had crept to see "the blessed sun before life ebbed."*

He could only feebly breathe "Hi!"
The sound attracted the Lieutenant's attention.

He ran towards the door.

It was MARTIN'S cottage.

He lifted the latch, and quick as lightning threw the bottle towards the sinking figure, who, guarding his head by the instinct which even men in the last stage have of self-preservation, seized it, and drained it to the dregs.

The morning sun shone in.
"My Preserver!" exclaimed old MARTIN, rushing madly towards

the Lieutenant.
"My Life preserver!" ejaculated the Lieutenant, feeling in the vest of his uniform.

Within an inch of each other both started back. "It cannot be!" was their one exclamation.

"It cannot be!" was their one exclamation.
Then Martin, holding off from the other at a foot's length, stared straight in his face, and asked rapidly,
"CHARLES AUGUSTUS LEONARD!"

And the other replied with an interrogatory: "MATTHEW MARMADUKE MARTIN?"

"MATTHEW MARMADUKE MARTIN?"

The two old men were in each other's arms.

"My brother! my dear brother!" each oried.

In that moment all was forgotten and forgiven. Explanations quickly followed, and MARTIN, or as we must now call him, MATTHEW MARMADUKE MARTIN MARCHMONT, put it clearly to the Lieutenant, his elder brother, how when they had both married, he had never intended to hurt his feelings by taking the girl who should have been his brother CHARLES's bride; while a similar assurance on the part of AUGUSTUS LEONARD soon cleared the veil of doubt and mystery from the heart of the younger, though now old, MARTIN.

One other explanation.

CHARLES LEONARD asked.

One other explanation.
CHARLES LEONARD asked,
"How is my daughter?"
Old MARTIN replied, trembling.
"CHARLES, she thought me dead, a villain has her in his power, but I dare say Joseph, her lower, will find her."
Then it was Old MARTIN's turn to ask,
"How is my daughter?"
"GRACE is lost at sea," was the Lieutenant's hurried reply. "The young scapegrace buried me; but if we take a ship (you want a little change of air, so do I), I dare say we shall find her somewhere about the Pacific."

For each old man had, out of revence in early days stolen the

For each old man had, out of revenge, in early days, stolen the other's daughter when a child; and the one, Grace, had been brought up as CHARLES MARCHMONT'S nicee, as indeed she was; while the other was called Old MARTIN'S daughter, as indeed she wasn't.

"The first thing then is," said the Lieutenant.

The first thing then is," said the Lieutenant,

" To get-" A SHIP."

They had been at sea three days,

These two old men.

"Steer to the right, MARMADUKE MATTHEW MARTIN, will you?" said the Lieutenant.
"I will Not, Augustus Leonard Charles," was his stern relation's

return.

"If you don't," retorted Augustus Leonard, irritably, "I'll break your old head."

"Break my old head you....."

"Break my old head, you—"
Angry words might have followed but for the intervention of Com-MANDER BOUNCER, a veteran Horse Marine, who had been in the service ever since that peculiar branch of it had been first organised, and who

"Hold Hard!" said Commander of this expedition.

"Hold Hard!" said Commander Bouncer.

His ship, by the way, which before was called the Gemini, had now been re-christened the Penelope Anne, Owner Knox.

"Don't let's have no rumpus," was the Commander's homely advice.

The old men wept in each other's arms.
"Now then," said the Commander, "You two go up aloft, one on the mast-head, 'tother on the jib-boom, and keep a look out."

the mast-head, 'tother on the jib-boom, and keep a look out."
Away they went up the rigging.
Then they sailed on, the Commander steering.
On the sixth day, the two old men never having moved from their position, the loblolly boy caught a fish which was hauled upon deck.
The fish was a flying one apparently, but on opening it they found it had swallowed a small fat bird, whose wings were sticking out.
On this bird was a card of invitation.
It was the Round Robin.
On it was Miss Marchmont's name.

* The Editor, at the request of the authors of the Boomerang portion, who have seen these proofs as per agreement, wishes to know from what poet this quotation is made?

is maner

Answer of Authors of the Piel Dornion pert.—What I not know that / / / Consult
any Member of Parliament in the habit of quoting; and read, Sir, read.

Then the sailors hoorayed for joy, and the Lieutenant gave them three pound six and eightpence halfpenny all round, and entered it all in his private account book with a share of three-quarters of the whole sum down to his brother, to be repaid when he came into his fortune.

Then the Commander liquored up freely, and the two old men wept again in each other's remarks.

again in each other's arms.

Then they thought they saw something.

They sailed to the right, according to the direction on the card, and within a few hours, the Commander taking a second and a stiffer glass,

EEL PIE ISLAND, and GREEN FAT.*
Then the Sailors cheered the Lieutenant, who bowed courteously from the masthead, and distributed sovereigns among the men, who had already begun to pity the poor old gentleman, as a harmiess lunatic not very distantly related to the Flying Dutchman.

So they sailed on. Martin at the prove, Bouncer at the helm, the Lieutenant, like the good Cherub, amiling aloft, and keeping watch on the life of poor Jack below; then onward sped that good ship, the

Penelope Anne.

(To be continued.)

* The Editor compliments the Piel-Donsmon-portion Authors on so readily falling in with the romantic notion of the Boomerang authors. The Editor does hope that they'll all work together with a will for the finish, which is now rapidly

PUNCH'S DERBY PROPHECY FULFILLED.



ERE you are again, and such of you as followed the advice of your only true and faithful friend, Punch, have wan a pot of money and can afford to take your levely and attached charmers to Ascot Now, my noble sportsmen, what did I tell you? I gave you the right tip, while all the other prophets (except the Star and the Bra) led their too confiding victims into dreadful bogs and abyssmal quagmires, where they are now wallowing in the cold abjectness of disappointment and dismay. Let us hooray over them, for two-thirds of the pleasure of life is beholding the deserved misfortunes of others. Hooray,
accordingly. And now what did
I say? This:—

"THE WINNER WILL BE A WOMAN OF FASHION COMING DOWN TO BREAKFAST IN A COUNTRY HOUSE."

What does that mean? That Blue being a fashionable morning colour, a lady will probably come down in a Blue-gown? No, Sirs, though that would be a much more explicit prophecy than nine out of ten of my contemporary prophets dare risk. No, Sirs. But it means this :-

THE WINNER WILL BE THE ONE THAT IS IN THE GREATEST HURRY TO GET AT THE Post.

Now then?

A WORD TO THE WITLERS.

Punch recommends his beloved friends, the Licensed Victuallers, to give up, for a short time, the pleasure of holding blatant meetings for self-protection, and talking tall nonsem's under the presidency of fifth-rate members of Parliament, and to take notice of evidence which is being given to the House of Commons on the part of the artisan class. Mr. Portren, and other officials of unions, associations, and the like, are assuring the House that the workmen desire stringently restrictive measures as to the sale of liquor, not only on Sundays, but at other times. That the most skilful drink the most, and pray to be protected against themselves. That they wish beer were a guinea a pot. That the fault of the Sunday Bill is that it is not half strong enough, and much more, to that effect. Now it does not in the least matter, for the present purpose, how far these witnesses are authorised, or whether they desire a wise and just thing. Their evidence has great weight and will be listened to. And it will be quoted, if not now, by the next Chancellor of Exchequer, who is notoriously inclined to be as hard as he can upon the Drink trade. But the blessed Bungs won't pay attention to all this. It is so much easier to drink toasts and cheer a rampant secretary describing a Publican as the nearest likeness to an Angel which this world affords. Why is not the great body of artisans appealed to, and asked whether they want the sort of legislation desired by Mr. POTTER?

Are they virtuous, and shall there be no more cakes and ale?

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AT THE HORSE-SHOW .- A PRIZE PAIR.

ROBINSON'S REVERIE.

My eyes make pictures when they're shut Beneath some bower's shade; A tilted waggon in a rut, A well, and nut-brown maid. And now they show a portrait fair, So sweetly limh'd from life; With gentle glance and golden hair— An eligible Wife.

Art looketh on her loveliness,
And lays his pencil down,
While RACHEL weeps—can she do less?
Eachantress of renown!
Whose roses conscious of deceit
Their abject state deplore;
With cunning lilies, train'd to chest,
All crushed for evermore!

In politics she plays no part,
"No vote I need," she says;
The House that represents her heart,
My oratory sways.
Yet doth she read HUME, HALLAM, MILL,
And WHATELY with delight;
My essays, too, on Time, Space, Will,
Equality and Right!

Severely though her temper's tried
By desultory Man,
Across her brow no shadows glide,
My faults no breezes fan.
A few fat friends I met at Rome
Are welcome when they call,
And he who looks most like a gnome,
She flatters most of all.

A pony Phæton in the Park She drives from two to three : No bells conspiring tinkle !—mark
How self-contained is she.
The proud swart Prince with silver spur
Observes that peerless One,
And ducal hats are raised to her
Whose eyes are raised to none.

At Race, Assize, or County Ball,
She shineth as a star;
She smiles on captains stout or small,
And charms the briefless Bar.
To hounds she rides with eager men,
And laughs when others aigh:
But takes the stiffest fences when
No nervous youth is nigh.

Methinks in living form I see
My Beautiful! my bride!
How grateful then, I bend the knee,
Consenting to be tied.
My hookah mutely I resign,
My dog with wail of woe
Retires—then the tuneful Nine
In a procession slow.

Sometimes grim thoughts of age and gout Invade my broken rest,
When slipper'd, lean, I'm wheeled about,
Still dreaming, still unblest.
And, oh, what grief will grave my cheek,
Ye doves that cozy coo!
If she, the faultless one I seek,
Should seek perfection too.

A Different Article.

MR. "JOHN" MURRAY, of Albemarle Street, has warned the public against a book announced by MR. "A." MURRAY, as written by HENRY HALLAM. When will the public learn the difference between "A" MURRAY, of who knows where, and 'the' MURRAY, of Albemarle Street?

THEI HORSE SHOW.



"proper study of mankind is—horse." There is an equine flavour pervading society during that period, as there is undoubtedly a beefy odour throughout London at the Cattle Show season, the latter being possibly accounted for by the superabundance of ox-ygen in the air. Following close upon the wild excitement of the Derby and the Oaks comes the calmer attraction of the Islington show, and in admiring the animals when quiescent in their stalls or careering proudly round the centre, the real admirer of the noble brute who has won his money may append it wrofitably in their stalls or careering proudly round the centre, the real abunter of the noble brute who has won his money may spend it profitably in some judicious purchases, whilst the sight cannot fail to be gratifying to the luckless speculator who has backed his Lady Elizabeth, and has lost heavily by his Bet.

Irrespective of the actual entertainment derived by witnessing the Irrespective of the actual entertainment derived by witnessing the Show, the contemplation of the animals must have its due effect upon those heartless utilitarians who would degrade the horse to the level of the dinner-table, and who, in talking of "stakes," are apt to confuse the legitimate meaning of the word with another—a juicier and more revolting one, repulsive alike to the admirer of the genuine article at fourteenpence per pound, and the respector of the "friend of man."

On the present occasion it is true there was a grim suggestion of what in this learning the present occasion of the superconditions.

On the present occasion it is true there was a grim suggestion of what in this horribly practical age might occur some day in the presence of a new kind of sausage machine; but we trust it was admitted by accident, and was not deliberately placed in a prominent position, as a moral warning to the animals after the manner of these jolly ancient gourmets, who couldn't enjoy their banquet without the presence of a skeleton; a cheerful addition, at once suggestive of the hollowness of worldly delights, and the advantage of picking one's bones. Be that as it may, we for one hope the day is far distant when there shall be a run upon collared horse, or a lively demand in the poorer neighbourhoods for "a pound of nice horse-ages."

One is not required to have what is technically termed "an eye for a horse" to see the wast superiority of a Show like the one at the Agricultural Hall over such an exhibition as the Derby, as a means

a horse" to see the vast superiority of a Show like the one at the Agricultural Hall over such an exhibition as the Derby, as a means agricultural ratio over such an exhibition as the Deroy, as a means towards the legitimate end; namely, the improvement of the quadruped himself. Where at Epsom one seldom sees anything but lean fine drawn weedy specimens, fleet of foot and delicate as Italian greyhounds, at Islington one beholds a collection of honest, full-grown, well developed sturdy fellows, up to weight, fine enduring wholesome looking animals of all sorts, shapes and sizes. The present show was no exception to the rule.

As usual, however, human judgment was not considered infallible, and some of the judicial decisions of the noblemen and gentlemen who awarded the prizes were received with anything but favour by the spectators. Many well conducted persons indeed went so far as to hiss, hoot, and yell at the lucky recipients of the judges' approval, and to receive the less fortunate animals with extravagant applause. Prominent amongst the unlucky ones was Somson, to our fancy a grand animal, who on the second day distinguished himself beyond all

others at leaping, being magnificently ridden by Mr. Hawes, who was evidently destined to

" Witch the world with noble Hawesmanship."

and who took a fence after a fence with excellent temper.

The Paince of Walker's Reight of St. Pairick, which took the second prize amongst the weight-carrying hunters, was a decided success; but his Royal Highness's Rupes was not a popular prizeholder. We should, however, fancy the mare to be exceedingly fleet, indeed Rupes struck us as being a kind of foreign coin which any one would find very difficult to pass. And here let us protest against the hideous habit of shortening the horse's tail in a barbarous manner, which in many instances brought before our mind's eye vivid recollections of old Newmarket nags in black wooden frames, plentifully flyblown, in the rusty inn parlours of bygone days. Some of the tails in the present instance were the merest paragraph. Buch mutilation should be felony, and on the homeopathic principle, for those who cut short a horse's tail, the consequences should be decidedly the dock.

We would also urge the advisability of the persons who show off the animals taking a few lessons in horserding between this Show and the one next year. In more senses than one there was a great falling off this June; indeed, so often did some of the would-be huntamen come to the ground, that we were surprised they did not occasionally indulge in that exciting and suggestive sporting excimation, "Tan-try!"

On the whole, however, the Fifth Annual Horse Show was the best we have had, and though the prices attached to some of the numbers were rather extravagant, they were no doubt like bets when lost by ladies, not expected to be paid. The behaviour of the animals in their stalls and boxes, who are supposed to be as well bred, but who might in many instances take a profitable lesson from the more quietly conducted denizens of the Agricultural Hall.

We may add, that the only disappointment we met with was the absence of a Suffolk Punch (which we held to be a personal alight); that we were totally at a loss to discover the cannection between a Horse Show and a patent pen-sheller; that the Prince's whi

TWO WAYS WITH RASCALDOM.

THERE are two ways of doing most things, to say nothing of masterly inactivity, or not doing them at all, which is pleasantest in hot weather. We all know the extreme politeness displayed by our excellent Police Magistrates towards criminals, and the careful avoidance of any expressions likely to wound the feelings of those interesting objects, and to notify to them the opinion of Society on their doings. That is one

In America there is another. We learn from the New York Leader that-

"Judge Dowling, of Boston, is eminently fitted for his position. He is prompt, intelligent, decided, humans. He will get through a hundred cases in an hour, Discharpe, fine, imprisonment, follow rapidly, mingled with paternal advise."

And the writer follows this eulogium, which we understand is really deserved, by a specimen of Judes Dowling's talk to a rascal.

"A man complains of a girl for breaking his windows. The Judge gets at tha story in a minute. 'So you turned her out of doors, and she smashed your windows, did she? I wish she had broken your bead. Great, idle, hay vagabond, living on the blood and bones of these poor creatures; if I catch you in my court again I II send you up for six months. Clear out! 'And the chap-fallen follow leaves the court-room. The prisoner is in great glae, but is instantly sobered as the Judge turns to her and says: 'Look here, if you break that man's windows again, or disturb him in any way, I'll send you up for six months. Now go."

That, as we have said, is the other way. We are not sure that it has not its merits. It is the way Punch talks to sundry.

The Way to Rule the Waves.

The thanks of the British Nation are due to the Admiralty for having provided it with Naval Defences, described by the Times as "a fleet of ironclad broadsides, which can only fire their guns in such exceptional weather as cannot fairly be anticipated for a naval action." It may be said that these Men-of-War, like KNICKERBOCKER'S Dutch Emigrant Ship, are likely to be particularly great in a calm. But perhaps that is too much to say; and all that can be safely asserted is, that the British Navy will be unable to fight in rough water.

" NO CHILDREN NOW-A-DAYS."

AWFUL intelligence about a child of only six years old. Her Mamma says she is growing so fast!
Is it possible!! Are these the materials of which the girl of the



MR. PUNCH'S DESIGNS AFTER NATURE.

THE DOVE STYLE

A WORD WITH A YENGEE.

A CLEVER American gentleman, who writes in *Tinsley*, and who has told us some wholesome truths about sundry Englishisms, which we frankly admit to be absurdities, has, in his last Paper, attacked us on the subject of Theatres and Music Halls. We do not consider an the subject of Theatres and anusic mains. We so, pro hade vice; as, American a foreigner, but we will call this writer so, pro had vice; as, American a foreigner, but we should not have anawered him. "Let American a foreigner, but we will call this writer so, pro ide vice; as, but for his being a stranger, we should not have answered him. "Let them rave," is Mr. Punck's motto, when abused. This gentleman, after a contrast between the English and the American stage, and after assigning great superiority to the actors on the latter (the samples we get seldom justify his sentence), makes a stand for the Music Halls and their Music. Further, he intimates that Punck depreciates both, because certain of his young men are theatrical authors. That is certainly not his reason, nor is it a natural one, as theatrical authors are generally much more inclined to castigate Managers than to fondle them. As regards the music, missus the words, he has no further objection to it, than that it is of a low type, despite the fact that most of the very successful tunes are stolen from the French, or other sources. The words usually sung are so utterly idiotic that it is hardly worth while to express contempt for them, or for those who appland them. But for the Music Hall itself he has a hatred, which is so well vindicated in the following paragraph, that he will spare himself the trouble of inditing another. This is from an article in the First Number of the New Series of the Gentleman's Magazine (which periodical he hereby New Series of the Gentleman's Magazine (which periodical he hereby takes the opportunity of mildly puffing, by merely saying that the man or Person who does not read it is guilty of Voluntary Lunacy), and here is Mr. Punch's reason for his hostility to the Music Hall:—

"The Music Halls encourage drinking. By an air of respectability, assumed as 'cloak to carry on the trade,' families of the bourgeois class are induced to frequent them, and are thereby brought into social contact with the profligate and abandomed of both serse."

Add, that the young are thus led into temptation, and frequently into crime, and we have done. But we ourselves are quite willing to "encourage drinking" to the extent of saying to our American critic, " Let us liquor up."

WHAT MR. HOME IS AND HAS NO LONGER.-The LYONS' cher.

TO THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF, K.G.

MY DEAR GEORGE,
I SHALL publish this letter, but by Jove, old fellow, you scarcely deserve it.

I read, in the Imperial Review, this,

"We are informed that at a public dinner last week the proceedings of which were not reported, his ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF CAMERIDGE referred pointedly to the late caricature of him in Panch, which represented him as 'knowing nothing of 'Sis R. NAPISS. HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS declared emphatically that, so far from such being the case, he was the first person to auggest the name of the gallant general to the Cabinet for the command in Abyssinia."

Now, first, my dear GEORGE, as to the manner of this proceeding of

yours, and then as to the matter.

Now, first, my dear Gedrege, as to the manner of this proceeding of yours, and then as to the matter.

Either the courage or the kind feeling for which your family and yourself are distinguished must have failed you when you saw my Cartoon. Else, mos views, you would not have waited for a public dinner at which to express your sensations, but you would have driven down here, as you have done hundreds of times, and over a cool drink and a cigar have had the affair out with me, and received the explanation which you give me the trouble to make with the thermometer at 80° in the shade. Or, at worst, you might have sent General Forsters to know whether you had annoyed me. I would not have chaffed him, at least not more than was good for his soul.

But, as to the matter to which you have referred pointedly (that means, I suppose, that you pointed at my picture), I can truly say, my George, that I had no intention of wounding your feelings. I make allowances for a Royal Duke who associates with old Generals, and that kind of intellect, but you ought to have seen, and have been sure, that the Portrait which you have chosen to imagine meant my personal friend, George, Duke of Cambridge, meant him in his official capacity, as Head of the Horse Guards. I like you very much, as you know, and I believe you to be an excellent Duke and good fellow, with the interests of your Cousin's Army, and of your Country, very much at heart. Moreover, are we not, as I have said, personal friends, and have I not glorified you in many Pictures? Do you not recollect how I applauded your accession to the Head of the Army, your dealing with coarse young officers, and other merits? And if I could forget your good deeds, and our private regard, would I have willingly been unkind to the Cousin of my Queen? By Jove, George, I am nearly getting riled in trying to un-rile you. Your health, however.

But, my dear Commander-in-Chief, business is business. I am heartily glad to know from yourself that you were most laudably prompt to get the Decorati

Morse Guards very much behind the time, while I congratulate you, my Royal Geners, in keeping up with it.

There, my gallant friend, I hope that explanation pleases you, and that you are vexed with yourself for not having come down to my office, and had it out there. However, I forgive you, or rather, I have nothing to forgive. Come down as usual, and the sooner the better, for I have just opened a prime lot of weeds, on which I should like your opinion. Bring old Forster, if you like, for I am rather fond of him.

Ever, my dear George. Ever, my dear George,

Yours affectionately,

85, Fleet Street.

DEINED.

P.S. You are quite wrong in being obstinate against the bit of brass on the soldier's shoulder. Read Hozier, and learn how that little defence saved hundreds of men from being cut down.

Official.

(From the " Horol.")

WE understand that MR. WHALLEY is to be raised to the Peerage, with the title of LORD SAY-AND-SING.

THE PACE THAT KILLS.—The faster a man starts in life, the sooner he gets into a hobble.

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"IRES ANGUSTÆ DOMI."

Family Man. "WHERE DO YOU GO THIS YEAR, JINNINGS!"

Bachelor (in a sketchy manner). "OH-BADEN FOR A FEW WEEKS, AND THE WHINE, BELGIUM-P'WAPS GET AS FAR'S VIENNAH! WHERE 'YOU OFF TO?"

Family Man. "Oh, I suppose I shall take the Old Woman down to Woething—as usual!"

[And he says this in anything but a sprightly manner—which was weak and injudicious.

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

THURSDAY, June 4. The House of Commons (a very small one) met after the Whitsuntide Holidays, and Punch was reminded of a verse in a gallant old ballad by James Hogg, a poet of whom Scotland is not half so proud as she ought to be-

44 Rough was the onset—boast, nor threat, Nor cry was heard from friend or foe; At once began the work of fate, With perilous thrust and deadly blow."

Scarcely were Members in their places, when SIR THOMAS BATESON, Member for Devizes, and Conservative, demanded of the PREMIER whether his attention had been called to a letter signed by MR. GLADSTONE, and published for the benefit of the Liberals (who won) at the East Worcestershire Election. In that letter the writer accused the Ministers of proposing to endow the Catholic Church in Ireland, and to create a Catholic University to be paid out of the taxes of the country.

country.

MR. DIRRABII (with a masterly imitation of the bastering manner of the late Lord Palmerston). My attention, Sir, is called to most things. I believed that letter, and still believe it to be, one of those effasions I believed that letter, and still believe are sometimes called squibs, and some-I believed that letter, and still believe it to be, one of those effusions which, in election language, are sometimes called squibs, and sometimes hoaxes. (Lawpher.) It appeared to me to be a gross caricature of the right hon. gentleman's least happy style; and, as it contained assertions which could not be proved, and which nothing but the excitement of an election would justify, I really have given no further consideration to it. (Loud laughter.)

Mr. Gladstone. Sir, I wish

Mr. Surtees. Sir, I rise to order. The

Speaker (sharply and sternly). There is no question of order. You must not interrupt the proceedings of the House.

Mr. Gladstone. I will speak presently.

When the Motion for going into Supply came,
MR. GLADSTONE had his innings. He had written the letter, and if
it had helped the Hon. Mr. LYTTLETON to beat MR. LASLETT, was
very glad of it. He was not going to defend his style. But he showed,
with great earnestness and elaboration, that the policy pointed out in
that letter had been the policy of the Cabinet.
MR. DISRABLI, preserving something of his sportive manner, endeavoured to prove that Ministers had never said anything that amounted
to what MR. GLADSTONE had charged. The country knew better, he
said, than to believe that he wished to do more than improve the

said, than to believe that he wished to do more than improve the status of the Catholic Church.

The battle of the knights was followed by the battle of the squires, MR. CARDWELL and LORD MAYO having a set-to, which was in favour of the former. Then the debate went down so low as to include discussion as to the politics of MR. REARDON! Then it ceased, for nothing could "live 'twixt that and silence."

Estimates, Education, Exhibitions, and the like, until half-past one in the morning.

Observe, however, that Mr. Hardy gave notice of a Bill for Expediting the new Registration of Electors. They are coming! Friday. Mr. LAMONT (Liberal) presented a Petition, signed by 76 Peers, 6 Bishops, 20 M.P.'s, 400 Clergymen, 66 Generals and Admirals, 300 Justices of the Peace, and about 30,000 other persons, praying

rais, 300 Justices of the Feace, and about 30,000 other persons, praying that Mr. Evre might be restored to public employment, and compensated for the losses he has sustained by persecution.

Debate on Maynooth, ended by a resolution that the vote for this Establishment, and also the Regism Donsm to the Presbyterians should cease simultaneously with the destruction of the Irish Church.

COLOMEL STUART KNOX said something which Mr. REARDON (QUEEN Insulter) held to imply contempt for him, and which the Speaker ruled to be unobjectionable.

Count Out on proposal to count out more money to SIR JOHN

Count Out on proposal to count out more money to Sir John Thwaites for the Embankment.

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CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XXVII.

" MINE FOR EVER!

THE waves which had received JOSEPH when he leapt from the burning height extinguished such flames as had already caught his dress, and carried him to shore.

Thence, after inquiry at Martin's hut, who had by that time departed with the Lieutenant, he at once betook himself to town, trusting to the information which he was able to gather on the road from those who had seen PIEL DORNTON galloping towards the metropolis with a fair burden laid across the horse, as to where BESSY was imprisoned.

At first he thought that the best method was to call upon the LORD

At first he thought that the best method was to call upon the Lord Charcellon, and obtain some letters dimissory or a mandamus; but on second thoughts he gave up this plan as involving too great a waste of time and money.

of time and money.

He soon began to be aware of several people in disguise following him wherever he went, and once coming round a corner sharply when he was evidently supposed to have gone the other way, he discovered a middle-aged man taking off a false nose and a pair of coloured spectacles. This alarmed him, and in fature he only ventured out at night. One evening he was in St. James's Park when a gentlemanly man accosted him, asking him if he wanted "a little dawg."

Something about his interrogator's appearance attracted him, and he was led, contrary to his usual custom, to enter into a conversation with the man, and while so engaged they drew near the small summerhouse which was built for the sole use of Royalty some years ago, and which is still a show place for our country cousins, with its groteaque pictures, its rich velvet-covered sofas, and Dutch mantel-pieces carved over with the conquests of the Regent, a special attraction perhaps being that the entrance is gratia, and it can only be seen on certain days in the year, such days being, among others, if we remember right, the twenty-ninth of September, the first of April, the glorious thirty-first of June, and the annual commemoration on the same day in thirty-first of June, and the annual commemoration on the same day in

Hence it was not astonishing that JOSEPH, new to London as he was, should have expressed his curiosity to visit the interior of the Royal Arbour.

The man had the pass-key and admitted him. Joseph sat down to admire wonders in art quite new to him.

It was a hot day, and he complained of thirst. His new acquaintance, who appeared to be a sort of a metropolitan farmer, offered to procure him a delicious draught of curds and whey straight from the cow.

JOSEPH accepted, and in another second he was alone.

He felt in his pocket for the papers, and cursing his own stupidity in not having secreted them carefully before, he now, with a dim intuitive perception of coming danger, sewed them into the heels of his

Scarcely had he taken this precaution when the man re-appeared, bearing a bowl of the grateful heverage.

After this JOSEPH knew no more. He drank, and fell, insensible. The full-length portrait of the Ranger opened, and a tall man in a mask appeared, accompanied by two others in cloaks.

"Bear him away at once," and the tallest of the masks, in a tone of

imperious command.

"Where to, Master Dornton?" inquired the man who had administered the potion.
"Silence, fool!" thundered Dornton, for the Mask was he. "Your inquitious folly may ruin us."

"I beg your honour's pardon," replied the man, surlily.

"Hold your confounded tongue, Jerran," said the younger and shorter Mask, "if you can, or I'll shoot you as I would a dog."

"Nay," interposed the third, who was stouter and of a more noble bearing. "Poor Jerran means no harm. What say you, Captain Dornton, whither shall the carrion be borne?"

PIEL DORNTON, musted then in a sloomy value he cays the command-

PIRL DORNTON paused, then in a gloomy voice he gave the command—
"To the Black Mine of Cwmdgrwr. Away!"

They bore his body among them, PIRL DORNTON controlling their movements with a revolver which he ever and anon pointed from one to another as occasion seemed to require.

To the Black Mine of Cwmdgrwrr, in Cornwall.

Then, as they closed the door and departed, he threw aside his disguise.
"I breathe again," he cried. "Mine! Mine for ever!"
Then he went to Hanover Square.

HANOVER SQUARE!!

CHAPTER XXVIII.

THE BLUSH ROSE PATTERN.

IN an elegant apartment in Hanover Square sat ELIZABETH, the supposed daughter of Old Marrin. She was a prisoner, to all intents and purposes a prisoner, as much was the statue of George Cannine, which looked sadly down upon the ancient pump below, as if though

they had both been there for years, no one had ever yet had the civility to ask him to take a drop.

Blackly looked the statue on poor Bassy as she walked to the window.

She tried to amuse herself with books; but she could not read. The piano was her only resource: she was entirely ignorant of the practical science of music, and did not know one note from another, but she swept her hands indiscriminately over the keys, and made such music as perhaps few, even proficient in the art, could have heard unmoved. Then she surveyed the apartment. It was a gorgeously furnished room. Chairs of various ornamentation, with figures of sea gods and small fishes stood out in bold relief, showing the seats to have been constructed less for utilization than describe automates.

constructed less for utilitarian than decorative purposes

The carpet was a rich heavy cut pile of a strange patters. In centre was a large circle, and in the centre of this ring a blash rose.

This attracted her attention, and though she could not in the least understand the train of thought, she could not help connecting this rose somehow or another with the memory of her, to her, lost JOSEPH.

rose somehow or another with the memory of her, to her, lost Joseph.

The door opened, and Piel Dornton, in an evening dress of the height of fashion, with large white tic, high collars and tail coat that swept the floor, entered, gaily.

"Do not approach me," said Birst, flying to the bell-rope.

"Nay, pretty flutterer," and Piels, smiling, "the bells will not serve thee any more than will those they summon. They are dummien."

"But your servants?" inquired Birst, smiling, "the bells will not serve thee any more than will those they summon. They are dummien."

"But your servants?" inquired Birst, smiling, "the bells will not serve thee any more than will those they summon. They are dummien."

"But your servants?" inquired Birst, smiling, "the bells will not serve thee any draperly inquired Birst, smiling, "the bells will not covered." and drawing anide a beavy draperly, he discovered to her astonished gaze a table covered with a profusion of delicacies, including nuts from Brazil, and oranges from sweet Seville, with bottles of the richest home-made wines and ices, which could not have cost one penny less than that exact sum. Then soft music began to play, and Piel watched its effect upon her with evident satisfaction.

She permitted him to take her hand.

She permitted him to take her hand.

To lead her towards the banquet.

She trembled: soft aromatic vapours were wafted across the room, and she sank upon a sofs, feeling that her will was becoming powerless

and she sank upon a nots, feeling that her will was becoming powerless in the hands of this terrible being.

"JOARPH!" he nummered.

"Bah!" exclaimed Pink. "Think not of him. He has neglected you: he is toying at this moment with some lead-begrimed miner's daughter." daughter.

"Has he indeed sunk so low?" asked, in a subdued tone, Bess, whose last remembrance of her lover was as he leapt from the burning Lighthouse.

"He has," replied PIEL DORNTON, feeling that the fewer words he used the more powerful would be their force.

"So much beneath my level?" she continued more to herself than

"Sixteen thousand feet beneath the level of the sea," returned PIEL, gaily. "Come, he is unworthy of you. To the banquet. Let us drink his health." So saying, he filled a jewelled goblet to the brim, and as the beads sparkled and twinkled on the bosom of the wine of Ginger, he cried aloud, "JOSEPH, to you I drink: gallant knight, who would protect thy mistress! ha! ha! JOSEPH, upon my word, I should like to see you here!"

"You shall! "exclaimed a voice. It came apparently from
The Blush Rose in the centre of the Carpet.
In another instant the pattern had opened, and, shot up by some

unseen force, Joseph stood before them. DORNTON discharged all his barrels at him as he rose, but with such violence was the impetus from below given that JOSEPH passed through the air almost to the ceiling, and down again, before the practised marksman's eye could settle upon any one point where he could with anything like certainty direct his aim.

BESSY ran to him, and clung to him, in his dirty miner's dress as he

was.
"PIEL DORNTON, I come to fetch my bride. Do not stir a step—let us understand each other." DORNTON listened doggedly.
"You want the papers which I possess."

- " I do "Good: you shall have them."
 "How?"
- " No matter." " Where ?
- " Here. " Who ?"
- " Stay."
- "Yes."
 "WHEN?" " Now!
- " Or Wait " Till You get them ?"

"No."
"There."
"Ah!"

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And with this he drew from his boots the long coveted prize. PIEL tore them open, and it was evident that he had immediately hit upon an important discovery.

"Is this true?" he asked.

"It is?"

"What?" asked Best,
"No matter," replied Joanph.
"Yes, it does matter," answered Piel, "I will tell her. You are
nor the Heiress to the Baroneto, and will not come into the Thirteen

"Who said I would?" asked BESS, incredulously.
"He thought so," explained JOERFH. "And, do you know more than this, you are not "Old MARTIN'S daughter."

Bras fainted.

Bass fainted.

"I leave her in your hands," said PIEL, hastily.

"Take her and be happy. There is a supper and excellent wine, and gold pins for the crutaces. My work lies in another place."

Joseph drew back from his proffered hand, and curaing the Miner's pride, he strode from the room.

When Basst revived he told her how he had been immured in a mine in Cornwall, and how he had dug his way, wearing out his hands and teeth for her, until he had found the subterranean route to her present and the subterranean route to her are well as the subterranean route to her had been immured in a mine in Cornwall, and how he had dug his way, wearing out his hands and teeth for her, until he had found the subterranean route to her present abode.

Then he took a bath, and having discovered a rich suit of clothes, he

returned to her gaily.

When she heard that she was the daughter of LIBUTENARY MARCHMONT, she at once proposed to find him out, and join him and her

aster.

"Or, if not," she said to Joseph, "that bold bad man will marry her, as he has already tried to marry me."

"You are right: at any cost we will go."

So these two set out upon their journey, and finding from inquiry at the various coasts that Old Marrin, who was very well known everywhere, had sailed away with a strange gentleman (for Lieutenant Marchmont, from his long residence in Benicia, had been quite forgotten by the good inhabitants of the fishing villages), they took the gotten by the good inhabitants of the fishing villages), they took the first steamer, leaving England, for CAPTAIN BOUNCER's course, which he had declared before sailing to the look-out clerk at the Storm Signal Office. They sailed in haste, with all steam up, in the wake of

Signal Olice. They sailed in haste, with all steam up, in the wake of the good ship, Penelope Anne.

While she was getting under weigh the partners in the bank of CHECK; Diss, COUNT & Co., Benicia, were engaged on a scrutiny not wholly unconnected with the present dramatis persons.

A strange Child, scarcely as tall as the money-shovel if upright, called upon Mr. Snage, the Chief Clerk.

Mr. Snage was in bed, but as the Infant was importunate, the old man-of-business deemed that, in the interest of his employers, he had better say him.

better see him.

The result of the interview was, that Mr. Snace at once ran down

to the office and summoned the three partners.

The four (the Child waiting anxiously without) commenced a rigid inquiry into the title-deeds, contracts, and all law papers, bonds, acrip, shares, and debentures held by their estimable client PIEL

In an hour's time the Child was on his way to Phlebosco Palace, and was standing before the LADY ANNA DOMINO, who was writing a letter. He regarded her lovingly. "I don't like to hurt her, but \$\delta \cdot \epsilon \text{ a villain} \\
-he's a bad 'un. I will."

This he said to himself, and then she turned and addressed him.
"You have seen my hus—. Your master ?" she inquired.
"I have."

"I nave."

"And he is——"

"Don't ask me," said the poor boy, "I'll do anything to save you—
I would, indeed, I would."

And he shouted and screamed, and laid hold of her dress, and whined, and wriggled in his deep despair.

"You are the only cove who's ever been kind to me," he said to her. "And for your sake——"

her. "And for your sake—."
"Hush!" she said, gently pushing him through a pane of glass into

the garden.

Then she thought for a few minutes. "The end must come," she said, presently, to herself. "Let it: take these packets to your master." The Child, who had returned, pulled a lock of his shaggy hair, and quitted the house.

Immediately, upon the doorstep, he was seized by a rough hand.

"Come with me," said a strange voice. "No larks, young'un, or I'll—ah, would you?" This question was in consequence of a wriggle on the Infant's part to escape from his tormentor's clutches. It was

Detective GRIPP was not the man to let a customer go so easily.

(To be continued.)

ERIN-GO-BRAY!

THE great little Nightingale of Twickenham is said to have been out when he sang-

" Earless, on high stood unabashed DEFOR."

Loss of ears, however, as well as the pillory, might have been incurred at one time for a political libel, and then both would doubtless have befallen certain poor journalists, who, happily, can only be pilloried now, and that not bodily, but in print alone, represented by specimens of their quality. Thus, two of them have stood in the pillory of the Pall Mall Gazette, and that of the Times. Now also they shall stand, just for fun, in Mr. Pused's pillory. Mr. O'BLETHEREM-SKITE, or whatever your name is, mount the stage of honour. Read out of the Irishman some of your abuse of the Australian legislators for passing a Treason-Felony Bill—just barring obscenity, if you please. Hear, Mr. O'BLETHEREMSKITE:—

"Out upon them, for a wretched selfah soum; a shame and a hissing to the manhood; a mack and a derision to the world; a hideous wen upon orestion; they had liberties and they just them; they had a free Constitution and they sacrificed it; they were all fetterless, and they put on the clanking fetters of the felon slave, and branded themselves with a brand of immortal infamy."

This rant would once have certainly cost O'Bletheremskite his ears. In sentencing him to a barbarous but appropriate punishment, a Judge of the period would perhaps have remarked that the culpit's ears were much too long, and that cropping them, it was to be hoped, would render him somewhat less an ass.

Now, Mr. Howlagan, of the Nation, get up and expose yourself!
Mr. Howlagan believes that the next Mail from the far South will probably bring "accounts of prosecutions, and fines, and imprisonments, and perhaps of ricting and bloodshed." As to the ricting and bloodshed, Mr. Howlagan's readers will mostly take his wish to be the father to his belief. There he stands, then, with his hands and face in a frame beside the other Fenian. Attention to Howlagan:—

"In Sydney the suggestion sent from the Home Office has been taken up at once, and even improved upon in its practical realisation. The rulers of that Celoiny have set their gallows to work already, hanging upon it an Irishman of unsound mind, who had fired a shot at Paince Alfred, and inflicted on him a wound from which his Royal Highness recovered in a week. And they have rushed through their Legislature, in the brief space of seven hours, a Treason Felony Bill, so wildly and irrationally tyramical in its provisions that not a vestige of public liberty can be said to exist in the country where it is law."

Oh, Mr. Howlagan! for thus supplying a demand for treasonous drivel, in a former time you might have had not only to atone with your ears, but also to pay through the nose. It might have been slit, Sir, and cauterised, and your cheeks might have been branded with a hot iron, and you might have been finally whipped some three or four miles at the cart's tail.

All that would have been cruel; but cropping, as a symbolical opera-tion, would be as suitable for the ears of Mr. HOWLAGAN as for Mr. O'BLETHEREMSKITE'S. Mr. HOWLAGAN implicitly says that the inflic-tion of a wound intended to be mortal, is rendered a trifling offence by the circumstance that recovery from it takes place in a short time. the circumstance that recovery from it takes place in a short time. What else can he desire to be understood to say when he abuses the Australian Government for hanging O'FARBELL because he had merely "fired a shot at PRINOR ALFRED, and inflicted on him a wound from which his Royal Highness recovered in a week"? This, too, is how Howlagan speaks of a wound from a shot which glanced on a rib close to the spine, and went half-way round the body! In thus talking, ME. Howlagan indeed proclaims Fenian sentiments; but rather displays a most superfluous longitude of ears.

Much too strong language would probably be used in calling Howlagan and O'Blethermenstre malignant scoundrels. They may not be malignant. Very likely Fenianism is but their brief, and, when they rave, they are no more in earnest than a foul-mouthed barrister who, addressing a foolish jury, vents outrarous invective against anybody.

addressing a foolish jury, vents outrageous invective against anybody, no matter whom, for a fee.

The Way to the Woolsack.

THE early bird picks up the worm, One morn young Barepless said;
Then I will rise betimes in term,
Whilst others lie abed.
If I, let clients come or no,
Am with the lark astir, I needs must be, in being so, A rising Barrister.

BLACK BALLING.

THERE is no truth in the report that an enterprising entrepreseur, stimulated by the success of the "Black Cricketers," is about to engage an opposition troupe of Black Beetle-ers.



YOUNG LADIES

WHO AFFECT THE SHORT SKIRT NOW IN VOGUE, ARE RESPECTFULLY CAUTIONED AGAINST THE WITCHING HOUR OF SUNSET!

SETTLING DAY.

Come forth, noble sportsmen ... come, ring-men and plungers, Come Green-horns and Knowing ones, Pigeons and Rooks, Now muster your "monkeys," and post up your "ponies," And by draughts upon banking arrange betting books.

Be it Swells at the Corner, or Cads at the public, All who bet must be passed through the settling day's "mill;" High-titled young fools who go "croppers" for thousands, Horsey shopmen whose losses come out of the till.

"ALL HOPE ABANDON THAT ENTER THIS PORTAL!"

DANTE read writ on the lintels of Hell.

Turned into harsh English from musical Tuscan,
The motto might serve for the "Corner" as well.

A Turfite Inferno, with circle on circle,
From Limbo to black Malebolge below,

Might serve a new DANTE as theme for a vision,
And "RUFF's" ghost be his "guide" the foul region to show.

There new-entered green-horns still quick to emotions
Of honour and shame, the first circles might grace;
Then those, who against all such scruples case-hardened,
By "good things" mean bad things that "pull off" a race.
And so, through a deepening gamut of baseness,
Till the victim has come to the black bitter end,
And "to win" holds there 's nothing too hot or too heavy,
From "pilling" a horse to strychnining a friend.

"Tis a sweet world we live in: and snow-white the morals Which 'gainst naughty old times our nice new times can show: 'Tis not now as it was when our fathers had CROCKFORD'S, Our grandfathers WATTIER'S and GOOSETREE'S & CO. Now we turn up our eyes and our noses at hazard, And of Treate-et-Quarante and Roulette we fight shy, Unless when of Homburg we 're ordered the waters, Or at Baden stroll in for a coup on the sly.

We have left the green table, and, lovers of nature,
Upon the green turf we prefer to reflect:
We 've cut cards—devil's books e'en in round game and rubber,—
Save the cards known as Dorling's, and they are correct.
Our forefathers revelled themselves in undoing,
We're more wise in our works, and more pure in our plays;
In a word, we 've shut up all the old roads to ruin,
Through the Turf and the City to ope her new ways.

We don't play, but we "plunge," take our "facers" and "croppers," Till at thirty our tether 's run out every inch:
At the ring we have run, dropped our hundreds of thousands, And then there's the "kind friend" who helps at a pinch:
At forty per cent. first makes lib'ral advances,
Till, when interest has swallowed our principals up,
He takes our broad acres to nurse, and, stern Mentor,
Sips sweets while he gives us the bitters to sup!

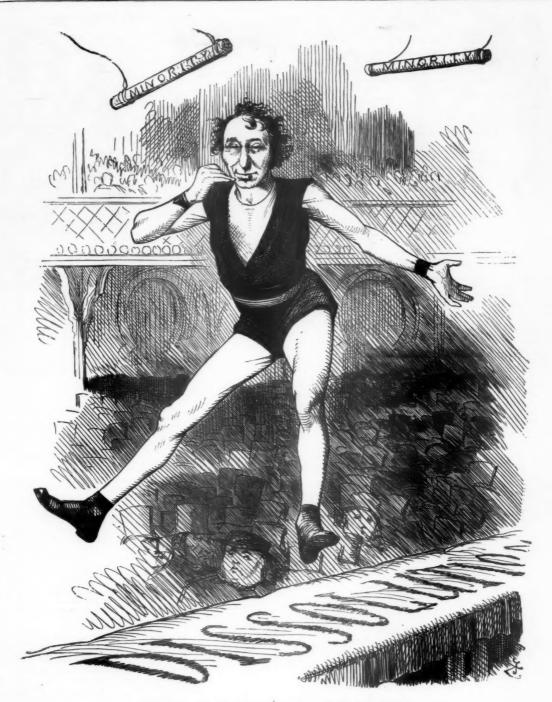
Or if we've a stable, our friend takes the charge on't,
Grooms, trainers, and jockeys engages, discards;
If scratching suits his game, he's master, and scratches;
Or "doctors," should doctoring seem "on the cards."
And so his young friends' studs and stables he uses,
So nurses his young friends' estates that, at last,
Of good name, lands, and fortunes his young friends are beggared
Eire from "os" the Turf under the turf they have past.

Milk and Strong Meat.

AT Manchester there has been the usual procession of school chil-

"On arriving at the Cathedral Church the elder children were admitted to hear a sermon by the dean, while the younger separated from them to march to their respective schoolrooms and be feasted on buns and milk."

We have no doubt that the Dean preached an admirable sermon, and we hope that none of the elder children were unduly and indecorously vauntful of the superior enjoyment provided for them. That's all.



THE POLITICAL LEOTARD.

"IT IS A VERY OLD TRICK OF MINE," WRITES M. LEOTARD, "TO MAKE THE BELIEF TO FALL, AND THEN TO ARRIVE ON MY FEET."—Morning Paper.

THE POLITICAL LEGIARD.

COM STATE OF RELEAT DAY STALL OF " GRANCE IN COLUMN TO MAKE THE TO MAKE THE TO MAKE THE TO MAKE THE TOTAL AND STREET AND

MANY-SPECTACLED JACK.



Who 'll buy my spectacles? Qualities rare! Who 'll Through these at the world you may blink of may stare, Who'll try 'em And buy 'em ?
There, I defy 'em To equal 'em Thank ye; I've sold a pair.

These spectacles, Sirs, are coloured Breathe on om, dry em and wipe em clean. They'll do for Turfites, who ride on amblers, They're suited to all your professional gamblers.

And sharpers by whom the world is seen,
As one large flat of the brightest green.
Meant to be played on and meant for grazing,
Look at the article I'm appraising.
I just put 'em on, and then the eye
Discerns the folks who are going to buy.
There go the lot: sold, down in my book.
Put 'em on; you 're free
To stare at me.
Now then, do you think I'm as green as I look?

These spectacles are of a yellow hue,
Making everything golden; that 's what they do.
Just look at a coal mine: black as ink,
It's the brightest gold colour wouldn't you think?
Of course you would; and you'll not be beated
Until in the shaft you have invested
Your old stocking full of yellow shiners
To pay the wage of the working miners.
You'll dig and not get, and bore and bore,
There's yellow to touch, could you dig any more;
But you can't; for you've bored to the end of your purse,
As I have bored you to the end of my verse.
You'll never believe it, though you've been told?
You're a fellow
To try the yellow.

To try the yellow, Go in for these Spees, they will realise gold.

Go in for these Spees, they will realise gold.

Here's a pair set in a sort of lacquer,
So black, no parson could look much blacker.

For Mister Disrate they might do,
He won't take a Bright political view.
They're worn by folks who try to spoil
The Holiday Sunday for Sons of Toil.

Who, lounging at home in luxurious leisure,
Frown on the poor man's one day's pleasure,
And look as black as the band round my hat
On a cornfield walk: I know all about that.

You'll read through these Spees the holiest pages,
And not see that rest is Heaven's own wages.

I've sold one pair—I but travel with one.

Look up, Sir, high,
At the glorious aky,
He only sees now an eclipse of the sun.

Here's some I can recommend—I can;
They're made on a telescopic plan.
Look at anything through 'em—short or tall,
Big or little—they dwart' em all.
And not only that, but they'll narrow space,
Make Heaven itself just a bit of a place
Where there's room for one or a chosen few
Who think as these spectacle-wearers do.
They're worn by all in every part
Of the globe, by men of letters and art,
By lawyers, doctors, teachers, scholars,
Divines in white ties or in Roman collars,
By men philosophic who worship themselves,
Setting up their own heads on their, own book-shelves.

I see who'll buy—there's a College Don.
He won't: will none? No: everyone
Like him, save a few, have got 'em on.

Like him, save a few, have got 'em on.

Now here 's a pair for a right direction,
They 're called the Specs of Introspectace,
I regret to say I've a great many pairs
On my hands at present; for whoever cares
To look into himself' why, I and you
Can do it when we 're nothing better to do.
We'll put 'em on at our final hour,
The microscopic glare doesn't less its power
Through neglect. 'Tis one of the Devil's lies—
What 's the use of glasses without the eyes?
If a man's fading sight is dim,
I don't think they'll be of much use to him.
Now take 'em: but through 'em be it known
You'll see no one else's faults but your own.
You'll find enough for a life's correction—
Buy, buy the glasses of Introspection!
All toid! So there's nothing left to tell.
When I have something new to sell,
With my pack
Upon my back
You'll see at your fair Many-Spectacled Jack.

You'll see at your fair Many-Spectacled Jack.

CHARITY AND MUSIC.

CHARITY AND MUSIC.

CHARITY in London covers a multitude of sins, and it is fit that once a year the clean, neat clothing which Charity bestows, should be paraded at St. Paul's, and publicly inspected. The gathering of the school children under the huge dome is a sight which never palls by its yearly repetition. There is ever a fresh charm in seeing those fresh, rosy, innocent young faces, all looking as plump, and clean, and healthy, as planty of good food and good scrabbing can make them. It is pleasant to see the costumes of a century ago, the white pelerines and caps, dark frocks and yellow gloves roaching to the clbow, and the pink, or green, or blue rosettes and ribbons worn for ornament. What a snowsform seems to come, when the girls all bury their faces in their aprons as they say their prayers; and what a peal of tiny thunder sounds, as girls and boys stand up "with one consent" to sing the glorious "Old Hundredik." The piercing, shrill young voices thrill you to the bone; and, "albeit unused to the melting mood," you will hardly avoid losing a tear or two while listening. The way in which they sing does credit to their teachers, who must take enormous pains to train them to keep time and tune so perfectly. Even in the chanting the words were fairly audible; and, when each word is uttered by some four thousand voices, unleas they speak together with most accurate exactness, no word can well be audible. Where all behaved so well, it would be invidious to single out for praise; yet Mr. Pusck, as he went out, could not help patting on the head the girls of good Saint Mary-le-bone, who were throughout a pattern for composure and propriety, and sat like statues through the sermon, which was certainly all Greek to them, although written in good English. A plate being protruded to receive his contribution, Mr. Pusck could not help noticing that there were fewer sovereigns than sixpences and shillings in it. Next year he hopes, sincerely, this may not be the case. With Universal Suffrage looming in the future,

The French Improved.

M. HAUSSMANN is going to mutilate the Rue de la Paix. Like his master, he is dissatisfied, if not with the ways of pleasantness, with the Paths of Peace.

SAME ANOTHER WAY.

THE EXPERIOR has sanctioned more destructions in Paris, and in the provincial towns. He reminds us of some Greek wit under the first Empire

CHORUS OF LOSERS ON THE DAKS.

Nor For Mosa: Oh dear, no Sir," &c.

An International Game.—Beggar-my-neighbour used to be a game of cards. It is now played with bloated armaments.



CROQUET.

(AN ENERGETIC PARTY MEET TO PREPARE THEIR GROUND.

Croquet Maniac (a trifle jealous, perhaps). "Well, IF ELLEN DOES NOT MEAN TO HELP US, SHE NEED NOT MAKE MAJOR MALLET IDLE, TOO!

ANOTHER TURN WITH HANDEL.

"HATS off, Gentlemen !- a Genius !"

This, says ROBERT SCHUMANN, was the way in which a friend of his one evening, at a gathering of musicians, preluded a morceau by the

his one evening, at a gathering of musicians, preluded a morcean by the French composer, Chopin.

But if one makes a bow before the elegance of Chopin, what ought one to do before the majesty of Handel? An enthusiast like Schuman might doubtless recommend us to go down on our knees; but Mr. Punch, who is more practical, would advise all Handel worshippers to go down next week to Sydenham.

There will then be heard the third three-yearly Handel Worshippers to go down next week to Sydenham.

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A GRAMI ties, and the MR. Etter, to go the provision of the man who undergone in the man who have not me the man who have not me the man who have not me the man who were chance of hearing Handel at the Crystal Palace. Some over-carping critics, who are gifted with long ears, make moan over the building as unfitted for good music, and take delight in pointing out acoustical defects which ears less long than theirs perhaps might fail to notice. Of such kind are the men who can't enjoy a puppet-show, because they still keep continually looking at the wires. There are effects produced at Sydenham which can nowhere else be heard, and which anybody having any real taste for music must cherish as a memory to be a joy for ever. Many a grand solo may elsewhere be better audible, no doubt; but where can a grand chorus be ever heard more grandly? Moreover, people often are dissatisfied by what is their own fault, and, having been too stingy to pay for a good place, they grumble at not hearing well when seated in a bad one.

It was said of some one that "to know Handel is a religious education." If there be sermons in stones, there are s

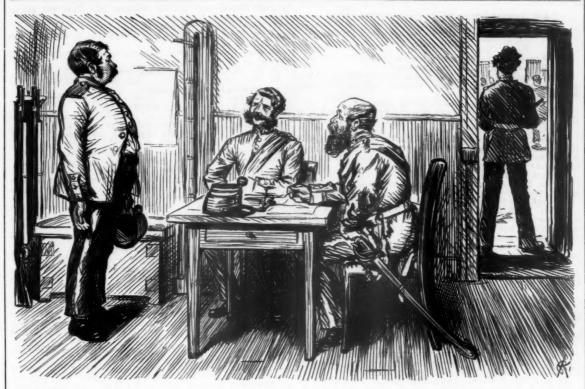
body, who listens to it reverently, can hear an oratorio of HAEDEL's without being made the better for it. Could Paley but have heard the glorious "Messah," as worthily performed as it will be next week, he would have cited it among his Evidences of the Truth of Christianity. The prophecies and gospels upon which the work is founded must infallibly be true, or they could never have inspired such true, soul-elevating music.

TO THE NEGROMANIACS.

A GRAND JURY, expressing the opinions of the highest legal authorities, and the feelings of society, having thrown out the bill against Mr. Eyrr, there will doubtless be an end of action by the respectable portion of the Jamaica Committee, and in that case Mr. Punch may have not much more to say on the subject, until question arises how have not much more to say on the subject, until question arises how the man who saved Jamaica is to be compensated for what he has undergone in consequence. But, law and society having given final judgment, baffled spite continues to rage, and the inferior agents of the Committee declare that they are now "unmuzzled." The word is their own, and it is singularly applicable. The muzzle being off, howl and yelp are free, and will probably be heard for some time. Most probably they will pass unnoticed, but it may not be altogether unjustifiable to semant that where a target heavy we have the ratical available and the subject of the basis they win plass innotices, but it may not be attended available for canine education, as well as for winning Nemean games, is generally found, and Mr. Ponch would much regret having to wield it. He "can give the loser leave to chide" to a reasonable extent, but a line must be drawn.

A Table Fight.

This is something new. Mr. Frank Buckland, in a capital speech on the breeding of fish in our rivers, said that the Millers cause much injury to the fish, by keeping the dams closed. Actually there is a fight between what people have hitherto fought for—the Loaves and



Militia Officer. "AH, THIS IS SMITHERS! WHY, YOU'RE GETTING YERY FAT, SMITHERS. TRAINING, ISN'T IT ?" LET'S SEE-THIS IS YOUR FIFTH

Stout Private. "Yes, Sir. After we was Disembodied, Sir, the Add'tant he took an' Reintestined me, Sir!!!"

[Note.—Militiamen, after serving four trainings, can be "Re-Attested" for another five years.

NON-INTERVENTION IN RIOTS.

OH, dear! What can have happened to the authorities at Ashton and Wigan, and all the other places where riots have broken out, not instantly to have taken measures for dispersing the mobs the moment they began to assemble? Why did they not forthwith call in the military, and authorise it, if necessary, to act? What a dreadful situation it is for respectable people to be in when they are liable at any moment to be at the mercy of an infuriated rabble! And how long is this intolerable state of things to last?

intolerable state of things to last?

Ah! good folks, ask any magistrate, and he will answer by asking you who do you think is going to incur the responsibility of putting down insurrection, seeing what Governoe Exre got by the effective discharge of his duty in that particular? Persecuted under the form of prosecution by a crew of sympathisers with firebrands and rebels, black, white, negro, and Fenian, a gang who have been doing all they can to ruin and destroy him, this gentleman was left undefended by a Government afraid of penny newspapers of the baser sort, and Tribunes of the People. Every magistrate now has reason to be assured that he will quell any riot by force at his peril. What if a set of seditionists conspire to indict him for murder or manslaughter? Will Government intervene to stay their villanous proceedings with a solle prosequis? Will it so much as undertake the charge of his defence? It did not even do this in the case of the Preserver of Jamaica, pursued by the Jamaica Committee.

Light Porter's Work and Heavy Pay.

MR. LABOUCHERE stated in the House of Commons that certain m. IMBOUCHERE stated in the House of Commons that certain special missions had cost £15,000, granted for the purpose of carrying the Garter to foreign sovereigns. What would they say of this at Washington? Perhaps that anybody was fit enough to carry a garter to a sovereign who was fit to carry interiors to a plantigrade of the ursine family.

A "FAIR" APPEAL!

MY DEAR MR. PUNCH,

MY DEAR MR. PUNCH,

I WOULD not be so forward as to dere write to you, did I not feel sure you have a dear, kind heart. The truth is, I am married to a gentleman, who, unfortunately for both of us, is a Clerk in the Customs. Well, when you yourself, and lots of influential papers and things said justice should be done to the Customs, Guss and I got quite hopeful, and together we formed all sorts of nice prospective schemes, such as sending JOHNNY and CLARA to good schools, and getting a little way out of town ourselves, which I'm sure yow don't think extravagant notions, do you? Of late, however, to my utter dismay, Guss gets moody, and murmurs something about "the question being shelved," and "afraid the Government will drop it."

Now, dear Mr. Punch, please don't let them. Guss tells me Mr. DISRABLI is the great man in the Government; and, of course, you know him. Do speak to him, please. I feel certain if I could only see Mrs. DISRABLI and talk to her, she would make her husband do something for us; but I'm quite sure you'll help us.

Believe me, Dear Mr. Punch, ever gratefully Yours,

Believe me, Dear Mr. Punch, ever gratefully Yours,

An impressionable Bill-Sticker was recently so overcome by witnessing the drama of Nobody's Child at the Princess's Theatre, that instead of writing on the wall "Who's GRIFFITHS?" he was discovered sticking up the words "What's PHILLIPS?"

DE LUNATICO.

A CORRESPONDENT, whose losses have affected his brain, writes to ask if the report is true, that in future the "Yolks" will be run at Egham? We have sent his letter to Dr. Win-slow.

AN UNIMAGINABLE CONVERSATION.

Surne-St. James's Park. Houn-Just before the House met after Whiteuntide.

Mr. Disraeli. My dear GLADSTONE, how are you?
Mr. Gladstone. And you, my dear DISRAELI?
Mr. Dis. Holidays are good things, and about the only good things
which one can't have too much. However, here goes the school

of which one can't have too much. However, here goes the school bell again.

Mr. Glad. Calling in the educated, and the Educator?

Mr. Dis. Yes. I'm tired, though, of teaching the old idea how to sheat—Niagara. What will you give for the good-will of the business?

Mr. Glad. Is there any good will?

Mr. Dis. Don't be uncharitable, but that's always the way with you pious men. And, by the way, talking to a brother author, why do you go writing in goody-goody magazines, and getting your theology overhauled? Why don't you write a novel?

Mr. Glad. I den't know that I could.

Mr. Dis. Every man can do what he is resolved to do. But you are as above false modesty as—

Mr. Glad. As a friend of mine is above true.

Mr. Dis. You fatter me, and I wish you'd do it in the House. But with your impulsive nature, ingenuity, and wealth of language, you would write the best novel going. I should tremble for the lady to whem your haro made love.

hem your hero made love.

Mr. Glad. He would make no love that ought to be trembled at, you

Mr. Glad. He would make no love that ought to be trembled at, you may be sure of that,

Mr. Dis. Highly prepar, I'm sure. Well, turn it over in your mind, as you'll have plenky of time for three volumes before you get back to Downing Street.

Mr. Dis. Nay, who should know if I do not?

Mr. Glad. Just so. And suppose we exchange literary recommendations. Surely you will prepare a Memoir of your Administration?

Mr. Dis. I am not vain. I can afford to have an episode in my life forsotten. In fact, I might prefer it.

Mr. Glad. I can understand the preference, but not the probability.

Mr. Dis. Well, I am in the hands of my friends, and other enemies. I dare say that biography will be very frank when I have done with patronage. Is that Salisbury going by?

Mr. Glad. Why don't you take a peerage and meet him again?

Mr. Dis. In another and a better place? No, I think I'll wait. Besides, how could I bear the parting with you?

Mr. Glad. Self-sacrifice is a duty in this world.

Mr. Dis. I have read so. But I prefer sacrificing other people. And

Mr. Dis. I have read so. But I prefer sacrificing other people. And you cannot say that I have not offered up my hecatomb.

Mr. Glad. A hundred oxen—a happily chosen word for your bucolic

followers

Mr. Dis. It is an effective trisyllable, only smart writers are in such a hurry to explain one's good things. Well, my dear successor, you

expect a long innings?

Mr. Glad. I do not know. I cannot tell what to expect. But if we get an innings for ten years, you know whose fault it will be. If you had taken our moderate Bill, you would have had all the legitimate chances of the chapter of accidents. Now, I must own, at any risk of being rude, that I do not seem to see you on the SPEAKER's right in a hurry.

Mr. Dis. I have waited through worse discouragements. Years ago I had to declare that I belonged to a party that never would rise again.

Mr. Glad. And did it?

Mr. Clad. And did it?

Mr. Dis. Well put in. Why, we are in effice.

Mr. Glad. We, the protectionists over whom you made elegy?

Mr. Dis. "Those, Sir — or others," as Sir Amorons Lafoole says.

What a capital play is that Epicene? The mock divorce—lawyers draw distinctions as finely as you could, though not in such beautiful Latin.

Mr. Glad. No. And the masterly surprise when the old party finds that a mild conservative lady turns out a violent and voluble reformer

to study elective-and electoral-affinities yet. Have you got an English anti-Church Bill ready?

Mr. Glad. Come-nobody hears us

Mr. Dis. True, and my watch is fast, which is to be deplored. But you'll have to do it.

Mr. Glad. I thought that we were talking in the green-room, but if you will get back upon the stage—

Mr. Dis. Never was more in earnest in my life. Mr. Glad. Occasionally, I fancy. And you will be a good deal more in earnest when a certain vote comes.

in earnest when a certain vote comes.

Mr. Dis. Is it certain?

Mr. Glad. As far as anything human can be.

Mr. Dis. That would be inhuman. But—this is a free country, and when one is at an auction one may bid as high as one likes. Suppose I outbid you, and offer a dozen bishops for twelvemonths' office? I think it would be knocked down to me. If so, will you go in for a knock-out, afterwards—you know what that is—and share the spail?

Mr. Glad. Hardly, if I have the power to fix the reserved price.

Mr. Dis. Very well—don't say I did not offer to do business with you. We might make a capital Cabinet between us, and defy all the world. Who would dare to show fight, with you to point out his crimes and me his follies?

Mr. Glad. Some men are vain enough to think themselves meither

Mr. Glad. Some men are vain enough to think themselves neither criminal nor foolish. And I may tell you that I think another Parliament than this may go in for Seriousness.

Mr. Dis. What, in the sense of the housemaid who advertises for a

serious family?

Mr. Glas. I did not mean that in the first instance, but we may

Some to that in time.

Mr. Die. BRIGHT is a Quaker—BRALES is pious—you write psalms and hymns and spiritual songs—BRADLAUGH has his doubts—Potter would abolish drink—you have put a notion into my head.

Mr. Glad. I may put one or two more there before I have done.

Mr. Die. Of a verity, brother GLADSTONE, it hath come to me that there is a door—yes, a great and a wide door—yes, and a door that turneth easily upon the hinge, as it were a hinge that hath been called with the oil of the fish, even the great fish which is carnally called a whale.

Mr. Glad. He is not a fish and you are and an odd one. What is that

Mr. Glad. He is not a fish, and you are, and an odd one. What is that

Puritan tone about ?

Puritan tone about?

Mr. Dis. Truly and verily thou hast hit it, brother William, and the root of the matter is in thee, and there is joy and rejoicing, yea, and blowing of trumpets, and sounding of pasiteries and dulcimers over thee, and thou shalt live, and not die. Be one with me, my brother, and we will eat the fat of the land.

Mr. Glad. I hate fat.

Mr. Dis. Nay, but cast in thy lot with me, and we will be like unto the worthy brother Spratt, whose name is John, and the comely vessel his wife, and I will eat the fat and thou shalt eat the lean, for I say unto thee that a good time is at hand. My dear Glanstone. I will

say unto thee that a good time is at hand. My dear GLADSTONE, I will

say into thee that a good time is at hand. My dear GLADSTONE, I will go in for Puritarism.

Mr. Glad. By Jove! Thor forgive me! But what in Gehenna—you starger me into profanities. What do you mean?

Mr. Dis. You shall see—you shall see. I have always been convinced that in the Puritan Dogma is to be found the true germ for developing the Constitution of England. Yes, I am a Puritan. Where do you think I could buy a hat of the period?

Mr. Glad. Mad as a hatter.

Mr. Dis. Sane as a seraph. I have met my Fate. That is decreed.

Mr. Glad. I have read of the Levellers. I have heard of Levelling up.

Mr. Dis. Combine the idea, and combine with me. I will go to the country with a Puritan cry. I am clear that what the nation wants is CONSTITUTIONAL PURITANISM. Come, brother WILLIAM, let us go up into the house of the Commons, even the People's house, for the dial pointeth unto the hour which is carnally denominated four. [Excust.

Bung on the Bench.

of the house—
Mr. Dis. Hal ha! Let us have some private theatricals at Christmas, and do that play. Salushury shall be Morose.

Mr. Glad. And you shall be forgiving, and present him with the Garter, and say "Answer me not but with thy leg, Morose."

Mr. Dis. Will I? For trying to jerk the Ribbons out of my hands? But other people have their Salisburies. How do you like your supernatural Bishop, you Dragon of Wantley that eats churches, and ealls himself High Churchman.

Mr. Glad. The Bishop or Salushury is a very good man, and may not be the only person in England who thinks that he can work miracles. I should imagine that it might be your own belief.

Mr. Dis. I! Not at all. My feats are purely chemical.

Mr. Glad. Performed by treating principles as drugs.

Mr. Dis. One to you. But bide a wee, as we say in my favourite country. Your Birmingham pounder is a Harmonious Blacksmith, but I fail to see that he has welded your party very tightly. You may have Public-nouse virtue is evidently pewier virtue. Loss more passed cans have been fined for giving cheating measure. When we feel the weather we are having at this writing, and think of a fellow who can cheat a thirsty soul out of a part of his draught, we should boil over, but for iced Seitzer and fixings. But it is scarcely worth wasting indignation on Bung—what do the Magistrates say for themselves who are apprised his many convictions, and yet renew his licence? Is Bung on the

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TRANSMOGRIFICATION.



THIS IS THE INSTRUMENT, AS SEEN IN ENGLAND BY A CHINESE ARTIST.



IS THE INSTRUMENT AS IT APPEARED IN HIS DREAMS, ON HIS VOYAGE BACK TO THE CELESTIAL EMPIRE.



THIS IS THE ANIMAL AS HE REPRESENTED IT TO HIS FELLOW COUNTRYMEN, (ON HIS ABRIVAL); WITH THE INFORMATION FRATHE SAW A BRITISH LADY SEIZE THE ANIMAL BY SHE EYES, OPEN HIS MOUTH, THEAD UPON HIS TAIL, AND (AS HE ROARED ALOUD WITH PAIR) PLAY "GOD SAVE THE QUEEN" UPON HIS TEFTH. UPON HIS TEETH.

POLAND AND PADDYLAND.

(A Colloguy.)

BROWN AND GREEN.

Green. By Jove, it is too bad! Brown. What is too bad?

Green. Well; one doesn't care much about foreign affairs in general, but can't help feeling shocked at the way in which the CZAB is treating the Pole

Brown. What about it ?

Green. He has abolished their separate administration—the whole country is now ruled by the Russian Home Office.

Brown. Indeed!

Green. He has proscribed their language in all Government matters; they can't even present a petition in their native tongue.

Brown. Really ?

Green. He has forbidden it to be taught in their schools.

Brown. You don't say so!

Green. He is trying to destroy their religion by bribery; buying converts to the Greek Church; closing the Roman Catholic Churches by military force.

Brown. Well, to be sure.

Green. He is confiscating their landed property, and giving it away to Russian local officials. One hundred and sixty-seven estates have been already distributed amongst those brutes to reward them for zeal in doing their dirty work of earrying out his plans of oppression. This is your mild and humane EMPEROR OF RUSSIA!

your mild and humane EMPEROR OF RUSSIA!

Brown. Whence did you derive all this information?

Green. From the Post.

Brown. And you believe it?

Green. Yes, I do.

Brown. Do you—then I don't.

Green. Why? What reason have you to doubt it?

Brown. The best in the world.

Green. May I know what that is?

Brown. This. The EMPEROR OF RUSSIA is much too enlightened and much too well adjusted to dety the public opinion of Europe by the and much too well advised to defy the public opinion of Europe by the monstrous acts that you have mentioned. What, when England dares no longer maintain the sentimental grievance of an Irish Protestant Church, do you suppose the Russian Sovereign would venture to do anything whatever displeasing to his Roman Catholic subjects? The idea that he would dream of attempting to destroy their religion! Oh,

and MR. LUCAAFF and COLONEL DICKSON? And isn't there a Working-Men's Association directed by a Chief who corresponds exactly to MR. POTTER?

Green. I have not heard so.

Brown. No; very likely. You never heard of their parading the streets in menacing processions and destroying public property. They have no occasion ever to do anything of the kind.

Green. How is that?

Brown. Oh! the Russian Government always saves them the trouble, by executing their orders. When they want to dictate the policy of the Empire they have only to wait on the Minister of the Interior and inform him of the resolutions which they have voted at a public-house.

Green. Well now, all this is really quite new to me.

Brown. Oh! you don't know what progress liberal ideas have made on the Continent. ALEXANDER is even more advanced than Louis Napoleon. But then these great progressive rulers have enemies, who propagate reports about them which are precisely the reverse of true. For instance, what the EMPEROR of Russia has really been doing in Poland is this. He has established Imperial Colleges for educating the people irrespectively of creed, and in each of these there is a Professor of Polish literature. He is now at work about a measure for securing tenant right in respect to the improvement of land, and he is engaged in matrices achieve for the discreption of the securing tenant right in respect to the improvement of land, and he is engaged in maturing a scheme for the disestablishment and disendowment of the Greek Church.

Green. You surprise me, indeed. Brown. I dare say. But mind. It is doubtful if he would try to conciliate Poland so much as he does if it were not for his respect for public opinion as expressed by the Russian Reform League speaking through its Beales. His Imperial Majesty is also said to be very much influenced by the eloquence of another Tribune of the Russian People. I believe his name is BRIGHTHOFF.

(Conversation closes.)

NOT FOR ENGLAND!

THE subjoined telegram from St. Petersburg, indicates a degree of coolness, if not of simplicity :-

"The Russian Government has addressed a communication to several foreign Governments, proposing the prohibition by treaty of the use of explosive projectiles in war, or the limitation of such projectiles to submarine torpodees."

Oh, yes! No doubt it would be very convenient for Russia if the use of explosive projectiles in war could be limited to submarine torho, ho! excuse me—but it is too absurd.

Green. Well; it does seem so certainly.

Brown. Besides, isn't there a Reform League in Russia with its head-quarters at St. Petersburg, with a President who is just such another man as Mr. Brales (M.A.), and other leaders like Mr. Odger.



"NONE BUT THE BRAVE," &c.

A SKETCH IN BROMPTON !

SOUTHERN EMANCIPATION. The Sciurdey Review says, touching one of the resolutions lately voted by the Chicago Convention:—

⁴ A declaration of sympathy for peoples struggling for their rights is virtually adversed to Ireland, unless Crete is included for the purpose of placing Turkey in the same category with England.

Some of our other contemporaries have further suggested that this resolution was meant to catch the Irish vote for GENERAL GRANT. To resolution was meant to catch the Irish vote for GENERAL GRANT. To suppose that it relates to Ireland and the Irish in any degree, what a strange supposition! Why, Ireland is not struggling at all. The American Irish Fenians, indeed, tried to make Ireland struggle for a Republic; but they failed. Ireland is an integral part of the United Kingdom. Corresponding union has still to be re-established in the United States. In America, at least, Liberality, like Charity, begins at home. When the Chicago Convention declared its sympathy for peoples struggling for their rights, the Southerners, held under by military force, were, of course, the people that it was particularly thinking of. thinking of.

THE DISCOUNTER DISHED.

A MILITARY correspondent of the Times, "Left Hand," suggests an expedient for sickening usurers of sending gentlemen in the Army circulars offering to lend them money. He advises officers "simply to return all such circulars in unstamped envelopes." Good. But he adds:—"If these bear the regimental device so much the better, as it will give a good hint that no more need be sent to that corps." Well, too; only let the regimental device be stamped inside the envelope containing the circular. Then it will never defeat the end of returning that communication unstamped. But, if the envelope bear it outside, then the regimental device will, after Shylock has once paid twopence for his returned circular, prove a device for warning him not to be so caught again. He will be enabled to avoid being taken in a second time, by refusing to take in the letter; and, moreover, Shylock, having once been sold by a letter bearing a regimental stamp, will, from natural fellow-feeling, caution his friend Twbal to beware of being done likewise.

THE ONE THING I COULD MAKE.

THERE was a time when I, Though I could, no more than fly, Make a statue with my uttermost endeavour;
At the least could build a ship,
And in that point did outstrip,
As I thought, all other people whomsoever.

But, adzooks, where am I now. When so many rivals plough
All around, on every side, the field of ocean?
Men of war must all wear mail— And do mine excel, or fail, For defence, or for attack, or locomotion?

I'm afraid I must n't brag—
I have strong ships, but they lag—
I have fast ones, but they roll so in rough weather,
That their naked hulls they show To the broadside of the foe Couldn't fire a shot-big blunders altogether.

Has it come to this, afloat, That I've scarcely a gun-boat,
But she's either a mere tub, or else a roller?
Those old bunglers at Whitehall, Are the reason of it all-That confounded Chief Constructor and Comptroller.

Why, a plague upon their soles,
Don't they charter COWPER COLES?
Else will foreigners, by able heads made stronger As to ironclade than me,
Beat JOHN BULL upon the sea—
Can't I even make a ship now any longer?

NON SUS : PER COLL :

POLITICAL EXPLANATION.—Mr. GLADSTONE'S Suspensory Bill proposes no alteration of the Act ordaining private

RIDDLE MADE "ON THE GROUND."—Why are Cricket Matches like the backs of Cheap Chairs? Because they're "Fixed to come off."

A NEW INVENTION.

In nine cases out of ten a visit to a coiffeur may be considered one of those minor annoyances which human flesh is hair to. We believe there are people who like to have their locks cut, as there are eels who enjoy being skinned; but it is a peculiar taste, to say the least of it, and for our part we look upon the operation as we do upon a thunderstorm, or the measles, as a "thing well over." Therefore, do we welcome the intelligence that there is to be a new machine shortly introduced for the mechanical cutting of hair. The hard breathing and the clampy finger of the operator are to be dispensed with, and we are to resign express any opinion as to the weather, by no means to make offensive observations about "thinning at the top," and under no circumstances whatever to pester us with pots of Astrachan shaving paste, or Patent Patagonian Pomade. our head to the tender mercy of a machine which is warranted not to

Whether the inventor, who is a Frenchman, will be able to adapt this ingenious contrivance to English heads is a question—hair-outting from the foreigner's point of view being a process closely resembling the peeling of turnips. The machine may not prove so successful with British carrots. Cox, when complimented by his landlady on the appearance of his head after a visit to the hairdresser, expresses his opinion that he has "had it mowed." The new invention, from what we hear of it, will give all who may try its powers much the same appearance as that presented by the immortal hatter, so that instead of seeing the phrase "fashionably cut" stuck up in the hairdresser's window, we shall expect to find it "à la mowed de Paris."

Clerical Conundrum.

WHAT insect named by the divine WILLIAMS, resembles the preacher of a dull sermon?

The shard-borne beetle with his drowsy hum."

MOTTO FOR HAIRDRESSERS .- " Cut and Comb again."



A VETERINARY OPINION.

Footman. "How STOUT THE RECTOR DO GET, TO BE SURE!" Groom. "AY-HE OUGHT TO BE BLISTERED, AND KEPT ON GREEN FOOD ALL SUMMER TIME, TO DO HIM ANY GOOD!"

PROPOSED DIVISION OF THE DAY.

(For next London Season.)

EARLY Tea Restorative. Second Sleep. Get up. Time uncertain. Breakfast.

The New Law Courts.

BAILLIE COCHRANE exclaims, Build the Courts by the Thames, The site would be novel and neat." But the Government shout, By a River! get out!

They'd better be built by a Street."

QUERY FOR DEBERTT.-May the Temple Pier be considered a Law

WOMAN'S VOTE.

EVER zealous in the championship of Woman, Mr. Punch hastens to give universal publicity to the fact that there is formed a London National Society for Woman's Suffrage, and that a list of the General Committee—some two hundred names—is advertised. About five-and-thirty Members of Parliament ungallantly shove themselves into the front place, and though the procession be fittingly headed by MILL, stars—she would vote, we suppose under a pseudonyme, in a mask, and by ballot, and shall do so, if she likes. I. Ladies, bless you! If you like, you may add Mrs. Judina Punch to your list. That well-trained woman will give no vote to displease us, for Punch hath still the bat on of discipline.

A Song for Society.

BLANCHEY PRANCEY went to a ball; BLANCHEY PRANCEY bad a great fall; 'Twas all through her wearing a very long train. Let us hope Blanchey Prancey won't wear it again.

LEGAL QUIBBLE.—A Barrister should cultivate a good temper, if he would succeed as a Cross-examiner.

POPPING THE PYRAMID.

THE PASHA OF EGYPT has been extricated from his difficulties by a process not unknown to Egyptians and Bohemians. He has—not to put too fine a point upon it—popped the Pyramid and appurts. We have had the pleasure of receiving a photograph of the Duplicate, and here it is.

Messrs. Oppenheim, Nephew, & Co., Alexandria.

June 1st, 1868. Ismail Pasha, Kiosque.

Cairo.

One Big Pyramid, One Sphinz (damaged on

nose, &c.)

Seven Tombs, with mummies. £6,000,000.

He has acted wisely in spouting these structures, for Egypt is a rich country, which only wants development, and the Loan is a capital investment. Punck would have lent the money if Oppenheim would not, but we should have insisted on having the Pyramid over, and setting it up in Lincoln's-inn Fields, which it would exactly have fitted, or if a little larger, and it had squashed the adjacent lawyers, that might have been borne. But if Messrs. O. like to send us a slice, and the Sphinx with it, we have no objection, and we will place the latter article on the ground by Temple Bar, into which we hope the Law Courts are not to be crammed.

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

CHAPTER XXIX.

A MEETING LIKE THIS.

LOCKED in each other's arms stood the Lieutenant and GRACE. She had been introduced to her father, Old MARTIN, but preferred

her uncle

"Fie, GRACE!" said the Lieutenant.
The Lieutenant wanted to know who that gentleman was in the

"My preserver!" she exclaimed rapturously, and told them what an amusing and instructive companion Nurr was, and how she'd never enjoyed herself so much anywhere as on this island.

Nurr came up smiling, bashfully.

This!!" exclaimed the Lieutenant. "What do you mean, GRACE?

This is the Boomerang!!"

Through all his change be saw it—the Boomerang.

"Once, I was," NUTT replied, bearing himself erectly, and showing off his dress clothes to the greatest possible advantage. Not now.

"Not now."
"A servant!" exclaimed the Lieutenant.
"A kind one," answered Grace, extending her hand.
NUTT worshipped her now, and the tears rose to his eyes.
"Take her," said the Lieutenant, "and marry her."
"My consent is wanted," interrupted her father, Old Marmaduke.
"Stop!" said Grace. "I am another s-Piel Dorntos's."
"True," was the Lieutenant's answer. "The contract was signed on that fatal night."
"Mr. Marmaduke, Lieutenant, and Miss Grace." began Nutt.

MR. MARMADUER, Lieutenant, and MISS GRACE," began NUTT,

much moved. "Hear! hear!" said COMMANDER BOUNCER, who had not been included in the opening part of the address. NUTT rectified the omission

and proceeded.
"Unaccustomed as I am to public speaking, I am bound to say,—
ahem—that this is the unhappiest, though the proudest, moment of my
life."

BOUNCER wept.

"Let me tell you my short, but melancholy tale."

Here the sailors came on shore in boats, so interested, through their telescopes, in this strange man's narrative.

"A ship!! a ship!!" shouted the Commander fervently. A ship, indeed. From it came a small boat, with PIEL DORNTON on board.

He landed, and after welcoming the Lieutenant, went at once to

GRACE.

She received him confusedly. Then he confronted NUTT.
Suddenly the blood left his cheeks and he would have fallen, but for
Old MARTIN, who fell instead, and hurt himself.

"Hear him," cried the Commander, with true English love of fair
play, and some curiosity as to the rest of NUTT's speech.

"Lady and Gentlemen." he recommenced, "let me tell you my story. I
was brought up at an infant school, and subsequently, being a boy of
studious habits, was apprenticed to a lecturer at the Polytechnic. Here
I acquired that scientificknowledge, which to have learnt has made me supremely happy, seeing that it has alleviated the miseries of one for whom
I entertain feelings of the most profound admiration and the deepest
love." He bowed to Grace and proceeded. She felt he had never,
even when dressed to catch the gesse and wild fowl—never, never,
looked so besatiful as now.

even when dressed to catch the grees and wild fowl—never, never, looked so beautiful as now.

"It was here, too, I mean at the Polytechnic, I mastered that clear and lucid style in which it has been my highest endeavour to explain to you the wonders of nature, and the marvels, during our evenings, of the microscope. So well have we employed our home, here," he turned to GRACE for corroboration, who said "yes," and begged him to go un—"That we have run through the entire cycle of Polytechnic lectures, including the dissolving views, which we really managed admirably, the drop of Thames water with the living creatures in it, the exposition of spiritualism, the automaton Lectard, and many other useful and entertaining experiments, including glass-blowing for the tails of peacocks and imitation candles which won't light, and we were proceeding to the diving-bell and blowing up the Royal George under water when your arrival interfered with our settled plan. Excuse me—to return. I quitted the Polytechnic to join a distinguished aëronaut—" aëronaut-

aronaut—"

"I know you now," exclaimed Dornton. "This fellow," he said, turning to Gaacs and the Lieutenant, "is a Frandulent Solicitor."

"You thought so, perhaps, Piral Dornton," was Nurr's calm reply, which seemed to crush the other into the earth. "When you threw my companion and myself out of the balloon into the sea. You thought so, no, doubt, when you neized the deeds and papers with which my unhappy companion was indeed escaping from the hands of justice. He was a fraudulent solicitor—not I. Let me explain: for he—well for him that it is so, perhaps! de mortus nil nis bonnu—"

"Hear, hear!" said COMMANDER BOUNCER.

—"He is no more. My seconautic friend started his balloon from a public garden. Here it was hired by a private party. That Private Party was the Fraudulent Solicitor; I was told off to attend him. He arrived with his deeds and boxes. His pistol was constantly at my ear, and I was obliged to give up all chance of escape and leave him, the balloon, and myself to a merciful fate—with my eye, however, always on the parachute. From above I saw this man give his wretched father the fatal blow in the Cavern by the Sea—"

"It's a lie!" atricked PIEL DORNTON.

"It's a lie!" shricked Piel Dornton.
"It's a lie!" shricked Piel Dornton.
"It is truth, as I stand here," returned NUTT. "He climbed in by our grapnel when we were almost aground, and repaid our hospitality with return wire."

another crime.

"The name of the Solicitor?" asked Old Martin, eagerly.
"SMITH," was NUTT'S answer.

Old Martin turned to his brother, Leonard Charles. "'Twas e," he said, " who drew up the lost deed. Smith."
So excited was every one that they had not noticed the approach of

So excited was every one that they had not noticed the approach of two separate boats, whose occupants now stood forward. In the first came CHEKK, DISS, COUNT & Co., rowing, with GRIPP, the Detective, holding the Thiant, and SNAGG, the clerk, steering. In the second, BESSY with JOSEPH and the papers, sailing. URLIP spoke. "These papers, signed SMITH, were placed in the hands of these 'ere respectable gents," alluding to the Benician Bankers, who appeared pleased. "By them he became the large landowner you've known him. By them," and he produced another set, "he took under the will of LEOMARD CHARLES MARCHMONT, deceased." ceased—"
"The villain!" exclaimed the irascible old man.
"Everything!" roared Plet D

"Beerstaing?"

"It's a lie, a confounded Lie!" roared Piel Dornton.

"No, it isn't, my Chirper, except you're a alluding to all your papers as is a lie, a forgery, and no mistake. Who seed him forge?"

"I seed him forgin' em at his desk," answered the Infant, sulkily.

"You!" exclaimed Dornton. The net was closing round him now

"Aye, Guy'nor, you cut a cradle down from a tree opposite your window. In that cradle lay a child. I was, I am, that child, and I've tracked you this day. I wouldn't ha' done it," he whimpered, "if you hadn't ill-treated her."

"Her!" exclaimed every one.

"Yes, mum," continued the boy. "Her, her as was the only cove ever kind to me."

" Vide Early Chapters of this remarkable work. - Editor.

† See this exciting incident in a previous chapter. Most exciting .- Editor.

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GRIPP shook him. GRIPP knew he meant the LADY ANNA DOMINO; but he said nothing.

"Now," said GRIPP, "afore we finishes, let's clear up these here missin' papers. Step forward, young man and young woman."

JOSEPH stood before them with BESSY. He showed them the papers, and the Lieutenant was introduced to his long-lost daughter, who, however, embraced Marris.

Then the two old men wept in each other's arms.

Then they all set to work to examine the legal papers.

We append the original Will and DORNTON'S forgery, which will show the reader to what perfection the villain had brought the copyist's art.

PIEL DORNTON'S FORGERY. (FAC SIMILE.)

I leave to my deer freud, Viel Dornton, all my Estates, Palaces, Castles, and all that there little now invested in Benician Securities. In Proof of which I sign and seal and deliver this as my act anddeed.

> Augustus Leonard Charles Marchmont Lieutenant B. A. H.M. Witness.

L.C. Marchmonh (real bandwriting)

I leave to my dear friend do all That KC. Augustus Loonand (harles Marchment lientenout Bay Rad & H. Marines.

NUTT was of immense use here, owing to his having spent so much time in a balloon with a solicitor.

He pointed out the habendum clause, and explained all the flaws and the dealings with the various technicalities and difficulties, and when these were removed, it was as clear as daylight that GRACE MARCHMONT must henceforth bear the title of BAROMESS BISMUTH,

MARCHMONT must henceforth bear the title of BARONESS BISMUTH, with the property thereunto appertaining, which, as has already been seen, was no inconsiderable amount.

"A Baroness!" exclaimed NUTT, sorrowfully, "and rich!" he turned away.

She gave him her hand.

"I am yours, yours always!"

He clasped her in his arms, as the two old men whispered to one another, The BARONESS BISMUTH and MR. HORATIO NUTT.

Then the Partners, CHEKK, DISCOUNT, & Co., requested that they might in future receive the favour of their orders, which was accorded to them, and GRIFF and the Commander shook hands upon the happy termination of their trouble. They were paid off at once, and the sailors cheered all night, and were with difficulty removed from the island in the morning.

Before they quitted the island the Bank Partners explained that Joseff, by the decease of the late nobleman, a wicked elder brother, who had never owned his father, he (Joseff) was now a titled

And what of PIEL DORNTON! The convicted forger, the murderer, the cruel husband, the black-hearted bold bad man?

He had disappeared. None knew where nor whither.

"Leave me alone," said GRIPP.
They left him alone, save and except that JOSEPH offered a thousand pounds for his apprehension, payable only if he was caught alive.
GRIPP pushed his boat to sea. The Infant was crouched in the

The Commander, who had become tired of inaction, joined them in

the pursuit.
So they went upon the track of the forger, the bold black-hearted

AND HE?

(To be concluded in our next.)

JOKES I MIGHT HAVE MADE.

It is a hard thing, you will admit, to be a victim to circumstances. When we look around us, and behold the numerous list of sufferers of this sort, from milliners to malefactors, the first being slaves to a kaleidoscopical creature termed Fashion, who never knows its own mind, the latter martyrs to a squeamish sentiment of Society, which insists on punishing the unhappy felon; how lengthy is the list of the victims to circumstances,—one cannot help remarking, Sir, that it is a hard thing. that it is a hard thing.

Stay, though,—I have said "one" cannot help remarking, &c. Yes, Sir, "one" can. That particular one am I, for I have not been a victim to circumstances—I have been a victim to the absence of circumstances. With me things never happen—nothing ever takes place. I am crushed by an entire absence of everything; that is, everything which would enable me to seore in the conversational cricket-match. Nobody ever gives me a chance: nothing is ever said calculated to permit an exhibition of my peculiar talent—my very peculiar talent. I am a wit, Sir; I am indeed: my best friends would not believe me, for I never make a joke—aloud. To myself I make many. Indeed, at times I am quite ill from the plethora of puns, the surfeit of smart jokes and ritheulous riddles which, if I were permitted to make public, would, I am convinced, convulse the world at large. I think, Sir, you will admit that if Prince Hal didn't play up to Palstaff, the fat knight's fun would fall a little flat: Cax would be literally "shut up" without his Box, and no conundrum would answer without its corresponding question. Very good. Then why won't people give me an opportunity? I ask for nothing more.

I ask for nothing more.

The day after the Derby, for instance; I was dining with JONES. Conversation turned upon the race—odd, but it did. The noble owner of Lady Elizabets was sympathised with, and the unwillingness of the animal to start was descanted on. Somebody asked the name of the Jockey, and here I could have fired off a double-barrelled shot with great effect, if—ah, that "if"—I say, if I had had an assistant. But, Sir, like the Northern States and Herr Frikell, I will never stoop to confederacy. No; but if anybody had asked what would have been a good name for the Marquis's Jockey (which no one did) I could have replied unheaitatingly,—Money. Because, you see, the owner could have put his money on the animal, and as is well known money makes the mare to go. This I think would have produced its effect; but, from the cause I have mentioned, it did not. I have noticed that good things, when left out of a piece, seldom go for much.

I was at the Adelphi the other night, and a really brilliant joke was

I was at the Adelphi the other night, and a really brilliant joke was lost from the fact of no one making the following remark. I must premise that the drama being performed was No Thoroughfure, and premise that the drama being performed was No Thoroughfare, and that a very spooney-looking young man in a private box was evidently terribly amitten with the charming actress who played Marquerite. Now it only required some one to ask, "What is the difference between a gold-digger and the spooney-looking young man?" for me (on the spur of the moment) to have replied, the former goes to seek a lot or money, and the latter goes to see Carlotta Legislaco. But the people about me would have perished in their seats rather than have assisted

me in any way. In the course, Sir, of a long literary career you may possibly have met with the remark that—

" Full many a flower is born to blush unseen."

That, Sir, is my case. I could really bloom forth in public splendour and achieve a wide celebrity, would surrounding circumstances only occasionally resolve themselves into what the man in the play describes as "a concatenation accordingly." The diner-out who says funny things is a person generally in considerable request; now I venture to suggest that any individual who would devote his time to assisting the funny man, who would with tact, delicacy, and a happy appreciation of the right moment at which to say the right thing, lead up as it were to the prandial wit, would be literally worth his weight in gold. Here is a great opening for the charitable. There are crowds of diners-out who are dummies. Let them devote themselves to this noble work. They will be welcomed cordially by such sufferers as myself.



Eminent Musician. "YOU PLAY, I BELIEVE ?" Swell Amateur. "YA-AB!"

Eminent Musician, "CONCERTINA?" Swell Amateur. "No-Comb !"

A ROW IN A COURT.

AIR-Popular Hornpipe.

In the House of Commons, now, Very often there 's a row; While the Ermine keeps its gravity, And dignity and suavity: So a rumpus in the higher Courts of Law is very rare. But a shindy, in the Court Of Queen's Bench, has given sport; Twas occasioned by Judge BLACKBURN in the case of MR. EYRE.

JUSTICE BLACKBURN did preside When that Eyrar was to be tried,
And a charge to the Grand Jury gave,
A just one, to be sure, he gave,
But he said the other Judges his opinion all did share.
So the fill was thrown right out, 'Mid a universal shout Of "Hurrah for the Preserver of Jamaica, Mr. Eyre!"

When the LORD CHIEF JUSTICE read What his colleague then had said, Says he, "I don't agree with it, So let no one credit me with it; In particular I think that Gondon's trial was unfair, If that charge I had foreknown, Then another of my own
I would surely have delivered in the case of Mr. Eyre."

Then my lord pulled off his wig, If the scene was infra dig., Yet how charming is variety,
Yet how charming is variety,
Though from general propriety!
And a wig in summer weather is an awful thing to wear.
Slap, he shied it at the head
Of the puisne Judge, and said,
"Now take that for what I think about the case of ME. EYER!"

Wig for wig then BLACKBURN threw, And flung back the other's too. There ensued, with reciprocity Of mutual ferceity, Such a wigging, that it might have made blind justice even stare! But when judges disagree How decide, good folks, shall we? How shall Governors determine in the place of MR. EYRE?

A WARNING TO THE MAN IN THE MOON.

A WARNING TO THE MAN IN THE MOON.

THE end of bribery and corruption is within sight, at no great distance. Members of the House of Commons are threatened by the Registration Bill with loss of their autumnal holidays. All work and no play will make the parliamentary Jack a still duller boy than he is already. As it is, the duties of a Member of Parliament are very laborious; and if, as seems likely, they become much, or, indeed, only a little more so, they will amount to a bore of greater magnitude than even the calamitous office of a Juryman. It will be necessary to impress men for public service in the Legislature just as it is to compel them to serve on juries. Instead of seeking to be the representative of a county or a borough at the price of an enormous expenditure, a gentleman will have to be forced to accept election by the alternative of a heavy fine. Or else it will come to pass that, so far from getting paid anything whatever, electors will be obliged to pay the man of their choice very handsomely indeed in order to induce anyone to come forward as a candidate for the employment of representing them.

Canada and Capetown.

THE Weekly Dispatch announces that :-

"BISHOP LYNCH is to be the new Roman Catholic Archbishop of Canada."

The Bishop is not supposed to be any relation to his namesake the Judge; nor are the Canadian Roman Catholics thought likely to be subjected to ecclesiastical Lynch law; such as certain English divines want to enforce at Natal.



A ROW IN COURT.

"THESE NICE SHARP QUILLETS OF THE LAW."-Shakepeare.



A HOW IN COURT,

MANAGEMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE LAW, STREET

PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.

MONDAY, June 8. Government intimated that it was burning and raging to get business over, and to come to the General Election and the Vote of Confidence; but that, inasmuch as it would require "fine steering" to bring the New Parliament together before Christmas, and as there would certainly be no time then to discuss money matters, a Year's Supplies would now be asked. The House was to have a week to consider this proposal. Except that the present state of things is utterly unconstitutional, there is no particular objection.

We took the Scotch Reform Bill in Committee, and polished it off. Glasgow is to have the Three-Cornered Vote, which Lond Denny and Mr. Bilent think so wrong, and which Mr. Mills thinks so right. It is sad that the Member for Westminster's logical powers are so feeble, that he cannot perceive that ninety-nine men of education ought to submit in silence and humility to be reduced to political nonentity by one hundred non-educated persons; but so it is.

The Scotch get their 7 New Members; and the 7 English Boroughs, which it was finally agreed to sacrifice to Caledonia (atern and wild), are—

Arundel of the Owls.
Ashburton of the Quarterly GIFFORD.
Dartmouth of the Gunpowder.
Honiton of the Laces. Lyme Regis of the Cobb. Thetford of the Black Church. Wells of the Cathedral.

Battle over the Boundaries Bill, and whether the Commissioners who took so much pains over the arrangements, or the Committee, which had political considerations before it, should be supported. Much sharp language, Mr. Bright wrathful, and Mr. Osborns complimenting the House on self-stultification. We went at it again on Thursday, and were still more sarcastic upon one another. Mr. Hibbert fought for the Committee, Mr. Addender attacked Mr. Bright, who warned the Conservatives that Numbers would one of these days avenge any attempt to ignore them, Long Galway called Mr. Osborne a Buffoon, and the latter neatly retorted—a cry of "Order" being raised—"O, he is quite in order." Finally, Mr. Hibbert Resolution was carried by 184 to 148, against Ministers, who, however declined to regard the matter as one of vital importance, a however declined to regard the matter as one of vital importance, a sweet and pleasing line of conduct to which they have nobly adhered upon several occasions, which might have disturbed ordinary souls.

The public may like to be reminded—

These must be taught, as if you taught them not, And things unknown proposed as things forgot—"

to be reminded, we say, of the little history of this matter. Boundaries for voting purposes being wanted, an Act of Parliament was obtained, and under it a couple of Commissioners (a barrister and an officer of "the educated Service,") were sent over the country. All these Commissioners studied the subject on the spots, examined witnesses, and reported. There were people who did not like the proposed changes, and they made such a row, that a Select Committee of the Commons was appointed to consider the Report. They upset nearly all that the barristers and officers had done, and now the vote which we have described confirms the upset. We are practical people, we legislators, Mas. GRUNDY, ch. M'm? We need hardly say that the farce cost nothing, as barristers and engineers are always ready to go everywhere and do all sorts of work for nothing, and pay their own hotel bills.

own hotel bills.

Twesday. A morning sitting on the Bill for Handing over the Telegraphs to Government. The subject, which afforded material for a fine and suggestive speech, was rather barrenly treated by Mr. Warn Hunr; but he explained the Bill, and thought that it ought to be at once read and sent to a Select Committee. It was opposed by Mr. Leeman for the Companies, who of course only want to extort the uttermost farthing from the Nation, and he introduced the usual cant about Government's reading our messages, and being averse to improvements in electrical science. As we let them read our letters if they like, the first objection is not much, and as for the second it was rather Cheeky, considering that the Companies never introduce any improvements, that our Telegrams are the worst in Europe, and that even the common convenience of having the message printed, as has been done in America for twenty years, is not adopted here, but the messages are transcribed by blundsrang clerks, who send frantic nonsense. Mr. Punch's whole domestic arrangements were nearly plunged into despair and dismay by reason of Judy's opening a telegram of mere business, but which the ass of a clerk had converted into a summons from a Lady. From that moment he vowed extinction to the Companies, and HE WILL KEEP HIS VOW.

For the time the Bill stood over. Mr. GLADSTONE and the Opposition approve the plan, but think that more inquiry is needful—that is to say, they prefer that the Boon should proceed from the next Ministry.

Ascot Races began to-day, and the House was Counted Out at night. It was very pleasant on Ascot Heath this Tuesday, the attendance being distinguished rather than enormous. Our darling Paincess was in green, and Mr. Puncs wore, by instinct, a green cravat.

in green, and Mr. Punch wore, by instinct, a green cravat.

Wednesday. Woman, in her capacity of ill-treated Wife, was the theme of this day. The Bill for the Protection of the Property of Married Women was taken in hand. The usual talk followed. One side harped upon the marriage vow, and the duty of submission and obedience, and the revolutionary character of those who would encourage a wife to be independent, and the hard and cruel nature of some wives, and Loan Galway said that the words in the service must be altered, and instead of "love, honour, and obey," the lady ought to say "enter into a partnership on equal terms." The other side showed that woman was unfairly treated, and that in her case matrimony was made a crime, for her property was instantly taken away. Rich girls had settlements, but poor girls had no such protection against brutal husbands. On division, there was a Matrimonial Tie, each side mustering 123, so the Speaker, in accordance with rule, voted in the affirmative, that is, for the women, in order to give the House another opportunity of considering the subject.

The Ladies in the "Cape" above the reporters, made all sorts of disturbances during the debate, such as murmuring, hissing, clapping hands, and rattling fans against the brass. Mr. Passet thinks, with all submission, that they had better confine such demonstrations to the theatre. There, nobady accept the unfortunate actors whose points are lost, and the general public who pay to hear the play, complain that the private boxes are noisy, and that the chatter of ladies who have dined, and swells who have dined, and swells who have dined, and are love and the property of the House.

gallery of the Hou

Thursday was the Cup Day at Ascot. It was very pleasant on Ascot Heath this Thursday, the attendance being enormous rather than distinguished. The horses who had been the first three in the Derby alone ran for the Cup, and Bheepown won, Speculum being before King Alfred, instead of behind that monarch, who on this occasion burned the cakes. Our darling Princess was in pink, and Mr. Punch wore, by instinct, a cravat that might have been pink, only it was blue.

MR. HARDY brought in a Bill for expediting the Registration of the new electors. The revision of the lists is to begin in September, with an enlarged staff of lawyers, and the roll is to be complete and printed by the lat of October. The elections are to follow, with a somewhat shorter time than usual for the return of the writs. The idea is to get Parliament together in time to have the Big Battle fought about the 14th of December. This will greatly conduce to the harmony, peace, and goodwill which should prevail at Christmas.

Friday. The Lords, like Mr. Punch, had found it too hot to attend to much business early in the week, but also, like him, they woke up this evening, and did a capital thing. On the motion of LORD GLAN-BIGARDS, they sent to a Select Committee (in this case all but a sentence of death) the Bill for effectuating the Conspiracy by which, as sentence of death) the Bill for effectuating the Conspiracy by which, as Lond Redesdall said, the three Southern Railways propose to extort more money from the Public for worse service. The way that several Lords fired into this attempt at Fraud, was pleasing; and it may be that the Railway Interest "claewhere" might have winced at the language in which their devices were described. The Commons had showed themselves subservient to that interest, and afraid to help the people; the Lords stood up like the Barons of old, and claimed the People's lawful right to travel well at a fair charge. To be sure it cost their Lordships nothing but attendance in their places; but we can't always get them to give even that.

Discussion on a proposal to remove such restrictions on the publi-

always get them to give even that.

Discussion on a proposal to remove such restrictions on the publication of Newspapers, as the giving security. Mr. Mill thought that it was like making physicians give security not to poison, merely because some quacks poisoned. The week finished with an hour's wrangle and fight as to whether we should go on with a Bill for relieving Excisemen from the Disability to Vote at Elections. The 53 Scotch Members ought to have attended in a body, and voted for the Bill; for was not Burns an Excisemen? But the last division was only 42 to 33. To be sure, it was two in the morning, and Burns has written.

"Up in the morning's not for me, Up in the morning early."

Conundrum for Rotten Row.

let Friend (on horseback asks a friend). What is the cheapest bit to

ride with?

2nd Friend. Well, I should say—
let Friend. I shouldn't. The cheapest bit, Sir, is a threepenny bit.

APROPOS. THE Derby Opera-La Favorita.



SKIRMISHING.

Brown (in agony, having just fired). "Well, the sooner Government gives us Breech-Loaders, THE BETTER!"

Jones, "WHAT'S THE MATTER NOW?"

Brown, "THERE GOES MY RAMROD AGAIN! RIGHT IN THE DIRECTION OF MY House, Too!"

AN AMALGAMATED SAGE UNION.

A SCIENTIFIC band That cultivates ethnology, Doth 'gainst another stand, Whose study's anthropology. The latter one contains
Believers in phrenology,
Both build on old remains
Unearthed by new geology.

Their notions sometimes clash
With popular theology,
And altogether smash
The old received chronology. They can't get on without
A little physiology,
And some discourse about The teachings of philology.

Their subject is allied So closely to zoology, It thereinto doth glide, By way of pitheology.

"Our poor relations," apes,
Are owned with small apology;
Men's skulls, of such low shapes,
We owe palsontology.

But some of them dispute This precious genealogy,
And will not, to the brute,
Admit their own analogy.
Now Huxley will, 'tis said,
These rivals in paralogy,
Unite, both bodies' head; So may they cease their alogy!

Latest from the Castle.

Prince of Wales (asks). What pretty place near Windsor is the best for a man overcome with grog? Requerry (politely). Sir, I give it up.

Prince of Wales. I'll tell you. Vir-ginny-an'-water.

[Equerry in shrieks of laughter. Scene closes.

FER NOMINAL LIBERALITY. - Advice gratis.

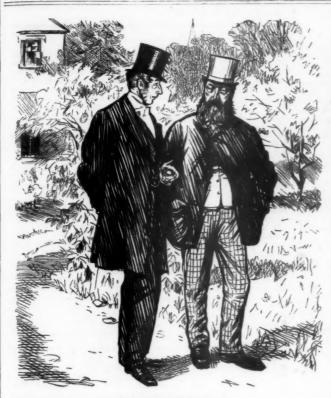
RITUALISM IN CHANCERY.

RITUALISM IN CHANCERY.

A MERTING of the Juridical Cogers was held at their usual quarters yesterday, when a paper was read by Mr. Winkins on "Remedies against Ritualism," wherein he contended that Archibshof Manning might by application to Chancery obtain an injunction against the Hon. and Rev. Mr. Lidder, to restrain them from the performance of services proper exclusively to the Church of Rome. The reading of the paper was followed by a discussion. Mr. Cavil objected that the performances of the Ritualists were similar to those of buffoons, and argued that their imitation of the Mass and other Roman Catholic rites and ceremonies was no more chargeable with piracy than a burlesque of a serious drama. The learned gentleman's opinion on this point was controverted by Mr. Quidding, who said that though the Ritualist mimicry of Papistical celebrations was very absurd, yet it was not intended for the purpose of affording amusement, but meant to be perfectly serious. It could, therefore, not be regarded in the light of burlesque. The burlesque of Othello might be less laughable than the tragedy itself exceedingly ill acted, but still the tragedy so acted, if acted gravely as a tragedy, would not be a burlesque, however comic it might be in effect. He thought an injunction against the Ritualists would be granted to Dr. Manning. Mr. Quiller greed with the last speaker that the Ritualistic performances were not burlesques; but suggested that Archibshop of Manning would be precluded from getting an injunction for stopping them by the circumstance that his archiepiscopal authority was not recognised by law. The Ecclesiastical Titles Bill would have to be repealed to enable the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Westminster to obtain an anti-Ritualist injunction. He would then, undoubtedly, be in a position to apply for it with success. Whether he would do so or not was another matter. He would be a fool if he did; for what hotel or eatinghouse-keeper who supplied real turtle would wish to check the demand for it occasioned by



A BEE IN THE BONNET.



MANAGEMENT.

JOINT-STOCK BANK PARTY BREAKS HIS SUNDAY EXCURSION TRIP TO CALL ON A CLERICAL FRIEND.

Pateon. "Afraid I shall not be able to give you more than Trn Minutes, Old Fellow; I have my Morning Service—"

Joint-Stock Bank Party. "OH, CAN'T YOU DO AS WE DO WITH OUR 'REPORTS'-GET 'EM TO TAKE IT AS 'READ' !"

DECORATIVE ENTOMOLOGY.

COLEOPTERA are coming into fashion. Fact. See Le Follet, dears, wherein, under the head of "Fashions for June," you will learn that, for bonnets, that is to say the ornamental tiles or sates, so to speak, worn in place of bonnets, besides lace and crape:—

"Rice and fancy straw are also much used. A very pretty model with these materials may be made with a very small fanchon, trimmed en diadéme, with a wreath of green beetles and grasses."

What a pretty fancy to have been taken into a female head, that of wearing beetles outside of it! The beetles thus worn by a lady as an ordinary head-dress being green, she would perhaps, if she went into mourning, wear black-beetles. In that case she would enjoy a large choice of beetles, of which many, if not most, are black. Among these may be mentioned the stag-beetle, and the shard-borne beetle, celebrated for his drowsy hum. Equally suitable for the purpose of decoration, though not properly called beetles, would be the cockroach, and the devil's-coach-horse. Of beetles not black the lady-cow is one which might be suggested as becoming, and the time is at hand when a seasonable chaplet might be composed of cock-chafers.

chafers.
Lepidopterous, hymenopterous, neuropterous and orthopterous insects might also be laid under contribution, and ladies might go about crowned with wreaths of moths and butterflies of various kinds, bees, wasps, dumbledores, dragon-flies, crickets, and grasshoppers. The arachnids, or spider family, could also supply many interesting members that might be similarly combined in an extremely elegant arrangement, to which might be added specimens from the myriopoda, various scolopendrs or centipedes, British and foreign. The limacines and helicides might also be employed in the adornment of her head with slugs and snails; nor should the larve of the insect tribes be neglected; for a lady of taste might garnish her crown very prettily with different sorts of grubs and caterpillars.

Electrical.

WE have often wondered if the chignon could ever be w.s. have often wondered if the chignon could ever be applied to any actual use, and, according to a contemporary, some ingenious person has conceived the idea of making it a receptacle for a regular galvanic apparatus, and a small Rhumkorff coil. This may be one way of attracting the sparks, and may not only produce the requisite flutter in the body of the bird, but also in the breast of the human advisors. Nevertheless we do not design to you the visit admirer. Nevertheless, we do not desire to run the risk of receiving a "thousand natural shocks" from the same number of artificial ones.

A FORETASTE OF THE HANDEL FEAST.

For many a long day-indeed, for not far short of eleven hundred For many a long day—indeed, for not far short of eleven hundred days—Mr. Psucš has not heard such a great singing in his ears as he enjoyed last Friday. With the echoes of this Rehearsal Day still sounding in his memory, he feels no doubt of the success of the Third Great Handel Festival. The transept being enclosed more completely than before, the voices do not waste their sweetness on the desert air of Norwood and the neighbourhood adjoining. Moreover, men who have no music in their souls must enjoy a Handel Festival, if only for the pleasure of staring at the singers. It is well worth a guinea to look at that big Orchestra, nearly twice as big as the Dome of St. Paul's, and filled to the last inch with near four thousand faces. The sight too of the adjaces who ever nearly are agent is also well worth sight, too, of the audience, who cover nearly an acre, is also well worth seeing; and, when "the many rend the sky with loud applause," the effect of the hands clapping is one you do not witness often in a life-

One thing Mr. Punch remarked at the Rehearsal, which he hopes he may not see at any one of the performances. Certain Snobe, whose names he would vastly like to publish, selfishly prevented him from hearing the last chorus in each of the parts by making the disturbance of leaving in the middle of it. They might endeavour to excuse themof leaving in the middle of it. They might endeavour to excuse themselves by saying they were hungry, and alleging that they wanted in the first place to go and get some lunch, and in the second, to get home in time for dinner. Now, Mr. Psack will grant that one of the advantages of music is, that it gives him a good appetite; but he will not admit that this is any plea for his annoying other people. There is no need to hurry home from a Crystal Palace Music Feast, merely for the sake of sitting down to dinner. In the south end of the building are most comfortable dining-rooms, where the valgar rage of hunger can be easily appeased. Instead of hurry-scurrying away to catch a train, and robbing quiet people of the hearing of a chorus, which they

have paid to hear—mind that, you scampering snobs!—men should give their cooks a holiday, and themselves a Palace dinner, wisely ordering it beforehand, if they be pigs of Epicurus.

CHIVALRY OF THE COMMONS.

"WILL any gentleman give up his Seat to oblige a Lady?" This question is not infrequently put to a male ominibus passenger, and never, we trust, without eliciting a cheerful "Certainly." The Rain of Chivalry is not over, and its Votaries defy a ducking.

To make woman independent of her master is a task becoming a chivalrous if not a commercial people, and will completely redeem our bad reputation for shop-keeping. Hymen we expect will soon be legally empowered to open an office in Serjeant's Inn for the due registration of conjugal partnerships, and over every drawing-room door we shall see the name of the firm "Henry & Hannah (Limited)." Once more, "Will any gentleman resign his Seat to oblige a Lady?" This question, without any modification, we really believe might be addressed to more than a hundred useful Members of the Lower House, and every Man with polite alacrity would jump up and make his conge.

addressed to more than a hundred useful Members of the Lower House, and every Man with polite alacrity would jump up and make his congé. Mr. Spraker, we know by recent facts, is ex officio the "Ladies' Champion," and we will be bound that ten thousand ingenious fingers, animated by gratitude—that lively sense of casting votes to come—are now busily employed in knitting anti-macassars for his chair.

Cervaries made fine fan of Spanish chivalry composed of soft metal, but ours, hardened under a vigorous Parliamentary hammering, will not easily be dinted by poking short jokes at it. Don Quicote, believing that he saw before him a monster that held captive distressed damsels, attacked the Mill on the Commons. The Mill of the Commons is now a gallant knight armed cap-à-pie, and wearing a white favour. Hip! hip! Hurrah!

FALSITIES FOR THE FACE.



OUR Red Indian, Mr. Punch, doesn't he call the natives of Great Britain, and others who resemble them in com-plexion, "pale faces"? There are some of our countrywomen, Sir, whom he would certainly misname by that poetical appellation. For of course they must include a considerable num-ber of customers for the things which are daily advertised in the newspapers to redden the face. For instance .--

LOWE'S CELEBRATED OWES CELEBRATED
DAMASK ROSE DROPS,
an elegant and innocent extract
for giving immediate and natural
colour to the cheek, lips, and
complexion, in packet cases,
3s. 6d., free by post for 48 stamps.

I copy the foregoing announcement misses the address, because among your casual readers there may possibly be one or two who, if you called it loathsome, would think you were joking, and meant to endorse the lie which it tells, and to recommend the use of the trash which it relates to. No doubt, however, this stuff would effectually remove the complaint of paleness, if not permanently, for some time at least. An application that would immediately stain even the lips would doubtless irritate the skin, and the person who had employed it would afford wags occasion to ask why her face was like Vesuvius in the last days of Pompeii.

days of Pompeii.

When the divine WILLIAMS made Viola, speaking of herself, tell

Orsino that :-"She never told her love, But let concealment, like a worm i' the bud, Foed on her damask cheek,"

he probably suggested the epithet misapplied to the abovenamed drops. Anyhow their name suggests his lines, and with them the observation that feeding on a damask cheek, which owed that colour to damask rose drops, would make concealment very ill, if concealment were so far like a worm in the bud as to be poisonable, and if, on the part of any one using a face-dye, concealment were possible.

Now, Sir, here is another of these advertisements, more sickening

than the first. Read it!

THE VESTRIS ENAMEL.—This valuable COSMETIC, as prepared from the original receipt for the late Madamo Vestris, which preserved her youth and beauty to so late a perior, is perfectly barneless, and gives a besutiful tone and colour to the skin, improving a good complexion, and making a bad one beautiful. Sold only by ——. Price 5a and 10a per bottle.

There was a time when the report current, with many other absurd sayings, about the lady whose name is above abused, that she was "enamelled" was regarded as tending, and intended, to render her an object of aversion. Now we have a cosmetic commended to the softer sex under the name of "Vestris Kaamel!" Not a nice sign of the times, Mr. Punch, is it? The fashionable world is very fast; it certainly doesn't go at a snail's pase, nor yet in the snail's direction. In that respect it resembles another of the crustacea. It is going back to rouge, and will next perhaps recede to patches and powder.

Somebody has too truly said what is too apt to be forgotten, that beauty is only skin deep. Youth, if no more, is no less, according to the advertisement of the "Vestris Enamel." The youth as well as the beauty of Madams Vestris, it tells us, was preserved by that species of stucco for the skin.

Here, again, our advertiser has borrowed a poetical thought. When he describes his enamel as "improving a good complexion, and making a bad one beautiful," he just paraphrases Braon's words about the effect of moonlight on the Coliseum;—

"Leaving that beautiful which still was so, And making that which was not."

Only the paraphrase is not so much poetical as fictitious.

Let me call your attention to a candid acknowledgment made by one of the most notorious of the advertising face-forgers. In the first place idiotic females are invited to buy :-

MADAME JEZEBEL'S Queenly, Arabian, and Circassian beauty WASHES FOR THE HAIR, Teeth, and Complexion. Alabaster powder, Arab bloom, Armenian liquid for giving brilliancy to the eyes and removing wrinkles, pure liquid extract of flowers for giving fragrant odours 40 the breath and pearly whiteness to the teeth, liquid, enamel and Circassiun lily wash. The choicest perfumes of Arabia for the bath. Those queenly and costly preparations reader the hair, teeth, and complexion beautiful for over.

And then they are told that :-

"All other persons vending dangerous and spurious compounds in imitation, and who are endeavouring to copy her art, commit a gross fraud upon the public, she being the only importer of the above preparations."

One would think, even an idiotic female might see that when MADANE One would think, even an idiotic female might see that when MADAME JEZEBBL mentions "all other persons vending dangerous and spurious compounds in imitation" (of what if not of the natural colour and complexion?) by those other persons she means persons other than herself. She, then, is one who does what those others do. Idiotic females may not see that. Mrs. Borrodaile may not have seen it. But all that are not quite idiots will avoid every dangerous and spurious compound, whether pigment, or wash, that would be injurious even to a nig.

Faugh! as people used to say, on occasion, in the good old time of my celebrated anti-cosmetic ancestor, the Vicar of Wakefield. At your service, Mr. Pauch, I have the honour to be, a

P.S. Idea of a puff for JEZEBEL, Hamlet (to skull). Get thee to my lady's chamber, and tall her that, let her paint an inch thick, to this complexion she must come at last; but not if she places herself under the hands of MADAME JEZEBEL, and is made beautiful for ever.

DISGRACEFUL

MR. PUNCH, MR. Punch,
Do you consider these are proper questions to put to a growing boy? They have been drawn up by our head-master, who is evidently not master of his head. The fact is he went out during the hot weather last week without his hat, and had a severe altercation (resulting in blows) with his eldest male offspring. I think he is suffering from a stroke of the son. I wish you would give us boys a word. There is no one to appeal to but the Press, and you are our favourite paper. As for relying on any protection from a fellow's parents, it's bosh. So I say, you know, do just give us a word. We 've taken in all your back numbers, so do take up our case. These are a few of his questions—pretty fellow to have the instruction of youth, he is:—

1. "What's a' the steer, Kimmer?"—Give the derivation of the word "kimmer." Is he a comparative of "kim," and did his ancestors kim over with the Conqueror? Spell "Conqueror."

2. Knot for Joe .- How is this tied and which of the DAVENPORTS is JOE? Why?

3. High Cockolorum Jig .- Describe the figures of this ancient dance. When is it considered in season !

4. Virginia Creeper. - Relate the leading incidents is this lady's life. Was she not connected very closely with an ancient house? If so, which !

5. "I Wisna buckle to."—Do you believe that this declaration (feloniously appropriated by a northern minatrel) was really made by a lady who shied at the second volume of Buckle's Civilization? If so, speak out like a man, and no heel-taps.

6. " Stand to your Guns."-Is there any ground for believing that this was the remark of a great naval commander to some "hearts of oak" of niggardly disposition, who never treated their sixteenpounders? What is the favourite beverage of the gun when stood to? And so on. Do just stop him, will you please .- Yours truly,

A BOY WHO HAS HIS FRELINGS.

P.S. I re-open this to say that the benighted tyrant has just entered the Schoolroom, and remarked that there is something wrong about Nature; for whereas one swallow doesn't make a summer one grass-hopper does make a spring. Perhaps if you publish this it may reach the eye of his friends.

STREET SCENE.

(A Duologue.)

Smart. How do, SMOOTH? (to Theatrical Manager, who frowns upon him.) What's the matter, eh?

Smooth. Matter? Hang it, SMART, you wrote me down in The

Sware (repressing something Shakspearian about "scriting down" which occurs to him, continues pleasantly). Wrote you down? No. I said the piece was a bad one, because I thought it was; a very bad one.

Smooth. Bad! (Sarcastically). You were the only man who said so.

Smart (very pleasantly). My dear fellow, I was the only man who said to the continue of the contin

il. Good bye. [Excunt severally.

Taking a Shot at it.

Wn wonder if the Chairman of the Board of Ordnance, who, as we presume, must have a casting vote to give as to the casting of big cannon, would be offended if we called him a Big Bore Constructor? M TO 118 nd an

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PUNCH'S ESSENCE OF PARLIAMENT.



N Monday, June 15th, my Lords, a few of them at least, talked some remarkably good sense about the education of the upper classes. When such men as Lords STANHOPE and CLA-RENDON say that Latin and Greek composition is of no use, and that the course of study should be modernised, it is possible that in highly gen-teel families, where the opinion teel families, where the opinion of mere newspaper writers might not Command Respect, attention will be given to what one's Betters remark. Nobody wants to neglect Homer and Horace, and Mr. Psuckwould as soon cut off his nose as his quotations from Naso : but it is an awfully useful thing to be able to do a rule of three sum, and to order a dinner in French or German, and really everybody ought to knowthatsolid parallelopipeds which are contained by parallelograms equiangular to one another, each to each, that is, of which the solid angles are equal, each to each, have to one another the ratio which is the same with the ratio compounded of the ratios of their sides.

The MARQUIS OF BATH was very property added to the Committee on Artizana' Dwellings, and we hope that the article from which he takes

his title will be invariably added to the dwellings themselves.

Reader rose to give notice of a question, and "was received with tokens of discovered time."

MARDEN rose to give notice or a question, and was received with tokens of disapprobation."

The Irish Reform Bill went into Committee, and we assume that we may take it for granted that the universe will be content with a very brief account of what has been done with it. There were some Redistribution Clauses, which the House did not care about, so Mr. Disraell very obligingly knocked them out, and then the Commons, not to be outdone in courtesy, supported him against all the proposals made by Gentlemen who sought to amend the measure, and also against a

posais made by Gentlemen who sought to amend the measure, and also against a proposal by Rearnes.

Second Reading of the Bill for expediting the Registrations. The British Constitutent may like to know that it is "considered" that the new writs may be issued by the 12th of October, and that the New Parliament May Meet about LORD Mayor's Day.

Twesday, There is a Sale of Poisons Bill in hand, and LORD REDESDALE wanted all bottles containing such medicaments to be made of a peculiar shape, so that there could be no mistake as to the contents. The idea does not seem irrational, but the Lords thought that its adoption would be inconvenient to the chemical and druggical profession.

On a Debate on our Public Schools, Eton was described as the worst school in the world. Mr. LABOUCHERS said that he had been there three years, and had the world. Mr. LABOUCHERS said that he had been there three years, and had learned nothing. That statement did not exactly prove the other proposition, in which, however, there is an approach to the truth. But Eton is not a school. It is a Gymnasium, to which hundreds of fine young fellows are sent to learn athletic sports, and to which the sons of a good many Snobs are sent that the Snobs' boys may pick up Swell acquaintances.

Mr. Bright set forth, in an hour's speech, that the Blue Noses, also known as the Nova Scotians, do not like the Union with Canada. Mr. Address denied that they disliked it as much as was said, and the House, by 183 to 87, declined to vote an address for inquiry, which decision Mr. Punck unhesitatingly declares to be a mistake. The Blue Noses are very loyal Blue Noses, and do not deserve a wipe of this kind. At least, we might hear what they have got to say.4

On the passing of the Bill for Demolishing the Irish Church, COLOMBL STUART KNOX sped it from the House with a parting kick, declaring that it was going to its last home. And, late in the week, LORD CHANCELLOR CAINES, for the Government, intimated that he meant to move its rejection by the Lords. We do not like risking a bold opinion; in fact, timidity of utterance is one of Mr. Punck's graces—

Punck's graces-

"He would not, in a peremptory tone, Assert the Nose upon his face his own;"

but he ventures to think that he has some grounds for not being entirely convinced that the rejection of this Bill will put an end to the agitation against the Church of Ireland.

Wednesday. Rearden asked a ridiculous question about the allegred flogging of an Irish priest because a newspaper had been sent to him in prison. Mr. Addening age a contemptuous answer, and expressed regret that such idiotry should be put into the Notice Paper.

Mr. Mill's Bill for getting rid of the strongholds of Bumbledom—the Vestries, was lucidly explained by himself, and was then talked out of the House of Commons, Bumbledomonians prating on until the fatal Quarter to Six. But there will ome another "bad quarter of an hour" for the Vestries.

Thursday. Whether, under the pretence of going to Church, paupers ought to be allowed a chance of running away from the Unions on Sundays, leaving families chargeable, was considered by the Lords, who thought that on the whole poor people had a right to say that they wanted to go to church.

to go to churen.

The Abyasinian Army, in reward for its bravery and endurance, is to have six months' batta, so it will have the solid pudding as well as the empty praise.

Mr. Disparit refers the Electric Telegraphs Bill to the consideration of a Select Committee, and Mr. Punch refers the following fact to the consideration of a Select Public. the following fact to the consideration of a Select Public. An Irish editor of a newspaper, having dared to publish articles in support of the Government scheme for taking the wires away from those who manage them so badly and charge so high, a Telegraph Company (we mean to know which by next week), has menaced him with the taking away the contract under which he is at present supplied with news. These are the folks who presume to talk about a possible arbitrary course on the part of Government. about a possible arbitrary course on the part of Government, if it had the telegraphs in hand. There is no possible English Minister who would commit the insolent act which Mr. Norwood described.

Friday. The Lords were wise and busy, the Commons wiser and idle. The Peers listened to the EARL OF ELLENBOROUGH, who wished the Abyssinian army to be received BOROUGH, who wished the Abyssinian army to be received with grand military honours. It was allowed that any honour which could be paid that gallant force had been deserved, but the DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE pointed out, very fairly, that such a reception would establish a precedent, and that offence would be given if such a reception were ever omitted for the future. But H. R. H. expressed, in language of honourable warmth, his own gratitude, and that of the nation, for the noble services of SIR ROBERT NAPIER'S troops.

Then there was talk about Foreshores. This means the bit of land between high and low water. It is the QUEEN's, but her lieges have a right to use it. As far as we can make out, the Scotch landlords use the Foreshores a good deal too much, to the extent of Foreshortening, as a painter might say, and do not like being told that the land is not theirs, but the QUEEN'S.

A CAUTION TO CAGED BIRDS.

(Apropos of the Conduct of the Ladies at the Division on the Married Women's Property Bill.)

LET Members fight the livelong night, With "Hear, hear" and "Oh, oh!" When GLADSTONE proves that black is white, Or DIZZ that "Yes" means "No!"

But, Ladies, you should never let Such party noises rise:
Your little cape was never meant
For fan-taps, cheers and cries!

"Propria que maribus tribuuntur sint feminina."

THE Salford overseers insist on putting women's claims on the register.

Huzza for Salford!
The loi Salfque bars women's rights. The loi Salfford) ique allows them.

The great Mills of Westminster is proud to "cotton" to the lesser Mills of Salford, who are about to lead the way in working up sees into hes, and effacing the odious distinction between the Lords and the Ladies of Creation!

A PROVERB ON ITS TRIAL.—" As honest as the Day."

CHIKKIN HAZARD.

LAST CHAPTER.

THE END.

THE Bells of Benicia were ringing for the double marriage. Grace at one Charch to her beloved Nove; Bass at the other to her own dear Joseph, mow Joseph, Marquis or Mawsickall, with title of Free-Pass-to-The-Alhambra, and Baron Cancan, of Mabille, as a special honour from the Tuileries, whose motte has, since the events here recorded, become familiar in English mouths as household bread. We must also take this opportunity of adding, that Her Majesty's Government, determining to reward Liburarant Marqumont for his distinguished services, patented him by the title of Sik Charles, to imitate which is fraudulent, and punishable by several acts of Parliament. While these feativities were being enacted, another scene of a dif-

While these festivities were being enacted, another scene of a dif-

While these restrictes were being enacted, another scene of a different sort was being played out by two performers.

In an apartment in the Good Bishop's Palace, which by a special rescript from the Home-Office he had been permitted to let unformished, the tenant, Lady Anna Domino, taking the fitted fixtures, &c., on which arrangement we have neither time nor inclination to dwell now more minutely, sat the Lady Anna Domino.

On the opposite side of the room behind a curtain stood Piel

Donwrow, regarding her cariously.

"Beautiful for ever!" he muttered between his set teeth.

Then he stood before her, pale, with bloodshot eyes and matted hair—he stood before her.

She saw at once, with a woman's intuitive perception, that the end

had come.

"At last," she said. She still admired the man who had so cruelly deceived her.

"Recrimination is useless," he said, slowly and bitterly.

"Yes," she replied, in a cold tone. "It is."

"The police are here," he added, looking calmly from the window.

She inquired what division, and with his glass he was enabled to

She inquired what division, and with his glass he was enabled to answer her question satisfactorily.

"My mind is made up," he continued; and then, with a slight tremor in his voice which even now midst all his villain's cunning showed there was one green spot in that cankered, sin-dried heart, he added, "What will become of you?"

"What?" returned Liady Anna, turning towards him. "Do you think of that at last?" She stretched out her hand to him with something of the old affection in her touch. "Go, Pibl," she said, "Go, and poison yourself."

"I will." he replied, and undoing a large hamper marked "glass with the had he hitherto kent carefully concealed about his nerrow.

will," he replied, and undoing a large hamper marked "glass with which he had hitherto kept carefully concealed about his person, he extracted therefrom a large glass jar, and was about to drink its contents, when she arrested his hand.

At that supreme instant was it an old tender yearning?

She looked at him, then downwards at the carpet.

He had owned property himself in his prosperity, and divined the meaning of the glance.

"True" he replied: "as you wish. It the year true."

"True," he replied; "as you wish. In the next room."

He walked towards the door, then turned, and in both arms held aloft the fatal bottle which contained a bright red fluid, and was marked outside with a hieroglyphic character, known only to those whose trade it is to deal in such dread preparations.

Once more he spoke:

"And you?"

"I will survive to know that you are out of the clutches of these myrmidons of a cruel law, and then——" she covered her face with her hands and sank upon a faulcuit.

her hands and sank upon a faulewil.

He closed the door.
In another moment the officers rushed into the apartment.

"The Forger, the Murderer, the Upholsterer—where is he?"

"Your warrant?" asked the Lady Abna indignantly.

The Chief beckoned, and a private in the force stepped forward with a roll of paper under his arm.

"It is enough," she said. "You will find him, there."

They entered the room, and returned almost immediately.

"There must be an inquest," said the Chief.

"As you will," said Lady Abna. "At all events I am at liberty."

The polite officials did all that was necessary, and were subsequently entertained in the servants' hall until a late hour.

The Lady Abna being much pitted as the victim of a villain's

The LADY ANNA being much pitied as the victim of a villain's machination, was fited for some considerable time after his decease, and if there was the slightest stain upon her otherwise fair character it was at once removed by the Good Bishop, whose tenant she continued to be at an advanced fental. Only she obtained permission to change its mame from Phlebosco Palace to the more appropriate title of Kreammawn. So in the heautiful gardens of Kreammawn, amid water, works and fire

So in the beautiful gardens of Kreammawn, amid water-works and fireworks, with lovely singing-birds, foreign and native, including the several rare specimens of the Flying Trapèze which, with cuttings from the Boottrees, and genera of Corkscrew-fish, Spoonbills, and other such Lapsus

lingum. Grace had found upon the memorable island, and had presented partly to Lady Arma partly to the Benician Museum, were celebrated the Matrimonial Festivities of the Happy Two pairs, which lasted several days. Then the Brides and Bridegrooms left in a couple of steam-yachts, which had been previously blessed by the Excellent Bishop, for the dear old Eel Pie Island in the Pacific, where Nurr (who was now the Right Honourable WILLIAM NUTT, elected to represent his new possession in the Lower Benician Chambers) built them a couple of houses, and stocked their paddock, and laid out their gardens, and charged them only half as much again as it would have cost them if they'd done it themselves.

And on a calm summer's evening, with the aged Lieutenant, now

And on a calm summer's evening, with the aged Lieutenant, now obliged to wear a white wig, and support bimself with a stick, and still obliged to wear a white wig, and support himself with a stick, and still clinging to the costume of his old Venetian regimentals, on one side, and, on the other, Old Martin, who, unable to shake off his old labourer's habits, was always dressed in the brightly aported dress of the clownish order in Benicia, his red and white checks being, at his age, the external signs of inward happiness, and rude health; we say with these two, one on either side, would stand in the centre the happy Nurr, in a bright gorgeous dress and a black half mask, partially concealing his features, (the custom in the Benician Chamber,) supporting with his out-stretched knee and stalwart arm the form of his fair and beautifully dressed bride, while behind them rose a romantic bower, as it were, a Fairy Pavilion of Imagination and Faney, glittering, and dassling, until among the plaudits and huzzas of the delighted populace, the kind Marquis Joseph, aided by his dear wife Elizabeth, would light up great fires of joy, which shed their sometime red, sometime green light upon the glorious scene before them.

"Happy indeed," said Gracz, in after years, "was the thought which cocurred to me, dear, upon the Island."

"Sending the fowls in that manner, and on such an errand sear hearders," was deep the reason. To reasy the said search and reason the said search and reason has allest acon. To reasy

"Sending the fowls in that manner, and on such an errand was hazardous," would her husband reply, caressing his eldest son, Tommy, who was growing every day more like both of them, with perhaps just the slightest resemblance to the pet seal which he had trained upon the island.

" would be her answer, It was hazardous, " It was indeed CHIKKIN HAZARD."

Readers, we have done. This is the tale NUTT and GRACE told to their children.-This is the tale we have told to you.

Editor's Nots.—And thank Heaven, it is finished. For of all the troublesome sets of men I've ever had to deal with, these Authors and Directors are the worst. I shan't publish any of their letters which I have by me, as I consider all correspondence at an end between us. I am going to bring out my own drawns of Fees Pias, or Chikirs Hassord, which I trust will meet with popular favour, quite independently of the Authors, Directors and Artists, who have been trying on all sides to interfere with my editorial rights. I appeal to the public. The public is my judge. And the public is honest and intelligent. With the secession of the Editor, without whom further operations are impossible, the Novel Company Limited is dissolved. Gentle public, Adleu.

"LES BEAUX ESPRITS SE RENCONTRENT."

(Home to Rachel.)

MY RACHEL, 'twas cruel to check the renewal Which too fleeting charms of thy powders demanded, As it was through DAME LYONS to snub my alliance With the Spirits, till, not worth a rap, I am stranded.

But birds of a feather should still pair together,
Then from Lawis to Facegoatt why restlessly roam? Accept in the Spirit a tribute you merit,
'Tis all I can give—a congenial Home!

Black and Blue.

(A Hint to the Jockey Club.)

Rouss, Rouse, horsey peers, for the sake of your fellows, Lest in spite of blood Jockeyship bring your club low: That the turf its blue ribband can boast, you may tell us, But a blue-ribband ill on a black-leg must show.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

HOP FRAUD.—At a MEETING of the COMMITTEE of the ASSOCIATION for PREVENTION of PRAUDS in the HOP WAY, held this afternoon, it was decided that the sum of Fitty Pounds, paid by a Lady in Belgravis, for
having fraudulently packed her rooms so closely that nobody could dance with any
consfort at her hop, should be expended in a quiet little dinner at the Crystal
Palace, Sydenham, to which the dancing men who were swindled at her party wire
invited to attend. The Committee beg to state that their agents are instructed to
keep a sharp look out for effenders who thus fraudulently over-cram their hellrooms, and that during this hot weather the heaviest fine indicable will be invariably imposed.—Paillie's Rooms, June 18.

A Watsingman, Hos, Sec.

A PAINTER WEG SHOULD ALWAYS BE HUNG "ON THE LINE."-HOOK.

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"BEAUTIFUL FOR EVER!"

A REPUTATION may be stained, With smirch of foulest filth engrained, But still the motto be sustained, Of "Reautiful for Ever!"

Still o'er the door the Royal Arms May lure, within our Ciree's arms, The fools who'd by cosmetic charms Be "Beautiful for Ever!"

Still hattered belles, in triple veils, Through real aches and borrowed ails Will wade, in hopes to lure the males When "Beautiful for Ever!"

Still dropping character and cash, Fools will risk palsy, pimple, rash, In hopes to rise from paste and wash As "Beautiful for Ever!"

Would Punch could have a mirror raised Before these fools, cosmetic-crazed, To show the face they'd hear bepraised As "Beautiful for Ever!"

For nature's rose, red ronge's wear, For nature's crown, a corpse's hair, For nature's white, the enamel's glare-There's "Beautiful for Ever!"

But foully as such faces show, Still fouller humours lurk below, And more than healths to wreck may go, In "Beautiful for Ever!"

Soon, seamed without and soiled within, Soul may grow hideous as akin, A whited sepulchre of sin— Unbeautiful for Ever!

PENITENTIAL QUADRILLES.

MY DEAR OLD PUNCH,

In a column of fashionable intelligence, I find an account of a dancing party in high life, which informs me that:—

"The company began to arrive just before eleven o'clock, and dancing commenced shortly after that hour. . . . At one o'clock supper was served up in the principal duning-room, after which dancing was resumed, and kept up with great spirit until an advanced hour."

The advanced hour, I suppose, was about most people's breakfast time. If I were a young man, and obliged by some prudential consideration—nothing else would induce me—to dance attendance at a ball, and be kept up till then, I should be tempted to get somewhere into a recess or behind a door, and cry "Muffins!" or "Hot Rolls!" I know this would be a very rustic and vulgar expression of impatience, but it would relieve my mind, and might perhaps hasten the break-up of the assembly, to the deliverance of reasonable men impressed by unreasoning women to go to a dancing-party when they should have gone to bed, and to stop at it until they should have got up again.

Nemo saltat sobrius is a saying that one might think was illustrated by the fashionable dancing world in apparently practising a resolution not to go home till morning, till a very considerable time after daylight hath appeared

hath appeared.

Dancing, in primitive ecclesiastical times, those of the old Fathers, I believe, was regarded with great disfavour by those venerable personages, or parties as I may say in the Gentoo. Our modern dancing may not be so objectionable as that of their period; but still, if they could see it, they would probably not more than half like it. We may doubt whether, because they commended vigils, they would approve of so much as the sitting up. But, could they look at dancing instead of sleeping in the light that I do, they would consider it an exercise altogether a great deal more laborious and tiresome than that of the treadmill, and perhaps might conceive the idea of imposing a course of it on persons like myself who might have committed some excess in the matter of eating and drinking. Watch, I think, is kept by some devotes on the eve of certain Saints' days. Would it not be something in the way of our fashionable Ritunlist parsons to go to a ball at eleven, and stay there dancing "until an advanced hour," in honour of the Vigil of St. Vitus? All rational men, of course, would in the meanwhile be engaged in the worship of

P.S. Vigil of S. V., a fast of course, for the Ritualists. No supper.

A NAVAL REFORM BILL WANTED.

THE Song of "Rule Britannia" will soon have to be altered, if measures be not taken to improve our Naval Architecture. How can it be possible that she should rule the waves, when her ships can hardly float, and of course still less can fight, on them? Just see what the

"The Admirals selected for the experimental trials of the Ironclads report them so unsteady that a hostile force of turret ships would fire against them six shots for every one, while they in a seawing could not hope to hit their target "except by accident or miracle." But the Board have adhered to the old broadside form, in the teeth of warning and experience, and now, two years after the truth has become patent to all the world, they discover "that the rolling and pitching of ships is involved in obscurity," and have issued a Memorandum calling upon officers to register answ the obscure phenomena."

The Chassepot rifle, we are told, worked miracles at Mentana; but greater miracles apparently will have to be accomplished, to render our big broadside ships effective against turnet ones. Yet we still keep building ironclads at half a million each, although they have been proved to be comparatively useless. For what can be the use of vessels so unsteady in a sea way that a turnet ship would knock them into amithereens well-nigh ere they could hit her? The "obscurity" in which this fact is said to be involved is simply in the foggy state of intellect of the Admiralty Board: of whom the Times thus tersely sums units complaints. up its complaints :

"They squander our moneys, they neglect our coast defences, they maintain at a huge expense a wooden navy rotting in our harbours, and the Ironclade they build are built on as false a principle that an enemy can sink them as they roll, without being hit himself, 'except by accident or miracle.'"

The Wooden Walls of England of which we used to boast are worse than useless now that iron has supplanted them, for it costs us thousands yearly to let them lie and rot. But these wooden walls are not so costly to the country as the wooden heads that constitute our Admiralty Board. Wasteful, ignorant, shortsighted, and neglectful as they are, it surely is no wonder that such broadsides of complaint have often been poured into them from the broad sheets of the press.

Well, Parliament is going with a vengeance to reform itself; and let us hope that one of the first measures to be introduced next Session will be a thorough, some no quarter giving measure for correcting the

will be a thorough-going, no-quarter-giving measure for correcting the abuses of our present dockyard system, and securing us the benefits of Admiralty Reform.

WAIL BY A SMALL "BOOKMAKER."

I AIN'T a Member of Tattersall's. But I ventured my pound or so
At a bookmaker's 'ouse in the Boro',
As gentility might term low. I lost my pound, and the gent Was took afore the beak; To prison of course he's sent For four-and-twenty week.

It's wrong for to venture small. It's right for to venture large: It seems all square for the rich and sich What never gets given in charge. You may book the bet of a Bart or Duke, Not of cads and snobs and tykes,
For there's one lor for the HEARL OF FLUKE,
And another for VILLIAM SYKES.

Alter et Idem.

Some cute Yankee importers have been cheating their own custom-house by setting their lead sent from Spain, ran into moulds representing the heads of eminent American statesmen, and invoiced as "works of art," which come in free of duty. If the United States have to complain of lead being smuggled in on them under the form of statesmen's heads, our complaint on this side the water is that we have to pay heavily for "statesmen's heads," which should properly be entered as "lead."

A Quotation from Hamlet, for Admiral Rous.

(After his facer from JOHN DAY'S Solicitors, VALLANCE AND VALLANCE.)

"Your face is Vallanced since I saw you last."

A CONTRADICTION IN TERMS.

It seems unaccountable that the Treasury should have appointed Mn. Street architect of the New Law Courts, when everybody complains that "Street-architecture" is the thing in London that most needs improving.

INTERESTING EXPERIMENTS WITH COSTUME.



FAR ABOVE ST. PAUL'S.

HAS MR. BOWLEY, of the Crystal Palace, time to read the Post? If not, he will perhaps be furnished with a bit of news and a hint, in the following extract from the letter of its Paris correspondent:—

"Many persons avail themselves of the short sarial voyage by means of the ballon capis', which ascends from the Hippodrome every quarter of an hour. The car is capable of containing fourteen persons, and the balloon is allowed to reach a height of 900 French yarus, when it is held fast by a coil of rope, and remains stationary some twelve or thirteen minutes. A magnificent view of the city of Paris and the surrounding country is thus obtained, and the ascension is described as being exceedingly pleasant. Every procaution is taken to insure personal safety."

Couldn't a captive balloon be sent up from the popular pleasure-garden at Sydenham as easily as from the Parisian Hippodrome? In respect of the British Public, would it not probably prove a no less paying speculation than it is as regards the French? Some notion of its pecuniary success may be derived from the statement that:—

"The fee for the trip is 5fr., with the exception of the reserved days, Wednesday and Friday, when the charge is 10fr."

On shilling days at the Crystal Palace it would be advisable to put the price charged for going up in the balloon at the lowest remunerative figure, thus carrying out the principle



(To be Continued, if Approved by the Public, Sanctioned by the Police, and Permitted by the Societies for the Protection of Animals, and the Prevention of Cruelty to Women and Children.)

of providing the masses with recreation that would be cheap as well as elevating.

THE FORTIFICATION FOX RUN TO EARTH.

This seems the costliest brute to hunt, and the most difficult to catch, in sporting records.

Now the Shoeburyness experiments have shown that he isn't to be caught in iron, let us hope he may be run to earth, at least, and secured in the cheap form of fifty-foot dykes, such as two thousand navvies could fing up in forty-eight hours in any part of England threatened by an enemy. Building up 15-inch screens of iron, to knock them to pieces with 15-ton guns and 500-ib. shot, is surely throwing money into the dirt, without getting protection for it. Suppose we tried earthworks instead of iron, and then if we threw our money into the dirt, we should at least throw a good deal less of it, and get protection into the bargain.

MUSICAL PROBLEM.

WHY do Players on the Violoncello always take snuff? [Note by Printer's Devil.—Nobody Nose!]

THE BEST LAWN-MOWER.—MR. GLADSTONE, with his Suspensory Bill.

COMBINATION RAILWAYS



ANOTHER SOUTHERN CONFEDERATION.

PEER OF THE REALM. "STAY, MY MAN,—HE WANTS TO OVERCHARGE YOU! GIVE ME YOUR FARE,—I'LL SEE THAT YOU'RE NOT IMPOSED UPON."

BRITISH WORKING-MAN. "THANK'E, MY LORD! AH, MY LORD, YOU NOBS AIN'T HALF AS BLACK AS SOME FOLKS PAINT YOU!"



ANOTHER SUFFHERN CONFEDERATION.

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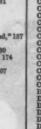
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